MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Representative Ladner

REGULAR SESSION 2022

To: Public Health and Human Services

HOUSE BILL NO. 131

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 33-15-5, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 2 REVISE THE DEFINITIONS OF "STATE OF EMERGENCY," "LOCAL EMERGENCY" 3 AND "NATURAL EMERGENCY" IN THE MISSISSIPPI EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT LAW TO INCLUDE "AN EPIDEMIC" AND "A PANDEMIC"; TO AMEND SECTION 4 5 33-15-11, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE A MAXIMUM TIME 6 PERIOD FOR ANY STATE OF EMERGENCY OR DECLARATION OF EMERGENCY 7 IMPACT AREA; TO PROHIBIT CONTINUATIONS OF SUCH EMERGENCIES EXCEPT BY LEGISLATIVE ENACTMENT; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 41-39-17, 8 9 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH TO RECEIVE AND STORE DEAD HUMAN BODIES WHEN THE GOVERNOR 10 11 PROCLAIMS A STATE OF EMERGENCY AND INSUFFICIENT FACILITIES EXIST 12 IN COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES TO RECEIVE AND STORE THE BODIES; TO 13 AMEND SECTIONS 41-61-61 AND 41-61-69, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM TO THE PRECEDING SECTIONS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 14

15 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

16 SECTION 1. Section 33-15-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

17 amended as follows:

18 33-15-5. The following words, whenever used in this article

19 shall, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the

20 context, have the following meanings:

21

(a) "Agency" means the Mississippi Emergency Management

22 Agency, created by Section 33-15-7.

23

(b) "Director" means the Director of Emergency

24 Management, appointed pursuant to Section 33-15-7.

H. B. No. 131 G1/2 22/HR12/R39 PAGE 1 (GT\AM) 25 (C) "Emergency management" means the preparation for, 26 the mitigation of, the response to, and the recovery from 27 emergencies and disasters. Specific emergency management 28 responsibilities include, but are not limited to: 29 (i) Reduction of vulnerability of people and 30 communities of this state to damage, injury and loss of life and property resulting from natural, technological or man-made 31 32 emergencies or hostile military paramilitary action. 33 Preparation for prompt and efficient response (ii) 34 and recovery to protect lives and property affected by 35 emergencies. 36 (iii) Response to emergencies using all systems, 37 plans and resources necessary to preserve adequately the health, safety and welfare of persons or property affected by the 38 39 emergency. 40 (iv) Recovery from emergencies by providing for the rapid and orderly start of restoration and rehabilitation of 41 persons and property affected by emergencies. 42 43 Provision of an emergency management system (V) 44 embodying all aspects of preemergency preparedness and 45 postemergency response, recovery and mitigation. 46 (vi) Assistance in anticipation, recognition, appraisal, prevention and mitigation of emergencies which may be 47 caused or aggravated by inadequate planning for, and regulation of 48 public and private facilities and land use. 49

H. B. No. 131 **••• OFFICIAL •** 22/HR12/R39 PAGE 2 (gt\AM) 50 (d) "Civil defense," whenever it appears in the laws of 51 the State of Mississippi, shall mean "emergency management" unless 52 the context clearly indicates otherwise.

(e) "State of war emergency" means the condition which exists immediately, with or without a proclamation thereof by the Governor, whenever this state or nation is attacked by an enemy of the United States or upon receipt by the state of a warning from the federal government indicating that such an attack is probable or imminent.

59 (f) "State of emergency" means the duly proclaimed 60 existence of conditions of disaster or extreme peril to the safety 61 or health of persons or property within the state caused by air or 62 water pollution, fire, flood, storm, epidemic, pandemic, earthquake, hurricane, resource shortages, or other natural or 63 64 man-made conditions other than conditions causing a "state of war 65 emergency," which conditions by reasons of their magnitude are or 66 are likely to be beyond the control of the services, personnel, equipment and facilities of any single county and/or municipality 67 68 and requires combined forces of the state to combat.

(g) "Local emergency" means the duly proclaimed existence of conditions of disaster or extreme peril to the safety <u>or health</u> of persons and property within the territorial limits of a county and/or municipality caused by such conditions as air or water pollution, fire, flood, storm, epidemic, <u>pandemic,</u> earthquake, hurricane, resource shortages or other natural or

H. B. No. 131 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR12/R39 PAGE 3 (GT\AM) 75 man-made conditions, which conditions are or are likely to be 76 beyond the control of the services, personnel, equipment and 77 facilities of the political subdivision and require the combined 78 forces of other subdivisions or of the state to combat.

(h) "Emergency" means any occurrence, or threat
thereof, whether natural, technological, or man-made, in war or in
peace, which results or may result in substantial injury or harm
to the population or substantial damage to or loss of property.

(i) "Man-made emergency" means an emergency caused by an action against persons or society, including, but not limited to, emergency attack, sabotage, terrorism, civil unrest or other action impairing the orderly administration of government.

(j) "Natural emergency" means an emergency caused by a
natural event, including, but not limited to, <u>an epidemic, a</u>
<u>pandemic,</u> a hurricane, a storm, a flood, severe wave action, a
drought or an earthquake.

91 (k) "Technological emergency" means an emergency caused 92 by a technological failure or accident, including, but not limited 93 to, an explosion, transportation accident, radiological accident, 94 or chemical or other hazardous material incident.

95 (1) "Local emergency management agency" means an
96 organization created to discharge the emergency management
97 responsibilities and functions of a political subdivision.

98 (m) "Disaster" means any natural, technological or 99 civil emergency as defined in this section that causes damage of

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104 (i) "Catastrophic disaster" means a disaster that 105 will require massive state and federal assistance, including 106 immediate military involvement.

107 (ii) "Major disaster" means a disaster that will 108 likely exceed local capabilities and require a broad range of 109 state and federal assistance.

(iii) "Minor disaster" means a disaster that is likely to be within the response capabilities of local government and to result in only a minimal need for state or federal assistance.

"Disaster Reservist" means any person hired on a 114 (n) 115 temporary basis pursuant to State Personnel Board policies and 116 procedures regulating personal service contracts, that is hired to perform specific tasks related to a Governor's State of Emergency, 117 118 or by an emergency or disaster declaration of the President of the 119 United States, by the agency, and is assigned to perform such 120 duties as may be required under the direction of the appropriate 121 agency supervisor.

(o) "Emergency impact area" means the area of the statein which market conditions exist due to a state of emergency

H. B. No. 131 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR12/R39 PAGE 5 (GT\AM) 124 creating a likelihood that prices ordinarily charged for goods and 125 services could be raised unfairly due to the underlying emergency.

(p) "Political subdivision" means a local government created by the State of Mississippi to assist in fulfilling the state's obligations. The term "political subdivision" includes levee districts.

130 SECTION 2. Section 33-15-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
131 amended as follows:

132 33-15-11. The Governor shall have general direction and (a) 133 control of the activities of the Emergency Management Agency and 134 Council and shall be responsible for the carrying out of the provisions of this article, and in the event of a man-made, 135 136 technological or natural disaster or emergency beyond local 137 control, may assume direct operational control over all or any 138 part of the emergency management functions within this state.

(b) In performing his duties under this article, theGovernor is further authorized and empowered:

(1) To make, amend and rescind the necessary orders, rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this article with due consideration of the plans of the federal government, and to enter into disaster assistance grants and agreements with the federal government under the terms as may be required by federal law.

147 (2) To work with the Mississippi Emergency Management148 Agency in preparing a comprehensive plan and program for the

149 emergency management of this state, such plan and program to be 150 integrated into and coordinated with the emergency management 151 plans of the federal government and of other states to the fullest 152 possible extent, and to coordinate the preparation of plans and 153 programs for emergency management by the political subdivisions of 154 this state, such local plans to be integrated into and coordinated 155 with the emergency management plan and program of this state to 156 the fullest possible extent.

157 In accordance with such plan and program for (3) 158 emergency management of this state, to ascertain the requirements 159 of the state or the political subdivisions thereof for food or 160 clothing or other necessities of life in the event of attack or 161 natural or man-made or technological disasters and to plan for and 162 procure supplies, medicines, materials and equipment, and to use 163 and employ from time to time any of the property, services and 164 resources within the state, for the purposes set forth in this 165 article; to make surveys of the industries, resources and 166 facilities within the state as are necessary to carry out the 167 purposes of this article; to institute training programs and 168 public information programs, and to take all other preparatory 169 steps, including the partial or full mobilization of emergency 170 management organizations in advance of actual disaster, to insure the furnishing of adequately trained and equipped forces of 171 172 emergency management personnel in time of need.

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173 (4) To cooperate with the President and the heads of 174 the Armed Forces, and the Emergency Management Agency of the United States, and with the officers and agencies of other states 175 176 in matters pertaining to the emergency management of the state and nation and the incidents thereof; and in connection therewith, to 177 178 take any measures which he may deem proper to carry into effect any request of the President and the appropriate federal officers 179 180 and agencies, for any action looking to emergency management, 181 including the direction or control of (a) blackouts and practice blackouts, air raid drills, mobilization of emergency management 182 183 forces, and other tests and exercises, (b) warnings and signals 184 for drills or attacks and the mechanical devices to be used in 185 connection therewith, (c) the effective screening or extinguishing 186 of all lights and lighting devices and appliances, (d) shutting off water mains, gas mains, electric power connections and the 187 188 suspension of all other utility services, (e) the conduct of 189 civilians and the movement and cessation of movement of pedestrians and vehicular traffic during, prior and subsequent to 190 191 drills or attack, (f) public meetings or gatherings under 192 emergency conditions, and (g) the evacuation and reception of the 193 civilian population.

194 (5) To take such action and give such directions to 195 state and local law enforcement officers and agencies as may be 196 reasonable and necessary for the purpose of securing compliance

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197 with the provisions of this article and with the orders, rules and 198 regulations made pursuant thereto.

(6) To employ such measures and give such directions to the state or local boards of health as may be reasonably necessary for the purpose of securing compliance with the provisions of this article or with the findings or recommendations of such boards of health by reason of conditions arising from enemy attack or the threat of enemy attack or natural, man-made or technological disaster.

(7) To utilize the services and facilities of existing
officers and agencies of the state and of the political
subdivisions thereof; and all such officers and agencies shall
cooperate with and extend their services and facilities to the
Governor as he may request.

(8) To establish agencies and offices and to appoint executive, technical, clerical and other personnel as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this article including, with due consideration to the recommendation of the local authorities, part-time or full-time state and regional area directors.

(9) To delegate any authority vested in him under this
article, and to provide for the subdelegation of any such
authority.

(10) On behalf of this state to enter into reciprocalaid agreements or compacts with other states and the federal

222 government, either on a statewide basis or local political 223 subdivision basis or with a neighboring state or province of a 224 foreign country. Such mutual aid arrangements shall be limited to 225 the furnishings or exchange of food, clothing, medicine and other 226 supplies; engineering services; emergency housing; police 227 services; national or state guards while under the control of the 228 state; health, medical and related services; firefighting, rescue, 229 transportation and construction services and equipment; personnel 230 necessary to provide or conduct these services; and such other 231 supplies, equipment, facilities, personnel and services as may be 232 needed; the reimbursement of costs and expenses for equipment, 233 supplies, personnel and similar items for mobile support units, 234 firefighting and police units and health units; and on such terms 235 and conditions as are deemed necessary.

(11) To sponsor and develop mutual aid plans and
agreements between the political subdivisions of the state,
similar to the mutual aid arrangements with other states referred
to above.

(12) To collect information and data for assessment of vulnerabilities and capabilities within the borders of Mississippi as it pertains to the nation and state's security and homeland defense. This information shall be exempt from the Mississippi Public Records Act, Section 25-61-1 et seq.

245 (13) Authorize any agency or arm of the state to create246 a special emergency management revolving fund, accept donations,

247 contributions, fees, grants, including federal funds, as may be 248 necessary for such agency or arm of the state to administer its 249 functions of this article as set forth in the Executive Order of 250 the Governor.

(14) To authorize the Commissioner of Public Safety to select, train, organize and equip a ready reserve of auxiliary highway patrolmen.

(15) To suspend or limit the sale, dispensing or transportation of alcoholic beverages, firearms, explosives and combustibles.

(16) To control, restrict and regulate by rationing,
freezing, use of quotas, prohibitions on shipments, price-fixing,
allocation or other means, the use, sale or distribution of food,
feed, fuel, clothing and other commodities, materials, goods or
services.

262 (17)To proclaim a state of emergency in an area 263 affected or likely to be affected thereby when he finds that the 264 conditions described in Section 33-15-5(q) exist, or when he is 265 requested to do so by the mayor of a municipality or by the 266 president of the board of supervisors of a county, or when he 267 finds that a local authority is unable to cope with the emergency. 268 Such proclamation shall be in writing and shall take effect 269 immediately upon its execution by the Governor. As soon 270 thereafter as possible, such proclamation shall be filed with the Secretary of State and be given widespread notice and publicity. 271

272 The Governor shall not proclaim more than one (1) state of 273 emergency during the same time period in the same area and/or 274 arising out of the same or similar conditions described in this 275 paragraph (17). The Governor, upon advice of the director, shall 276 review the need for continuing the state of emergency at least 277 every \* \* \* fifteen (15) days. No state of emergency may be 278 continued or effective for more than forty-five (45) days from the 279 date of issuance, unless the Legislature authorizes the 280 continuation of the state of emergency by the enactment of legislation for that purpose. For purposes of this paragraph 281 (17), any changes, amendments or supplements to a proclamation for 282 283 a state of emergency shall be considered to be part of the 284 original state of emergency and shall be subject to the forty-five 285 (45) day limitation of this paragraph. (18) To declare an emergency impact area when he finds 286 that the conditions described in Section 33-15-5(o) exist. 287 The 288 proclamation shall be in writing and shall take effect immediately 289 upon its execution by the Governor. As soon as possible, the 290 proclamation shall be filed with the Secretary of State and be 291 given widespread notice and publicity. The Governor shall not 292 declare more than one (1) emergency impact area during the same 293 time period in the same area and/or arising out of the same or 294 similar conditions described in Section 33-15-5(o). The Governor 295 shall review the need for continuing the declaration of emergency impact area at least every \* \* \* fifteen (15) days. No 296

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297 declaration of emergency impact area may be continued or effective

298 for more than forty-five (45) days, unless the Legislature

299 authorizes the continuation of the declaration of emergency impact

300 area by the enactment of legislation for that purpose. For

301 purposes of this paragraph (18), any changes, amendments or

302 supplements to a proclamation for a declaration of emergency

303 impact area shall be considered to be part of the original

304 declaration of emergency impact area and shall be subject to the 305 forty-five (45) day limitation of this paragraph.

(c) In addition to the powers conferred upon the Governor in this section, the Legislature hereby expressly delegates to the Governor the following powers and duties in the event of an impending enemy attack, an enemy attack, or a man-made, technological or natural disaster where such disaster is beyond local control:

(1) To suspend the provisions of any regulatory statute prescribing the procedures for conduct of state business, or the orders, rules or regulations of any state agency, if strict compliance with the provisions of any statute, order, rule or regulation would in any way prevent, hinder or delay necessary action in coping with a disaster or emergency.

318 (2) To transfer the direction, personnel or functions 319 of state agencies, boards, commissions or units thereof for the 320 purpose of performing or facilitating disaster or emergency 321 services.

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322 (3) To commandeer or utilize any private property if 323 necessary to cope with a disaster or emergency, provided that such private property so commandeered or utilized shall be paid for 324 325 under terms and conditions agreed upon by the participating 326 parties. The owner of said property shall immediately be given a 327 receipt for the said private property and said receipt shall serve 328 as a valid claim against the Treasury of the State of Mississippi 329 for the agreed upon market value of said property.

330 (4) To perform and exercise such other functions,
331 powers and duties as may be necessary to promote and secure the
332 safety and protection of the civilian population in coping with a
333 disaster or emergency.

334 (5) To authorize, upon guidance from the State
 335 Department of Health, physicians, nurse practitioners, physician
 336 assistants, and registered nurses licensed in other states to
 337 perform professional services in the State of Mississippi under
 338 conditions that the Governor considers appropriate for a period
 339 not to exceed the duration of any state of emergency or state of
 340 war emergency.

341 (d) This section does not authorize the Governor or a 342 designee of the Governor to act in contravention of Section 343 33-7-303.

344 SECTION 3. The following shall be codified as Section 345 41-39-17, Mississippi Code of 1972:

346 41-39-17. (1) When the Governor has proclaimed a state of 347 emergency for reasons of natural, technological or man-made disaster, or state of war emergency as defined in Section 33-15-5, 348 and the State Department of Health has determined that there are 349 350 insufficient facilities or trained personnel in any county to 351 receive and store dead human bodies, the State Department of 352 Health shall have the authority to take possession of the bodies 353 and perform any functions that would be the responsibility of a 354 county coroner respecting such bodies.

355 (2) When the State Department of Health assumes 356 responsibilities as authorized by subsection (1) of this section, 357 the State Health Officer shall issue a finding setting out the 358 reasons for taking such action, and shall set out what actions the 359 department will take with respect to the receipt, storage and 360 disposal of any human dead bodies received.

361 SECTION 4. Section 41-61-61, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 362 amended as follows:

363 41-61-61. (1) Upon the death of any person where that death 364 affects the public interest, the medical examiner of the county in 365 which the body of the deceased is found or, if death occurs in a 366 moving conveyance, where the conveyance stops and death is 367 pronounced, shall be notified promptly by any person having 368 knowledge or suspicion of such a death, as provided in subsection 369 (1) of Section 41-61-59. The medical examiner shall then notify the State Medical Examiner, in accordance with Section 370

H. B. No. 131 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR12/R39 PAGE 15 (gt\AM) 371 41-61-63(2)(a). Except as otherwise provided by Section 3 of this 372 act, no person shall disturb the body at the scene of such a death 373 until authorized by the medical examiner, unless the medical 374 examiner is unavailable and it is determined by an appropriate law 375 enforcement officer that the presence of the body at the scene 376 would risk the integrity of the body or provide a hazard to the 377 safety of others. For the limited purposes of this section, 378 expression of an opinion that death has occurred may be made by a 379 nurse, an emergency medical technician, or any other competent 380 person, in the absence of a physician.

381 (2) The discovery of anatomical material suspected of being 382 part of the human body shall be promptly reported either (a) to 383 the medical examiner of the county in which the material is found, 384 who shall report the discovery to the State Medical Examiner, or 385 (b) to the State Medical Examiner.

(3) A person who willfully moves, distributes or conceals a
body or body part in violation of this section is guilty of a
misdemeanor, and may be punished by a fine of not more than Five
Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), or by imprisonment for not more than
six (6) months in the county jail, or by both such fine and
imprisonment.

(4) Upon oral or written authorization of the medical examiner, if an autopsy is to be performed, the body shall be transported directly to an autopsy facility in a suitable secure conveyance, and the expenses of transportation shall be paid by

396 the county for which the service is provided. The county may 397 contract with individuals or make available a vehicle to the 398 medical examiner or law enforcement personnel for transportation 399 of bodies.

400 **SECTION 5.** Section 41-61-69, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 401 amended as follows:

402 41 - 61 - 69. (1) Except as otherwise provided in Section 1 of 403 this act, no person knowing or having reason to know that a death 404 may be under the jurisdiction of the medical examiner shall 405 embalm, bury or cremate the body without the permission of the 406 medical examiner. Any person violating the provisions of this 407 section shall be quilty of a misdemeanor, and may be punished by a 408 fine of not more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), or by 409 imprisonment for not more than six (6) months in the county jail, 410 or by both such fine and imprisonment.

411 (2)A dead body shall not be cremated or buried at sea 412 unless a medical examiner certifies that he has been informed of or inquired into the cause and the manner of death and has the 413 414 opinion that no further examination is necessary. This subsection 415 shall not apply to deaths occurring less than twenty-four (24) 416 hours after birth or to death of patient resulting only from 417 natural disease and occurring in a licensed hospital unless the death falls within the jurisdiction of the medical examiner. 418 The 419 State Medical Examiner shall be authorized to adopt rules creating 420 additional exceptions to this subsection. For making this

H. B. No. 131 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR12/R39 PAGE 17 (GT\AM) 421 certification, the medical examiner or his deputy shall be 422 entitled to charge a fee of Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00), to be 423 paid by the applicant, unless such medical examiner or his deputy 424 has filed a written report of such death as provided in Section 425 41-61-73, Mississippi Code of 1972, and received a fee therefor 426 paid by the county.

427 **SECTION 6.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 428 and after July 1, 2022.