Adopted COMMITTEE AMENDMENT NO 1 PROPOSED TO

Senate Bill No. 2261

BY: Committee

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

20 **SECTION 1.** Section 19-5-105, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

19-5-105. (1) To determine whether property or a parcel of land located within a county is in such a state of uncleanliness as to be a menace to the public health, safety and welfare of the community, the board of supervisors of any county is authorized and empowered to conduct a hearing on its own motion, or upon the receipt of a petition requesting the board of supervisors to act signed by a majority of the residents eighteen (18) years of age or older, residing upon any street or alley, within reasonable



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- 30 proximity of any property alleged to be in need of cleaning, or
- 31 within seven hundred fifty (750) feet of the precise location of
- 32 the alleged menace situated on any parcel of land which is located
- 33 in a populated area or in a housing subdivision and alleged to be
- 34 in need of cleaning.
- 35 Notice shall be provided to the property owner by:
- 36 (a) United States mail two (2) weeks before the date of
- 37 the hearing mailed to the address of the subject property and to
- 38 the address where the ad valorem tax notice for such property is
- 39 sent by the office charged with collecting ad valorem tax; and
- 40 (b) Posting notice for at least two (2) weeks before
- 41 the date of a hearing on the property or parcel of land alleged to
- 42 be in need of cleaning and at the county courthouse or another
- 43 place in the county where such notices are posted.
- The notice required by this subsection (1) shall include
- 45 language that informs the property owner that an adjudication at
- 46 the hearing that the property or parcel of land is in need of
- 47 cleaning will authorize the board of supervisors to reenter the
- 48 property or parcel of land for a period of one (1) year after the
- 49 hearing without any further hearing, if notice is posted on the
- 50 property or parcel of land and at the county courthouse or another
- 51 place in the county where such notices are generally posted at
- 52 least seven (7) days before the property or parcel of land is
- 53 reentered for cleaning. A copy of the required notice mailed and
- 54 posted as required by this subsection (1) shall be recorded in the



55 minutes of the board of supervisors in conjunction with the 56 hearing required by this <u>subsection</u>.

57 If at such hearing the board of supervisors shall in its resolution adjudicate such parcel of land in its then condition to 58 59 be a menace to the public health and safety of the community, the 60 board of supervisors may, if the owner not do so himself, proceed to have the land cleaned by cutting weeds, filling cisterns, and 61 62 removing rubbish, dilapidated fences, outside toilets, dilapidated buildings and other debris, and draining cesspools and standing 63 Thereafter, the board of supervisors may at its next 64 water. 65 regular meeting by resolution adjudicate the actual cost of 66 cleaning the land and may also impose a penalty not to exceed One 67 Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) or fifty percent (50%) of the actual cost, whichever is more. The cost and any penalty 68 69 shall become an assessment against the property. The "cost 70 assessed against the property" means either the cost to the county 71 of using its own employees to do the work or the cost to the 72 county of any contract executed by the county to have the work 73 done, and administrative costs and legal costs of the county. 74

A county may reenter the property or parcel of land to maintain cleanliness without further notice of hearing no more than six (6) times in any twelve-month period with respect to removing dilapidated buildings, dilapidated fences and outside toilets, and no more than twelve (12) times in any twenty-four-month period with respect to cutting grass and weeds



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- and removing rubbish, personal property and other debris on the land. The expense of cleaning the property shall not exceed an aggregate amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per year, or the fair market value of the property subsequent to cleaning, whichever is less. The board of supervisors may assess the same
- whichever is less. The board of supervisors may assess the same penalty each time the property or land is cleaned as otherwise provided in this subsection (1).
- The penalty provided * * * in this subsection (1) shall not
 be assessed against the State of Mississippi upon request for
 reimbursement under Section 29-1-145, nor shall a county clean a
 parcel owned by the State of Mississippi without first giving
 notice.
- The assessment authorized by this <u>sub</u>section (1) shall be a lien against the property and may be enrolled in the office of the circuit clerk of the county as other judgments are enrolled, and the tax collector of the county shall, upon order of the board of supervisors, proceed to sell the land to satisfy the lien as now provided by law for the sale of lands for delinquent taxes.
- 98 Furthermore, the property owner whose land has been sold pursuant 99 to this <u>sub</u>section (1) shall have the same right of redemption as 100 now provided by law for the sale of lands for delinquent taxes. 101 All decisions rendered under the provisions of this <u>sub</u>section may
- 102 be appealed in the same manner as other appeals from county
- 103 boards.



104	(2) (a) If private property or a parcel of land located
105	within a county is a perpetual care cemetery subject to Section
106	41-43-1 et seq., the board of supervisors of the county may
107	proceed pursuant to the same provisions of subsection (1) of this
108	section used to determine whether a property is a public health
109	menace to instead determine if the perpetual care cemetery and all
110	structures on the cemetery are not being properly maintained and
111	have become detrimental to the public health and welfare. A
112	perpetual care cemetery that is "not being properly maintained and
113	has become detrimental to the public health and welfare" means a
114	perpetual care cemetery that shows signs of neglect, including,
115	without limitation, the unchecked growth of vegetation, repeated
116	and unchecked acts of vandalism, unusable entrances and exits,
117	excess rubbish or debris, or the disintegration of grave markers
118	or boundaries. Upon notice and opportunity to be heard as
119	provided in subsection (1) of this section, the board of
120	supervisors of the county may adjudicate the property or parcel of
121	land in its then condition to be not properly maintained and
122	detrimental to the public health and welfare, and if the owner
123	does not do so itself, may proceed to clean the property or parcel
124	of land as provided in subsection (1) of this section. When
125	cleaning the property or parcel of land of a perpetual care
126	cemetery pursuant to this subsection (2), the penalty or penalties
127	provided in subsection (1) of this section shall not be assessed
128	against owners of the perpetual care cemeteries.



130	property or parcel of land of a perpetual care cemetery pursuant
131	to this subsection (2) may make application to the Secretary of
132	State for an order directing the trustee of the perpetual care
133	cemetery trust fund to release accrued interest or principal of
134	the trust fund sufficient to reimburse the county for only the
135	actual cleanup costs incurred by the county. The application to
136	the Secretary of State shall include a statement by the county
137	that all of the requirements of this section have been met.
138	(c) If the Secretary of State is satisfied that the
139	notice and hearing requirements of this section have been met, and
140	that the application for an order directing the trustee to release
141	accrued interest of the perpetual care cemetery trust fund does
142	not threaten the ability of the trust fund to provide for the care
143	and maintenance of the cemetery, the Secretary of State may order
144	the trustee to release accrued interest of the trust fund
145	sufficient to reimburse the county for the actual costs of cleanup
146	performed by the county.
147	(d) If the Secretary of State is satisfied that the
148	notice and hearing requirements of this section have been met, but
149	makes a determination that the accrued interest of the perpetual
150	care cemetery trust fund is insufficient to reimburse the county
151	for the actual costs of cleanup performed by the county, or that
152	an order to release accrued interest would threaten the ability of
153	the trust fund to provide for the care and maintenance of the

The board of supervisors of a county that cleans

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(b)

- 154 cemetery, the Secretary of State may consider an order directing 155 the trustee to reimburse the county from the principal of the 156 trust fund. If the Secretary of State determines that an order to 157 the trustee to release principal from the trust fund will not 158 threaten the solvency of the trust fund, the Secretary of State 159 may order the trustee to release principal of the trust fund in an 160 amount sufficient to reimburse the county for the actual costs of 161 cleanup performed by the county. 162 SECTION 2. Section 21-19-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 163 amended as follows:
- 164 21-19-11. (1) To determine whether property or parcel of 165 land located within a municipality is in such a state of 166 uncleanliness as to be a menace to the public health, safety and 167 welfare of the community, a governing authority of any 168 municipality shall conduct a hearing, on its own motion, or upon 169 the receipt of a petition signed by a majority of the residents 170 residing within four hundred (400) feet of any property or parcel of land alleged to be in need of the cleaning. Notice shall be 171 172 provided to the property owner by:
- 173 (a) United States mail two (2) weeks before the date of
 174 the hearing mailed to the address of the subject property, except
 175 where the land or structure(s) is apparently vacant, and to the
 176 address where the ad valorem tax notice for such property is sent
 177 by the office charged with collecting ad valorem tax; and



178 (b) Posting notice for at least two (2) weeks before
179 the date of a hearing on the property or parcel of land alleged to
180 be in need of cleaning and at city hall or another place in the
181 municipality where such notices are posted.

Any notice required by this section shall include language that informs the property owner that an adjudication at the hearing that the property or parcel of land is in need of cleaning will authorize the municipality to reenter the property or parcel of land for a period of two (2) years after final adjudication without any further hearing if notice is posted on the property or parcel of land and at city hall or another place in the municipality where such notices are generally posted at least seven (7) days before the property or parcel of land is reentered for cleaning. A copy of the required notice mailed and posted as required by this section shall be recorded in the minutes of the governing authority in conjunction with the hearing required by this section.

If, at such hearing, the governing authority shall adjudicate the property or parcel of land in its then condition to be a menace to the public health, safety and welfare of the community, the governing authority, if the owner does not do so himself, shall proceed to clean the land, by the use of municipal employees or by contract, by cutting grass and weeds; filling cisterns; removing rubbish, abandoned or dilapidated fences, outside toilets, abandoned or dilapidated buildings, slabs, personal



203	property, which removal of personal property shall not be subject
204	to the provisions of Section 21-39-21, and other debris; and
205	draining cesspools and standing water therefrom. The governing
206	authority may by resolution adjudicate the actual cost of cleaning
207	the property and may also impose a penalty not to exceed One
208	Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) or fifty percent (50%)
209	of the actual cost, whichever is more. The cost and any penalty
210	may become a civil debt against the property owner, and/or, at the
211	option of the governing authority, an assessment against the
212	property. The "cost assessed against the property" means either
213	the cost to the municipality of using its own employees to do the
214	work or the cost to the municipality of any contract executed by
215	the municipality to have the work done, and administrative costs
216	and legal costs of the municipality. For subsequent cleaning
217	within the one-year period after the date of the hearing at which
218	the property or parcel of land was adjudicated in need of
219	cleaning, upon seven (7) days' notice posted both on the property
220	or parcel of land adjudicated in need of cleaning and at city hall
221	or another place in the municipality where such notices are
222	generally posted, and consistent with the municipality's
223	adjudication as authorized in this subsection (1), a municipality
224	may reenter the property or parcel of land to maintain cleanliness
225	without further notice or hearing no more than six (6) times in
226	any twelve-month period with respect to removing abandoned or
227	dilapidated buildings, slabs, dilapidated fences and outside

- 228 toilets, and no more than twelve (12) times in any 229 twenty-four-month period with respect to cutting grass and weeds 230 and removing rubbish, personal property and other debris on the 231 land, and the expense of cleaning of the property, except as 232 otherwise provided in this section for removal of hazardous 233 substances, shall not exceed an aggregate amount of Twenty 234 Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per year, or the fair market value 235 of the property subsequent to cleaning, whichever is more. 236 aggregate cost of removing hazardous substances will be the actual 237 cost of such removal to the municipality and shall not be subject to the Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) limitation provided in 238 239 this subsection. The governing authority may assess the same penalty for each time the property or land is cleaned as otherwise 240 241 provided in this section. The penalty provided herein shall not 242 be assessed against the State of Mississippi upon request for 243 reimbursement under Section 29-1-145, nor shall a municipality 244 clean a parcel owned by the State of Mississippi without first giving notice. Upon written authority from the Secretary of 245 246 State's office, for state-owned properties, a municipality may 247 forgo the notification process that is prescribed in this 248 subsection and proceed to clean the properties and assess costs as 249 prescribed in this subsection, except that penalties shall not be 250 assessed against the State of Mississippi.
- 251 (2) When the fee or cost to clean property or a parcel of 252 land that is one (1) acre or less does not exceed Two Hundred



253	Fifty Dollars (\$250.00), excluding administrative costs, and the
254	property or parcel is located within a municipality having a
255	population over one thousand five hundred (1,500), the governing
256	authority of the municipality may authorize one or more of its
257	employees to determine whether the property or parcel of land is
258	in such a state of uncleanliness as to be a menace to the public
259	health, safety and welfare of the community and the determination
260	made by the authorized municipal employee shall be set forth and
261	recorded in the minutes of the governing authority. Notice of
262	this determination shall be provided to the property owner by:

- (a) United States mail seven (7) days before the date of cleaning of the property or parcel of land mailed to the address of the subject property, except where the land or structure(s) is apparently vacant, and to the address where the ad valorem tax notice for such property is sent by the office charged with collecting ad valorem tax; and
- (b) Posting notice for at least seven (7) days before the cleaning of the property or parcel of land and at city hall or another place in the municipality where such notices are posted.

Any notice required by this subsection shall include language that informs the property owner that the appropriate municipal official has determined that the property or parcel of land is a menace to the public health, safety and welfare of the community and in need of cleaning and the municipality is authorized to enter the property for cleaning and that the municipality is



further authorized to reenter the property or parcel of land for a period of two (2) years after this cleaning without any further hearing or action if notice is posted on the property or parcel of land and at city hall or another place in the municipality where such notices are generally posted at least seven (7) days before the property or parcel of land is reentered for cleaning. A copy of the required notice mailed and posted as required by this subsection shall be recorded in the minutes of the governing authority in conjunction with the determination made by the municipal employee in this subsection (2).

If an authorized municipal employee determines that the condition of property or parcel of land is a menace to the public health, safety and welfare of the community, the governing authority, if the owner does not do so himself, shall proceed to clean the land, by the use of municipal employees or by contract, by cutting grass and weeds; filling cisterns; removing rubbish, abandoned or dilapidated fences, outside toilets, abandoned or dilapidated buildings, slabs, personal property, which removal of personal property shall not be subject to the provisions of Section 21-39-21, and other debris; and draining cesspools and standing water therefrom. The governing authority shall by resolution adjudicate the actual cost of cleaning the property under this provision, provided the same does not exceed Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) and may also impose a penalty not to exceed One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) or one hundred percent



303 (100%) of the actual cost of cleaning the property, whichever is 304 The cost and any penalty imposed may become a civil debt 305 against the property owner, and/or, at the option of the governing 306 authority, an assessment against the property. The "cost assessed 307 against the property" means either the cost to the municipality of 308 using its own employees to do the work or the cost to the 309 municipality of any contract executed by the municipality to have 310 the work done, and additionally may include administrative costs 311 of the municipality not to exceed Fifty Dollars (\$50.00). subsequent cleaning within the one-year period set forth in this 312 313 subsection (2), upon seven (7) days' notice posted both on the 314 property or parcel of land adjudicated in need of cleaning and at 315 city hall or another place in the municipality where such notices 316 are generally posted, and consistent with the municipal official's 317 determination as authorized in this subsection (2), a municipality 318 may reenter the property or parcel of land to maintain cleanliness 319 without further notice or hearing under this subsection (2) no more than six (6) times in any twelve-month period with respect to 320 321 removing abandoned or dilapidated buildings, slabs, dilapidated 322 fences and outside toilets, and no more than twelve (12) times in 323 any twenty-four-month period with respect to cutting grass and 324 weeds and removing rubbish, personal property and other debris on 325 the land, and the expense of cleaning of the property shall not exceed an aggregate amount of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) per 326 327 year under this subsection (2). The governing authority may



328 assess the same actual costs, administrative costs and penalty for 329 each time the property or land is cleaned as otherwise provided in 330 this subsection (2). The penalty provided herein shall not be 331 assessed against the State of Mississippi upon request for 332 reimbursement under Section 29-1-145, nor shall a municipality 333 clean a parcel owned by the State of Mississippi without first 334 giving notice. Upon written authority from the Secretary of 335 State's office, for state-owned properties, a municipality may 336 forgo the notification process that is prescribed in this 337 subsection and proceed to clean the properties and assess costs as prescribed in this subsection, except that penalties shall not be 338 339 assessed against the State of Mississippi. A determination made 340 by an appropriate municipal employee under this subsection (2) 341 that the state or condition of property or a parcel of land is a menace to the public health, safety and welfare of the community 342 343 shall not subsequently be used to replace a hearing if subsection 344 (1) of this section is later utilized by a municipality when the prerequisites of this subsection (2) are not satisfied. 345

(3) If the governing authority declares, by resolution, that the cost and any penalty shall be collected as a civil debt, the governing authority may authorize the institution of a suit on open account against the owner of the property in a court of competent jurisdiction in the manner provided by law for the cost and any penalty, plus court costs, reasonable attorney's fees and interest from the date that the property was cleaned.



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353	(4) (a) If the governing authority declares that the cost
354	and any penalty shall be collected as an assessment against the
355	property, then the assessment above provided for shall be a lien
356	against the property and may be enrolled in the office of the
357	chancery clerk of the county as other liens and encumbrances are
358	enrolled, and the tax collector of the municipality shall, upon
359	order of the board of governing authorities, proceed to sell the
360	land to satisfy the lien as now provided by law for the sale of
361	lands for delinquent municipal taxes. The lien against the
362	property shall be an encumbrance upon the property and shall
363	follow title of the property.

- (b) (i) All assessments levied under the provisions of this section shall be included with municipal ad valorem taxes and payment shall be enforced in the same manner in which payment is enforced for municipal ad valorem taxes, and all statutes regulating the collection of other taxes in a municipality shall apply to the enforcement and collection of the assessments levied under the provisions of this section, including utilization of the procedures authorized under Sections 17-13-9(2) and 27-41-2.
- (ii) All assessments levied under the provisions of this section shall become delinquent at the same time municipal ad valorem taxes become delinquent. Delinquencies shall be collected in the same manner and at the same time delinquent ad valorem taxes are collected and shall bear the same penalties as those provided for delinquent taxes. If the property is sold for



- the nonpayment of an assessment under this section, it shall be sold in the manner that property is sold for the nonpayment of delinquent ad valorem taxes. If the property is sold for delinquent ad valorem taxes, the assessment under this section shall be added to the delinquent tax and collected at the same time and in the same manner.
- 384 (5) All decisions rendered under the provisions of this 385 section may be appealed in the same manner as other appeals from 386 municipal boards or courts are taken. However, an appeal from a 387 decision of a municipal officer or official shall be made to the 388 governing authority and such appeal shall be in writing, state the 389 basis for the appeal and be filed with the city clerk no later 390 than seven (7) days from the latest date of notice required under 391 this section.
- 392 (6) Nothing contained under this section shall prevent any 393 municipality from enacting criminal penalties for failure to 394 maintain property so as not to constitute a menace to public 395 health, safety and welfare.
 - within a municipality is a perpetual care cemetery subject to

 Section 41-43-1 et seq., the governing authority of the

 municipality may proceed pursuant to the same provisions of this

 section used to determine whether a property is a public health

 menace to instead determine if the perpetual care cemetery and all

 structures on the cemetery are not being properly maintained and



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403	have become detrimental to the public health and welfare. A
404	perpetual care cemetery that is "not being properly maintained and
405	has become detrimental to the public health and welfare" means a
406	perpetual care cemetery that shows signs of neglect, including,
407	without limitation, the unchecked growth of vegetation, repeated
408	and unchecked acts of vandalism, unusable entrances and exits,
409	excess rubbish or debris, or the disintegration of grave markers
410	or boundaries. Upon notice and opportunity to be heard as
411	provided in subsection (1) of this section, the governing
412	authority of the municipality may adjudicate the property or
413	parcel of land in its then condition to be not properly maintained
414	and detrimental to the public health and welfare, and if the owner
415	does not do so itself, may proceed to clean the property or parcel
416	of land as provided in subsection (1) of this section. When
417	cleaning the property or parcel of land of a perpetual care
418	cemetery pursuant to this subsection (7), the penalty or penalties
419	provided in subsection (1) of this section shall not be assessed
420	against owners of the perpetual care cemeteries.
421	(b) The governing authority of a municipality that
422	cleans the property or parcel of land of a perpetual care cemetery
423	pursuant to this subsection (7) may make application to the
424	Secretary of State for an order directing the trustee of the
425	perpetual care cemetery trust fund to release accrued interest or
426	principal of the trust fund sufficient to reimburse the
427	municipality for only the actual cleanup costs incurred by the



428	municipality.	The applicat	ion to the S	Secretary o	f State shall
429	include a state	ment by the	municipality	that all	of the
430	requirements of	this sectio	n have been	met.	

notice and hearing requirements of this section have been met, and that the application for an order directing the trustee to release accrued interest of the perpetual care cemetery trust fund does not threaten the ability of the trust fund to provide for the care and maintenance of the cemetery, the Secretary of State may order the trustee to release accrued interest of the trust fund sufficient to reimburse the municipality for the actual costs of cleanup performed by the municipality.

notice and hearing requirements of this section have been met, but makes a determination that the accrued interest of the perpetual care cemetery trust fund is insufficient to reimburse the municipality for the actual costs of cleanup performed by the municipality, or that an order to release accrued interest would threaten the ability of the trust fund to provide for the care and maintenance of the cemetery, the Secretary of State may consider an order directing the trustee to reimburse the municipality from the principal of the trust fund. If the Secretary of State determines that an order to the trustee to release principal from the trust fund will not threaten the solvency of the trust fund, the Secretary of State may order the trustee to release principal



- 453 of the trust fund in an amount sufficient to reimburse the
- 454 municipality for the actual costs of cleanup performed by the
- 455 municipality.
- **SECTION 3.** Section 41-43-57, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 457 amended as follows:
- 458 41-43-57. (1) In exceptional circumstances only, a perpetual
- 459 care owner can make an application to the Secretary of State for
- 460 an order directing the trustee to release trust principal for the
- 461 extended care, maintenance or improvements to the perpetual care
- 462 cemetery for which interest funds are insufficient. Before
- 463 issuing such an order, the Secretary of State shall satisfy
- 464 himself that the request is for a major capital expenditure that
- 465 will advance the perpetual care life of the cemetery without undue
- 466 risk to the solvency of the perpetual care trust fund. Consistent
- 467 with this section, this shall be the only instance in which a
- 468 perpetual care trust corpus may be utilized for cemetery
- 469 maintenance and improvements. In the consideration of the
- 470 application, the Secretary of State may require the production of
- 471 any records deemed necessary and relevant to the cemetery's
- 472 application for a major capital expenditure.
- 473 (2) In addition the authority provided under subsection (1)
- 474 of this section, subject to the provisions of Section 19-5-105(2)
- 475 or 21-19-11(7), the board of supervisors of a county or the
- 476 governing authority of a municipality also may make application to
- 477 the Secretary of State for an order directing the trustee to



478	release	either	accru	ed inte	rest	or	principal	. of	the	trust	fund	for
479	reimburs	sement ·	to the	county	or	muni	cipality	for	the	actual	. cost	CS_

of cleanup performed by the county or municipality.

SECTION 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2021.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 19-5-105 AND 21-19-11, MISSISSIPPI 2 CODE OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES TO CLEAN 3 PROPERTY OR PARCELS OF LAND OF PERPETUAL CARE CEMETERIES THAT ARE NOT BEING PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND HAVE BECOME DETRIMENTAL TO THE 5 PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE; TO PRESCRIBE NOTICE AND HEARING REQUIREMENTS AND AN ADJUDICATION BY THE COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY BEFORE IT MAY CLEAN THE PROPERTY; TO AUTHORIZE THE COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY TO MAKE APPLICATION TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR AN 9 ORDER DIRECTING THE TRUSTEE OF THE PERPETUAL CARE CEMETERY TRUST 10 FUND TO RELEASE ACCRUED INTEREST OR PRINCIPAL OF THE TRUST FUND 11 SUFFICIENT TO REIMBURSE THE COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY FOR ONLY THE 12 ACTUAL CLEANUP COSTS INCURRED; TO AUTHORIZE THE SECRETARY OF STATE 13 TO ORDER THE TRUSTEE TO RELEASE ACCRUED INTEREST OR PRINCIPAL OF 14 THE TRUST FUND IN AN AMOUNT SUFFICIENT TO REIMBURSE THE COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY FOR THE ACTUAL COSTS OF CLEANUP PERFORMED IF THE 15 16 SECRETARY OF STATE MAKES CERTAIN DETERMINATIONS; TO AMEND SECTION 17 41-43-57, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM TO THE PRECEDING 18 PROVISIONS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

