By: Representatives Hines, Stamps

To: Insurance; Judiciary A

HOUSE BILL NO. 349

- AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 71-3-13, 71-3-17, 71-3-21 AND 71-3-25, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO INCREASE THE MAXIMUM TOTAL
- 3 COMPENSATION THAT A PERSON MAY RECOVER UNDER THE WORKERS'
- 4 COMPENSATION LAW TO 520 WEEKS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 6 **SECTION 1.** Section 71-3-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 7 amended as follows:
- 8 71-3-13. (1) Compensation for disability or in death cases
- 9 shall not exceed sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the
- 10 average weekly wage for the state per week, nor shall it be less
- 11 than Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) per week except in partial
- 12 dependency cases and in partial disability cases.
- 13 (2) Maximum recovery: The total recovery of compensation
- 14 hereunder, exclusive of medical payments under Section 71-3-15,
- 15 arising from the injury to an employee or the death of an
- 16 employee, or any combination of such injury or death, shall not
- 17 exceed the multiple of * * five hundred twenty (520) weeks times
- 18 sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly
- 19 wage for the state.

- SECTION 2. Section 71-3-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 21 amended as follows:
- 22 71-3-17. Compensation for disability shall be paid to the
- 23 employee as follows:
- 24 (a) Permanent total disability: In case of total
- 25 disability adjudged to be permanent, sixty-six and two-thirds
- 26 percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly wages of the injured
- 27 employee, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly benefits
- 28 as set up in this chapter, shall be paid to the employee not to
- 29 exceed * * * five hundred twenty (520) weeks or an amount greater
- 30 than the multiple of \star \star five hundred twenty (520) weeks times
- 31 sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly
- 32 wage for the state. Loss of both hands, or both arms, or both
- 33 feet, or both legs, or both eyes, or of any two (2) thereof shall
- 34 constitute permanent total disability. In all other cases,
- 35 permanent total disability shall be determined in accordance with
- 36 the facts.
- 37 (b) Temporary total disability: In case of disability,
- 38 total in character but temporary in quality, sixty-six and
- 39 two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly wages of the
- 40 injured employee, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly
- 41 benefits as set up in this chapter, shall be paid to the employee
- 42 during the continuance of such disability not to exceed * * * five
- 43 hundred twenty (520) weeks or an amount greater than the multiple
- 44 of * * five hundred twenty (520) weeks times sixty-six and

45	two-thirds percent $(66-2/3\%)$ of the average weekly wage for the
46	state. Provided, however, if there arises a conflict in medical
47	opinions of whether or not the claimant has reached maximum
48	medical recovery and the claimant's benefits have been terminated
49	by the carrier, then the claimant may demand an immediate hearing
50	before the commissioner upon five (5) days' notice to the carrier
51	for a determination by the commission of whether or not in fact
52	the claimant has reached maximum recovery.

(c) Permanent partial disability: In case of disability partial in character but permanent in quality, the compensation shall be sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly wages of the injured employee, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly benefits as set up in this chapter, which shall be paid following compensation for temporary total disability paid in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section, and shall be paid to the employee as follows:

61	Memb	er Lost	Number Weeks Compensation	
62	(1)	Arm	200	
63	(2)	Leg	175	
64	(3)	Hand	150	
65	(4)	Foot	125	
66	(5)	Eye	100	
67	(6)	Thumb	60	
68	(7)	First finger	35	
69	(8)	Great toe	30	

70	(9) Second finger 30
71	(10) Third finger 20
72	(11) Toe other than great toe 10
73	(12) Fourth finger 15
74	(13) Testicle, one 50
75	(14) Testicle, both 150
76	(15) Breast, female, one 50
77	(16) Breast, female, both 150
78	(17) Loss of hearing: Compensation for loss of
79	hearing of one (1) ear, forty (40) weeks. Compensation for loss
80	of hearing of both ears, one hundred fifty (150) weeks.
81	(18) Phalanges: Compensation for loss of more
82	than one (1) phalange of a digit shall be the same as for loss of
83	the entire digit. Compensation for loss of the first phalange
84	shall be one-half $(1/2)$ of the compensation for loss of the entire
85	digit.
86	(19) Amputated arm or leg: Compensation for an
87	arm or leg, if amputated at or above wrist or ankle, shall be for
88	the loss of the arm or leg.
89	(20) Binocular vision or percent of vision:
90	Compensation for loss of binocular vision or for eighty percent
91	(80%) or more of the vision of an eye shall be the same as for
92	loss of the eye.
93	(21) Two (2) or more digits: Compensation for
94	loss of two (2) or more digits, or one * * * or more phalanges of

	95	two	(2)	or	more	digits,	of	а	hand	or	foot	may	be	pro	portioned	l t	. 0
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- 96 the loss of the use of the hand or foot occasioned thereby, but
- 97 shall not exceed the compensation for loss of a hand or foot.
- 98 (22) Total loss of use: Compensation for
- 99 permanent total loss of use of a member shall be the same as for
- 100 loss of the member.
- 101 (23) Partial loss or partial loss of use:
- 102 Compensation for permanent partial loss or loss of use of a member
- 103 may be for proportionate loss or loss of use of the member.
- 104 (24) Disfigurement: The commission, in its
- 105 discretion, is authorized to award proper and equitable
- 106 compensation for serious facial or head disfigurements not to
- 107 exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00). No such award shall be
- 108 made until a lapse of one (1) year from the date of the injury
- 109 resulting in such disfigurement.
- 110 (25) Other cases: In all other cases in this
- 111 class of disability, the compensation shall be sixty-six and
- 112 two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the difference between his average
- 113 weekly wages, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly
- 114 benefits as set up in this chapter, and his wage-earning capacity
- 115 thereafter in the same employment or otherwise, payable during the
- 116 continuance of such partial disability, but subject to
- 117 reconsideration of the degree of such impairment by the commission
- 118 on its own motion or upon application of any party in interest.

- 119 Such payments shall in no case be made for a longer period than
- 120 * * * five hundred twenty (520) weeks.
- 121 (26) In any case in which there shall be a loss
- of, or loss of use of, more than one (1) member or parts of more
- 123 than one (1) member set forth in subparagraphs (1) through (23) of
- 124 this paragraph (c), not amounting to permanent total disability,
- 125 the award of compensation shall be for the loss of, or loss of use
- 126 of, each such member or parts thereof, which awards shall run
- 127 consecutively, except that where the injury affects only two (2)
- 128 or more digits of the same hand or foot, subparagraph (21) of this
- 129 paragraph (c) shall apply.
- SECTION 3. Section 71-3-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 131 amended as follows:
- 132 71-3-21. In case of temporary partial disability resulting
- 133 in decrease of earning capacity, there shall be paid to the
- 134 injured employee sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the
- 135 difference between the injured employee's average weekly wages
- 136 before the injury and his wage-earning capacity after the injury
- in the same or other employment, subject to the maximum
- 138 limitations as to weekly benefits as set up in this chapter,
- 139 payable during the continuance of such disability but in no case
- 140 exceeding * * * five hundred twenty (520) weeks or an amount
- 141 greater than the multiple of * * * five hundred twenty (520) weeks
- 142 times sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average
- 143 weekly wage for the state.

- SECTION 4. Section 71-3-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 145 amended as follows:
- 146 71-3-25. If the injury causes death, the compensation shall
- 147 be known as a death benefit and shall be payable in the amount and
- 148 to or for the benefit of the persons following:
- 149 (a) An immediate lump-sum payment of One Thousand
- 150 Dollars (\$1,000.00) to the surviving spouse, in addition to other
- 151 compensation benefits.
- 152 (b) Reasonable funeral expenses not exceeding Five
- 153 Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) exclusive of other burial insurance
- 154 or benefits.
- 155 (c) If there be a surviving spouse and no child of the
- 156 deceased, to such surviving spouse thirty-five percent (35%) of
- 157 the average wages of the deceased during widowhood or dependent
- 158 widowhood and, if there be a surviving child or children of the
- 159 deceased, the additional amount of ten percent (10%) of such wages
- 160 for each such child. In case of the death or remarriage of such
- 161 surviving spouse, any surviving child of the deceased employee
- 162 shall have his compensation increased to fifteen percent (15%) of
- 163 such wages, provided that the total amount payable shall in no
- 164 case exceed sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of such
- 165 wages, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly benefits as
- 166 set up in this chapter. The commission may, in its discretion,
- 167 require the appointment of a guardian for the purpose of receiving
- 168 the compensation of a minor dependent. In the absence of such a

requirement, the appointment of a guardian for such purposes shall not be necessary, provided that if no legal guardian be appointed, payment to the natural guardian shall be sufficient.

(d) If there be a surviving child or children of the deceased but no surviving spouse, then for the support of each such child twenty-five percent (25%) of the wages of the deceased, provided that the aggregate shall in no case exceed sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of such wages, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly benefits as set up in this chapter.

(e) If there be no surviving spouse or child, or if the amount payable to a surviving spouse and to children shall be less in the aggregate than sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average wages of the deceased, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly benefits as set up in this chapter, then for the support of grandchildren or brothers and sisters, if dependent upon the deceased at the time of the injury, fifteen percent (15%) of such wages for the support of each such person; and for the support of each parent or grandparent of the deceased, if dependent upon him at the time of injury, fifteen percent (15%) of such wages during such dependency. But in no case shall the aggregate amount payable under this subsection exceed the difference between sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of such wages and the amount payable as hereinbefore provided to surviving spouse and for the support of surviving child or

193	children,	subject	to the	maximum	limitations	as	to	weekly	benefits
194	as set up	in this	chapte	r.					

- (f) The total weekly compensation payments to any or all beneficiaries in death cases shall not exceed the weekly benefits as set up in this chapter and shall in no case be paid for a longer period than * * * five hundred twenty (520) weeks or for a greater amount than the multiple of * * * five hundred twenty (520) weeks times sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly wage for the state.
- 202 (g) All questions of dependency shall be determined as
 203 of the time of the injury. A surviving spouse, child or children
 204 shall be presumed to be wholly dependent. All other dependents
 205 shall be considered on the basis of total or partial dependence as
 206 the facts may warrant.
- 207 **SECTION 5.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 208 and after July 1, 2022.