To: Education

By: Representative Holloway

HOUSE BILL NO. 182

AN ACT TO CREATE NEW SECTION 37-7-103.1, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 2 1972, TO PROHIBIT THE MANDATORY ABOLITION OR ADMINISTRATIVE 3 CONSOLIDATION OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT IN DISTRICT TRANSFORMATION IF THE DISTRICT IS MAKING SATISFACTORY PROGRESS ON CORRECTIVE ACTIONS 5 THAT WILL LEAD TO THE TERMINATION OF THE DISTRICT TRANSFORMATION 6 STATUS; TO AMEND SECTION 37-17-6, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, IN 7 CONFORMITY TO THE PRECEDING PROVISIONS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 9 SECTION 1. The following shall be codified as Section 10 37-7-103.1, Mississippi Code of 1972: 11 37-7-103.1. In any school district that has been placed under district transformation due to a state of emergency being 12 13 declared in the district pursuant to Section 37-17-6, there may 14 not be any mandatory abolition of the school district or 15 administrative consolidation with another district if, in the

determination of the State Board of Education, the school district

is taking satisfactory corrective action and progressing toward a

termination of the state of emergency and district transformation

status.

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20	SECTION 2. Section 57 17 0, MI	331331pp1 code of 1772, 13
21	amended as follows:	
22	37-17-6. (1) The State Board	of Education, acting through
23	the Commission on School Accreditation	on, shall establish and
24	implement a permanent performance-ba	sed accreditation system, and
25	all noncharter public elementary and	secondary schools shall be
26	accredited under this system.	
27	(2) * * * The State Board of E	ducation, acting through the
28	Commission on School Accreditation,	shall require school districts
29	to provide school classroom space the	at is air-conditioned as a
30	minimum requirement for accreditation	n.
31	(3) (a) * * * The State Board	of Education, acting through
32	the Commission on School Accreditation	on, shall require that school
33	districts employ certified school li	brarians according to the
34	following formula:	
35	Number of Students	Number of Certified
36	Per School Library	School Librarians
37	0 - 499 Students	1/2 Full-time Equivalent
38		Certified Librarian
39	500 or More Students	1 Full-time Certified
40		Librarian
41	(b) The State Board of Ed	ucation, however, may increase
42	the number of positions beyond the a	bove requirements.

SECTION 2. Section 37-17-6, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

The assignment of certified school librarians to

the particular schools shall be at the discretion of the local

(C)

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- 45 school district. No individual shall be employed as a certified
- 46 school librarian without appropriate training and certification as
- 47 a school librarian by the State Department of Education.
- 48 (d) School librarians in the district shall spend at
- 49 least fifty percent (50%) of direct work time in a school library
- 50 and shall devote no more than one-fourth (1/4) of the workday to
- 51 administrative activities that are library related.
- 52 (e) Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit any
- 53 school district from employing more certified school librarians
- 54 than are provided for in this section.
- (f) Any additional millage levied to fund school
- 56 librarians required for accreditation under this subsection shall
- 57 be included in the tax increase limitation set forth in Sections
- 58 37-57-105 and 37-57-107 and shall not be deemed a new program for
- 59 purposes of the limitation.
- 60 (4) * * * The State Board of Education shall implement the
- 61 performance-based accreditation system for school districts and
- 62 for individual noncharter public schools which shall include the
- 63 following:
- 64 (a) High expectations for students and high standards
- 65 for all schools, with a focus on the basic curriculum;
- 66 (b) Strong accountability for results with appropriate
- 67 local flexibility for local implementation;
- 68 (c) A process to implement accountability at both the
- 69 school district level and the school level;

70		(d)	Individual	schools	shall	be	held	accountable	for
71	student	arowth	and perform	mance;					

- (e) Set annual performance standards for each of the schools of the state and measure the performance of each school against itself through the standard that has been set for it;
- 75 (f) A determination of which schools exceed their 76 standards and a plan for providing recognition and rewards to 77 those schools;
- 78 A determination of which schools are failing to 79 meet their standards and a determination of the appropriate role 80 of the State Board of Education and the State Department of Education in providing assistance and initiating possible 81 82 intervention. A failing district is a district that fails to meet 83 both the absolute student achievement standards and the rate of 84 annual growth expectation standards as set by the State Board of 85 Education for two (2) consecutive years. The State Board of 86 Education shall establish the level of benchmarks by which 87 absolute student achievement and growth expectations shall be 88 assessed. In setting the benchmarks for school districts, the 89 State Board of Education may also take into account such factors 90 as graduation rates, dropout rates, completion rates, the extent 91 to which the school or district employs qualified teachers in 92 every classroom, and any other factors deemed appropriate by the 93 State Board of Education. The State Board of Education, acting

through the State Department of Education, shall apply a simple

95 "A," "B," "C," "D" and "F" designation to the current school and 96 school district statewide accountability performance 97 classification labels beginning with the State Accountability Results for the 2011-2012 school year and following, and in the 98 99 school, district and state report cards required under state and 100 federal law. Under the new designations, a school or school 101 district that has earned a "Star" rating shall be designated an 102 "A" school or school district; a school or school district that has earned a "High-Performing" rating shall be designated a "B" 103 school or school district; a school or school district that has 104 earned a "Successful" rating shall be designated a "C" school or 105 106 school district; a school or school district that has earned an 107 "Academic Watch" rating shall be designated a "D" school or school 108 district; a school or school district that has earned a 109 "Low-Performing," "At-Risk of Failing" or "Failing" rating shall be designated an "F" school or school district. Effective with 110 111 the implementation of any new curriculum and assessment standards, the State Board of Education, acting through the State Department 112 113 of Education, is further authorized and directed to change the 114 school and school district accreditation rating system to a simple "A," "B," "C," "D," and "F" designation based on a combination of 115 116 student achievement scores and student growth as measured by the statewide testing programs developed by the State Board of 117 118 Education pursuant to Chapter 16, Title 37, Mississippi Code of 1972. In any statute or regulation containing the former 119

120	accreditation	designations,	the	new	designations	shall	be

- 121 applicable;
- 122 (h) Development of a comprehensive student assessment
- 123 system to implement these requirements; and
- 124 (i) The State Board of Education may, based on a
- 125 written request that contains specific reasons for requesting a
- 126 waiver from the school districts affected by Hurricane Katrina of
- 127 2005, hold harmless school districts from assignment of district
- 128 and school level accountability ratings for the 2005-2006 school
- 129 year. The State Board of Education upon finding an extreme
- 130 hardship in the school district may grant the request. It is the
- 131 intent of the Legislature that all school districts maintain the
- 132 highest possible academic standards and instructional programs in
- 133 all schools as required by law and the State Board of Education.
- (5) (a) Effective with the 2013-2014 school year, the State
- 135 Department of Education, acting through the Mississippi Commission
- 136 on School Accreditation, shall revise and implement a single "A"
- 137 through "F" school and school district accountability system
- 138 complying with applicable federal and state requirements in order
- 139 to reach the following educational goals:
- 140 (i) To mobilize resources and supplies to ensure
- 141 that all students exit third grade reading on grade level by 2015;
- 142 (ii) To reduce the student dropout rate to
- 143 thirteen percent (13%) by 2015; and

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144	(iii) To have sixty percent (60%) of students
145	scoring proficient and advanced on the assessments of the Common
146	Core State Standards by 2016 with incremental increases of three
147	percent (3%) each year thereafter.

- 148 (b) The State Department of Education shall combine the 149 state school and school district accountability system with the 150 federal system in order to have a single system.
- 151 (c) The State Department of Education shall establish
 152 five (5) performance categories ("A," "B," "C," "D" and "F") for
 153 the accountability system based on the following criteria:
- 154 (i) Student Achievement: the percent of students
 155 proficient and advanced on the current state assessments;
- (ii) Individual student growth: the percent of students making one (1) year's progress in one (1) year's time on the state assessment, with an emphasis on the progress of the lowest twenty-five percent (25%) of students in the school or district;
- (iii) Four-year graduation rate: the percent of students graduating with a standard high school diploma in four (4) years, as defined by federal regulations;
- (iv) Categories shall identify schools as Reward

 ("A" schools), Focus ("D" schools) and Priority ("F" schools). If

 at least five percent (5%) of schools in the state are not graded

 as "F" schools, the lowest five percent (5%) of school grade point

 designees will be identified as Priority schools. If at least ten

169	percent (10%) of schools in the state are not graded as "D"
170	schools, the lowest ten percent (10%) of school grade point
171	designees will be identified as Focus schools;
172	(v) The State Department of Education shall
173	discontinue the use of Star School, High-Performing, Successful,
174	Academic Watch, Low-Performing, At-Risk of Failing and Failing
175	school accountability designations;
176	(vi) The system shall include the federally
177	compliant four-year graduation rate in school and school district
178	accountability system calculations. Graduation rate will apply to
179	high school and school district accountability ratings as a
180	compensatory component. The system shall discontinue the use of
181	the High School Completer Index (HSCI);
182	(vii) The school and school district
183	accountability system shall incorporate a standards-based growth
184	model, in order to support improvement of individual student
185	learning;
186	(viii) The State Department of Education shall
187	discontinue the use of the Quality Distribution Index (QDI);
188	(ix) The State Department of Education shall
189	determine feeder patterns of schools that do not earn a school
190	grade because the grades and subjects taught at the school do not
191	have statewide standardized assessments needed to calculate a
192	school grade. Upon determination of the feeder pattern, the
1 9 3	department shall notify schools and school districts prior to the

194	release	of	the	school	grades	beginning	in	2013.	Feeder	schools
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- 195 will be assigned the accountability designation of the school to
- 196 which they provide students;
- 197 (x) Standards for student, school and school
- 198 district performance will be increased when student proficiency is
- 199 at a seventy-five percent (75%) and/or when sixty-five percent
- 200 (65%) of the schools and/or school districts are earning a grade
- 201 of "B" or higher, in order to raise the standard on performance
- 202 after targets are met.
- 203 (6) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to require a
- 204 nonpublic school that receives no local, state or federal funds
- 205 for support to become accredited by the State Board of Education.
- 206 (7) The State Board of Education shall create an
- 207 accreditation audit unit under the Commission on School
- 208 Accreditation to determine whether schools are complying with
- 209 accreditation standards.
- 210 (8) The State Board of Education shall be specifically
- 211 authorized and empowered to withhold adequate education program
- 212 fund allocations, whichever is applicable, to any public school
- 213 district for failure to timely report student, school personnel
- 214 and fiscal data necessary to meet state and/or federal
- 215 requirements.
- 216 (9) [Deleted]
- 217 (10) The State Board of Education shall establish, for those
- 218 school districts failing to meet accreditation standards, a

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- 220 state funds, except as otherwise provided in subsection (15) of
- 221 this section when the Governor has declared a state of emergency
- 222 in a school district or as otherwise provided in Section 206,
- 223 Mississippi Constitution of 1890. The state board, in
- 224 establishing these standards, shall provide for notice to schools
- 225 and sufficient time and aid to enable schools to attempt to meet
- 226 these standards, unless procedures under subsection (15) of this
- 227 section have been invoked.
- 228 (11) * * * The State Board of Education shall be charged
- 229 with the implementation of the program of development in each
- 230 applicable school district as follows:
- 231 (a) Develop an impairment report for each district
- 232 failing to meet accreditation standards in conjunction with school
- 233 district officials:
- 234 (b) Notify any applicable school district failing to
- 235 meet accreditation standards that it is on probation until
- 236 corrective actions are taken or until the deficiencies have been
- 237 removed. The local school district shall develop a corrective
- 238 action plan to improve its deficiencies. For district academic
- 239 deficiencies, the corrective action plan for each such school
- 240 district shall be based upon a complete analysis of the following:
- 241 student test data, student grades, student attendance reports,
- 242 student dropout data, existence and other relevant data. The
- 243 corrective action plan shall describe the specific measures to be

244 taken by the particular school district and school to improve:

245 (i) instruction; (ii) curriculum; (iii) professional development;

246 (iv) personnel and classroom organization; (v) student incentives

247 for performance; (vi) process deficiencies; and (vii) reporting to

248 the local school board, parents and the community. The corrective

249 action plan shall describe the specific individuals responsible

250 for implementing each component of the recommendation and how each

251 will be evaluated. All corrective action plans shall be provided

252 to the State Board of Education as may be required. The decision

253 of the State Board of Education establishing the probationary

254 period of time shall be final;

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255 (c) Offer, during the probationary period, technical

assistance to the school district in making corrective actions.

257 * * * Subject to the availability of funds, the State Department

258 of Education shall provide technical and/or financial assistance

259 to all such school districts in order to implement each measure

260 identified in that district's corrective action plan through

261 professional development and on-site assistance. Each such school

district shall apply for and utilize all available federal funding

in order to support its corrective action plan in addition to

264 state funds made available under this paragraph;

265 (d) Assign department personnel or contract, in its

266 discretion, with the institutions of higher learning or other

267 appropriate private entities with experience in the academic,

268 finance and other operational functions of schools to assist 269 school districts;

- 270 Provide for publication of public notice at least one time during the probationary period, in a newspaper published 271 within the jurisdiction of the school district failing to meet 272 273 accreditation standards, or if no newspaper is published therein, 274 then in a newspaper having a general circulation therein. publication shall include the following: declaration of school 275 276 system's status as being on probation; all details relating to the impairment report; and other information as the State Board of 277 278 Education deems appropriate. Public notices issued under this 279 section shall be subject to Section 13-3-31 and not contrary to 280 other laws regarding newspaper publication.
 - (a) If the recommendations for corrective action are not taken by the local school district or if the deficiencies are not removed by the end of the probationary period, the Commission on School Accreditation shall conduct a hearing to allow the affected school district to present evidence or other reasons why its accreditation should not be withdrawn. Additionally, if the local school district violates accreditation standards that have been determined by the policies and procedures of the State Board of Education to be a basis for withdrawal of school district's accreditation without a probationary period, the Commission on School Accreditation shall conduct a hearing to allow the affected school district to present evidence or other reasons why its

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293	accreditation should not be withdrawn. After its consideration of
294	the results of the hearing, the Commission on School Accreditation
295	shall be authorized, with the approval of the State Board of
296	Education, to withdraw the accreditation of a public school
297	district, and issue a request to the Governor that a state of
298	emergency be declared in that district.

299 If the State Board of Education and the Commission 300 on School Accreditation determine that an extreme emergency 301 situation exists in a school district that jeopardizes the safety, 302 security or educational interests of the children enrolled in the 303 schools in that district and that emergency situation is believed to be related to a serious violation or violations of 304 305 accreditation standards or state or federal law, or when a school 306 district meets the State Board of Education's definition of a 307 failing school district for two (2) consecutive full school years, 308 or if more than fifty percent (50%) of the schools within the 309 school district are designated as Schools At-Risk in any one (1) year, the State Board of Education may request the Governor to 310 311 declare a state of emergency in that school district. For 312 purposes of this paragraph, the declarations of a state of 313 emergency shall not be limited to those instances when a school 314 district's impairments are related to a lack of financial 315 resources, but also shall include serious failure to meet minimum 316 academic standards, as evidenced by a continued pattern of poor 317 student performance.

318	(c) Whenever the Governor declares a state of emergency
319	in a school district in response to a request made under paragraph
320	(a) or (b) of this subsection, the State Board of Education may
321	take one or more of the following actions:
322	(i) Declare a state of emergency, under which some
323	or all of state funds can be escrowed except as otherwise provided
324	in Section 206, Constitution of 1890, until the board determines
325	corrective actions are being taken or the deficiencies have been
326	removed, or that the needs of students warrant the release of
327	funds. The funds may be released from escrow for any program
328	which the board determines to have been restored to standard even
329	though the state of emergency may not as yet be terminated for the
330	district as a whole;
331	(ii) Override any decision of the local school
332	board or superintendent of education, or both, concerning the
333	management and operation of the school district, or initiate and
334	make decisions concerning the management and operation of the
335	school district;
336	(iii) Assign an interim superintendent, or in its
337	discretion, contract with a private entity with experience in the
338	academic, finance and other operational functions of schools and
339	school districts, who will have those powers and duties prescribed
340	in subsection (15) of this section;

(iv) Grant transfers to students who attend this

school district so that they may attend other accredited schools

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343	or districts in a manner that is not in violation of state or
344	federal law;
345	(v) For states of emergency declared under
346	paragraph (a) only, if the accreditation deficiencies are related
347	to the fact that the school district is too small, with too few
348	resources, to meet the required standards and if another school
349	district is willing to accept those students, abolish that
350	district and assign that territory to another school district or
351	districts. However, in any school district that has been placed
352	in district transformation due to a state of emergency declared
353	under paragraph (a), the State Board of Education may not
354	recommend abolition of the school district or consolidation of the
355	district with another school district if, at the time
356	consideration is given to abolishing or consolidating the
357	district, the school district has taken satisfactory corrective
358	action that will result in the termination of the state of
359	emergency and district transformation status. If the school
360	district has proposed a voluntary consolidation with another
361	school district or districts, then if the State Board of Education
362	finds that it is in the best interest of the pupils of the
363	district for the consolidation to proceed, the voluntary
364	consolidation shall have priority over any such assignment of
365	territory by the State Board of Education;
366	(vi) For states of emergency declared under
367	paragraph (b) only, reduce local supplements paid to school

369	personnel, assistant teachers and extracurricular activities
370	personnel, if the district's impairment is related to a lack of
371	financial resources, but only to an extent that will result in the
372	salaries being comparable to districts similarly situated, as
373	determined by the State Board of Education;
374	(vii) For states of emergency declared under
375	paragraph (b) only, the State Board of Education may take any
376	action as prescribed in Section 37-17-13.
377	(d) At the time that satisfactory corrective action has
378	been taken in a school district in which a state of emergency has
379	been declared, the State Board of Education may request the
380	Governor to declare that the state of emergency no longer exists
381	in the district.
382	(e) The parent or legal guardian of a school-age child
383	who is enrolled in a school district whose accreditation has been
384	withdrawn by the Commission on School Accreditation and without
385	approval of that school district may file a petition in writing to
386	a school district accredited by the Commission on School
387	Accreditation for a legal transfer. The school district
388	accredited by the Commission on School Accreditation may grant the
389	transfer according to the procedures of Section 37-15-31(1)(b).

In the event the accreditation of the student's home district is

continue to attend the transferee school district. The per-pupil

restored after a transfer has been approved, the student may

district employees, including, but not limited to, instructional

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393	amount of the adequate education program allotment, including the
394	collective "add-on program" costs for the student's home school
395	district shall be transferred monthly to the school district
396	accredited by the Commission on School Accreditation that has
397	granted the transfer of the school-age child.

- 398 (f) Upon the declaration of a state of emergency for 399 any school district in which the Governor has previously declared 400 a state of emergency, the State Board of Education may either:
- 401 (i) Place the school district into district transformation, in which the school district shall remain until it 402 has fulfilled all conditions related to district transformation. 403 404 If the district was assigned an accreditation rating of "D" or "F" 405 when placed into district transformation, the district shall be 406 eligible to return to local control when the school district has 407 attained a "C" rating or higher for five (5) consecutive years, 408 unless the State Board of Education determines that the district 409 is eligible to return to local control in less than the five-year 410 period;
- 411 (ii) Abolish the school district and
 412 administratively consolidate the school district with one or more
 413 existing school districts;
- 414 (iii) Reduce the size of the district and
 415 administratively consolidate parts of the district, as determined
 416 by the State Board of Education. However, no school district

417	which is not in district transformation shall be required to
418	accept additional territory over the objection of the district; or
419	(iv) Require the school district to develop and
420	implement a district improvement plan with prescriptive guidance
421	and support from the State Department of Education, with the goal
422	of helping the district improve student achievement. Failure of
423	the school board, superintendent and school district staff to
424	implement the plan with fidelity and participate in the activities
425	provided as support by the department shall result in the school
426	district retaining its eligibility for district transformation.
427	(g) There is established a Mississippi Recovery School
428	District within the State Department of Education under the
429	supervision of a deputy superintendent appointed by the State
430	Superintendent of Public Education, who is subject to the approval
431	by the State Board of Education. The Mississippi Recovery School
432	District shall provide leadership and oversight of all school
433	districts that are subject to district transformation status, as
434	defined in Chapters 17 and 18, Title 37, Mississippi Code of 1972,
435	and shall have all the authority granted under these two (2)
436	chapters. The Mississippi Department of Education, with the
437	approval of the State Board of Education, shall develop policies
438	for the operation and management of the Mississippi Recovery
439	School District. The deputy state superintendent is responsible
440	for the Mississippi Recovery School District and shall be
441	authorized to oversee the administration of the Mississippi

442	Recovery School District, oversee the interim superintendent
443	assigned by the State Board of Education to a local school
444	district, hear appeals that would normally be filed by students,
445	parents or employees and heard by a local school board, which
446	hearings on appeal shall be conducted in a prompt and timely
447	manner in the school district from which the appeal originated in
448	order to ensure the ability of appellants, other parties and
449	witnesses to appeal without undue burden of travel costs or loss
450	of time from work, and perform other related duties as assigned by
451	the State Superintendent of Public Education. The deputy state
452	superintendent is responsible for the Mississippi Recovery School
453	District and shall determine, based on rigorous professional
454	qualifications set by the State Board of Education, the
455	appropriate individuals to be engaged to be interim
456	superintendents and financial advisors, if applicable, of all
457	school districts subject to district transformation status. After
458	State Board of Education approval, these individuals shall be
459	deemed independent contractors.
460	(h) In any school district that has been placed in
461	district transformation due to a state of emergency being declared
462	in the district pursuant to this section, if the school district
463	is taking satisfactory corrective action and progressing toward a

termination of the state of emergency and district transformation

status, the State Board of Education may not recommend a mandatory

466	abolition	of	the	school	distr	rict	or	consolidation	of	the	school
467	district	with	anc	other s	chool	dist	ric	?† .			

468	(13) Upon the declaration of a state of emergency in a
469	school district under subsection (12) of this section, the
470	Commission on School Accreditation shall be responsible for public
471	notice at least once a week for at least three (3) consecutive
472	weeks in a newspaper published within the jurisdiction of the
473	school district failing to meet accreditation standards, or if no
474	newspaper is published therein, then in a newspaper having a
475	general circulation therein. The size of the notice shall be no
476	smaller than one-fourth $(1/4)$ of a standard newspaper page and
477	shall be printed in bold print. If an interim superintendent has
478	been appointed for the school district, the notice shall begin as
479	follows: "By authority of Section 37-17-6, Mississippi Code of
480	1972, as amended, adopted by the Mississippi Legislature during
481	the 1991 Regular Session, this school district (name of school
482	district) is hereby placed under the jurisdiction of the State
483	Department of Education acting through its appointed interim
484	superintendent (name of interim superintendent)."
485	The notice also shall include, in the discretion of the State

The notice also shall include, in the discretion of the State Board of Education, any or all details relating to the school district's emergency status, including the declaration of a state of emergency in the school district and a description of the district's impairment deficiencies, conditions of any district transformation status and corrective actions recommended and being

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491	taken.	Public	notices	s issu	ied 1	under	this	section	shall	be	subject
492	to Sect:	ion 13-3	3-31 and	d not	con.	trary	to o	ther laws	s rega:	rdir	ng
493	newspape	er publi	ication								

Upon termination of the state of emergency in a school district, the Commission on School Accreditation shall cause notice to be published in the school district in the same manner provided in this section, to include any or all details relating to the corrective action taken in the school district that resulted in the termination of the state of emergency.

The State Board of Education or the Commission on (14)School Accreditation shall have the authority to require school districts to produce the necessary reports, correspondence, financial statements, and any other documents and information necessary to fulfill the requirements of this section.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to grant any individual, corporation, board or interim superintendent the authority to levy taxes except in accordance with presently existing statutory provisions.

(15)(a) Whenever the Governor declares a state of emergency in a school district in response to a request made under subsection (12) of this section, the State Board of Education, in its discretion, may assign an interim superintendent to the school district, or in its discretion, may contract with an appropriate private entity with experience in the academic, finance and other operational functions of schools and school districts, who will be

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517	the school district, including, but not limited to, the following
518	activities:
519	(i) Approving or disapproving all financial
520	obligations of the district, including, but not limited to, the
521	employment, termination, nonrenewal and reassignment of all
522	licensed and nonlicensed personnel, contractual agreements and
523	purchase orders, and approving or disapproving all claim dockets
524	and the issuance of checks; in approving or disapproving
525	employment contracts of superintendents, assistant superintendents
526	or principals, the interim superintendent shall not be required to
527	comply with the time limitations prescribed in Sections 37-9-15
528	and 37-9-105;
529	(ii) Supervising the day-to-day activities of the
530	district's staff, including reassigning the duties and
531	responsibilities of personnel in a manner which, in the
532	determination of the interim superintendent, will best suit the
533	needs of the district;
534	(iii) Reviewing the district's total financial
535	obligations and operations and making recommendations to the
536	district for cost savings, including, but not limited to,
537	reassigning the duties and responsibilities of staff;
538	(iv) Attending all meetings of the district's
539	school board and administrative staff;

responsible for the administration, management and operation of

540	(v) Approving or disapproving all athletic, band
541	and other extracurricular activities and any matters related to
542	those activities;
543	(vi) Maintaining a detailed account of
544	recommendations made to the district and actions taken in response
545	to those recommendations;
546	(vii) Reporting periodically to the State Board of
547	Education on the progress or lack of progress being made in the
548	district to improve the district's impairments during the state of
549	emergency; and
550	(viii) Appointing a parent advisory committee,
551	comprised of parents of students in the school district that may
552	make recommendations to the interim superintendent concerning the
553	administration, management and operation of the school district.
554	The cost of the salary of the interim superintendent and any
555	other actual and necessary costs related to district
556	transformation status paid by the State Department of Education
557	shall be reimbursed by the local school district from funds other
558	than adequate education program funds. The department shall
559	submit an itemized statement to the superintendent of the local
560	school district for reimbursement purposes, and any unpaid balance
561	may be withheld from the district's adequate education program
562	funds.
563	At the time that the Governor, in accordance with the request

of the State Board of Education, declares that the state of

565	emergency no longer	exists i	n a	school	district	, the	powers	and
566	responsibilities of	the inte	erim	superin	ntendent	assign	ed to	the
567	district shall ceas	e.						

In order to provide loans to school districts under 568 (b) 569 a state of emergency or in district transformation status that 570 have impairments related to a lack of financial resources, the 571 School District Emergency Assistance Fund is created as a special 572 fund in the State Treasury into which monies may be transferred or 573 appropriated by the Legislature from any available public 574 education funds. Funds in the School District Emergency 575 Assistance Fund up to a maximum balance of Three Million Dollars 576 (\$3,000,000.00) annually shall not lapse but shall be available 577 for expenditure in subsequent years subject to approval of the 578 State Board of Education. Any amount in the fund in excess of 579 Three Million Dollars (\$3,000,000.00) at the end of the fiscal 580 year shall lapse into the State General Fund or the Education 581 Enhancement Fund, depending on the source of the fund.

The State Board of Education may loan monies from the School District Emergency Assistance Fund to a school district that is under a state of emergency or in district transformation status, in those amounts, as determined by the board, that are necessary to correct the district's impairments related to a lack of financial resources. The loans shall be evidenced by an agreement between the school district and the State Board of Education and shall be repayable in principal, without necessity of interest, to

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590	the School District Emergency Assistance Fund by the school
591	district from any allowable funds that are available. The total
592	amount loaned to the district shall be due and payable within five
593	(5) years after the impairments related to a lack of financial
594	resources are corrected. If a school district fails to make
595	payments on the loan in accordance with the terms of the agreement
596	between the district and the State Board of Education, the State
597	Department of Education, in accordance with rules and regulations
598	established by the State Board of Education, may withhold that
599	district's adequate education program funds in an amount and
600	manner that will effectuate repayment consistent with the terms of
601	the agreement; the funds withheld by the department shall be
602	deposited into the School District Emergency Assistance Fund.
603	The State Board of Education shall develop a protocol that
604	will outline the performance standards and requisite timeline
605	deemed necessary for extreme emergency measures. If the State
606	Board of Education determines that an extreme emergency exists,
607	simultaneous with the powers exercised in this subsection, it
608	shall take immediate action against all parties responsible for
609	the affected school districts having been determined to be in an
610	extreme emergency. The action shall include, but not be limited
611	to, initiating civil actions to recover funds and criminal actions

to account for criminal activity. Any funds recovered by the

State Auditor or the State Board of Education from the surety

bonds of school officials or from any civil action brought under

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615 this subsection shall be applied toward the repayment of any loan 616 made to a school district hereunder.

- 617 If a majority of the membership of the school board of any school district resigns from office, the State Board of 618 619 Education shall be authorized to assign an interim superintendent, 620 who shall be responsible for the administration, management and 621 operation of the school district until the time as new board 622 members are selected or the Governor declares a state of emergency 623 in that school district under subsection (12), whichever occurs 624 first. In that case, the State Board of Education, acting through 625 the interim superintendent, shall have all powers which were held 626 by the previously existing school board, and may take any action 627 as prescribed in Section 37-17-13 and/or one or more of the 628 actions authorized in this section.
- 629 (a) If the Governor declares a state of emergency in a 630 school district, the State Board of Education may take all such 631 action pertaining to that school district as is authorized under 632 subsection (12) or (15) of this section, including the appointment 633 of an interim superintendent. The State Board of Education shall 634 also have the authority to issue a written request with 635 documentation to the Governor asking that the office of the 636 superintendent of the school district be subject to recall. Ιf the Governor declares that the office of the superintendent of the 637 school district is subject to recall, the local school board or 638

639	the county election commission, as the case may be, shall take the
640	following action:
641	(i) If the office of superintendent is an elected
642	office, in those years in which there is no general election, the
643	name shall be submitted by the State Board of Education to the
644	county election commission, and the county election commission
645	shall submit the question at a special election to the voters
646	eligible to vote for the office of superintendent within the
647	county, and the special election shall be held within sixty (60)
648	days from notification by the State Board of Education. The
649	ballot shall read substantially as follows:
650	"Shall County Superintendent of Education (here the
651	name of the superintendent shall be inserted) of the
652	(here the title of the school district shall be inserted) be
653	retained in office? Yes No"
654	If a majority of those voting on the question votes against
655	retaining the superintendent in office, a vacancy shall exist
656	which shall be filled in the manner provided by law; otherwise,
657	the superintendent shall remain in office for the term of that
658	office, and at the expiration of the term shall be eligible for
659	qualification and election to another term or terms.
660	(ii) If the office of superintendent is an
661	appointive office, the name of the superintendent shall be
662	submitted by the president of the local school board at the next
663	regular meeting of the school board for retention in office or

664	dismissal from office. If a majority of the school board voting
665	on the question vote against retaining the superintendent in
666	office, a vacancy shall exist which shall be filled as provided by
667	law, otherwise the superintendent shall remain in office for the
668	duration of his employment contract.

- (b) The State Board of Education may issue a written request with documentation to the Governor asking that the membership of the school board of the school district shall be subject to recall. Whenever the Governor declares that the membership of the school board is subject to recall, the county election commission or the local governing authorities, as the case may be, shall take the following action:
- elected to office, in those years in which the specific member's office is not up for election, the name of the school board member shall be submitted by the State Board of Education to the county election commission, and the county election commission at a special election shall submit the question to the voters eligible to vote for the particular member's office within the county or school district, as the case may be, and the special election shall be held within sixty (60) days from notification by the State Board of Education. The ballot shall read substantially as follows:
- 687 "Members of the _____ (here the title of the school 688 district shall be inserted) School Board who are not up for

689	election this year are subject to recall because of the school
690	district's failure to meet critical accountability standards as
691	defined in the letter of notification to the Governor from the
692	State Board of Education. Shall the member of the school board
693	representing this area, (here the name of the school
694	board member holding the office shall be inserted), be retained in
695	office? Yes"
696	If a majority of those voting on the question vote against
697	retaining the member of the school board in office, a vacancy in
698	that board member's office shall exist, which shall be filled in
699	the manner provided by law; otherwise, the school board member
700	shall remain in office for the term of that office, and at the
701	expiration of the term of office, the member shall be eligible for
702	qualification and election to another term or terms of office.
703	However, if a majority of the school board members are recalled in
704	the special election, the Governor shall authorize the board of
705	supervisors of the county in which the school district is situated
706	to appoint members to fill the offices of the members recalled.
707	The board of supervisors shall make those appointments in the
708	manner provided by law for filling vacancies on the school board,
709	and the appointed members shall serve until the office is filled
710	at the next regular special election or general election.
711	(ii) If the local school board is an appointed
712	school board, the name of all school board members shall be
713	submitted as a collective board by the president of the municipal

- 714 or county governing authority, as the case may be, at the next
- 715 regular meeting of the governing authority for retention in office
- 716 or dismissal from office. If a majority of the governing
- 717 authority voting on the question vote against retaining the board
- 718 in office, a vacancy shall exist in each school board member's
- 719 office, which shall be filled as provided by law; otherwise, the
- 720 members of the appointed school board shall remain in office for
- 721 the duration of their term of appointment, and those members may
- 722 be reappointed.
- 723 (iii) If the local school board is comprised of
- 724 both elected and appointed members, the elected members shall be
- 725 subject to recall in the manner provided in subparagraph (i) of
- 726 this paragraph (b), and the appointed members shall be subject to
- 727 recall in the manner provided in subparagraph (ii).
- 728 (18) * * * The State Board of Education, acting through the
- 729 Commission on School Accreditation, shall require each school
- 730 district to comply with standards established by the State
- 731 Department of Audit for the verification of fixed assets and the
- 732 auditing of fixed assets records as a minimum requirement for
- 733 accreditation.
- 734 (19) * * * The State Superintendent of Public Education and
- 735 the State Board of Education * * * shall develop a comprehensive
- 736 accountability plan to ensure that local school boards,
- 737 superintendents, principals and teachers are held accountable for
- 738 student achievement. * * *

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739	(20)	* *	*	[Deleted]

- 740 (21)If a local school district is determined as failing and 741 placed into district transformation status for reasons authorized 742 by the provisions of this section, the interim superintendent 743 appointed to the district shall, within forty-five (45) days after 744 being appointed, present a detailed and structured corrective 745 action plan to move the local school district out of district 746 transformation status to the deputy superintendent. A copy of the 747 interim superintendent's corrective action plan shall also be 748 filed with the State Board of Education.
- 749 **SECTION 3.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 750 and after July 1, 2022.