# Adopted COMMITTEE AMENDMENT NO 1 PROPOSED TO

House Bill No. 287

# **BY: Committee**

# Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

19 SECTION 1. Section 9-23-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 20 amended as follows:

21 9-23-1. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the22 "Alyce Griffin Clarke Drug Intervention Court Act."

23 SECTION 2. Section 9-23-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 24 amended as follows:

9-23-3. (1) The Legislature of Mississippi recognizes the critical need for judicial intervention to reduce the incidence of alcohol and drug use, alcohol and drug addiction, and crimes committed as a result of alcohol and drug use and alcohol and drug

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29 addiction. It is the intent of the Legislature to facilitate 30 local <u>drug</u> intervention court alternative orders adaptable to 31 chancery, circuit, county, youth, municipal and justice courts. 32 (2) The goals of the <u>drug</u> intervention courts under this 33 chapter include the following:

34 (a) To reduce alcoholism and other drug dependencies
 35 among adult and juvenile offenders and defendants and among
 36 respondents in juvenile petitions for abuse, neglect or both;

37 (b) To reduce criminal and delinquent recidivism and38 the incidence of child abuse and neglect;

39 (c) To reduce the alcohol-related and other40 drug-related court workload;

(d) To increase personal, familial and societal
accountability of adult and juvenile offenders and defendants and
respondents in juvenile petitions for abuse, neglect or both;

44 (e) To promote effective interaction and use of
45 resources among criminal and juvenile justice personnel, child
46 protective services personnel and community agencies; and

(f) To use corrections resources more effectively by redirecting prison-bound offenders whose criminal conduct is driven in part by drug and alcohol dependence to intensive supervision and clinical treatment available in the <u>drug</u> intervention court.

52 SECTION 3. Section 9-23-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 53 amended as follows:

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54 9-23-5. For the purposes of this chapter, the following 55 words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed unless the 56 context clearly requires otherwise:

(a) "Chemical \* \* tests" means the analysis of an
individual's: (i) blood, (ii) breath, (iii) hair, (iv) sweat, (v)
saliva, (vi) urine, or (vii) other bodily substance to determine
the presence of alcohol or a controlled substance.

61 (b) "Crime of violence" means an offense listed in62 Section 97-3-2.

63 (c) "<u>Drug</u> intervention court" means a drug court \* \* \*
64 that utilizes an immediate and highly structured intervention
65 process for eligible defendants or juveniles that brings together
66 mental health professionals, substance abuse professionals, local
67 social programs and intensive judicial monitoring.

(d) "Evidence-based program" \* \* \* and
"researched-based program" have the meanings as those terms are
defined in Section 27-103-159.

(e) "Risk and needs assessment" means the use of an actuarial assessment tool validated on a Mississippi corrections population to determine a person's risk to reoffend and the characteristics that, if addressed, reduce the risk to reoffend. SECTION 4. Section 9-23-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

9-23-9. (1) The State Intervention Courts Advisory
Committee is established to develop and periodically update

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79 proposed statewide evaluation plans and models for monitoring all 80 critical aspects of intervention courts. The committee must provide the proposed evaluation plans to the Chief Justice and the 81 82 Administrative Office of Courts. The committee shall be chaired 83 by the Director of the Administrative Office of Courts or a 84 designee of the director and shall consist of eleven (11) members all of whom shall be appointed by the Supreme Court. The members 85 86 shall be broadly representative of the courts, mental health, 87 veterans affairs, law enforcement, corrections, criminal defense bar, prosecutors association, juvenile justice, child protective 88 services and substance abuse treatment communities. 89

90 (2)The State Intervention Courts Advisory Committee may 91 also make recommendations to the Chief Justice, the Director of 92 the Administrative Office of Courts and state officials concerning 93 improvements to intervention court policies and procedures 94 including the intervention court certification process. The 95 committee may make suggestions as to the criteria for eligibility, 96 and other procedural and substantive guidelines for intervention 97 court operation.

98 (3) The State Intervention Courts Advisory Committee shall
99 act as arbiter of disputes arising out of the operation of
100 intervention courts established under this chapter and make
101 recommendations to improve the intervention courts; it shall also
102 make recommendations to the Supreme Court necessary and incident
103 to compliance with established rules.

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(4) The State Intervention Courts Advisory Committee shall
establish through rules and regulations a viable and fiscally
responsible plan to expand the number of adult and juvenile
intervention court programs operating in Mississippi. These rules
and regulations shall include plans to increase participation in
existing and future programs while maintaining their voluntary
nature.

111 (5) The State Intervention Courts Advisory Committee shall 112 receive and review the monthly reports submitted to the 113 Administrative Office of Courts by each certified intervention 114 court and provide comments and make recommendations, as necessary, 115 to the Chief Justice and the Director of the Administrative Office 116 of Courts.

SECTION 5. Section 9-23-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

119 9-23-11. (1) The Administrative Office of Courts shall 120 establish, implement and operate a uniform certification process for all intervention courts and other problem-solving courts 121 122 including juvenile courts, veterans courts or any other court 123 designed to adjudicate criminal actions involving an identified 124 classification of criminal defendant to ensure funding for 125 intervention courts supports effective and proven practices that 126 reduce recidivism and substance dependency among \* \* \*

127 participants.

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129 certification process that ensures any new or existing 130 intervention court meets minimum standards for intervention court 131 operation. 132 (a) These standards shall include, but are not limited 133 to: 134 The use of evidence-based \* \* \* or (i) 135 research-based programs, including, but not limited to, the use of 136 a valid and reliable risk and needs assessment tool to identify 137 participants and deliver appropriate interventions; 138 (ii) Targeting medium to high-risk offenders for 139 participation; 140 (iii) The use of current, evidence-based \* \* \* or research-based programs, proven to reduce dependency on drugs or 141 142 alcohol, or both; 143 (iv) Frequent testing for alcohol or drugs; 144 Coordinated strategy between all intervention (V) 145 court program personnel involving the use of graduated clinical 146 interventions; 147 (vi) Ongoing judicial interaction with each 148 participant; and 149 (vii) Monitoring and evaluation of intervention 150 court program implementation and outcomes through data collection 151 and reporting.

The Administrative Office of Courts shall establish a

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(2)

152 (b) Intervention court certification applications shall 153 include: 154 (i) A description of the need for the intervention 155 court; 156 (ii) The targeted population for the intervention 157 court; 158 (iii) The eligibility criteria for intervention 159 court participants; 160 (iv) A description of the process for identifying appropriate participants including the use of a risk and needs 161 162 assessment and a clinical assessment; (v) A description of the intervention court 163 164 intervention components, including anticipated budget \* \* \*, 165 implementation plan; and The data collection plan, which shall include 166 (vi) 167 collecting the following data: 168 1. Total number of participants; 169 2. Total number of successful participants; 170 3. Total number of unsuccessful participants and the reason why each participant did not complete the program; 171 172 4. Total number of participants who were arrested for a new criminal offense while in the intervention 173 174 court program;

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175 5. Total number of participants who were 176 convicted of a new felony or misdemeanor offense while in the 177 intervention court program; 178 6. Total number of participants who committed 179 at least one (1) violation while in the intervention court program 180 and the resulting sanction(s); 181 7. Results of the initial risk and needs 182 assessment or other clinical assessment conducted on each 183 participant; \* \* \* Total number of applications for screening 184 8. 185 by race, gender, offenses charged, indigence and, if not accepted, the reason for nonacceptance; \* \* \* 186 187 Identification of any program participant 9. 188 who, after completion of an intervention program, was arrested for 189 a new criminal offense; and 190 \* \* \*10. Any other data or information as 191 required by the Administrative Office of Courts. Every intervention court shall be certified under 192 (C) 193 the following schedule: 194 (i) An intervention court application submitted 195 after July 1, 2014, shall require certification of the 196 intervention court based on the proposed \* \* \* intervention court 197 plan. (ii) An intervention court initially established 198 and certified after July 1, 2014, shall be recertified after its 199

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200 second year of funded operation on a time frame consistent with 201 the other certified courts of its type.

202 (iii) A certified adult felony intervention court 203 in existence on December 31, 2018, must submit a recertification 204 petition by July 1, 2019, and be recertified under the 205 requirements of this section on or before December 31, 2019; after 206 the recertification, all certified adult felony intervention 207 courts must submit a recertification petition every two (2) years 208 to the Administrative Office of Courts. The recertification process must be completed by December 31 \* \* \* of every odd 209 210 calendar year.

211 (iv) A certified youth, family, misdemeanor or chancery intervention court in existence on December 31, 2018, 212 213 must submit a recertification petition by July \* \* \* 1, 2020, and 214 be recertified under the requirements of this section by December 215 31, 2020. After the recertification, all certified youth, family, 216 misdemeanor and chancery intervention courts must submit a recertification petition every two (2) years to the Administrative 217 218 Office of Courts. The recertification process must be completed 219 by December 31 \* \* \* of every even calendar year.

(3) All certified intervention courts shall measure
successful completion of the \* \* \* <u>intervention</u> court based on
those participants who complete the program without a new criminal
conviction.

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224 (4) (a) All certified **\* \* \*** intervention courts must 225 collect and submit to the Administrative Office of Courts each 226 month, the following data: 227 Total number of participants at the beginning (i) 228 of the month; 229 (ii) Total number of participants at the end of 230 the month; 231 (iii) Total number of participants who began the 232 program in the month; 233 (iv) Total number of participants who successfully 234 completed the intervention court in the month; 235 Total number of participants who left the (V) 236 program in the month; 237 (vi) Total number of participants who were arrested for a new criminal offense while in the intervention 238 239 court program in the month; 240 (vii) Total number of participants who were convicted for a new criminal arrest while in the intervention 241 242 court program in the month; \* \* \* 243 (viii) Total number of participants who committed 244 at least one (1) violation while in the intervention court program 245 and any resulting sanction(s) \* \* \*; and 246 (ix) Total amount of state, federal, county or 247 municipal monies received and spent.

(b) By August 1, 2015, and each year thereafter, the Administrative Office of Courts shall report to the PEER Committee the information in subsection (4)(a) of this section in a sortable, electronic format.

(5) All certified intervention courts may individually
establish rules and may make special orders and rules as necessary
that do not conflict with the rules promulgated by the Supreme
Court or the Administrative Office of Courts.

(6) A certified intervention court may appoint the full- or part-time employees it deems necessary for the work of the intervention court and shall fix the compensation of those employees. Such employees shall serve at the will and pleasure of the judge or the judge's designee.

261 The Administrative Office of Courts shall promulgate (7)262 rules and regulations to carry out the certification and 263 re-certification process, including, but not limited to, requiring 264 third-party providers under contract to provide services that comport with evidence-based or research-based programs, and to 265 266 make any other policies not inconsistent with this section to 267 carry out this process. Notwithstanding any other provision of 268 law to the contrary, any contract with a third-party provider 269 shall comply with all state purchasing and bid laws.

(8) A certified intervention court established under this
chapter is subject to the regulatory powers of the Administrative
Office of Courts as set forth in Section 9-23-17.

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(9) The Administrative Office of Courts shall promulgate
rules and regulations to allow any participant of intervention
court who is participating in such court due to an implied consent
violation to have a restricted license or ignition interlock for
the purpose of driving to intervention court.

278 SECTION 6. Section 9-23-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 279 amended as follows:

9-23-13. (1) \* \* \* <u>A drug</u> intervention court's alcohol and drug intervention component shall provide \* \* \* <u>to</u> eligible individuals, either directly or through referrals, a range of necessary court intervention services, including, but not limited to, the following:

(a) Screening using a valid and reliable assessment
tool effective for identifying alcohol and drug dependent persons
for eligibility and appropriate services;

288 (b) Clinical assessment; for a DUI offense, if the 289 person has two (2) or more DUI convictions, the court shall order 290 the person to undergo an assessment that uses a standardized 291 evidence-based instrument performed by a physician to determine 292 whether the person has a diagnosis for alcohol and/or drug 293 dependence and would likely benefit from a court-approved 294 medication-assisted treatment indicated and approved for the 295 treatment of alcohol and/or drug dependence by the United States 296 Food and Drug Administration, as specified in the most recent 297 Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders published by

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the American Psychiatric Association. Upon considering the results of the assessment, the court may refer the person to a rehabilitative program that offers one or more forms of court-approved medications that are approved for the treatment of alcohol and/or drug dependence by the United States Food and Drug Administration;

- 304 (c) Education;
- 305 (d) Referral;

306 (e) Service coordination and case management; and

307 (f) Counseling and rehabilitative care.

308 (2) Any inpatient treatment or inpatient detoxification 309 program ordered by the court shall be certified by the Department 310 of Mental Health, other appropriate state agency or the equivalent 311 agency of another state.

312 (3) All <u>drug</u> intervention courts shall make available the 313 option for participants to use court-approved medication-assisted 314 treatment while participating in the programs of the court in 315 accordance with the recommendations of the National Drug Court 316 Institute.

317 SECTION 7. Section 9-23-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 318 amended as follows:

319 9-23-15. (1) In order to be eligible for alternative 320 sentencing through a local <u>drug</u> intervention court, the 321 participant must satisfy each of the following criteria:

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322 (a) The participant cannot have any felony convictions
323 for any offenses that are crimes of violence as defined in Section
324 97-3-2 within the previous ten (10) years.

325 (b) The crime before the court cannot be a crime of 326 violence as defined in Section 97-3-2.

327 (c) Other criminal proceedings alleging commission of a328 crime of violence cannot be pending against the participant.

329 (d) The participant cannot be charged with burglary of330 a dwelling under Section 97-17-23(2) or 97-17-37.

(e) The crime before the court cannot be a charge of
driving under the influence of alcohol or any other drug or drugs
that resulted in the death of a person.

(f) The crime charged cannot be one of trafficking in controlled substances under Section 41-29-139(f), nor can the participant have a prior conviction for same.

337 (2) Participation in the services of an alcohol and drug 338 intervention component shall be open only to the individuals over whom the court has jurisdiction, except that the court may agree 339 340 to provide the services for (i) individuals referred from another 341 intervention court or (ii) individuals who are residents of states 342 that allow reciprocity for Mississippians to participate in 343 intervention courts in that state. In cases transferred from another jurisdiction, the receiving judge shall act as a special 344 master and make recommendations to the sentencing judge. 345

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346 (3) (a) As a condition of participation in \* \* a drug 347 intervention court, a participant may be required to undergo a chemical test or a series of chemical tests as specified by the 348 349 drug intervention court. A participant is liable for the costs of 350 all chemical tests required under this section, regardless of 351 whether the costs are paid to the drug intervention court or the 352 laboratory; however, if testing is available from other sources or 353 the program itself, the judge may waive any fees for testing. The 354 judge may waive all fees if the applicant is determined to be 355 indigent.

356 (b) A laboratory that performs a chemical test under 357 this section shall report the results of the test to the <u>drug</u> 358 intervention court.

359 A person does not have a right to participate in a drug (4) 360 intervention court under this chapter. The court having 361 jurisdiction over a person for a matter before the court shall 362 have the final determination about whether the person may participate in drug intervention court under this chapter. 363 364 However, any person meeting the eligibility criteria in subsection 365 (1) of this section shall, upon request, be screened for admission 366 to drug intervention court.

367 SECTION 8. Section 9-23-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 368 amended as follows:

369 9-23-17. With regard to any <u>drug</u> intervention court, the
370 Administrative Office of Courts shall do the following:

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371 (a) Certify and re-certify <u>drug</u> intervention court
372 applications that meet standards established by the Administrative
373 Office of Courts in accordance with this chapter.

(b) Ensure that the structure of the intervention component complies with rules adopted under this section and applicable federal regulations.

377 (c) Revoke the authorization of a program upon a 378 determination that the program does not comply with rules adopted 379 under this section and applicable federal regulations.

380 (d) Make agreements and contracts to effectuate the 381 purposes of this chapter with:

382 (i) Another department, authority or agency of the383 state;

384 (ii) Another state;

385 (iii) The federal government;

386 (iv) A state-supported or private university; or

387 (v) A public or private agency, foundation,388 corporation or individual.

389 (e) Directly, or by contract, approve and certify any390 intervention component established under this chapter.

(f) Require, as a condition of operation, that each drug intervention court created or funded under this chapter be certified by the Administrative Office of Courts.

394 (g) Collect monthly data reports submitted by all395 certified drug intervention courts, provide those reports to the

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396 State Intervention Courts Advisory Committee, compile an annual 397 report summarizing the data collected and the outcomes achieved by 398 all certified intervention courts and submit the annual report to 399 the Oversight Task Force.

(h) <u>As funding is available or every \* \* \* five (5)</u>
years, the Administrative Office of Courts will contract with an
external evaluator to conduct an evaluation of the effectiveness
of the <u>statewide drug</u> intervention court program \* \* \* and
individual <u>drug</u> intervention courts \* \* \*. <u>Notwithstanding any</u>
<u>other provision of law to the contrary, contract shall comply with</u>
all state purchasing and bid laws.

407 (i) Adopt rules to implement this chapter.

408 SECTION 9. Section 9-23-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 409 amended as follows:

410 9-23-19. (1) All monies received from any source by \* \* \* <u>a</u> 411 <u>drug</u> intervention court shall be accumulated in a fund to be used 412 only for <u>drug</u> intervention court purposes. Any funds remaining in 413 this fund at the end of a fiscal year shall not lapse into any 414 general fund, but shall be retained in the <u>Drug</u> Intervention Court 415 Fund for the funding of further activities by the <u>drug</u> 416 intervention court.

417 (2) \* \* \* <u>A drug</u> intervention court may apply for and
418 receive the following:

419 (a) Gifts, bequests and donations from private sources.420 (b) Grant and contract money from governmental sources.

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421 (c) Other forms of financial assistance approved by the422 court to supplement the budget of the drug intervention court.

(3) The costs of participation in an alcohol and drug intervention program required by the certified <u>drug</u> intervention court may be paid by the participant or out of user fees or such other state, federal or private funds that may, from time to time, be made available.

(4) The court may assess such reasonable and appropriate fees to be paid to the local <u>Drug</u> Intervention Court Fund for participation in an alcohol or drug intervention program; however, all fees may be waived if the applicant is determined to be indigent.

433 **SECTION 10.** Section 9-23-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 434 amended as follows:

435 9-23-21. The director and members of the professional and 436 administrative staff of the <u>drug</u> intervention court who perform 437 duties in good faith under this chapter are immune from civil 438 liability for:

439 (a) Acts or omissions in providing services under this440 chapter; and

(b) The reasonable exercise of discretion in
determining eligibility to participate in the <u>drug</u> intervention
court.

444 **SECTION 11.** Section 9-23-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 445 amended as follows:

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446 9-23-23. If the participant completes all requirements 447 imposed upon him by the drug intervention court, including the 448 payment of fines and fees assessed and not waived by the court, 449 the charge and prosecution shall be dismissed. If the defendant 450 or participant was sentenced at the time of entry of plea of 451 quilty, the successful completion of the drug intervention court 452 order and other requirements of probation or suspension of 453 sentence will result in the record of the criminal conviction or 454 adjudication being expunded. However, no expunction of any 455 implied consent violation shall be allowed.

456 **SECTION 12.** Section 9-23-51, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 457 amended as follows:

458 9-23-51. There is created in the State Treasury a special 459 interest-bearing fund to be known as the Drug Intervention Court 460 Fund. The purpose of the fund shall be to provide supplemental 461 funding to all drug intervention courts in the state. Monies from 462 the funds derived from assessments under Section 99-19-73 shall be 463 distributed by the State Treasurer upon warrants issued by the 464 Administrative Office of Courts, pursuant to procedures set by the 465 State \* \* \* Intervention Courts Advisory Committee to assist both 466 juvenile drug intervention courts and adult drug intervention 467 courts. Funds from other sources shall be distributed to the drug 468 intervention courts in the state based on a formula set by the State \* \* \* Intervention Courts Advisory Committee. The fund 469 470 shall be a continuing fund, not subject to fiscal-year

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471 limitations, and shall consist of: (a) monies appropriated by the 472 Legislature for the purposes of funding drug <u>intervention</u> courts; 473 (b) the interest accruing to the fund; (c) monies received under 474 the provisions of Section 99-19-73; (d) monies received from the 475 federal government; and (e) monies received from such other 476 sources as may be provided by law.

477 SECTION 13. Section 9-25-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
478 amended as follows:

479 9-25-1. (1) The Legislature recognizes that our military 480 veterans have provided an invaluable service to our country. In 481 doing so, many may have suffered the effects of, including, but 482 not limited to, post-traumatic stress disorder, traumatic brain injury and depression, and may also suffer drug and alcohol 483 484 dependency or addiction and co-occurring mental illness and 485 substance abuse problems. As a result of this, some veterans come 486 into contact with the criminal justice system and are charged with 487 felony offenses. There is a critical need for the justice system to recognize these veterans, provide accountability for their 488 489 wrongdoing, provide for the safety of the public, and provide for 490 the treatment of our veterans. It is the intent of the 491 Legislature to create a framework for which specialized 492 veterans \* \* \* intervention courts may be established at the circuit court level and at the discretion of the circuit court 493 494 judge.

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495 (2) Authorization. A circuit court judge may establish a 496 Veterans \* \* \* Intervention Court program. The Veterans \* \* \* 497 Intervention Court may, at the discretion of the circuit court 498 judge, be a separate court program or as a component of an 499 existing intervention court program. At the discretion of the 500 circuit court judge, the Veterans \* \* \* Intervention Court may be 501 operated in one (1) county within the circuit court district, and 502 allow veteran participants from all counties within the circuit 503 court district to participate.

(3) Eligibility. (a) In order to be eligible to
participate in a Veterans \* \* \* <u>Intervention</u> Court program
established under this section, the attorney representing the
state must consent to the defendant's participation in the
program. Further, the court in which the criminal case is pending
must have found that the defendant is a veteran of the United
States Armed Forces as defined in Title 38 USCS.

511 (b) Participation in the services of an alcohol and drug intervention component shall only be open to the individuals 512 513 over whom the court has jurisdiction, except that the court may 514 agree to provide the services for individuals referred from 515 another Veterans \* \* \* Intervention Court. In cases transferred 516 from another jurisdiction, the receiving judge shall act as a 517 special master and make recommendations to the sentencing judge. 518 (i) As a condition of participation in a (C)

519 Veterans \* \* \* Intervention Court, a participant may be required

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520 to undergo a chemical test or a series of chemical tests as 521 specified by the Veterans \* \* \* <u>Intervention</u> Court program. A 522 participant may be held liable for costs associated with all 523 chemical tests required under this section. However, a judge may 524 waive any fees for testing.

(ii) A laboratory that performs chemical tests under this section shall report the results of the tests to the Veterans \* \* Intervention Courts.

(d) A person does not have the right to participate in
a Veterans \* \* \* <u>Intervention</u> Court program under this chapter.
The court having jurisdiction over a person for a matter before
the court shall have the final determination about whether the
person may participate in the Veterans \* \* <u>Intervention</u> Court
program.

(e) A defendant shall be excluded from participating in a Veterans \* \* <u>Intervention</u> Court program if any one (1) of the following applies:

(i) The crime before the court is a crime of violence as set forth in <u>subparagraph</u> \* \* \* (iii) of this \* \* \* paragraph (e).

540 (ii) The defendant does not demonstrate a
541 willingness to participate in \* \* \* an intervention program.

542 (iii) The defendant has been previously convicted 543 of a felony crime of violence including, but not limited to: 544 murder, rape, sexual battery, statutory rape of a child under the

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545 age of sixteen (16), armed robbery, arson, aggravated kidnapping, 546 aggravated assault, stalking, or any offense involving the 547 discharge of a firearm or where serious bodily injury or death 548 resulted to any person; excluding burglary of an unoccupied 549 dwelling under Section 97-17-23(1).

(f) The court in which the criminal case is pending shall allow an eligible defendant to choose whether to proceed through the Veterans \* \* <u>Intervention</u> Court program or otherwise through the justice system.

(g) Proof of matters under this section may be 554 555 submitted to the court in which the criminal case is pending in 556 any form the court determines to be appropriate, including military service and medical records, previous determinations of a 557 558 disability by a veteran's organization or by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, testimony or affidavits of other 559 veterans or service members, and prior determinations of 560 561 eligibility for benefits by any state or county veterans office.

562 (4) Administrative Office of Courts. With regard to any
563 Veterans \* \* <u>Intervention</u> Court established under this chapter,
564 the Administrative Office of Courts may do the following:

(a) Ensure that the structure of the intervention
component complies with rules adopted under this chapter and
applicable federal regulations.

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568 (b) Revoke the authorization of a program upon a 569 determination that the program does not comply with rules adopted 570 under this chapter and applicable federal regulations.

571 (c) Enter into agreements and contracts to effectuate 572 the purposes of this chapter with:

573 (i) Another department, authority, or agency of 574 the state;

575 (ii) Another state;

576 (iii) The federal government;

577 (iv) A state-supported or private university; or
578 (v) A public or private agency, foundation,
579 corporation, or individual.

580 (d) Directly, or by contract, approve and certify any 581 <u>veterans</u> intervention component established under this chapter.

582 (e) Require, as a condition of operation, that each 583 veterans <u>intervention</u> court created or funded under this chapter 584 be certified by the Administrative Office of Courts.

585

(f) Adopt rules to implement this chapter.

(5) State Intervention Courts Advisory Committee. (a) The
State Intervention Court Advisory Committee shall be responsible
for developing statewide rules and policies as they relate to
Veterans \* \* Intervention Court programs.

590 (b) The State Intervention Court<u>s</u> Advisory Committee 591 may also make recommendations to the Chief Justice, the Director 592 of the Administrative Office of Courts and state officials

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593 concerning improvements to Veterans **\* \* \*** <u>Intervention</u> Court 594 policies and procedures.

(c) The State Intervention Courts Advisory Committee shall act as an arbiter of disputes arising out of the operation of Veterans \* \* <u>Intervention</u> Court programs established under this chapter and make recommendations to improve the Veterans \* \* Intervention Court programs.

600 (6) Funding for Veterans \* \* \* Intervention Courts. (a) 601 All monies received from any source by the Veterans \* \* \* 602 Intervention Court program shall be accumulated in a fund to be 603 used only for Veterans \* \* \* Intervention Court purposes. Any funds remaining in this fund at the end of the fiscal year shall 604 605 not lapse into the General Fund, but shall be retained in the 606 Veterans \* \* \* Intervention Court fund for the funding of further 607 activities by the Veterans \* \* \* Intervention Court program. 608 (b) A Veterans \* \* \* Intervention Court program may 609 apply for and receive the following: 610 (i) Gifts, bequests and donations from private 611 sources.

612 (ii) Grant and contract money from governmental613 sources.

614 (iii) Other forms of financial assistance approved
615 by the court to supplement the budget of the Veterans \* \* \*
616 Intervention Court program.

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(7) Immunity. The coordinator and members of the
professional and administrative staff of the Veterans \* \* \*
<u>Intervention</u> Court program who perform duties in good faith under
this chapter are immune from civil liability for:

(a) Acts or omissions in providing services under thischapter; and

(b) The reasonable exercise of discretion in
determining eligibility to participate in the Veterans \* \* \*
Intervention Court program.

626 (8) This section shall be codified as a separate article in627 Title 9, Mississippi Code of 1972.

628 **SECTION 14.** Section 9-27-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 629 amended as follows:

630 9-27-1. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the
631 "Rivers McGraw Mental Health \* \* \* Intervention Court Act."

632 SECTION 15. Section 9-27-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 633 amended as follows:

9-27-3. (1) The Legislature recognizes the critical need
for judicial intervention to establish court processes and
procedures that are more responsive to the needs of defendants
with mental illnesses, while maintaining public safety and the
integrity of the court process.

639 (2) The goals of the mental health <u>intervention</u> courts under640 this chapter include the following:

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641 (a) Reduce the number of future criminal justice642 contacts among offenders with mental illnesses;

643 (b) Reduce the inappropriate institutionalization of644 people with mental illnesses;

(c) Improve the mental health and well-being of
defendants who come in contact with the criminal justice system;
(d) Improve linkages between the criminal justice
system and the mental health system;

649 (e) Expedite case processing;

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(f) Protect public safety;

(g) Establish linkages with other state and local
agencies and programs that target people with mental illnesses in
order to maximize the delivery of services; and

(h) To use corrections resources more effectively by
redirecting prison-bound offenders whose criminal conduct is
driven in part by mental illnesses to intensive supervision and
clinical treatment available in the mental health <u>intervention</u>
court.

659 **SECTION 16.** Section 9-27-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 660 amended as follows:

661 9-27-5. For the purposes of this chapter, the following 662 words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed unless the 663 context clearly requires otherwise:

(a) "Chemical tests" means the analysis of an665 individual's: (i) blood, (ii) breath, (iii) hair, (iv) sweat, (v)

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666 saliva, (vi) urine, or (vii) other bodily substance to determine 667 the presence of alcohol or a controlled substance.

(b) "Mental health \* \* \* <u>intervention court</u>" means an
immediate and highly structured intervention process for mental
health treatment of eligible defendants or juveniles that:

671 (i) Brings together mental health professionals,672 local social programs and intensive judicial monitoring; and

(ii) Follows the \* \* <u>essential elements</u> of the
mental health <u>intervention</u> court curriculum published by the
Bureau of Justice <u>Assistance</u> of the United States Department of
Justice.

(c) "Evidence-based \* \* \* program" \* \* \* and
"research-based program" have the meanings as those terms are
defined in Section 27-103-159.

(d) "Risk and needs assessment" means the use of an
actuarial assessment tool validated on a Mississippi corrections
population to determine a person's risk to reoffend and the
characteristics that, if addressed, reduce the risk to reoffend.

684 SECTION 17. Section 9-27-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 685 amended as follows:

686 9-27-7. (1) The Administrative Office of Courts is the 687 repository for reports filed by courts established under this 688 chapter. The goal of the mental health <u>intervention</u> courts is to 689 support effective and proven practices that reduce recidivism and 690 provide treatment for participants.

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691 (2) Mental health <u>intervention</u> courts must adhere to the692 standards established in this chapter.

693 (a) These standards shall include, but are not limited694 to:

(i) The use of evidence-based practices including, but not limited to, the use of a valid and reliable risk and needs assessment tool to identify participants and deliver appropriate treatments;

699 (ii) Targeting medium- to high-risk offenders for700 participation;

701 (iii) The use of current, evidence-based
702 interventions proven to provide mental health treatment;
703 (iv) Coordinated strategy between all mental

704 health intervention court personnel;

705 (v) Ongoing judicial interaction with each 706 participant; and

707 (vi) Monitoring and evaluation of mental health 708 <u>intervention</u> court implementation and outcomes through data 709 collection and reporting.

(b) Mental health <u>intervention</u> courts must implement a data collection plan, which shall include collecting the following data:

713 (i) Total number of participants;714 (ii) Total number of successful participants;

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715 (iii) Total number of unsuccessful participants 716 and the reason why each participant did not complete the program; 717 (iv) Total number of participants who were 718 arrested for a new criminal offense while in the mental health 719 intervention court; 720 (v) Total number of participants who were 721 convicted of a new felony or misdemeanor offense while in the 722 mental health intervention court; 723 (vi) Total number of participants who committed at 724 least one (1) violation while in the mental health intervention 725 court and the resulting sanction(s); 726 (vii) Results of the initial risk and needs 727 assessment or other clinical assessment conducted on each 728 participant; and 729 (viii) Any other data or information as required 730 by the Administrative Office of Courts. 731 (3) All mental health intervention courts must measure 732 successful completion of the program based on those participants 733 who complete the program without a new criminal conviction. 734 (a) Mental health intervention courts must collect and (4) 735 submit to the Administrative Office of Courts each month, the 736 following data: 737 (i) Total number of participants at the beginning 738 of the month;

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739 (ii) Total number of participants at the end of 740 the month; 741 Total number of participants who began the (iii) 742 program in the month; 743 (iv) Total number of participants who successfully 744 completed the program in the month; 745 (v) Total number of participants who left the 746 program in the month; 747 (vi) Total number of participants who were 748 arrested for a new criminal offense while in the program in the 749 month; 750 (vii) Total number of participants who were 751 convicted for a new criminal arrest while in the program in the 752 month; \* \* \* 753 (viii) Total number of participants who committed 754 at least one (1) violation while in the program and any resulting 755 sanction(s) \* \* \* ; and 756 (ix) Total amount of state, federal, county or 757 municipal monies received and spent. 758 By August 1, 2018, and each year thereafter, the (b) 759 Administrative Office of Courts shall report to the PEER Committee 760 the information in subsection (4) (a) of this section in a 761 sortable, electronic format. 762 Mental health intervention courts may individually (5) establish rules and may make special orders and rules as necessary 763

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764 that do not conflict with rules promulgated by the Supreme Court 765 or the Administrative Office of Courts.

(6) A mental health <u>intervention</u> court may appoint the fullor part-time employees it deems necessary for the work of the mental health <u>intervention</u> court and shall fix the compensation of those employees, who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the senior circuit court judge.

(7) A mental health <u>intervention</u> court established under this chapter is subject to the regulatory powers of the Administrative Office of Courts as set forth in Section \* \* \* 9-23-17.

775 SECTION 18. Section 9-27-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 776 amended as follows:

9-27-9. (1) A mental health <u>intervention</u> court's mental health intervention component shall provide for eligible individuals, either directly or through referrals, a range of necessary court treatment services, including, but not limited to, the following:

(a) Screening using a valid and reliable assessment
tool effective for identifying persons affected by mental health
issues for eligibility and appropriate services;

- 785 (b) Clinical assessment;
- 786 (c) Education;
- 787 (d) Referral;
- 788 (e) Service coordination and case management; and

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789

(f) Counseling and rehabilitative care.

790 (2) Any inpatient treatment ordered by the court shall be
791 certified by the Department of Mental Health, other appropriate
792 state agency or the equivalent agency of another state.

793 SECTION 19. Section 9-27-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
794 amended as follows:

9-27-11. (1) In order to be eligible for alternative sentencing through a local mental health <u>intervention</u> court, the participant must satisfy each of the following criteria:

(a) The participant cannot have any felony convictions
for any offenses that are crimes of violence as defined in Section
97-3-2, \* \* \* except burglary of an unoccupied dwelling under
Section 97-17-23(1), within the previous ten (10) years.

(b) The crime before the court cannot be a crime of
violence as defined in Section 97-3-2, \* \* \* except burglary of an
unoccupied dwelling under Section 97-17-23(1).

805 (c) Other criminal proceedings alleging commission of a 806 crime of violence \* \* \*, except burglary <u>of an unoccupied dwelling</u> 807 under Section 97-17-23(1) cannot be pending against the 808 participant.

(d) The crime before the court cannot be a charge of driving under the influence of alcohol or any other substance that resulted in the death of a person. \* \* \*

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(e) The crime charged cannot be one of trafficking in
controlled substances under Section 41-29-139(f), nor can the
participant have a prior conviction for same.

815 (2) Participation in the services of a mental health \* \* \*
816 <u>intervention</u> component shall be open only to the individuals over
817 whom the court has jurisdiction, except that the court may agree
818 to provide the services for individuals referred from another
819 mental health <u>intervention</u> court. In cases transferred from
820 another jurisdiction, the receiving judge shall act as a special
821 master and make recommendations to the sentencing judge.

822 (3) (a) As a condition of participation in a mental health 823 intervention court, a participant may be required to undergo a 824 chemical test or a series of chemical tests as specified by the 825 program. A participant is liable for the costs of all chemical 826 tests required under this section, regardless of whether the costs 827 are paid to the mental health intervention court or the 828 laboratory; however, if testing is available from other sources or the program itself, the judge may waive any fees for testing. 829 830 Fees may be waived if the applicant is determined to be indigent.

(b) A laboratory that performs a chemical test under
this section shall report the results of the test to the mental
health intervention court.

(4) A person does not have a right to participate in a
mental health <u>intervention</u> court under this chapter. The court
having jurisdiction over a person for a matter before the court

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837 shall have the final determination about whether the person may 838 participate in the mental health intervention court under this 839 chapter. However, any person meeting the eligibility criteria in 840 subsection (1) of this section, shall, upon request, be screened 841 for admission into the court's program.

842 SECTION 20. Section 9-27-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 843 amended as follows:

844 9-27-15. (1) All monies received from any source by a 845 mental health intervention court shall be accumulated in a local 846 fund to be used only for mental health intervention court 847 purposes. Any funds remaining in a local fund at the end of a 848 fiscal year shall not lapse into any general fund, but shall be 849 retained in the mental health intervention court fund for the 850 funding of further activities by the mental health intervention 851 court.

852 (2)A mental health intervention court may apply for and 853 receive the following:

854 (a) Gifts, bequests and donations from private sources. 855 Grant and contract monies from governmental (b) 856 sources.

857 (C) Other forms of financial assistance approved by the 858 court to supplement the budget of the mental health \* \* \* 859 intervention court.

The costs of participation in a mental health treatment 860 (3) 861 program required by the mental health intervention court may be

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862 paid by the participant or out of user fees or such other state, 863 federal or private funds that may, from time to time, be made 864 available.

(4) The court may assess reasonable and appropriate fees to be paid to the local mental health <u>intervention</u> court fund for participation in a mental health treatment program; however, all fees may be waived by the court if the applicant is determined to be indigent.

870 **SECTION 21.** Section 9-27-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 871 amended as follows:

872 9-27-17. The director and members of the professional and 873 administrative staff of the mental health <u>intervention</u> court who 874 perform duties in good faith under this chapter are immune from 875 civil liability for:

876 (a) Acts or omissions in providing services under this877 chapter; and

(b) The reasonable exercise of discretion in
determining eligibility to participate in the mental health
intervention court.

881 SECTION 22. Section 9-27-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 882 amended as follows:

9-27-19. If the participant completes all requirements imposed upon him by the mental health <u>intervention</u> court, the charge and prosecution shall be dismissed. If the defendant or participant was sentenced at the time of entry of a plea of

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887 guilty, the successful completion of the mental health

888 intervention court order and other requirements of probation or

889 suspension of sentence will result in the record of the criminal

890 conviction or adjudication being expunged.

891 SECTION 23. This act shall take effect and be in force from 892 and after July 1, 2021.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 9-23-1 AND 9-23-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE 2 OF 1972, TO STANDARDIZE REFERENCES TO DRUG INTERVENTION COURTS; TO 3 AMEND SECTION 9-23-5, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE 4 DEFINITIONS RELATING TO VARIOUS TYPES OF INTERVENTION COURTS; TO 5 BRING FORWARD SECTION 9-23-9, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, FOR 6 PURPOSES OF AMENDMENT; TO AMEND SECTION 9-23-11, MISSISSIPPI CODE 7 OF 1972, TO REQUIRE THE COLLECTION OF DATA BY THE ADMINISTRATIVE 8 OFFICE OF COURTS ON PARTICIPANTS IN INTERVENTION PROGRAMS; TO 9 AMEND SECTIONS 9-23-13 AND 9-23-15, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 10 STANDARDIZE REFERENCES TO DRUG INTERVENTION COURTS; TO AMEND 11 SECTION 9-23-17, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE EVALUATION 12 STANDARDS; TO AMEND SECTIONS 9-23-19, 9-23-21, 9-23-23, 9-23-51, 9-25-1, 9-27-1, 9-27-3, 9-27-5, 9-27-7, 9-27-9 AND 9-27-11, 13 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO STANDARDIZE REFERENCES TO VARIOUS 14 15 TYPES OF INTERVENTION COURTS; TO AMEND SECTIONS 9-27-15, 9-27-17 16 AND 9-27-19, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO STANDARDIZE REFERENCES 17 TO MENTAL HEALTH INTERVENTION COURTS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.