Adopted AMENDMENT NO 2 PROPOSED TO

Cmte Sub for House Bill No. 536

BY: Representative Bell (21st)

- 1 **AMEND** by striking Section 7 through Section 12 in their
- 2 entirety and renumbering the succeeding sections.
- 3 " SECTION 7. Section 37-15-38, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 4 brought forward as follows:
- 5 37-15-38. (1) The following phrases have the meanings
- 6 ascribed in this section unless the context clearly requires
- 7 otherwise:
- 8 (a) A dual enrolled student is a student who is
- 9 enrolled in a community or junior college or state institution of
- 10 higher learning while enrolled in high school.
- 11 (b) A dual credit student is a student who is enrolled
- 12 in a community or junior college or state institution of higher



- learning while enrolled in high school and who is receiving high school and college credit for postsecondary coursework.
- 15 (2) A local school board, the Board of Trustees of State
 16 Institutions of Higher Learning and the Mississippi Community
 17 College Board shall establish a dual enrollment system under which
 18 students in the school district who meet the prescribed criteria
 19 of this section may be enrolled in a postsecondary institution in

Mississippi while they are still in school.

- 21 (3) **Dual credit eligibility.** Before credits earned by a 22 qualified high school student from a community or junior college 23 or state institution of higher learning may be transferred to the 24 student's home school district, the student must be properly 25 enrolled in a dual enrollment program.
- 26 Admission criteria for dual enrollment in community and 27 junior college or university programs. The Mississippi Community 28 College Board and the Board of Trustees of State Institutions of 29 Higher Learning may recommend to the State Board of Education admission criteria for dual enrollment programs under which high 30 31 school students may enroll at a community or junior college or 32 university while they are still attending high school and enrolled 33 in high school courses. Students may be admitted to enroll in 34 community or junior college courses under the dual enrollment 35 programs if they meet that individual institution's stated dual enrollment admission requirements. 36



- 37 Tuition and cost responsibility. Tuition and costs for 38 university-level courses and community and junior college courses offered under a dual enrollment program may be paid for by the 39 postsecondary institution, the local school district, the parents 40 41 or legal guardians of the student, or by grants, foundations or 42 other private or public sources. Payment for tuition and any 43 other costs must be made directly to the credit-granting 44 institution.
- 45 (6) **Transportation responsibility**. Any transportation
 46 required by a student to participate in the dual enrollment
 47 program is the responsibility of the parent, custodian or legal
 48 guardian of the student. Transportation costs may be paid from
 49 any available public or private sources, including the local
 50 school district.
 - (7) School district average daily attendance credit. When dually enrolled, the student may be counted, for adequate education program funding purposes, in the average daily attendance of the public school district in which the student attends high school.
- 156 (8) High school student transcript transfer requirements.

 157 Grades and college credits earned by a student admitted to a dual credit program must be recorded on the high school student record and on the college transcript at the university or community or junior college where the student attends classes. The transcript of the university or community or junior college coursework may be



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- released to another institution or applied toward college graduation requirements.
- (9) Determining factor of prerequisites for dual enrollment courses. Each university and community or junior college participating in a dual enrollment program shall determine course prerequisites. Course prerequisites shall be the same for dual enrolled students as for regularly enrolled students at that university or community or junior college.
 - between high school, university, and community and junior college courses. All dual credit courses must meet the standards established at the postsecondary level. Postsecondary level developmental courses may not be considered as meeting the requirements of the dual credit program. Dual credit memorandum of understandings must be established between each postsecondary institution and the school district implementing a dual credit program.
- 79 (11) [Deleted]

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80 (12) Eligible courses for dual credit programs. Courses
81 eligible for dual credit include, but are not necessarily limited
82 to, foreign languages, advanced math courses, advanced science
83 courses, performing arts, advanced business and technology, and
84 career and technical courses. Distance Learning Collaborative
85 Program courses approved under Section 37-67-1 shall be fully
86 eligible for dual credit. All courses being considered for dual



- 87 credit must receive unconditional approval from the superintendent
- 88 of the local school district and the chief instructional officer
- 89 at the participating community or junior college or university in
- 90 order for college credit to be awarded. A university or community
- 91 or junior college shall make the final decision on what courses
- 92 are eligible for semester hour credits.
- 93 (13) **High school Carnegie unit equivalency.** One (1)
- 94 three-hour university or community or junior college course is
- 95 equal to one (1) high school Carnegie unit.
- 96 (14) Course alignment. The universities, community and
- 97 junior colleges and the State Department of Education shall
- 98 periodically review their respective policies and assess the place
- 99 of dual credit courses within the context of their traditional
- 100 offerings.
- 101 (15) Maximum dual credits allowed. It is the intent of the
- 102 dual enrollment program to make it possible for every eligible
- 103 student who desires to earn a semester's worth of college credit
- 104 in high school to do so. A qualified dually enrolled high school
- 105 student must be allowed to earn an unlimited number of college or
- 106 university credits for dual credit.
- 107 (16) **Dual credit program allowances.** A student may be
- 108 granted credit delivered through the following means:
- 109 (a) Examination preparation taught at a high school by
- 110 a qualified teacher. A student may receive credit at the
- 111 secondary level after completion of an approved course and passing



- 112 the standard examination, such as an Advanced Placement or
- 113 International Baccalaureate course through which a high school
- 114 student is allowed CLEP credit by making a three (3) or higher on
- 115 the end-of-course examination.
- 116 (b) College or university courses taught at a high
- 117 school or designated postsecondary site by a qualified teacher who
- 118 is an employee of the school district and approved as an
- instructor by the collaborating college or university.
- 120 (c) College or university courses taught at a college,
- 121 university or high school by an instructor employed by the college
- 122 or university and approved by the collaborating school district.
- 123 (d) Online courses of any public university, community
- 124 or junior college in Mississippi.
- 125 (17) Qualifications of dual credit instructors. A dual
- 126 credit academic instructor must meet the requirements set forth by
- 127 the regional accrediting association (Southern Association of
- 128 College and Schools). University and community and junior college
- 129 personnel have the sole authority in the selection of dual credit
- 130 instructors.
- 131 A dual credit career and technical education instructor must
- 132 meet the requirements set forth by the Mississippi Community
- 133 College Board in the qualifications manual for postsecondary
- 134 career and technical personnel.
- 135 (18) Guidance on local agreements. The Chief Academic
- 136 Officer of the State Board of Trustees of State Institutions of



137	Higher Learning and the Chief Instructional Officers of the
138	Mississippi Community College Board and the State Department of
139	Education, working collaboratively, shall develop a template to be
140	used by the individual community and junior colleges and
141	institutions of higher learning for consistent implementation of
142	the dual enrollment program throughout the State of Mississippi.
143	(19) Mississippi Works Dual Enrollment-Dual Credit Option.
144	A local school board and the local community colleges board shall
145	establish a Mississippi Works Dual Enrollment-Dual Credit Option
146	Program under which potential or recent student dropouts may
147	dually enroll in their home school and a local community college
148	in a dual credit program consisting of high school completion
149	coursework and a community college credential, certificate or
150	degree program. Students completing the dual enrollment-credit
151	option may obtain their high school diploma while obtaining a
152	community college credential, certificate or degree. The
153	Mississippi Department of Employment Security shall assist
154	students who have successfully completed the Mississippi Works
155	Dual Enrollment-Dual Credit Option in securing a job upon the
156	application of the student or the participating school or
157	community college. The Mississippi Works Dual Enrollment-Dual
158	Credit Option Program will be implemented statewide in the
159	2012-2013 school year and thereafter. The State Board of
160	Education, local school board and the local community college
161	board shall establish criteria for the Dual Enrollment-Dual Credit



162	Program. Students enrolled in the program will not be eligible to
163	participate in interscholastic sports or other extracurricular
164	activities at the home school district. Tuition and costs for
165	community college courses offered under the Dual Enrollment-Dual
166	Credit Program shall not be charged to the student, parents or
167	legal guardians. When dually enrolled, the student shall be
168	counted for adequate education program funding purposes, in the
169	average daily attendance of the public school district in which
170	the student attends high school, as provided in Section
171	37-151-7(1)(a). Any transportation required by the student to
172	participate in the Dual Enrollment-Dual Credit Program is the
173	responsibility of the parent or legal guardian of the student, and
174	transportation costs may be paid from any available public or
175	private sources, including the local school district. Grades and
176	college credits earned by a student admitted to this Dual
177	Enrollment-Dual Credit Program shall be recorded on the high
178	school student record and on the college transcript at the
179	community college and high school where the student attends
180	classes. The transcript of the community college coursework may
181	be released to another institution or applied toward college
182	graduation requirements. Any course that is required for subject
183	area testing as a requirement for graduation from a public school
184	in Mississippi is eligible for dual credit, and courses eligible
185	for dual credit shall also include career, technical and degree
186	program courses. All courses eligible for dual credit shall be



- 187 approved by the superintendent of the local school district and 188 the chief instructional officer at the participating community 189 college in order for college credit to be awarded. A community 190 college shall make the final decision on what courses are eligible 191 for semester hour credits and the local school superintendent, 192 subject to approval by the Mississippi Department of Education, 193 shall make the final decision on the transfer of college courses 194 credited to the student's high school transcript.
- SECTION 8. Section 37-16-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 197 37-16-17. (1) Purpose. (a) The purpose of this section is 198 to create a quality option in Mississippi's high schools for 199 students not wishing to pursue a baccalaureate degree, which shall 200 consist of challenging academic courses and modern 201 career-technical studies. The goal for students pursuing the 202 career * * * technical education pathways is to graduate from high 203 school with a standard diploma and credit toward a community college certification in a career-technical field. These students 204 205 also shall be encouraged to take the national assessment in the 206 career-technical field in which they become certified.
- 207 (b) The State Board of Education shall develop and
 208 adopt course and curriculum requirements for career * * *
 209 technical education pathways offered by local public school boards
 210 in accordance with this section. The Mississippi Community
 211 College Board and the State Board of Education jointly shall



- determine course and curriculum requirements for the career * * * technical education pathways. The State Board of Education shall require school districts to provide notice to all incoming middle school students and junior high students of the career technical education pathways offered by local school boards. Such notice shall include the career technical education pathways available, the course requirements of each pathways, how to enroll in the pathway and any other necessary information as determined by the State Board of Education.
 - (2) * * * Career technical education pathway; description; curriculum. (a) A career * * * technical education pathway shall provide a student with greater technical skill and a strong academic core and shall be offered to each high school student enrolled in a public school district. The career * * * technical education pathway shall be linked to postsecondary options and shall prepare students to pursue either a degree or certification from a postsecondary institution, an industry-based training or certification, an apprenticeship, the military, or immediate entrance into a career field. The career * * * technical education pathway shall be designed primarily for those students who are not college bound and shall provide them with alternatives to entrance into a four-year university or college after high school graduation.
- 235 (b) Students pursuing a career * * * technical
 236 education pathway shall be afforded the opportunity to dually



237	enroll in a community or technical college or to participate in a
238	business internship or work-study program, when such opportunities
239	are available and appropriate.
240	(c) Each public school district shall offer a
241	career * * * technical education pathway approved by the State
242	Board of Education.
243	(d) Students in a career * * * technical education
244	pathway shall complete an academic core of courses and a career
245	and technical sequence of courses.
246	(e) Students pursuing a career technical education
247	<pre>pathway must complete the * * * twenty-four (24) course unit</pre>
248	requirements for * * * $\frac{1}{2}$ a regular high school diploma, which may
249	<pre>include, but not be limited to * * * the following course content</pre>
250	* * *
251	(i) English I;
252	(ii) English II;
253	(iii) Technical writing;
254	<pre>(iv) Computer programming;</pre>
255	(v) Algebra I;
256	(vi) Personal Finance;
257	(vii) Advanced technical mathematics;
258	(viii) Computer science;
259	(ix) Biology;
260	(x) Earth and Space Science;
2.61	(xi) U.S. History:



262	(xii) Mississippi Studies/U.S. Government;
263	(xiii) Health;
264	(xiv) Physical Education;
265	(xv) Soft skills, which include, but are not
266	limited to, social graces, communication abilities, language
267	skills, personal habits, cognitive or emotional empathy, time
268	management, teamwork and leadership traits;
269	(xvi) Career technical education pathway courses;
270	<u>and</u>
271	(xvii) Integrated technology.
272	Academic courses within the career * * * technical education
273	pathway of the standard diploma shall provide the knowledge and
274	skill necessary for proficiency on the state subject area tests.
275	(f) The courses provided in paragraph (e) of this
276	subsection may be tailored to the individual needs of the school
277	district as long as the amendments align with the basic course
278	requirements of paragraph (e).
279	(3) Nothing in this section shall disallow the development
280	of a dual enrollment program with a technical college so long as
281	an individual school district, with approval from the State
282	Department of Education, agrees to implement such a program in
283	connection with a technical college and the agreement is also
284	approved by the proprietary school's commission.
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- 286 **SECTION 9.** Section 37-3-2, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 288 37-3-2. (1) There is established within the State
- 289 Department of Education the Commission on Teacher and
- 290 Administrator Education, Certification and Licensure and
- 291 Development. It shall be the purpose and duty of the commission
- 292 to make recommendations to the State Board of Education regarding
- 293 standards for the certification and licensure and continuing
- 294 professional development of those who teach or perform tasks of an
- 295 educational nature in the public schools of Mississippi.
- 296 (2) (a) The commission shall be composed of fifteen (15)
- 297 qualified members. The membership of the commission shall be
- 298 composed of the following members to be appointed, three (3) from
- 299 each of the four (4) congressional districts, as such districts
- 300 existed on January 1, 2011, in accordance with the population
- 301 calculations determined by the 2010 federal decennial census,
- 302 including: four (4) classroom teachers; three (3) school
- 303 administrators; one (1) representative of schools of education of
- 304 public institutions of higher learning located within the state to
- 305 be recommended by the Board of Trustees of State Institutions of
- 306 Higher Learning; one (1) representative from the schools of
- 307 education of independent institutions of higher learning to be
- 308 recommended by the Board of the Mississippi Association of
- 309 Independent Colleges; one (1) representative from public community
- 310 and junior colleges located within the state to be recommended by



- 311 the Mississippi Community College Board; one (1) local school
- 312 board member; and four (4) laypersons. Three (3) members of the
- 313 commission, at the sole discretion of the State Board of
- 314 Education, shall be appointed from the state at large.
- 315 (b) All appointments shall be made by the State Board
- 316 of Education after consultation with the State Superintendent of
- 317 Public Education. The first appointments by the State Board of
- 318 Education shall be made as follows: five (5) members shall be
- 319 appointed for a term of one (1) year; five (5) members shall be
- 320 appointed for a term of two (2) years; and five (5) members shall
- 321 be appointed for a term of three (3) years. Thereafter, all
- 322 members shall be appointed for a term of four (4) years.
- 323 (3) The State Board of Education when making appointments
- 324 shall designate a chairman. The commission shall meet at least
- 325 once every two (2) months or more often if needed. Members of the
- 326 commission shall be compensated at a rate of per diem as
- 327 authorized by Section 25-3-69 and be reimbursed for actual and
- 328 necessary expenses as authorized by Section 25-3-41.
- 329 (4) (a) An appropriate staff member of the State Department
- 330 of Education shall be designated and assigned by the State
- 331 Superintendent of Public Education to serve as executive secretary
- 332 and coordinator for the commission. No less than two (2) other
- 333 appropriate staff members of the State Department of Education
- 334 shall be designated and assigned by the State Superintendent of
- 335 Public Education to serve on the staff of the commission.



- 336 (b) An Office of Educator Misconduct Evaluations shall
- 337 be established within the State Department of Education to assist
- 338 the commission in responding to infractions and violations, and in
- 339 conducting hearings and enforcing the provisions of subsections
- 340 (11), (12), (13), (14) and (15) of this section, and violations of
- 341 the Mississippi Educator Code of Ethics.
- 342 (5) It shall be the duty of the commission to:
- 343 (a) Set standards and criteria, subject to the approval
- 344 of the State Board of Education, for all educator preparation
- 345 programs in the state;
- 346 (b) Recommend to the State Board of Education each year
- 347 approval or disapproval of each educator preparation program in
- 348 the state, subject to a process and schedule determined by the
- 349 State Board of Education;
- 350 (c) Establish, subject to the approval of the State
- 351 Board of Education, standards for initial teacher certification
- 352 and licensure in all fields;
- 353 (d) Establish, subject to the approval of the State
- 354 Board of Education, standards for the renewal of teacher licenses
- 355 in all fields;
- 356 (e) Review and evaluate objective measures of teacher
- 357 performance, such as test scores, which may form part of the
- 358 licensure process, and to make recommendations for their use;
- 359 (f) Review all existing requirements for certification
- 360 and licensure;



361	(g)	Consult with	groups	whose	work	may	be	affected	bу
362	the commission	's decisions:							

- 363 (h) Prepare reports from time to time on current
 364 practices and issues in the general area of teacher education and
 365 certification and licensure;
- 366 (i) Hold hearings concerning standards for teachers'
 367 and administrators' education and certification and licensure with
 368 approval of the State Board of Education;
- 369 (j) Hire expert consultants with approval of the State 370 Board of Education;
- 371 (k) Set up ad hoc committees to advise on specific 372 areas; and
- 373 (1) Perform such other functions as may fall within 374 their general charge and which may be delegated to them by the 375 State Board of Education.
- 376 (a) Standard License - Approved Program Route. 377 educator entering the school system of Mississippi for the first 378 time and meeting all requirements as established by the State 379 Board of Education shall be granted a standard five-year license. Persons who possess two (2) years of classroom experience as an 380 381 assistant teacher or who have taught for one (1) year in an 382 accredited public or private school shall be allowed to fulfill 383 student teaching requirements under the supervision of a qualified participating teacher approved by an accredited college of 384 385 education. The local school district in which the assistant



386	teacher is employed shall compensate such assistant teachers at
387	the required salary level during the period of time such
388	individual is completing student teaching requirements.
389	Applicants for a standard license shall submit to the department:
390	(i) An application on a department form;
391	(ii) An official transcript of completion of a
392	teacher education program approved by the department or a
393	nationally accredited program, subject to the following:
394	Licensure to teach in Mississippi prekindergarten through
395	kindergarten classrooms shall require completion of a teacher
396	education program or a Bachelor of Science degree with child
397	development emphasis from a program accredited by the American
398	Association of Family and Consumer Sciences (AAFCS) or by the
399	National Association for Education of Young Children (NAEYC) or by
400	the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education
401	(NCATE). Licensure to teach in Mississippi kindergarten, for
402	those applicants who have completed a teacher education program,
403	and in Grade 1 through Grade 4 shall require the completion of an
404	interdisciplinary program of studies. Licenses for Grades 4
405	through 8 shall require the completion of an interdisciplinary
406	program of studies with two (2) or more areas of concentration.
407	Licensure to teach in Mississippi Grades 7 through 12 shall
408	require a major in an academic field other than education, or a
409	combination of disciplines other than education. Students
410	preparing to teach a subject shall complete a major in the

- 411 respective subject discipline. All applicants for standard
- 412 licensure shall demonstrate that such person's college preparation
- 413 in those fields was in accordance with the standards set forth by
- 414 the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education
- 415 (NCATE) or the National Association of State Directors of Teacher
- 416 Education and Certification (NASDTEC) or, for those applicants who
- 417 have a Bachelor of Science degree with child development emphasis,
- 418 the American Association of Family and Consumer Sciences (AAFCS).
- 419 Effective July 1, 2016, for initial elementary education
- 420 licensure, a teacher candidate must earn a passing score on a
- 421 rigorous test of scientifically research-based reading instruction
- 422 and intervention and data-based decision-making principles as
- 423 approved by the State Board of Education;
- 424 (iii) A copy of test scores evidencing
- 425 satisfactory completion of nationally administered examinations of
- 426 achievement, such as the Educational Testing Service's teacher
- 427 testing examinations;
- 428 (iv) Any other document required by the State
- 429 Board of Education; and
- 430 (v) From and after July 1, 2020, no teacher
- 431 candidate shall be licensed to teach in Mississippi who did not
- 432 meet the following criteria for entrance into an approved teacher
- 433 education program:
- 1. An ACT Score of twenty-one (21) (or SAT
- 435 equivalent); or



436	2. Achieve a qualifying passing score on the
437	Praxis Core Academic Skills for Educators examination as
438	established by the State Board of Education; or
439	3. A minimum GPA of 3.0 on coursework prior
440	to admission to an approved teacher education program.
441	(b) (i) Standard License - Nontraditional Teaching
442	Route. From and after July 1, 2020, no teacher candidate shall be
443	licensed to teach in Mississippi under the alternate route who did
444	not meet the following criteria:
445	* * \star 1. An ACT Score of twenty-one (21) (or
446	SAT equivalent); or
447	* * *2. Achieve a qualifying passing score
448	on the Praxis Core Academic Skills for Educators examination as
449	established by the State Board of Education; or
450	* * $\frac{3}{2}$ A minimum GPA of 3.0 on coursework
451	prior to admission to an approved teacher education program.
452	(ii) Beginning July 1, 2020, an individual who has
453	attained a passing score on the Praxis Core Academic Skills for
454	Educators or an ACT Score of twenty-one (21) (or SAT equivalent)
455	or a minimum GPA of 3.0 on coursework prior to admission to an
456	approved teacher education program and a passing score on the
457	Praxis Subject Assessment in the requested area of endorsement may
458	apply for admission to the Teach Mississippi Institute (TMI)
459	program to teach students in Grades 7 through 12 if the individual
460	meets the requirements of this paragraph (b). The State Board of



461 Education shall adopt rules requiring that teacher preparation 462 institutions which provide the Teach Mississippi Institute (TMI) 463 program for the preparation of nontraditional teachers shall meet 464 the standards and comply with the provisions of this paragraph. 465 * * *1. The Teach Mississippi Institute 466 (TMI) shall include an intensive eight-week, nine-semester-hour 467 summer program or a curriculum of study in which the student 468 matriculates in the fall or spring semester, which shall include, 469 but not be limited to, instruction in education, effective 470 teaching strategies, classroom management, state curriculum requirements, planning and instruction, instructional methods and 471 472 pedagogy, using test results to improve instruction, and a one (1) 473 semester three-hour supervised internship to be completed while 474 the teacher is employed as a full-time teacher intern in a local 475 school district. The TMI shall be implemented on a pilot program 476 basis, with courses to be offered at up to four (4) locations in 477 the state, with one (1) TMI site to be located in each of the 478 three (3) Mississippi Supreme Court districts. 479 * * *2. The school sponsoring the teacher 480 intern shall enter into a written agreement with the institution 481 providing the Teach Mississippi Institute (TMI) program, under 482 terms and conditions as agreed upon by the contracting parties, 483 providing that the school district shall provide teacher interns seeking a nontraditional provisional teaching license with a 484 485 one-year classroom teaching experience. The teacher intern shall

successfully complete the one (1) semester three-hour intensive internship in the school district during the semester immediately following successful completion of the TMI and prior to the end of the one-year classroom teaching experience.

490 * * *3. Upon completion of the 491 nine-semester-hour TMI or the fall or spring semester option, the 492 individual shall submit his transcript to the commission for 493 provisional licensure of the intern teacher, and the intern 494 teacher shall be issued a provisional teaching license by the commission, which will allow the individual to legally serve as a 495 496 teacher while the person completes a nontraditional teacher 497 preparation internship program.

* * *4. During the semester of internship in the school district, the teacher preparation institution shall monitor the performance of the intern teacher. The school district that employs the provisional teacher shall supervise the provisional teacher during the teacher's intern year of employment under a nontraditional provisional license, and shall, in consultation with the teacher intern's mentor at the school district of employment, submit to the commission a comprehensive evaluation of the teacher's performance sixty (60) days prior to the expiration of the nontraditional provisional license. If the comprehensive evaluation establishes that the provisional teacher intern's performance fails to meet the standards of the approved



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- 510 nontraditional teacher preparation internship program, the
- 511 individual shall not be approved for a standard license.
- * * *5. An individual issued a provisional
- 513 teaching license under this nontraditional route shall
- 514 successfully complete, at a minimum, a one-year beginning teacher
- 515 mentoring and induction program administered by the employing
- 516 school district with the assistance of the State Department of
- 517 Education.
- * * *6. Upon successful completion of the
- 519 TMI and the internship provisional license period, applicants for
- 520 a Standard License Nontraditional Route shall submit to the
- 521 commission a transcript of successful completion of the twelve
- 522 (12) semester hours required in the internship program, and the
- 523 employing school district shall submit to the commission a
- 524 recommendation for standard licensure of the intern. If the
- 525 school district recommends licensure, the applicant shall be
- 526 issued a Standard License Nontraditional Route which shall be
- 527 valid for a five-year period and be renewable.
- * * *7. At the discretion of the teacher
- 529 preparation institution, the individual shall be allowed to credit
- 530 the twelve (12) semester hours earned in the nontraditional
- 531 teacher internship program toward the graduate hours required for
- 532 a Master of Arts in Teacher (MAT) Degree.
- * * *8. The local school district in which
- 534 the nontraditional teacher intern or provisional licensee is



535 employed shall compensate such teacher interns at Step 1 of the 536 required salary level during the period of time such individual is 537 completing teacher internship requirements and shall compensate 538 such Standard License - Nontraditional Route teachers at Step 3 of 539 the required salary level when they complete license requirements. 540 (iii) Implementation of the TMI program provided 541 for under this paragraph (b) shall be contingent upon the 542 availability of funds appropriated specifically for such purpose 543 by the Legislature. Such implementation of the TMI program may

not be deemed to prohibit the State Board of Education from
developing and implementing additional alternative route teacher
licensure programs, as deemed appropriate by the board. The
emergency certification program in effect prior to July 1, 2002,
shall remain in effect.

(iv) A Standard License - Approved Program Route shall be issued for a five-year period, and may be renewed.

Recognizing teaching as a profession, a hiring preference shall be granted to persons holding a Standard License - Approved Program Route or Standard License - Nontraditional Teaching Route over persons holding any other license.

(c) Special License - Expert Citizen. In order to allow a school district to offer specialized or technical courses, the State Department of Education, in accordance with rules and regulations established by the State Board of Education, may grant a * * * five-year expert citizen-teacher license to local business



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560	or other professional personnel to teach in a public school or
561	nonpublic school accredited or approved by the state. Such person
562	shall be required to have a high school diploma, an
563	industry-recognized certification related to the subject area in
564	which they are teaching and a minimum of five (5) years of
565	relevant experience but shall not be required to hold an associate
566	or bachelor's degree, provided that he or she possesses the
567	minimum qualifications required for his or her profession, and may
568	begin teaching upon his employment by the local school board and
569	licensure by the Mississippi Department of Education. <u>If a school</u>
570	board hires a career technical education pathway instructor who
571	does not have an industry certification in his or her area of
572	expertise but does have the required experience, the school board
573	shall spread their decision on the minutes at their next meeting
574	and provide a detailed explanation for why they hired the
575	instructor. Such instructor shall present the minutes of the
576	school board to the State Department of Education when he or she
577	applies for an expert citizen license. The board shall adopt
578	rules and regulations to administer the expert citizen-teacher
579	license. A Special License - Expert Citizen may be renewed in
580	accordance with the established rules and regulations of the State
581	Department of Education.
582	(d) Special License - Nonrenewable. The State Board of



Education is authorized to establish rules and regulations to

allow those educators not meeting requirements in paragraph (a),

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- 585 (b) or (c) of this subsection (6) to be licensed for a period of not more than three (3) years, except by special approval of the 587 State Board of Education.
- 588 Nonlicensed Teaching Personnel. A nonlicensed 589 person may teach for a maximum of three (3) periods per teaching 590 day in a public school district or a nonpublic school 591 accredited/approved by the state. Such person shall submit to the 592 department a transcript or record of his education and experience 593 which substantiates his preparation for the subject to be taught 594 and shall meet other qualifications specified by the commission 595 and approved by the State Board of Education. In no case shall 596 any local school board hire nonlicensed personnel as authorized 597 under this paragraph in excess of five percent (5%) of the total 598 number of licensed personnel in any single school.
- 599 Special License - Transitional Bilingual Education. (f) 600 Beginning July 1, 2003, the commission shall grant special 601 licenses to teachers of transitional bilingual education who 602 possess such qualifications as are prescribed in this section. 603 Teachers of transitional bilingual education shall be compensated 604 by local school boards at not less than one (1) step on the 605 regular salary schedule applicable to permanent teachers licensed 606 under this section. The commission shall grant special licenses 607 to teachers of transitional bilingual education who present the commission with satisfactory evidence that they (i) possess a 608 609 speaking and reading ability in a language, other than English, in



610 which bilingual education is offered and communicative skills in 611 English; (ii) are in good health and sound moral character; (iii) 612 possess a bachelor's degree or an associate's degree in teacher 613 education from an accredited institution of higher education; (iv) 614 meet such requirements as to courses of study, semester hours 615 therein, experience and training as may be required by the 616 commission; and (v) are legally present in the United States and 617 possess legal authorization for employment. A teacher of 618 transitional bilingual education serving under a special license shall be under an exemption from standard licensure if he achieves 619 620 the requisite qualifications therefor. Two (2) years of service 621 by a teacher of transitional bilingual education under such an 622 exemption shall be credited to the teacher in acquiring a Standard 623 Educator License. Nothing in this paragraph shall be deemed to 624 prohibit a local school board from employing a teacher licensed in 625 an appropriate field as approved by the State Department of 626 Education to teach in a program in transitional bilingual 627 education.

(g) In the event any school district meets the highest accreditation standards as defined by the State Board of Education in the accountability system, the State Board of Education, in its discretion, may exempt such school district from any restrictions in paragraph (e) relating to the employment of nonlicensed teaching personnel.



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634	(h) Highly Qualified Teachers. Beginning July 1, 2006,
635	any teacher from any state meeting the federal definition of
636	highly qualified, as described in the No Child Left Behind Act,
637	must be granted a standard five-year license by the State

- (7) Administrator License. The State Board of Education is authorized to establish rules and regulations and to administer the licensure process of the school administrators in the State of Mississippi. There will be four (4) categories of administrator licensure with exceptions only through special approval of the State Board of Education.
- 645 (a) Administrator License Nonpracticing. Those 646 educators holding administrative endorsement but having no 647 administrative experience or not serving in an administrative 648 position on January 15, 1997.
 - (b) Administrator License Entry Level. Those educators holding administrative endorsement and having met the department's qualifications to be eligible for employment in a Mississippi school district. Administrator License Entry Level shall be issued for a five-year period and shall be nonrenewable.
- 654 (c) **Standard Administrator License Career Level.** An administrator who has met all the requirements of the department for standard administrator licensure.
- 657 (d) Administrator License Nontraditional Route. The 658 board may establish a nontraditional route for licensing



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Department of Education.

- 659 administrative personnel. Such nontraditional route for 660 administrative licensure shall be available for persons holding, 661 but not limited to, a master of business administration degree, a 662 master of public administration degree, a master of public 663 planning and policy degree or a doctor of jurisprudence degree 664 from an accredited college or university, with five (5) years of 665 administrative or supervisory experience. Successful completion 666 of the requirements of alternate route licensure for 667 administrators shall qualify the person for a standard 668 administrator license.
- Individuals seeking school administrator licensure under
 paragraph (b), (c) or (d) shall successfully complete a training
 program and an assessment process prescribed by the State Board of
 Education. All applicants for school administrator licensure
 shall meet all requirements prescribed by the department under
 paragraph (b), (c) or (d), and the cost of the assessment process
 required shall be paid by the applicant.
- Reciprocity. (a) The department shall grant a standard license to any individual who possesses a valid standard license from another state and meets minimum Mississippi license requirements or equivalent requirements as determined by the State Board of Education. The issuance of a license by reciprocity to a military-trained applicant or military spouse shall be subject to the provisions of Section 73-50-1.



- The department shall grant a nonrenewable special license to any individual who possesses a credential which is less than a standard license or certification from another state. Such special license shall be valid for the current school year plus one (1) additional school year to expire on June 30 of the second year, not to exceed a total period of twenty-four (24) months, during which time the applicant shall be required to complete the requirements for a standard license in Mississippi.
 - of Education is authorized to establish rules and regulations for the renewal and reinstatement of educator and administrator licenses. Effective May 15, 1997, the valid standard license held by an educator shall be extended five (5) years beyond the expiration date of the license in order to afford the educator adequate time to fulfill new renewal requirements established pursuant to this subsection. An educator completing a master of education, educational specialist or doctor of education degree in May 1997 for the purpose of upgrading the educator's license to a higher class shall be given this extension of five (5) years plus five (5) additional years for completion of a higher degree.
 - (10) All controversies involving the issuance, revocation, suspension or any change whatsoever in the licensure of an educator required to hold a license shall be initially heard in a hearing de novo, by the commission or by a subcommittee established by the commission and composed of commission members,



708 or by a hearing officer retained and appointed by the commission, 709 for the purpose of holding hearings. Any complaint seeking the 710 denial of issuance, revocation or suspension of a license shall be 711 by sworn affidavit filed with the Commission on Teacher and 712 Administrator Education, Certification and Licensure and 713 Development. The decision thereon by the commission, its 714 subcommittee or hearing officer, shall be final, unless the 715 aggrieved party shall appeal to the State Board of Education, 716 within ten (10) days, of the decision of the commission, its 717 subcommittee or hearing officer. An appeal to the State Board of 718 Education shall be perfected upon filing a notice of the appeal and by the prepayment of the costs of the preparation of the 719 720 record of proceedings by the commission, its subcommittee or 721 hearing officer. An appeal shall be on the record previously made before the commission, its subcommittee or hearing officer, unless 722 723 otherwise provided by rules and regulations adopted by the board. 724 The decision of the commission, its subcommittee or hearing 725 officer shall not be disturbed on appeal if supported by 726 substantial evidence, was not arbitrary or capricious, within the 727 authority of the commission, and did not violate some statutory or 728 constitutional right. The State Board of Education in its 729 authority may reverse, or remand with instructions, the decision 730 of the commission, its subcommittee or hearing officer. The 731 decision of the State Board of Education shall be final.

- 732 (11) (a) The State Board of Education, acting through the
- 733 commission, may deny an application for any teacher or
- 734 administrator license for one or more of the following:
- 735 (i) Lack of qualifications which are prescribed by
- 736 law or regulations adopted by the State Board of Education;
- 737 (ii) The applicant has a physical, emotional or
- 738 mental disability that renders the applicant unfit to perform the
- 739 duties authorized by the license, as certified by a licensed
- 740 psychologist or psychiatrist;
- 741 (iii) The applicant is actively addicted to or
- 742 actively dependent on alcohol or other habit-forming drugs or is a
- 743 habitual user of narcotics, barbiturates, amphetamines,
- 744 hallucinogens or other drugs having similar effect, at the time of
- 745 application for a license;
- 746 (iv) Fraud or deceit committed by the applicant in
- 747 securing or attempting to secure such certification and license;
- 748 (v) Failing or refusing to furnish reasonable
- 749 evidence of identification;
- 750 (vi) The applicant has been convicted, has pled
- 751 guilty or entered a plea of nolo contendere to a felony, as
- 752 defined by federal or state law. For purposes of this
- 753 subparagraph (vi) of this paragraph (a), a "quilty plea" includes
- 754 a plea of guilty, entry of a plea of nolo contendere, or entry of
- 755 an order granting pretrial or judicial diversion;



756	(vii) The applicant or licensee is on probation or
757	post-release supervision for a felony or conviction, as defined by
758	federal or state law. However, this disqualification expires upon
759	the end of the probationary or post-release supervision period.

- 760 (b) The State Board of Education, acting through the
 761 commission, shall deny an application for any teacher or
 762 administrator license, or immediately revoke the current teacher
 763 or administrator license, for one or more of the following:
- (i) If the applicant or licensee has been convicted, has pled guilty or entered a plea of nolo contendere to a sex offense as defined by federal or state law. For purposes of this subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (b), a "guilty plea" includes a plea of guilty, entry of a plea of nolo contendere, or entry of an order granting pretrial or judicial diversion;
- 770 (ii) The applicant or licensee is on probation or 771 post-release supervision for a sex offense conviction, as defined 772 by federal or state law;
- 773 (iii) The license holder has fondled a student as 774 described in Section 97-5-23, or had any type of sexual
- involvement with a student as described in Section 97-3-95; or
- 776 (iv) The license holder has failed to report
 777 sexual involvement of a school employee with a student as required
 778 by Section 97-5-24.
- 779 (12) The State Board of Education, acting through the 780 commission, may revoke, suspend or refuse to renew any teacher or



- 781 administrator license for specified periods of time or may place
- 782 on probation, reprimand a licensee, or take other disciplinary
- 783 action with regard to any license issued under this chapter for
- 784 one or more of the following:
- 785 (a) Breach of contract or abandonment of employment may
- 786 result in the suspension of the license for one (1) school year as
- 787 provided in Section 37-9-57;
- 788 (b) Obtaining a license by fraudulent means shall
- 789 result in immediate suspension and continued suspension for one
- 790 (1) year after correction is made;
- 791 (c) Suspension or revocation of a certificate or
- 792 license by another state shall result in immediate suspension or
- 793 revocation and shall continue until records in the prior state
- 794 have been cleared;
- 795 (d) The license holder has been convicted, has pled
- 796 guilty or entered a plea of nolo contendere to a felony, as
- 797 defined by federal or state law. For purposes of this paragraph,
- 798 a "guilty plea" includes a plea of guilty, entry of a plea of nolo
- 799 contendere, or entry of an order granting pretrial or judicial
- 800 diversion;
- 801 (e) The license holder knowingly and willfully
- 802 committing any of the acts affecting validity of mandatory uniform
- 803 test results as provided in Section 37-16-4(1);



804		(f)	The license hol	der has engaged	in	unethical	cor	nduct
805	relating to	an	educator/studen	t relationship	as	identified	by	the
806	State Board	d of	Education in it	s rules;				

- g) The license holder served as superintendent or principal in a school district during the time preceding and/or that resulted in the Governor declaring a state of emergency and the State Board of Education appointing a conservator;
- 811 (h) The license holder submitted a false certification 812 to the State Department of Education that a statewide test was 813 administered in strict accordance with the Requirements of the 814 Mississippi Statewide Assessment System; or
- 815 (i) The license holder has failed to comply with the 816 Procedures for Reporting Infractions as promulgated by the 817 commission and approved by the State Board of Education pursuant 818 to subsection (15) of this section.

For purposes of this subsection, probation shall be defined as a length of time determined by the commission, its subcommittee or hearing officer, and based on the severity of the offense in which the license holder shall meet certain requirements as prescribed by the commission, its subcommittee or hearing officer. Failure to complete the requirements in the time specified shall result in immediate suspension of the license for one (1) year.

(13) (a) Dismissal or suspension of a licensed employee by a local school board pursuant to Section 37-9-59 may result in the suspension or revocation of a license for a length of time which



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- shall be determined by the commission and based upon the severity of the offense.
- 831 (b) Any offense committed or attempted in any other 832 state shall result in the same penalty as if committed or 833 attempted in this state.
- (c) A person may voluntarily surrender a license. The surrender of such license may result in the commission recommending any of the above penalties without the necessity of a hearing. However, any such license which has voluntarily been surrendered by a licensed employee may only be reinstated by a majority vote of all members of the commission present at the meeting called for such purpose.
 - surrendered on any grounds except criminal grounds may petition for reinstatement of the license after one (1) year from the date of suspension or surrender, or after one-half (1/2) of the suspended or surrendered time has lapsed, whichever is greater. A person whose license has been suspended or revoked on any grounds or violations under subsection (12) of this section may be reinstated automatically or approved for a reinstatement hearing, upon submission of a written request to the commission. A license suspended, revoked or surrendered on criminal grounds may be reinstated upon petition to the commission filed after expiration of the sentence and parole or probationary period imposed upon conviction. A revoked, suspended or surrendered license may be



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- reinstated upon satisfactory showing of evidence of
 rehabilitation. The commission shall require all who petition for
 reinstatement to furnish evidence satisfactory to the commission
 of good character, good mental, emotional and physical health and
 such other evidence as the commission may deem necessary to
 establish the petitioner's rehabilitation and fitness to perform
 the duties authorized by the license.
- 861 (b) A person whose license expires while under

 862 investigation by the Office of Educator Misconduct for an alleged

 863 violation may not be reinstated without a hearing before the

 864 commission if required based on the results of the investigation.
 - Reporting procedures and hearing procedures for dealing with infractions under this section shall be promulgated by the commission, subject to the approval of the State Board of Education. The revocation or suspension of a license shall be effected at the time indicated on the notice of suspension or revocation. The commission shall immediately notify the superintendent of the school district or school board where the teacher or administrator is employed of any disciplinary action and also notify the teacher or administrator of such revocation or suspension and shall maintain records of action taken. The State Board of Education may reverse or remand with instructions any decision of the commission, its subcommittee or hearing officer regarding a petition for reinstatement of a license, and any such decision of the State Board of Education shall be final.



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879	(16) An appeal from the action of the State Board of
880	Education in denying an application, revoking or suspending a
881	license or otherwise disciplining any person under the provisions
882	of this section shall be filed in the Chancery Court of the First
883	Judicial District of Hinds County, Mississippi, on the record
884	made, including a verbatim transcript of the testimony at the
885	hearing. The appeal shall be filed within thirty (30) days after
886	notification of the action of the board is mailed or served and
887	the proceedings in chancery court shall be conducted as other
888	matters coming before the court. The appeal shall be perfected
889	upon filing notice of the appeal and by the prepayment of all
890	costs, including the cost of preparation of the record of the
891	proceedings by the State Board of Education, and the filing of a
892	bond in the sum of Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00) conditioned that
893	if the action of the board be affirmed by the chancery court, the
894	applicant or license holder shall pay the costs of the appeal and
895	the action of the chancery court.

- (17) All such programs, rules, regulations, standards and criteria recommended or authorized by the commission shall become effective upon approval by the State Board of Education as designated by appropriate orders entered upon the minutes thereof.
- The granting of a license shall not be deemed a property right nor a guarantee of employment in any public school district. A license is a privilege indicating minimal eligibility for teaching in the public school districts of Mississippi. This



section shall in no way alter or abridge the authority of local school districts to require greater qualifications or standards of performance as a prerequisite of initial or continued employment in such districts.

In addition to the reasons specified in subsections (12) and (13) of this section, the board shall be authorized to suspend the license of any licensee for being out of compliance with an order for support, as defined in Section 93-11-153. procedure for suspension of a license for being out of compliance with an order for support, and the procedure for the reissuance or reinstatement of a license suspended for that purpose, and the payment of any fees for the reissuance or reinstatement of a license suspended for that purpose, shall be governed by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be. Actions taken by the board in suspending a license when required by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 are not actions from which an appeal may be taken under this section. Any appeal of a license suspension that is required by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 shall be taken in accordance with the appeal procedure specified in Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be, rather than the procedure specified in this section. If there is any conflict between any provision of Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 and any provision of this chapter, the provisions of Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be, shall control.



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- 928 **SECTION 10.** Section 37-16-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 929 amended as follows:
- 930 37-16-3. (1) The State Department of Education is directed 931 to implement a program of statewide assessment testing which shall 932 provide for the improvement of the operation and management of the 933 public schools. The statewide program shall be timed, as far as 934 possible, so as not to conflict with ongoing district assessment
- 935 programs. As part of the program, the department shall:
- 936 (a) Establish, with the approval of the State Board of
 937 Education, minimum performance standards related to the goals for
 938 education contained in the state's plan including, but not limited
 939 to, basic skills in reading, writing and mathematics. The minimum
 940 performance standards shall be approved by April 1 in each year
- 942 (b) Conduct a uniform statewide testing program in
 943 grades deemed appropriate in the public schools, including charter
 944 schools, which shall provide for the administration of the ACT
 945 WorkKeys Assessment to any students electing to take the
 946 assessment. Each individual school district shall determine
 947 whether the ACT WorkKeys Assessment is administered in the ninth,
 948 tenth or eleventh grade. The program may test skill areas, basic
- 950 (c) Monitor the results of the assessment program and, 951 at any time the composite student performance of a school or basic 952 program is found to be below the established minimum standards,

skills and high school course content.



they are established.

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notify the district superintendent or the governing board of the charter school, as the case may be, the school principal and the school advisory committee or other existing parent group of the situation within thirty (30) days of its determination. The department shall further provide technical assistance to a school district in the identification of the causes of this deficiency and shall recommend courses of action for its correction.

- 960 (d) Provide technical assistance to the school
 961 districts, when requested, in the development of student
 962 performance standards in addition to the established minimum
 963 statewide standards.
- 964 (e) Issue security procedure regulations providing for 965 the security and integrity of the tests that are administered 966 under the basic skills assessment program.
 - that prompts a need for an investigation by the Department of Education, the department may, in its discretion, take complete control of the statewide test administration in a school district or any part thereof, including, but not limited to, obtaining control of the test booklets and answer documents. In the case of any verified testing irregularity that jeopardized the security and integrity of the test(s), validity or the accuracy of the test results, the cost of the investigation and any other actual and necessary costs related to the investigation paid by the Department of Education shall be reimbursed by the local school



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- 978 district from funds other than federal funds, Mississippi Adequate 979 Education Program funds, or any other state funds within six (6) 980 months from the date of notice by the department to the school 981 district to make reimbursement to the department.
- 982 Uniform basic skills tests shall be completed by each 983 student in the appropriate grade. These tests shall be 984 administered in such a manner as to preserve the integrity and 985 validity of the assessment. In the event of excused or unexcused 986 student absences, make-up tests shall be given. The school superintendent of every school district in the state and the 987 988 principal of each charter school shall annually certify to the 989 State Department of Education that each student enrolled in the 990 appropriate grade has completed the required basic skills 991 assessment test for his or her grade in a valid test 992 administration.
 - (3) Within five (5) days of completing the administration of a statewide test, the principal of the school where the test was administered shall certify under oath to the State Department of Education that the statewide test was administered in strict accordance with the Requirements of the Mississippi Statewide Assessment System as adopted by the State Board of Education. The principal's sworn certification shall be set forth on a form developed and approved by the Department of Education. If, following the administration of a statewide test, the principal has reason to believe that the test was not administered in strict



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- 1003 accordance with the Requirements of the Mississippi Statewide 1004 Assessment System as adopted by the State Board of Education, the principal shall submit a sworn certification to the Department of 1005 1006 Education setting forth all information known or believed by the 1007 principal about all potential violations of the Requirements of 1008 the Mississippi Statewide Assessment System as adopted by the 1009 State Board of Education. The submission of false information or 1010 false certification to the Department of Education by any licensed 1011 educator may result in licensure disciplinary action pursuant to 1012 Section 37-3-2 and criminal prosecution pursuant to Section 37-16-4. 1013
- SECTION 11. Section 37-17-6, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 1016 37-17-6. (1) The State Board of Education, acting through
 1017 the Commission on School Accreditation, shall establish and
 1018 implement a permanent performance-based accreditation system, and
 1019 all noncharter public elementary and secondary schools shall be
 1020 accredited under this system.
- 1021 (2) No later than June 30, 1995, the State Board of
 1022 Education, acting through the Commission on School Accreditation,
 1023 shall require school districts to provide school classroom space
 1024 that is air-conditioned as a minimum requirement for
 1025 accreditation.
- 1026 (3) (a) Beginning with the 1994-1995 school year, the State 1027 Board of Education, acting through the Commission on School



1028	Accreditation, shall require that	t school districts employ
1029	certified school librarians accor	rding to the following formula:
1030	Number of Students	Number of Certified
1031	Per School Library	School Librarians
1032	0 - 499 Students	1/2 Full-time Equivalent
1033		Certified Librarian
1034	500 or More Students	1 Full-time Certified
1035		Librarian
1036	(b) The State Board o	f Education, however, may increase

- 1036 (b) The State Board of Education, however, may increase 1037 the number of positions beyond the above requirements.
- 1038 (c) The assignment of certified school librarians to
 1039 the particular schools shall be at the discretion of the local
 1040 school district. No individual shall be employed as a certified
 1041 school librarian without appropriate training and certification as
 1042 a school librarian by the State Department of Education.
- 1043 (d) School librarians in the district shall spend at
 1044 least fifty percent (50%) of direct work time in a school library
 1045 and shall devote no more than one-fourth (1/4) of the workday to
 1046 administrative activities that are library related.
- 1047 (e) Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit any
 1048 school district from employing more certified school librarians
 1049 than are provided for in this section.
- 1050 (f) Any additional millage levied to fund school
 1051 librarians required for accreditation under this subsection shall
 1052 be included in the tax increase limitation set forth in Sections



- 1053 37-57-105 and 37-57-107 and shall not be deemed a new program for 1054 purposes of the limitation.
- 1055 (4) On or before December 31, 2002, the State Board of
 1056 Education shall implement the performance-based accreditation
 1057 system for school districts and for individual noncharter public
 1058 schools which shall include the following:
- 1059 (a) High expectations for students and high standards
 1060 for all schools, with a focus on the basic curriculum;
- 1061 (b) Strong accountability for results with appropriate 1062 local flexibility for local implementation;
- 1063 (c) A process to implement accountability at both the 1064 school district level and the school level;
- 1065 (d) Individual schools shall be held accountable for 1066 student growth and performance;
- 1067 (e) Set annual performance standards for each of the 1068 schools of the state and measure the performance of each school 1069 against itself through the standard that has been set for it;
- 1070 (f) A determination of which schools exceed their 1071 standards and a plan for providing recognition and rewards to 1072 those schools;
- 1073 (g) A determination of which schools are failing to
 1074 meet their standards and a determination of the appropriate role
 1075 of the State Board of Education and the State Department of
 1076 Education in providing assistance and initiating possible
 1077 intervention. A failing district is a district that fails to meet



1078 both the absolute student achievement standards and the rate of 1079 annual growth expectation standards as set by the State Board of Education for two (2) consecutive years. The State Board of 1080 1081 Education shall establish the level of benchmarks by which 1082 absolute student achievement and growth expectations shall be 1083 assessed. In setting the benchmarks for school districts, the 1084 State Board of Education may also take into account such factors 1085 as graduation rates, dropout rates, completion rates, the extent 1086 to which the school or district employs qualified teachers in 1087 every classroom, and any other factors deemed appropriate by the 1088 State Board of Education. The State Board of Education, acting 1089 through the State Department of Education, shall apply a simple "A," "B," "C," "D" and "F" designation to the current school and 1090 1091 school district statewide accountability performance 1092 classification labels beginning with the State Accountability 1093 Results for the 2011-2012 school year and following, and in the 1094 school, district and state report cards required under state and 1095 federal law. Under the new designations, a school or school 1096 district that has earned a "Star" rating shall be designated an 1097 "A" school or school district; a school or school district that 1098 has earned a "High-Performing" rating shall be designated a "B" 1099 school or school district; a school or school district that has 1100 earned a "Successful" rating shall be designated a "C" school or school district; a school or school district that has earned an 1101 1102 "Academic Watch" rating shall be designated a "D" school or school



1103 district; a school or school district that has earned a 1104 "Low-Performing," "At-Risk of Failing" or "Failing" rating shall be designated an "F" school or school district. Effective with 1105 1106 the implementation of any new curriculum and assessment standards, 1107 the State Board of Education, acting through the State Department 1108 of Education, is further authorized and directed to change the 1109 school and school district accreditation rating system to a simple "A," "B," "C," "D," and "F" designation based on a combination of 1110 1111 student achievement scores and student growth as measured by the 1112 statewide testing programs developed by the State Board of 1113 Education pursuant to Chapter 16, Title 37, Mississippi Code of 1114 1972. In any statute or regulation containing the former 1115 accreditation designations, the new designations shall be 1116 applicable; 1117 Development of a comprehensive student assessment

- 1117 (h) Development of a comprehensive student assessment
 1118 system to implement these requirements; and
- 1119 The State Board of Education may, based on a written request that contains specific reasons for requesting a 1120 1121 waiver from the school districts affected by Hurricane Katrina of 1122 2005, hold harmless school districts from assignment of district 1123 and school level accountability ratings for the 2005-2006 school 1124 year. The State Board of Education upon finding an extreme 1125 hardship in the school district may grant the request. It is the intent of the Legislature that all school districts maintain the 1126



- highest possible academic standards and instructional programs in all schools as required by law and the State Board of Education.
- 1129 (5) (a) Effective with the 2013-2014 school year, the State
- 1130 Department of Education, acting through the Mississippi Commission
- 1131 on School Accreditation, shall revise and implement a single "A"
- 1132 through "F" school and school district accountability system
- 1133 complying with applicable federal and state requirements in order
- 1134 to reach the following educational goals:
- 1135 (i) To mobilize resources and supplies to ensure
- 1136 that all students exit third grade reading on grade level by 2015;
- 1137 (ii) To reduce the student dropout rate to
- 1138 thirteen percent (13%) by 2015; and
- 1139 (iii) To have sixty percent (60%) of students
- 1140 scoring proficient and advanced on the assessments of the Common
- 1141 Core State Standards by 2016 with incremental increases of three
- 1142 percent (3%) each year thereafter.
- 1143 (b) The State Department of Education shall combine the
- 1144 state school and school district accountability system with the
- 1145 federal system in order to have a single system.
- 1146 (c) The State Department of Education shall establish
- 1147 five (5) performance categories ("A," "B," "C," "D" and "F") for
- 1148 the accountability system based on the following criteria:
- 1149 (i) Student Achievement: the percent of students
- 1150 proficient and advanced on the current state assessments;



1151	(ii) Individual student growth: the percent of
1152	students making one (1) year's progress in one (1) year's time on
1153	the state assessment, with an emphasis on the progress of the
1154	lowest twenty-five percent (25%) of students in the school or
1155	district;
1156	(iii) Four-year graduation rate: the percent of
1157	students graduating with a standard high school diploma in four
1158	(4) years, as defined by federal regulations;
1159	(iv) Categories shall identify schools as Reward
1160	("A" schools), Focus ("D" schools) and Priority ("F" schools). If
1161	at least five percent (5%) of schools in the state are not graded
1162	as "F" schools, the lowest five percent (5%) of school grade point
1163	designees will be identified as Priority schools. If at least ter
1164	percent (10%) of schools in the state are not graded as "D"
1165	schools, the lowest ten percent (10%) of school grade point
1166	designees will be identified as Focus schools;
1167	(v) The State Department of Education shall
1168	discontinue the use of Star School, High-Performing, Successful,
1169	Academic Watch, Low-Performing, At-Risk of Failing and Failing
1170	school accountability designations;
1171	(vi) The system shall include the federally
1172	compliant four-year graduation rate in school and school district
1173	accountability system calculations. Graduation rate will apply to
1174	high school and school district accountability ratings as a

1175	compensatory component. The system shall discontinue the use of
1176	the High School Completer Index (HSCI);
1177	(vii) The school and school district
1178	accountability system shall incorporate a standards-based growth
1179	model, in order to support improvement of individual student
1180	learning;
1181	(viii) The State Department of Education shall
1182	discontinue the use of the Quality Distribution Index (QDI);
1183	(ix) The State Department of Education shall
1184	determine feeder patterns of schools that do not earn a school
1185	grade because the grades and subjects taught at the school do not
1186	have statewide standardized assessments needed to calculate a
1187	school grade. Upon determination of the feeder pattern, the
1188	department shall notify schools and school districts prior to the
1189	release of the school grades beginning in 2013. Feeder schools
1190	will be assigned the accountability designation of the school to
1191	which they provide students;
1192	(x) Standards for student, school and school
1193	district performance will be increased when student proficiency is
1194	at a seventy-five percent (75%) and/or when sixty-five percent
1195	(65%) of the schools and/or school districts are earning a grade
1196	of "B" or higher, in order to raise the standard on performance
1197	after targets are met * * *; and
1198	(xi) The system shall include student performance



on the administration of the ACT WorkKeys Assessment, which shall

L200	be weighted in the same percentage as the standard ACT Assessment
L201	as administered to students in Grade 11, for inclusion in the
L202	college and career readiness portion of the accountability rating
L203	system. The State Department of Education shall ensure equitable
L204	distribution of points under the accountability rating, in
L205	comparison to the ACT Assessment, for a Silver Status on the ACT
L206	WorkKeys Assessment. A student shall not be required to complete
L207	all of the courses within his or her career pathway for his or her
L208	performance on the ACT WorkKeys Assessment to be included in the
L209	system.

- 1210 (6) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to require a

 1211 nonpublic school that receives no local, state or federal funds

 1212 for support to become accredited by the State Board of Education.
- 1213 (7) The State Board of Education shall create an

 1214 accreditation audit unit under the Commission on School

 1215 Accreditation to determine whether schools are complying with

 1216 accreditation standards.
- 1217 (8) The State Board of Education shall be specifically
 1218 authorized and empowered to withhold adequate education program
 1219 fund allocations, whichever is applicable, to any public school
 1220 district for failure to timely report student, school personnel
 1221 and fiscal data necessary to meet state and/or federal
 1222 requirements.
- 1223 (9) [Deleted]



1224	(10) The State Board of Education shall establish, for those
1225	school districts failing to meet accreditation standards, a
1226	program of development to be complied with in order to receive
1227	state funds, except as otherwise provided in subsection (15) of
1228	this section when the Governor has declared a state of emergency
1229	in a school district or as otherwise provided in Section 206,
1230	Mississippi Constitution of 1890. The state board, in
1231	establishing these standards, shall provide for notice to schools
1232	and sufficient time and aid to enable schools to attempt to meet
1233	these standards, unless procedures under subsection (15) of this
1234	section have been invoked.

- 1235 (11) Beginning July 1, 1998, the State Board of Education 1236 shall be charged with the implementation of the program of 1237 development in each applicable school district as follows:
- 1238 (a) Develop an impairment report for each district
 1239 failing to meet accreditation standards in conjunction with school
 1240 district officials;
- 1241 (b) Notify any applicable school district failing to 1242 meet accreditation standards that it is on probation until 1243 corrective actions are taken or until the deficiencies have been 1244 removed. The local school district shall develop a corrective 1245 action plan to improve its deficiencies. For district academic 1246 deficiencies, the corrective action plan for each such school district shall be based upon a complete analysis of the following: 1247 1248 student test data, student grades, student attendance reports,



1249 student dropout data, existence and other relevant data. 1250 corrective action plan shall describe the specific measures to be 1251 taken by the particular school district and school to improve: 1252 (i) instruction; (ii) curriculum; (iii) professional development; 1253 (iv) personnel and classroom organization; (v) student incentives 1254 for performance; (vi) process deficiencies; and (vii) reporting to 1255 the local school board, parents and the community. The corrective 1256 action plan shall describe the specific individuals responsible 1257 for implementing each component of the recommendation and how each 1258 will be evaluated. All corrective action plans shall be provided 1259 to the State Board of Education as may be required. The decision 1260 of the State Board of Education establishing the probationary 1261 period of time shall be final; 1262 Offer, during the probationary period, technical 1263 assistance to the school district in making corrective actions. 1264 Beginning July 1, 1998, subject to the availability of funds, the 1265 State Department of Education shall provide technical and/or financial assistance to all such school districts in order to 1266 1267 implement each measure identified in that district's corrective 1268 action plan through professional development and on-site 1269 assistance. Each such school district shall apply for and utilize 1270 all available federal funding in order to support its corrective 1271 action plan in addition to state funds made available under this 1272 paragraph;



1273	(d) Assign department personnel or contract, in its
1274	discretion, with the institutions of higher learning or other
1275	appropriate private entities with experience in the academic,
1276	finance and other operational functions of schools to assist
1277	school districts;

- (e) Provide for publication of public notice at least one time during the probationary period, in a newspaper published within the jurisdiction of the school district failing to meet accreditation standards, or if no newspaper is published therein, then in a newspaper having a general circulation therein. The publication shall include the following: declaration of school system's status as being on probation; all details relating to the impairment report; and other information as the State Board of Education deems appropriate. Public notices issued under this section shall be subject to Section 13-3-31 and not contrary to other laws regarding newspaper publication.
- (12) (a) If the recommendations for corrective action are not taken by the local school district or if the deficiencies are not removed by the end of the probationary period, the Commission on School Accreditation shall conduct a hearing to allow the affected school district to present evidence or other reasons why its accreditation should not be withdrawn. Additionally, if the local school district violates accreditation standards that have been determined by the policies and procedures of the State Board of Education to be a basis for withdrawal of school district's



1298 accreditation without a probationary period, the Commission on 1299 School Accreditation shall conduct a hearing to allow the affected 1300 school district to present evidence or other reasons why its 1301 accreditation should not be withdrawn. After its consideration of 1302 the results of the hearing, the Commission on School Accreditation 1303 shall be authorized, with the approval of the State Board of 1304 Education, to withdraw the accreditation of a public school 1305 district, and issue a request to the Governor that a state of 1306 emergency be declared in that district.

(b) If the State Board of Education and the Commission on School Accreditation determine that an extreme emergency situation exists in a school district that jeopardizes the safety, security or educational interests of the children enrolled in the schools in that district and that emergency situation is believed to be related to a serious violation or violations of accreditation standards or state or federal law, or when a school district meets the State Board of Education's definition of a failing school district for two (2) consecutive full school years, or if more than fifty percent (50%) of the schools within the school district are designated as Schools At-Risk in any one (1) year, the State Board of Education may request the Governor to declare a state of emergency in that school district. For purposes of this paragraph, the declarations of a state of emergency shall not be limited to those instances when a school district's impairments are related to a lack of financial



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1323	resources, but also shall include serious failure to meet minimum
1324	academic standards, as evidenced by a continued pattern of poor
1325	student performance.

- 1326 (c) Whenever the Governor declares a state of emergency
 1327 in a school district in response to a request made under paragraph
 1328 (a) or (b) of this subsection, the State Board of Education may
 1329 take one or more of the following actions:
- 1330 Declare a state of emergency, under which some (i) 1331 or all of state funds can be escrowed except as otherwise provided in Section 206, Constitution of 1890, until the board determines 1332 1333 corrective actions are being taken or the deficiencies have been removed, or that the needs of students warrant the release of 1334 1335 The funds may be released from escrow for any program which the board determines to have been restored to standard even 1336 1337 though the state of emergency may not as yet be terminated for the 1338 district as a whole;
- 1339 (ii) Override any decision of the local school
 1340 board or superintendent of education, or both, concerning the
 1341 management and operation of the school district, or initiate and
 1342 make decisions concerning the management and operation of the
 1343 school district;
- 1344 (iii) Assign an interim superintendent, or in its 1345 discretion, contract with a private entity with experience in the 1346 academic, finance and other operational functions of schools and



school districts, who will have those powers and duties prescribed in subsection (15) of this section;

(iv) Grant transfers to students who attend this

school district so that they may attend other accredited schools or districts in a manner that is not in violation of state or federal law;

(v) For states of emergency declared under paragraph (a) only, if the accreditation deficiencies are related to the fact that the school district is too small, with too few resources, to meet the required standards and if another school district is willing to accept those students, abolish that district and assign that territory to another school district or districts. If the school district has proposed a voluntary consolidation with another school district or districts, then if the State Board of Education finds that it is in the best interest of the pupils of the district for the consolidation to proceed, the voluntary consolidation shall have priority over any such assignment of territory by the State Board of Education;

(vi) For states of emergency declared under paragraph (b) only, reduce local supplements paid to school district employees, including, but not limited to, instructional personnel, assistant teachers and extracurricular activities personnel, if the district's impairment is related to a lack of financial resources, but only to an extent that will result in the



salaries being comparable to districts similarly situated, as determined by the State Board of Education;

(vii) For states of emergency declared under paragraph (b) only, the State Board of Education may take any action as prescribed in Section 37-17-13.

1376 (d) At the time that satisfactory corrective action has
1377 been taken in a school district in which a state of emergency has
1378 been declared, the State Board of Education may request the
1379 Governor to declare that the state of emergency no longer exists
1380 in the district.

1381 The parent or legal guardian of a school-age child who is enrolled in a school district whose accreditation has been 1382 1383 withdrawn by the Commission on School Accreditation and without approval of that school district may file a petition in writing to 1384 1385 a school district accredited by the Commission on School 1386 Accreditation for a legal transfer. The school district 1387 accredited by the Commission on School Accreditation may grant the 1388 transfer according to the procedures of Section 37-15-31(1)(b). 1389 In the event the accreditation of the student's home district is 1390 restored after a transfer has been approved, the student may 1391 continue to attend the transferee school district. The per-pupil 1392 amount of the adequate education program allotment, including the 1393 collective "add-on program" costs for the student's home school 1394 district shall be transferred monthly to the school district



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L396	granted t	the t	ransfer	of t	he :	scho	ol-age	child.		

- 1397 (f) Upon the declaration of a state of emergency for
 1398 any school district in which the Governor has previously declared
 1399 a state of emergency, the State Board of Education may either:
- 1400 (i) Place the school district into district 1401 transformation, in which the school district shall remain until it has fulfilled all conditions related to district transformation. 1402 1403 If the district was assigned an accreditation rating of "D" or "F" 1404 when placed into district transformation, the district shall be 1405 eligible to return to local control when the school district has 1406 attained a "C" rating or higher for five (5) consecutive years, 1407 unless the State Board of Education determines that the district is eligible to return to local control in less than the five-year 1408 1409 period;
- 1410 (ii) Abolish the school district and
 1411 administratively consolidate the school district with one or more
 1412 existing school districts;
- 1413 (iii) Reduce the size of the district and
 1414 administratively consolidate parts of the district, as determined
 1415 by the State Board of Education. However, no school district
 1416 which is not in district transformation shall be required to
 1417 accept additional territory over the objection of the district; or
- 1418 (iv) Require the school district to develop and 1419 implement a district improvement plan with prescriptive guidance



1420 and support from the State Department of Education, with the goal 1421 of helping the district improve student achievement. Failure of 1422 the school board, superintendent and school district staff to 1423 implement the plan with fidelity and participate in the activities 1424 provided as support by the department shall result in the school 1425 district retaining its eligibility for district transformation. 1426 There is established a Mississippi Recovery School 1427 District within the State Department of Education under the 1428 supervision of a deputy superintendent appointed by the State 1429 Superintendent of Public Education, who is subject to the approval 1430 by the State Board of Education. The Mississippi Recovery School 1431 District shall provide leadership and oversight of all school 1432 districts that are subject to district transformation status, as defined in Chapters 17 and 18, Title 37, Mississippi Code of 1972, 1433 1434 and shall have all the authority granted under these two (2) 1435 chapters. The Mississippi Department of Education, with the 1436 approval of the State Board of Education, shall develop policies 1437 for the operation and management of the Mississippi Recovery 1438 School District. The deputy state superintendent is responsible for the Mississippi Recovery School District and shall be 1439 1440 authorized to oversee the administration of the Mississippi 1441 Recovery School District, oversee the interim superintendent 1442 assigned by the State Board of Education to a local school 1443 district, hear appeals that would normally be filed by students,



parents or employees and heard by a local school board, which

1445 hearings on appeal shall be conducted in a prompt and timely 1446 manner in the school district from which the appeal originated in order to ensure the ability of appellants, other parties and 1447 1448 witnesses to appeal without undue burden of travel costs or loss 1449 of time from work, and perform other related duties as assigned by 1450 the State Superintendent of Public Education. The deputy state 1451 superintendent is responsible for the Mississippi Recovery School 1452 District and shall determine, based on rigorous professional 1453 qualifications set by the State Board of Education, the 1454 appropriate individuals to be engaged to be interim 1455 superintendents and financial advisors, if applicable, of all school districts subject to district transformation status. After 1456 1457 State Board of Education approval, these individuals shall be 1458 deemed independent contractors.

(13) Upon the declaration of a state of emergency in a school district under subsection (12) of this section, the Commission on School Accreditation shall be responsible for public notice at least once a week for at least three (3) consecutive weeks in a newspaper published within the jurisdiction of the school district failing to meet accreditation standards, or if no newspaper is published therein, then in a newspaper having a general circulation therein. The size of the notice shall be no smaller than one-fourth (1/4) of a standard newspaper page and shall be printed in bold print. If an interim superintendent has been appointed for the school district, the notice shall begin as



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follows: "By authority of Section 37-17-6, Mississippi Code of 1471 1972, as amended, adopted by the Mississippi Legislature during the 1991 Regular Session, this school district (name of school district) is hereby placed under the jurisdiction of the State Department of Education acting through its appointed interim superintendent)."

The notice also shall include, in the discretion of the State Board of Education, any or all details relating to the school district's emergency status, including the declaration of a state of emergency in the school district and a description of the district's impairment deficiencies, conditions of any district transformation status and corrective actions recommended and being taken. Public notices issued under this section shall be subject to Section 13-3-31 and not contrary to other laws regarding newspaper publication.

Upon termination of the state of emergency in a school district, the Commission on School Accreditation shall cause notice to be published in the school district in the same manner provided in this section, to include any or all details relating to the corrective action taken in the school district that resulted in the termination of the state of emergency.

1491 (14) The State Board of Education or the Commission on 1492 School Accreditation shall have the authority to require school 1493 districts to produce the necessary reports, correspondence,



1494 financial statements, and any other documents and information 1495 necessary to fulfill the requirements of this section.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to grant any individual, corporation, board or interim superintendent the authority to levy taxes except in accordance with presently existing statutory provisions.

(15) (a) Whenever the Governor declares a state of emergency in a school district in response to a request made under subsection (12) of this section, the State Board of Education, in its discretion, may assign an interim superintendent to the school district, or in its discretion, may contract with an appropriate private entity with experience in the academic, finance and other operational functions of schools and school districts, who will be responsible for the administration, management and operation of the school district, including, but not limited to, the following activities:

(i) Approving or disapproving all financial obligations of the district, including, but not limited to, the employment, termination, nonrenewal and reassignment of all licensed and nonlicensed personnel, contractual agreements and purchase orders, and approving or disapproving all claim dockets and the issuance of checks; in approving or disapproving employment contracts of superintendents, assistant superintendents or principals, the interim superintendent shall not be required to



- 1518 comply with the time limitations prescribed in Sections 37-9-15
- 1519 and 37-9-105;
- 1520 (ii) Supervising the day-to-day activities of the
- 1521 district's staff, including reassigning the duties and
- 1522 responsibilities of personnel in a manner which, in the
- 1523 determination of the interim superintendent, will best suit the
- 1524 needs of the district;
- 1525 (iii) Reviewing the district's total financial
- 1526 obligations and operations and making recommendations to the
- 1527 district for cost savings, including, but not limited to,
- 1528 reassigning the duties and responsibilities of staff;
- 1529 (iv) Attending all meetings of the district's
- 1530 school board and administrative staff;
- 1531 (v) Approving or disapproving all athletic, band
- 1532 and other extracurricular activities and any matters related to
- 1533 those activities:
- 1534 (vi) Maintaining a detailed account of
- 1535 recommendations made to the district and actions taken in response
- 1536 to those recommendations;
- 1537 (vii) Reporting periodically to the State Board of
- 1538 Education on the progress or lack of progress being made in the
- 1539 district to improve the district's impairments during the state of
- 1540 emergency; and
- 1541 (viii) Appointing a parent advisory committee,
- 1542 comprised of parents of students in the school district that may



make recommendations to the interim superintendent concerning the administration, management and operation of the school district.

The cost of the salary of the interim superintendent and any 1545 1546 other actual and necessary costs related to district 1547 transformation status paid by the State Department of Education 1548 shall be reimbursed by the local school district from funds other 1549 than adequate education program funds. The department shall 1550 submit an itemized statement to the superintendent of the local 1551 school district for reimbursement purposes, and any unpaid balance 1552 may be withheld from the district's adequate education program 1553 funds.

At the time that the Governor, in accordance with the request of the State Board of Education, declares that the state of emergency no longer exists in a school district, the powers and responsibilities of the interim superintendent assigned to the district shall cease.

1559 In order to provide loans to school districts under (b) 1560 a state of emergency or in district transformation status that 1561 have impairments related to a lack of financial resources, the 1562 School District Emergency Assistance Fund is created as a special 1563 fund in the State Treasury into which monies may be transferred or 1564 appropriated by the Legislature from any available public 1565 education funds. Funds in the School District Emergency Assistance Fund up to a maximum balance of Three Million Dollars 1566 (\$3,000,000.00) annually shall not lapse but shall be available 1567



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1568 for expenditure in subsequent years subject to approval of the 1569 State Board of Education. Any amount in the fund in excess of Three Million Dollars (\$3,000,000.00) at the end of the fiscal 1570 1571 year shall lapse into the State General Fund or the Education 1572 Enhancement Fund, depending on the source of the fund. 1573 The State Board of Education may loan monies from the School 1574 District Emergency Assistance Fund to a school district that is 1575 under a state of emergency or in district transformation status, in those amounts, as determined by the board, that are necessary 1576 1577 to correct the district's impairments related to a lack of 1578 financial resources. The loans shall be evidenced by an agreement between the school district and the State Board of Education and 1579 1580 shall be repayable in principal, without necessity of interest, to 1581 the School District Emergency Assistance Fund by the school 1582 district from any allowable funds that are available. The total 1583 amount loaned to the district shall be due and payable within five 1584 (5) years after the impairments related to a lack of financial resources are corrected. If a school district fails to make 1585 1586 payments on the loan in accordance with the terms of the agreement 1587 between the district and the State Board of Education, the State 1588 Department of Education, in accordance with rules and regulations 1589 established by the State Board of Education, may withhold that 1590 district's adequate education program funds in an amount and



manner that will effectuate repayment consistent with the terms of

the agreement; the funds withheld by the department shall be deposited into the School District Emergency Assistance Fund.

The State Board of Education shall develop a protocol that will outline the performance standards and requisite timeline deemed necessary for extreme emergency measures. If the State Board of Education determines that an extreme emergency exists, simultaneous with the powers exercised in this subsection, it shall take immediate action against all parties responsible for the affected school districts having been determined to be in an extreme emergency. The action shall include, but not be limited to, initiating civil actions to recover funds and criminal actions to account for criminal activity. Any funds recovered by the State Auditor or the State Board of Education from the surety bonds of school officials or from any civil action brought under this subsection shall be applied toward the repayment of any loan made to a school district hereunder.

any school district resigns from office, the State Board of Education shall be authorized to assign an interim superintendent, who shall be responsible for the administration, management and operation of the school district until the time as new board members are selected or the Governor declares a state of emergency in that school district under subsection (12), whichever occurs first. In that case, the State Board of Education, acting through the interim superintendent, shall have all powers which were held



by the previously existing school board, and may take any action as prescribed in Section 37-17-13 and/or one or more of the actions authorized in this section.

1620 (17)(a) If the Governor declares a state of emergency in a 1621 school district, the State Board of Education may take all such 1622 action pertaining to that school district as is authorized under 1623 subsection (12) or (15) of this section, including the appointment 1624 of an interim superintendent. The State Board of Education shall 1625 also have the authority to issue a written request with 1626 documentation to the Governor asking that the office of the 1627 superintendent of the school district be subject to recall. Ιf the Governor declares that the office of the superintendent of the 1628 1629 school district is subject to recall, the local school board or 1630 the county election commission, as the case may be, shall take the following action: 1631

(i) If the office of superintendent is an elected office, in those years in which there is no general election, the name shall be submitted by the State Board of Education to the county election commission, and the county election commission shall submit the question at a special election to the voters eligible to vote for the office of superintendent within the county, and the special election shall be held within sixty (60) days from notification by the State Board of Education. The ballot shall read substantially as follows:



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1642	name of the superintendent shall be inserted) of the
1643	(here the title of the school district shall be inserted) be
1644	retained in office? Yes No"
1645	If a majority of those voting on the question votes against
1646	retaining the superintendent in office, a vacancy shall exist
1647	which shall be filled in the manner provided by law; otherwise,
1648	the superintendent shall remain in office for the term of that
1649	office, and at the expiration of the term shall be eligible for
1650	qualification and election to another term or terms.
1651	(ii) If the office of superintendent is an
1652	appointive office, the name of the superintendent shall be
1653	submitted by the president of the local school board at the next
1654	regular meeting of the school board for retention in office or
1655	dismissal from office. If a majority of the school board voting
1656	on the question vote against retaining the superintendent in
1657	office, a vacancy shall exist which shall be filled as provided by
1658	law, otherwise the superintendent shall remain in office for the
1659	duration of his employment contract.
1660	(b) The State Board of Education may issue a written
1661	request with documentation to the Governor asking that the
1662	membership of the school board of the school district shall be
1663	subject to recall. Whenever the Governor declares that the
1664	membership of the school board is subject to recall, the county

"Shall County Superintendent of Education _____ (here the



1665 election commission or the local governing authorities, as the 1666 case may be, shall take the following action: 1667 If the members of the local school board are (i) 1668 elected to office, in those years in which the specific member's 1669 office is not up for election, the name of the school board member 1670 shall be submitted by the State Board of Education to the county 1671 election commission, and the county election commission at a 1672 special election shall submit the question to the voters eligible to vote for the particular member's office within the county or 1673 1674 school district, as the case may be, and the special election 1675 shall be held within sixty (60) days from notification by the State Board of Education. The ballot shall read substantially as 1676 1677 follows: 1678 "Members of the (here the title of the school 1679 district shall be inserted) School Board who are not up for 1680 election this year are subject to recall because of the school 1681 district's failure to meet critical accountability standards as defined in the letter of notification to the Governor from the 1682 1683 State Board of Education. Shall the member of the school board representing this area, (here the name of the school 1684 1685 board member holding the office shall be inserted), be retained in office? Yes _____ No " 1686 1687 If a majority of those voting on the question vote against 1688 retaining the member of the school board in office, a vacancy in 1689 that board member's office shall exist, which shall be filled in

the manner provided by law; otherwise, the school board member shall remain in office for the term of that office, and at the expiration of the term of office, the member shall be eliqible for qualification and election to another term or terms of office. However, if a majority of the school board members are recalled in the special election, the Governor shall authorize the board of supervisors of the county in which the school district is situated to appoint members to fill the offices of the members recalled. The board of supervisors shall make those appointments in the manner provided by law for filling vacancies on the school board, and the appointed members shall serve until the office is filled at the next regular special election or general election. (ii) If the local school board is an appointed school board, the name of all school board members shall be submitted as a collective board by the president of the municipal or county governing authority, as the case may be, at the next regular meeting of the governing authority for retention in office or dismissal from office. If a majority of the governing authority voting on the question vote against retaining the board in office, a vacancy shall exist in each school board member's office, which shall be filled as provided by law; otherwise, the members of the appointed school board shall remain in office for the duration of their term of appointment, and those members may



be reappointed.

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- (iii) If the local school board is comprised of
 both elected and appointed members, the elected members shall be
 subject to recall in the manner provided in subparagraph (i) of
 this paragraph (b), and the appointed members shall be subject to
 recall in the manner provided in subparagraph (ii).
- 1719 (18) Beginning with the school district audits conducted for
 1720 the 1997-1998 fiscal year, the State Board of Education, acting
 1721 through the Commission on School Accreditation, shall require each
 1722 school district to comply with standards established by the State
 1723 Department of Audit for the verification of fixed assets and the
 1724 auditing of fixed assets records as a minimum requirement for
 1725 accreditation.
- 1726 (19) Before December 1, 1999, the State Board of Education
 1727 shall recommend a program to the Education Committees of the House
 1728 of Representatives and the Senate for identifying and rewarding
 1729 public schools that improve or are high performing. The program
 1730 shall be described by the board in a written report, which shall
 1731 include criteria and a process through which improving schools and
 1732 high-performing schools will be identified and rewarded.
- The State Superintendent of Public Education and the State
 Board of Education also shall develop a comprehensive
 accountability plan to ensure that local school boards,
 superintendents, principals and teachers are held accountable for
 student achievement. A written report on the accountability plan
 shall be submitted to the Education Committees of both houses of



- the Legislature before December 1, 1999, with any necessary legislative recommendations.
- 1741 (20) Before January 1, 2008, the State Board of Education 1742 shall evaluate and submit a recommendation to the Education 1743 Committees of the House of Representatives and the Senate on 1744 inclusion of graduation rate and dropout rate in the school level
- 1746 (21) If a local school district is determined as failing and placed into district transformation status for reasons authorized 1747 1748 by the provisions of this section, the interim superintendent 1749 appointed to the district shall, within forty-five (45) days after being appointed, present a detailed and structured corrective 1750 1751 action plan to move the local school district out of district 1752 transformation status to the deputy superintendent. A copy of the 1753 interim superintendent's corrective action plan shall also be 1754 filed with the State Board of Education.
- 1755 SECTION 12. Beginning with the 2021-2022 academic year, the 1756 State Board of Education, acting through the Commission on Teacher 1757 and Administrator Education, Certification and Licensure and Development, and in conjunction with the Board of Trustees of 1758 1759 State Institutions of Higher Learning, shall require each educator 1760 preparation program in the state to include, as part of its curriculum, a Praxis Core Academic Skills for Educators 1761 1762 examination and a Praxis II examination course of study, which 1763 shall serve as a preparatory review course with emphasis on the



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accountability system.

1764	concepts and exam skills necessary for success on the exam, and
1765	reinforces students' knowledge through thought-provoking examples
1766	and Praxis exam questions. Upon completion of the course,
1767	students shall have mastered concepts as they are tested so that
1768	students can excel within the time constraints of the exam."

