## Adopted AMENDMENT NO 1 PROPOSED TO

## Cmte Sub for House Bill No. 536

## BY: Representative Bell (21st)

- 1 **AMEND** by striking Section 7 through Section 12 in their
- 2 entirety and renumbering the succeeding sections.
- 3 **SECTION 7.** Section 37-15-38, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 4 brought forward as follows:
- 5 37-15-38. (1) The following phrases have the meanings
- 6 ascribed in this section unless the context clearly requires
- 7 otherwise:
- 8 (a) A dual enrolled student is a student who is
- 9 enrolled in a community or junior college or state institution of
- 10 higher learning while enrolled in high school.
- 11 (b) A dual credit student is a student who is enrolled
- 12 in a community or junior college or state institution of higher



- learning while enrolled in high school and who is receiving high school and college credit for postsecondary coursework.
- 15 (2) A local school board, the Board of Trustees of State
  16 Institutions of Higher Learning and the Mississippi Community
  17 College Board shall establish a dual enrollment system under which
  18 students in the school district who meet the prescribed criteria
  19 of this section may be enrolled in a postsecondary institution in
  20 Mississippi while they are still in school.
- 21 (3) **Dual credit eligibility.** Before credits earned by a 22 qualified high school student from a community or junior college 23 or state institution of higher learning may be transferred to the 24 student's home school district, the student must be properly 25 enrolled in a dual enrollment program.
  - (4) Admission criteria for dual enrollment in community and junior college or university programs. The Mississippi Community College Board and the Board of Trustees of State Institutions of Higher Learning may recommend to the State Board of Education admission criteria for dual enrollment programs under which high school students may enroll at a community or junior college or university while they are still attending high school and enrolled in high school courses. Students may be admitted to enroll in community or junior college courses under the dual enrollment programs if they meet that individual institution's stated dual enrollment admission requirements.



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- 37 Tuition and cost responsibility. Tuition and costs for 38 university-level courses and community and junior college courses offered under a dual enrollment program may be paid for by the 39 postsecondary institution, the local school district, the parents 40 41 or legal guardians of the student, or by grants, foundations or 42 other private or public sources. Payment for tuition and any 43 other costs must be made directly to the credit-granting 44 institution.
- 45 (6) **Transportation responsibility**. Any transportation
  46 required by a student to participate in the dual enrollment
  47 program is the responsibility of the parent, custodian or legal
  48 guardian of the student. Transportation costs may be paid from
  49 any available public or private sources, including the local
  50 school district.
  - (7) School district average daily attendance credit. When dually enrolled, the student may be counted, for adequate education program funding purposes, in the average daily attendance of the public school district in which the student attends high school.
- (8) High school student transcript transfer requirements.

  Grades and college credits earned by a student admitted to a dual

  credit program must be recorded on the high school student record

  and on the college transcript at the university or community or

  junior college where the student attends classes. The transcript

  of the university or community or junior college coursework may be



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released to another institution or applied toward college graduation requirements.

university or community or junior college.

- (9) Determining factor of prerequisites for dual enrollment courses. Each university and community or junior college participating in a dual enrollment program shall determine course prerequisites. Course prerequisites shall be the same for dual enrolled students as for regularly enrolled students at that
  - between high school, university, and community and junior college courses. All dual credit courses must meet the standards established at the postsecondary level. Postsecondary level developmental courses may not be considered as meeting the requirements of the dual credit program. Dual credit memorandum of understandings must be established between each postsecondary institution and the school district implementing a dual credit program.
- 79 (11) [Deleted]

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80 (12) Eligible courses for dual credit programs. Courses
81 eligible for dual credit include, but are not necessarily limited
82 to, foreign languages, advanced math courses, advanced science
83 courses, performing arts, advanced business and technology, and
84 career and technical courses. Distance Learning Collaborative
85 Program courses approved under Section 37-67-1 shall be fully
86 eligible for dual credit. All courses being considered for dual



- 87 credit must receive unconditional approval from the superintendent
- 88 of the local school district and the chief instructional officer
- 89 at the participating community or junior college or university in
- 90 order for college credit to be awarded. A university or community
- 91 or junior college shall make the final decision on what courses
- 92 are eligible for semester hour credits.
- 93 (13) **High school Carnegie unit equivalency.** One (1)
- 94 three-hour university or community or junior college course is
- 95 equal to one (1) high school Carnegie unit.
- 96 (14) Course alignment. The universities, community and
- 97 junior colleges and the State Department of Education shall
- 98 periodically review their respective policies and assess the place
- 99 of dual credit courses within the context of their traditional
- 100 offerings.
- 101 (15) Maximum dual credits allowed. It is the intent of the
- 102 dual enrollment program to make it possible for every eligible
- 103 student who desires to earn a semester's worth of college credit
- 104 in high school to do so. A qualified dually enrolled high school
- 105 student must be allowed to earn an unlimited number of college or
- 106 university credits for dual credit.
- 107 (16) **Dual credit program allowances.** A student may be
- 108 granted credit delivered through the following means:
- 109 (a) Examination preparation taught at a high school by
- 110 a qualified teacher. A student may receive credit at the
- 111 secondary level after completion of an approved course and passing



- 112 the standard examination, such as an Advanced Placement or
- 113 International Baccalaureate course through which a high school
- 114 student is allowed CLEP credit by making a three (3) or higher on
- 115 the end-of-course examination.
- 116 (b) College or university courses taught at a high
- 117 school or designated postsecondary site by a qualified teacher who
- 118 is an employee of the school district and approved as an
- instructor by the collaborating college or university.
- 120 (c) College or university courses taught at a college,
- 121 university or high school by an instructor employed by the college
- 122 or university and approved by the collaborating school district.
- 123 (d) Online courses of any public university, community
- 124 or junior college in Mississippi.
- 125 (17) Qualifications of dual credit instructors. A dual
- 126 credit academic instructor must meet the requirements set forth by
- 127 the regional accrediting association (Southern Association of
- 128 College and Schools). University and community and junior college
- 129 personnel have the sole authority in the selection of dual credit
- 130 instructors.
- 131 A dual credit career and technical education instructor must
- 132 meet the requirements set forth by the Mississippi Community
- 133 College Board in the qualifications manual for postsecondary
- 134 career and technical personnel.
- 135 (18) Guidance on local agreements. The Chief Academic
- 136 Officer of the State Board of Trustees of State Institutions of



137	Higher Learning and the Chief Instructional Officers of the
138	Mississippi Community College Board and the State Department of
139	Education, working collaboratively, shall develop a template to be
140	used by the individual community and junior colleges and
141	institutions of higher learning for consistent implementation of
142	the dual enrollment program throughout the State of Mississippi.
143	(19) Mississippi Works Dual Enrollment-Dual Credit Option.
144	A local school board and the local community colleges board shall
145	establish a Mississippi Works Dual Enrollment-Dual Credit Option
146	Program under which potential or recent student dropouts may
147	dually enroll in their home school and a local community college
148	in a dual credit program consisting of high school completion
149	coursework and a community college credential, certificate or
150	degree program. Students completing the dual enrollment-credit
151	option may obtain their high school diploma while obtaining a
152	community college credential, certificate or degree. The
153	Mississippi Department of Employment Security shall assist
154	students who have successfully completed the Mississippi Works
155	Dual Enrollment-Dual Credit Option in securing a job upon the
156	application of the student or the participating school or
157	community college. The Mississippi Works Dual Enrollment-Dual
158	Credit Option Program will be implemented statewide in the
159	2012-2013 school year and thereafter. The State Board of
160	Education, local school board and the local community college
161	board shall establish criteria for the Dual Enrollment-Dual Credit



162	Program. Students enrolled in the program will not be eligible to
163	participate in interscholastic sports or other extracurricular
164	activities at the home school district. Tuition and costs for
165	community college courses offered under the Dual Enrollment-Dual
166	Credit Program shall not be charged to the student, parents or
167	legal guardians. When dually enrolled, the student shall be
168	counted for adequate education program funding purposes, in the
169	average daily attendance of the public school district in which
170	the student attends high school, as provided in Section
171	37-151-7(1)(a). Any transportation required by the student to
172	participate in the Dual Enrollment-Dual Credit Program is the
173	responsibility of the parent or legal guardian of the student, and
174	transportation costs may be paid from any available public or
175	private sources, including the local school district. Grades and
176	college credits earned by a student admitted to this Dual
177	Enrollment-Dual Credit Program shall be recorded on the high
178	school student record and on the college transcript at the
179	community college and high school where the student attends
180	classes. The transcript of the community college coursework may
181	be released to another institution or applied toward college
182	graduation requirements. Any course that is required for subject
183	area testing as a requirement for graduation from a public school
184	in Mississippi is eligible for dual credit, and courses eligible
185	for dual credit shall also include career, technical and degree
186	program courses. All courses eligible for dual credit shall be



- 187 approved by the superintendent of the local school district and 188 the chief instructional officer at the participating community 189 college in order for college credit to be awarded. A community 190 college shall make the final decision on what courses are eligible 191 for semester hour credits and the local school superintendent, 192 subject to approval by the Mississippi Department of Education, 193 shall make the final decision on the transfer of college courses 194 credited to the student's high school transcript.
- 195 **SECTION 8.** Section 37-16-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 196 amended as follows:
- 197 37-16-17. (1) Purpose. (a) The purpose of this section is 198 to create a quality option in Mississippi's high schools for 199 students not wishing to pursue a baccalaureate degree, which shall 200 consist of challenging academic courses and modern 201 career-technical studies. The goal for students pursuing the 202 career \* \* \* technical education pathways is to graduate from high 203 school with a standard diploma and credit toward a community college certification in a career-technical field. These students 204 205 also shall be encouraged to take the national assessment in the 206 career-technical field in which they become certified.
- 207 (b) The State Board of Education shall develop and
  208 adopt course and curriculum requirements for career \* \* \*
  209 technical education pathways offered by local public school boards
  210 in accordance with this section. The Mississippi Community
  211 College Board and the State Board of Education jointly shall



- 212 determine course and curriculum requirements for the career \* \* \*
- 213 technical education pathways. The State Board of Education shall
- 214 provide notice to all incoming middle school students and junior
- 215 high students of the career technical education pathways offered
- 216 by local school boards. Such notice shall include the career
- 217 technical education pathways available, the course requirements of
- 218 each pathways, how to enroll in the pathway and any other
- 219 necessary information as determined by the State Board of
- 220 Education.
- 221 (2) \* \* \* Career technical education pathway; description;
- 222 curriculum. (a) A career \* \* \* technical education pathway shall
- 223 provide a student with greater technical skill and a strong
- 224 academic core and shall be offered to each high school student
- 225 enrolled in a public school district. The career \* \* \* technical
- 226 education pathway shall be linked to postsecondary options and
- 227 shall prepare students to pursue either a degree or certification
- 228 from a postsecondary institution, an industry-based training or
- 229 certification, an apprenticeship, the military, or immediate
- 230 entrance into a career field. The career \* \* \* technical
- 231 education pathway shall be designed primarily for those students
- 232 who are not college bound and shall provide them with alternatives
- 233 to entrance into a four-year university or college after high
- 234 school graduation.
- 235 (b) Students pursuing a career \* \* \* technical
- 236 education pathway shall be afforded the opportunity to dually



237	enroll in a community or technical college or to participate in a
238	business internship or work-study program, when such opportunities
239	are available and appropriate.
240	(c) Each public school district shall offer a
241	career * * * technical education pathway approved by the State
242	Board of Education.
243	(d) Students in a career * * * technical education
244	pathway shall complete an academic core of courses and a career
245	and technical sequence of courses.
246	(e) The * * * $\underline{\text{twenty-four (24)}}$ course unit requirements
247	for the career * * * technical education pathway may include, but
248	<pre>not be limited to, the following:</pre>
249	* * *
250	(i) English I;
251	(ii) English II;
252	(iii) Technical writing;
253	(iv) Computer programming;
254	(v) Algebra I;
255	<pre>(vi) Personal Finance;</pre>
256	(vii) Business/construction mathematics;
257	<pre>(viii) Computer science;</pre>
258	(ix) Biology;
259	(x) Earth and Space Science;
260	(xi) U.S. History;
261	(xii) Mississippi Studies/U.S. Government;



262	(xiii) Health;
263	(xiv) Physical Education;
264	(xv) Soft skills, which include, but are not
265	limited to, social graces, communication abilities, language
266	skills, personal habits, cognitive or emotional empathy, time
267	management, teamwork and leadership traits;
268	(xvi) Career technical education pathway courses;
269	and
270	(xvii) Integrated technology.
271	Academic courses within the career * * * technical education
272	pathway of the standard diploma shall provide the knowledge and
273	skill necessary for proficiency on the state subject area tests.
274	(f) The courses provided in paragraph (e) of this
275	subsection may be tailored to the individual needs of the school
276	district as long as the amendments align with the basic course
277	requirements of paragraph (e).
278	(3) Nothing in this section shall disallow the development
279	of a dual enrollment program with a technical college so long as
280	an individual school district, with approval from the State
281	Department of Education, agrees to implement such a program in
282	connection with a technical college and the agreement is also
283	approved by the proprietary school's commission.
284	* * *
285	SECTION 9. Section 37-3-2, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
286	amended as follows:



287	37-3-2. (1) There is established within the State
288	Department of Education the Commission on Teacher and
289	Administrator Education, Certification and Licensure and
290	Development. It shall be the purpose and duty of the commission
291	to make recommendations to the State Board of Education regarding
292	standards for the certification and licensure and continuing
293	professional development of those who teach or perform tasks of an
294	educational nature in the public schools of Mississippi.
295	(2) (a) The commission shall be composed of fifteen (15)
296	qualified members. The membership of the commission shall be
297	composed of the following members to be appointed, three (3) from
298	each of the four (4) congressional districts, as such districts
299	existed on January 1, 2011, in accordance with the population
300	calculations determined by the 2010 federal decennial census,
301	including: four (4) classroom teachers; three (3) school
302	administrators; one (1) representative of schools of education of
303	public institutions of higher learning located within the state to
304	be recommended by the Board of Trustees of State Institutions of
305	Higher Learning; one (1) representative from the schools of
306	education of independent institutions of higher learning to be
307	recommended by the Board of the Mississippi Association of
308	Independent Colleges; one (1) representative from public community
309	and junior colleges located within the state to be recommended by
310	the Mississippi Community College Board; one (1) local school

board member; and four (4) laypersons. Three (3) members of the

- 312 commission, at the sole discretion of the State Board of 313 Education, shall be appointed from the state at large.
- 314 All appointments shall be made by the State Board 315 of Education after consultation with the State Superintendent of 316 Public Education. The first appointments by the State Board of 317 Education shall be made as follows: five (5) members shall be 318 appointed for a term of one (1) year; five (5) members shall be appointed for a term of two (2) years; and five (5) members shall 319 320 be appointed for a term of three (3) years. Thereafter, all members shall be appointed for a term of four (4) years. 321
- 322 (3) The State Board of Education when making appointments
  323 shall designate a chairman. The commission shall meet at least
  324 once every two (2) months or more often if needed. Members of the
  325 commission shall be compensated at a rate of per diem as
  326 authorized by Section 25-3-69 and be reimbursed for actual and
  327 necessary expenses as authorized by Section 25-3-41.
- 328 An appropriate staff member of the State Department (4)(a) of Education shall be designated and assigned by the State 329 330 Superintendent of Public Education to serve as executive secretary 331 and coordinator for the commission. No less than two (2) other 332 appropriate staff members of the State Department of Education 333 shall be designated and assigned by the State Superintendent of Public Education to serve on the staff of the commission. 334
- 335 (b) An Office of Educator Misconduct Evaluations shall 336 be established within the State Department of Education to assist



- 337 the commission in responding to infractions and violations, and in
- 338 conducting hearings and enforcing the provisions of subsections
- 339 (11), (12), (13), (14) and (15) of this section, and violations of
- 340 the Mississippi Educator Code of Ethics.
- 341 (5) It shall be the duty of the commission to:
- 342 (a) Set standards and criteria, subject to the approval
- 343 of the State Board of Education, for all educator preparation
- 344 programs in the state;
- 345 (b) Recommend to the State Board of Education each year
- 346 approval or disapproval of each educator preparation program in
- 347 the state, subject to a process and schedule determined by the
- 348 State Board of Education;
- 349 (c) Establish, subject to the approval of the State
- 350 Board of Education, standards for initial teacher certification
- 351 and licensure in all fields;
- 352 (d) Establish, subject to the approval of the State
- 353 Board of Education, standards for the renewal of teacher licenses
- 354 in all fields:
- 355 (e) Review and evaluate objective measures of teacher
- 356 performance, such as test scores, which may form part of the
- 357 licensure process, and to make recommendations for their use;
- 358 (f) Review all existing requirements for certification
- 359 and licensure;
- 360 (q) Consult with groups whose work may be affected by
- 361 the commission's decisions;



362	(h	h)	Prepar	e i	repor	cts	from	time	to	time on	current	
363	practices ar	nd	issues	in	the	ger	neral	area	of	teacher	education	and
364	certificatio	on	and lic	cens	sure;	;						

- 365 (i) Hold hearings concerning standards for teachers'
  366 and administrators' education and certification and licensure with
  367 approval of the State Board of Education;
- 368 (j) Hire expert consultants with approval of the State 369 Board of Education;
- 370 (k) Set up ad hoc committees to advise on specific 371 areas; and
- 372 (1) Perform such other functions as may fall within 373 their general charge and which may be delegated to them by the 374 State Board of Education.
- 375 Standard License - Approved Program Route. 376 educator entering the school system of Mississippi for the first 377 time and meeting all requirements as established by the State 378 Board of Education shall be granted a standard five-year license. 379 Persons who possess two (2) years of classroom experience as an 380 assistant teacher or who have taught for one (1) year in an 381 accredited public or private school shall be allowed to fulfill 382 student teaching requirements under the supervision of a qualified 383 participating teacher approved by an accredited college of education. The local school district in which the assistant 384 teacher is employed shall compensate such assistant teachers at 385 386 the required salary level during the period of time such



387	individual is completing student teaching requirements.
388	Applicants for a standard license shall submit to the department:
389	(i) An application on a department form;
390	(ii) An official transcript of completion of a
391	teacher education program approved by the department or a
392	nationally accredited program, subject to the following:
393	Licensure to teach in Mississippi prekindergarten through
394	kindergarten classrooms shall require completion of a teacher
395	education program or a Bachelor of Science degree with child
396	development emphasis from a program accredited by the American
397	Association of Family and Consumer Sciences (AAFCS) or by the
398	National Association for Education of Young Children (NAEYC) or by
399	the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education
400	(NCATE). Licensure to teach in Mississippi kindergarten, for
401	those applicants who have completed a teacher education program,
402	and in Grade 1 through Grade 4 shall require the completion of an
403	interdisciplinary program of studies. Licenses for Grades 4
404	through 8 shall require the completion of an interdisciplinary
405	program of studies with two (2) or more areas of concentration.
406	Licensure to teach in Mississippi Grades 7 through 12 shall
407	require a major in an academic field other than education, or a
408	combination of disciplines other than education. Students
409	preparing to teach a subject shall complete a major in the
410	respective subject discipline. All applicants for standard
411	licensure shall demonstrate that such person's college preparation



- 412 in those fields was in accordance with the standards set forth by
- 413 the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education
- 414 (NCATE) or the National Association of State Directors of Teacher
- 415 Education and Certification (NASDTEC) or, for those applicants who
- 416 have a Bachelor of Science degree with child development emphasis,
- 417 the American Association of Family and Consumer Sciences (AAFCS).
- 418 Effective July 1, 2016, for initial elementary education
- 419 licensure, a teacher candidate must earn a passing score on a
- 420 rigorous test of scientifically research-based reading instruction
- 421 and intervention and data-based decision-making principles as
- 422 approved by the State Board of Education;
- 423 (iii) A copy of test scores evidencing
- 424 satisfactory completion of nationally administered examinations of
- 425 achievement, such as the Educational Testing Service's teacher
- 426 testing examinations;
- 427 (iv) Any other document required by the State
- 428 Board of Education; and
- 429 (v) From and after July 1, 2020, no teacher
- 430 candidate shall be licensed to teach in Mississippi who did not
- 431 meet the following criteria for entrance into an approved teacher
- 432 education program:
- 433 1. An ACT Score of twenty-one (21) (or SAT
- 434 equivalent); or



435	2. Achieve a qualifying passing score on the
436	Praxis Core Academic Skills for Educators examination as
437	established by the State Board of Education; or
438	3. A minimum GPA of 3.0 on coursework prior
439	to admission to an approved teacher education program.
440	(b) (i) Standard License - Nontraditional Teaching
441	Route. From and after July 1, 2020, no teacher candidate shall be
442	licensed to teach in Mississippi under the alternate route who did
443	not meet the following criteria:
444	* * $\star$ 1. An ACT Score of twenty-one (21) (or
445	SAT equivalent); or
446	* * $*2.$ Achieve a qualifying passing score
447	on the Praxis Core Academic Skills for Educators examination as
448	established by the State Board of Education; or
449	* * $\frac{3}{2}$ A minimum GPA of 3.0 on coursework
450	prior to admission to an approved teacher education program.
451	(ii) Beginning July 1, 2020, an individual who has
452	attained a passing score on the Praxis Core Academic Skills for
453	Educators or an ACT Score of twenty-one (21) (or SAT equivalent)
454	or a minimum GPA of 3.0 on coursework prior to admission to an
455	approved teacher education program and a passing score on the
456	Praxis Subject Assessment in the requested area of endorsement may
457	apply for admission to the Teach Mississippi Institute (TMI)
458	program to teach students in Grades 7 through 12 if the individual
459	meets the requirements of this paragraph (b). The State Board of



460 Education shall adopt rules requiring that teacher preparation 461 institutions which provide the Teach Mississippi Institute (TMI) 462 program for the preparation of nontraditional teachers shall meet 463 the standards and comply with the provisions of this paragraph. 464 \* \* \*1. The Teach Mississippi Institute 465 (TMI) shall include an intensive eight-week, nine-semester-hour 466 summer program or a curriculum of study in which the student 467 matriculates in the fall or spring semester, which shall include, but not be limited to, instruction in education, effective 468 469 teaching strategies, classroom management, state curriculum requirements, planning and instruction, instructional methods and 470 471 pedagogy, using test results to improve instruction, and a one (1) 472 semester three-hour supervised internship to be completed while 473 the teacher is employed as a full-time teacher intern in a local 474 school district. The TMI shall be implemented on a pilot program 475 basis, with courses to be offered at up to four (4) locations in 476 the state, with one (1) TMI site to be located in each of the 477 three (3) Mississippi Supreme Court districts. 478 \* \* \*2. The school sponsoring the teacher 479 intern shall enter into a written agreement with the institution 480 providing the Teach Mississippi Institute (TMI) program, under 481 terms and conditions as agreed upon by the contracting parties, 482 providing that the school district shall provide teacher interns seeking a nontraditional provisional teaching license with a 483 one-year classroom teaching experience. The teacher intern shall 484

successfully complete the one (1) semester three-hour intensive
internship in the school district during the semester immediately
following successful completion of the TMI and prior to the end of
the one-year classroom teaching experience.

\* \* \*3. Upon completion of the

nine-semester-hour TMI or the fall or spring semester option, the individual shall submit his transcript to the commission for provisional licensure of the intern teacher, and the intern teacher shall be issued a provisional teaching license by the commission, which will allow the individual to legally serve as a teacher while the person completes a nontraditional teacher preparation internship program.

\* \* \*4. During the semester of internship in the school district, the teacher preparation institution shall monitor the performance of the intern teacher. The school district that employs the provisional teacher shall supervise the provisional teacher during the teacher's intern year of employment under a nontraditional provisional license, and shall, in consultation with the teacher intern's mentor at the school district of employment, submit to the commission a comprehensive evaluation of the teacher's performance sixty (60) days prior to the expiration of the nontraditional provisional license. If the comprehensive evaluation establishes that the provisional teacher intern's performance fails to meet the standards of the approved

- 509 nontraditional teacher preparation internship program, the
- 510 individual shall not be approved for a standard license.
- \* \* \*5. An individual issued a provisional
- 512 teaching license under this nontraditional route shall
- 513 successfully complete, at a minimum, a one-year beginning teacher
- 514 mentoring and induction program administered by the employing
- 515 school district with the assistance of the State Department of
- 516 Education.
- \* \* \*6. Upon successful completion of the
- 518 TMI and the internship provisional license period, applicants for
- 519 a Standard License Nontraditional Route shall submit to the
- 520 commission a transcript of successful completion of the twelve
- 521 (12) semester hours required in the internship program, and the
- 522 employing school district shall submit to the commission a
- 523 recommendation for standard licensure of the intern. If the
- 524 school district recommends licensure, the applicant shall be
- 525 issued a Standard License Nontraditional Route which shall be
- 526 valid for a five-year period and be renewable.
- \* \* \*7. At the discretion of the teacher
- 528 preparation institution, the individual shall be allowed to credit
- 529 the twelve (12) semester hours earned in the nontraditional
- 530 teacher internship program toward the graduate hours required for
- 531 a Master of Arts in Teacher (MAT) Degree.
- \* \* \*8. The local school district in which
- 533 the nontraditional teacher intern or provisional licensee is



534 employed shall compensate such teacher interns at Step 1 of the 535 required salary level during the period of time such individual is 536 completing teacher internship requirements and shall compensate 537 such Standard License - Nontraditional Route teachers at Step 3 of 538 the required salary level when they complete license requirements. 539 (iii) Implementation of the TMI program provided 540 for under this paragraph (b) shall be contingent upon the 541 availability of funds appropriated specifically for such purpose 542 by the Legislature. Such implementation of the TMI program may

not be deemed to prohibit the State Board of Education from developing and implementing additional alternative route teacher licensure programs, as deemed appropriate by the board. The emergency certification program in effect prior to July 1, 2002, shall remain in effect.

(iv) A Standard License - Approved Program Route shall be issued for a five-year period, and may be renewed.

Recognizing teaching as a profession, a hiring preference shall be granted to persons holding a Standard License - Approved Program Route or Standard License - Nontraditional Teaching Route over persons holding any other license.

(c) Special License - Expert Citizen. In order to allow a school district to offer specialized or technical courses, the State Department of Education, in accordance with rules and regulations established by the State Board of Education, may grant a \* \* \* five-year expert citizen-teacher license to local business



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559	or other professional personnel to teach in a public school or
560	nonpublic school accredited or approved by the state. Such person
561	shall be required to have a high school diploma, an
562	industry-recognized certification related to the subject area in
563	which they are teaching and a minimum of five (5) years of
564	relevant experience but shall not be required to hold an associate
565	or bachelor's degree, provided that he or she possesses the
566	minimum qualifications required for his or her profession, and may
567	begin teaching upon his employment by the local school board and
568	licensure by the Mississippi Department of Education. <u>If a school</u>
569	board hires a career technical education pathway instructor who
570	does not have an industry certification in his or her area of
571	expertise but does have the required experience, the school board
572	shall spread their decision on the minutes at their next meeting
573	and provide a detailed explanation for why they hired the
574	instructor. Such instructor shall present the minutes of the
575	school board to the State Department of Education when he or she
576	applies for an expert citizen license. The board shall adopt
577	rules and regulations to administer the expert citizen-teacher
578	license. A Special License - Expert Citizen may be renewed in
579	accordance with the established rules and regulations of the State
580	Department of Education.
581	(d) Special License - Nonrenewable. The State Board of

allow those educators not meeting requirements in paragraph (a),

Education is authorized to establish rules and regulations to

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- 584 (b) or (c) of this subsection (6) to be licensed for a period of 585 not more than three (3) years, except by special approval of the 586 State Board of Education.
- 587 Nonlicensed Teaching Personnel. A nonlicensed 588 person may teach for a maximum of three (3) periods per teaching 589 day in a public school district or a nonpublic school 590 accredited/approved by the state. Such person shall submit to the 591 department a transcript or record of his education and experience 592 which substantiates his preparation for the subject to be taught 593 and shall meet other qualifications specified by the commission 594 and approved by the State Board of Education. In no case shall 595 any local school board hire nonlicensed personnel as authorized 596 under this paragraph in excess of five percent (5%) of the total 597 number of licensed personnel in any single school.
- Special License Transitional Bilingual Education. 599 Beginning July 1, 2003, the commission shall grant special 600 licenses to teachers of transitional bilingual education who 601 possess such qualifications as are prescribed in this section. 602 Teachers of transitional bilingual education shall be compensated 603 by local school boards at not less than one (1) step on the 604 regular salary schedule applicable to permanent teachers licensed 605 under this section. The commission shall grant special licenses 606 to teachers of transitional bilingual education who present the commission with satisfactory evidence that they (i) possess a 607



speaking and reading ability in a language, other than English, in

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609 which bilingual education is offered and communicative skills in 610 English; (ii) are in good health and sound moral character; (iii) possess a bachelor's degree or an associate's degree in teacher 611 612 education from an accredited institution of higher education; (iv) 613 meet such requirements as to courses of study, semester hours 614 therein, experience and training as may be required by the 615 commission; and (v) are legally present in the United States and 616 possess legal authorization for employment. A teacher of 617 transitional bilingual education serving under a special license shall be under an exemption from standard licensure if he achieves 618 the requisite qualifications therefor. Two (2) years of service 619 620 by a teacher of transitional bilingual education under such an 621 exemption shall be credited to the teacher in acquiring a Standard 622 Educator License. Nothing in this paragraph shall be deemed to 623 prohibit a local school board from employing a teacher licensed in 624 an appropriate field as approved by the State Department of 625 Education to teach in a program in transitional bilingual 626 education.

(g) In the event any school district meets the highest accreditation standards as defined by the State Board of Education in the accountability system, the State Board of Education, in its discretion, may exempt such school district from any restrictions in paragraph (e) relating to the employment of nonlicensed teaching personnel.



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633	(h) Highly Qualified Teachers. Beginning July 1, 2006,
634	any teacher from any state meeting the federal definition of
635	highly qualified, as described in the No Child Left Behind Act,
636	must be granted a standard five-year license by the State
637	Department of Education.

- (7) Administrator License. The State Board of Education is authorized to establish rules and regulations and to administer the licensure process of the school administrators in the State of Mississippi. There will be four (4) categories of administrator licensure with exceptions only through special approval of the State Board of Education.
- 644 (a) Administrator License Nonpracticing. Those 645 educators holding administrative endorsement but having no 646 administrative experience or not serving in an administrative 647 position on January 15, 1997.
- 648 (b) Administrator License Entry Level. Those 649 educators holding administrative endorsement and having met the 650 department's qualifications to be eligible for employment in a 651 Mississippi school district. Administrator License - Entry Level 652 shall be issued for a five-year period and shall be nonrenewable.
- 653 (c) **Standard Administrator License Career Level.** An administrator who has met all the requirements of the department for standard administrator licensure.
- 656 (d) Administrator License Nontraditional Route. The 657 board may establish a nontraditional route for licensing



administrative personnel. Such nontraditional route for administrative licensure shall be available for persons holding, but not limited to, a master of business administration degree, a master of public administration degree, a master of public planning and policy degree or a doctor of jurisprudence degree from an accredited college or university, with five (5) years of administrative or supervisory experience. Successful completion of the requirements of alternate route licensure for administrators shall qualify the person for a standard administrator license.

Individuals seeking school administrator licensure under paragraph (b), (c) or (d) shall successfully complete a training program and an assessment process prescribed by the State Board of Education. All applicants for school administrator licensure shall meet all requirements prescribed by the department under paragraph (b), (c) or (d), and the cost of the assessment process required shall be paid by the applicant.

(8) Reciprocity. (a) The department shall grant a standard license to any individual who possesses a valid standard license from another state and meets minimum Mississippi license requirements or equivalent requirements as determined by the State Board of Education. The issuance of a license by reciprocity to a military-trained applicant or military spouse shall be subject to the provisions of Section 73-50-1.



- The department shall grant a nonrenewable special license to any individual who possesses a credential which is less than a standard license or certification from another state. Such special license shall be valid for the current school year plus one (1) additional school year to expire on June 30 of the second year, not to exceed a total period of twenty-four (24) months, during which time the applicant shall be required to complete the requirements for a standard license in Mississippi.
  - of Education is authorized to establish rules and regulations for the renewal and reinstatement of educator and administrator licenses. Effective May 15, 1997, the valid standard license held by an educator shall be extended five (5) years beyond the expiration date of the license in order to afford the educator adequate time to fulfill new renewal requirements established pursuant to this subsection. An educator completing a master of education, educational specialist or doctor of education degree in May 1997 for the purpose of upgrading the educator's license to a higher class shall be given this extension of five (5) years plus five (5) additional years for completion of a higher degree.
  - (10) All controversies involving the issuance, revocation, suspension or any change whatsoever in the licensure of an educator required to hold a license shall be initially heard in a hearing de novo, by the commission or by a subcommittee established by the commission and composed of commission members,



707 or by a hearing officer retained and appointed by the commission, 708 for the purpose of holding hearings. Any complaint seeking the 709 denial of issuance, revocation or suspension of a license shall be 710 by sworn affidavit filed with the Commission on Teacher and 711 Administrator Education, Certification and Licensure and 712 Development. The decision thereon by the commission, its 713 subcommittee or hearing officer, shall be final, unless the 714 aggrieved party shall appeal to the State Board of Education, 715 within ten (10) days, of the decision of the commission, its 716 subcommittee or hearing officer. An appeal to the State Board of 717 Education shall be perfected upon filing a notice of the appeal and by the prepayment of the costs of the preparation of the 718 719 record of proceedings by the commission, its subcommittee or 720 hearing officer. An appeal shall be on the record previously made before the commission, its subcommittee or hearing officer, unless 721 722 otherwise provided by rules and regulations adopted by the board. 723 The decision of the commission, its subcommittee or hearing 724 officer shall not be disturbed on appeal if supported by 725 substantial evidence, was not arbitrary or capricious, within the 726 authority of the commission, and did not violate some statutory or 727 constitutional right. The State Board of Education in its 728 authority may reverse, or remand with instructions, the decision 729 of the commission, its subcommittee or hearing officer. The 730 decision of the State Board of Education shall be final.

- 731 (11) (a) The State Board of Education, acting through the
- 732 commission, may deny an application for any teacher or
- 733 administrator license for one or more of the following:
- 734 (i) Lack of qualifications which are prescribed by
- 735 law or regulations adopted by the State Board of Education;
- 736 (ii) The applicant has a physical, emotional or
- 737 mental disability that renders the applicant unfit to perform the
- 738 duties authorized by the license, as certified by a licensed
- 739 psychologist or psychiatrist;
- 740 (iii) The applicant is actively addicted to or
- 741 actively dependent on alcohol or other habit-forming drugs or is a
- 742 habitual user of narcotics, barbiturates, amphetamines,
- 743 hallucinogens or other drugs having similar effect, at the time of
- 744 application for a license;
- 745 (iv) Fraud or deceit committed by the applicant in
- 746 securing or attempting to secure such certification and license;
- 747 (v) Failing or refusing to furnish reasonable
- 748 evidence of identification;
- 749 (vi) The applicant has been convicted, has pled
- 750 guilty or entered a plea of nolo contendere to a felony, as
- 751 defined by federal or state law. For purposes of this
- 752 subparagraph (vi) of this paragraph (a), a "guilty plea" includes
- 753 a plea of guilty, entry of a plea of nolo contendere, or entry of
- 754 an order granting pretrial or judicial diversion;



- 755 (vii) The applicant or licensee is on probation or 756 post-release supervision for a felony or conviction, as defined by 757 federal or state law. However, this disqualification expires upon 758 the end of the probationary or post-release supervision period.
- 759 (b) The State Board of Education, acting through the 760 commission, shall deny an application for any teacher or 761 administrator license, or immediately revoke the current teacher 762 or administrator license, for one or more of the following:
- (i) If the applicant or licensee has been convicted, has pled guilty or entered a plea of nolo contendere to a sex offense as defined by federal or state law. For purposes of this subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (b), a "guilty plea" includes a plea of guilty, entry of a plea of nolo contendere, or entry of an order granting pretrial or judicial diversion;
- 769 (ii) The applicant or licensee is on probation or 770 post-release supervision for a sex offense conviction, as defined 771 by federal or state law;
- 772 (iii) The license holder has fondled a student as 773 described in Section 97-5-23, or had any type of sexual
- 774 involvement with a student as described in Section 97-3-95; or
- 775 (iv) The license holder has failed to report
  776 sexual involvement of a school employee with a student as required
  777 by Section 97-5-24.
- 778 (12) The State Board of Education, acting through the 779 commission, may revoke, suspend or refuse to renew any teacher or



- 780 administrator license for specified periods of time or may place
- 781 on probation, reprimand a licensee, or take other disciplinary
- 782 action with regard to any license issued under this chapter for
- 783 one or more of the following:
- 784 (a) Breach of contract or abandonment of employment may
- 785 result in the suspension of the license for one (1) school year as
- 786 provided in Section 37-9-57;
- 787 (b) Obtaining a license by fraudulent means shall
- 788 result in immediate suspension and continued suspension for one
- 789 (1) year after correction is made;
- 790 (c) Suspension or revocation of a certificate or
- 791 license by another state shall result in immediate suspension or
- 792 revocation and shall continue until records in the prior state
- 793 have been cleared;
- 794 (d) The license holder has been convicted, has pled
- 795 guilty or entered a plea of nolo contendere to a felony, as
- 796 defined by federal or state law. For purposes of this paragraph,
- 797 a "guilty plea" includes a plea of guilty, entry of a plea of nolo
- 798 contendere, or entry of an order granting pretrial or judicial
- 799 diversion;
- 800 (e) The license holder knowingly and willfully
- 801 committing any of the acts affecting validity of mandatory uniform
- 802 test results as provided in Section 37-16-4(1);



803	(	f)	The license hold	er has engaged ir	unethical	conduct
804	relating to	an	educator/student	relationship as	identified	by the
805	State Board	of	Education in its	rules;		

- g) The license holder served as superintendent or principal in a school district during the time preceding and/or that resulted in the Governor declaring a state of emergency and the State Board of Education appointing a conservator;
- 810 (h) The license holder submitted a false certification 811 to the State Department of Education that a statewide test was 812 administered in strict accordance with the Requirements of the 813 Mississippi Statewide Assessment System; or
- (i) The license holder has failed to comply with the
  Procedures for Reporting Infractions as promulgated by the
  commission and approved by the State Board of Education pursuant
  to subsection (15) of this section.

For purposes of this subsection, probation shall be defined as a length of time determined by the commission, its subcommittee or hearing officer, and based on the severity of the offense in which the license holder shall meet certain requirements as prescribed by the commission, its subcommittee or hearing officer. Failure to complete the requirements in the time specified shall result in immediate suspension of the license for one (1) year.

(13) (a) Dismissal or suspension of a licensed employee by a local school board pursuant to Section 37-9-59 may result in the suspension or revocation of a license for a length of time which



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- shall be determined by the commission and based upon the severity of the offense.
- 830 (b) Any offense committed or attempted in any other 831 state shall result in the same penalty as if committed or 832 attempted in this state.
- surrender of such license may result in the commission
  recommending any of the above penalties without the necessity of a
  hearing. However, any such license which has voluntarily been
  surrendered by a licensed employee may only be reinstated by a
  majority vote of all members of the commission present at the
  meeting called for such purpose.
  - (14) (a) A person whose license has been suspended or surrendered on any grounds except criminal grounds may petition for reinstatement of the license after one (1) year from the date of suspension or surrender, or after one-half (1/2) of the suspended or surrendered time has lapsed, whichever is greater. A person whose license has been suspended or revoked on any grounds or violations under subsection (12) of this section may be reinstated automatically or approved for a reinstatement hearing, upon submission of a written request to the commission. A license suspended, revoked or surrendered on criminal grounds may be reinstated upon petition to the commission filed after expiration of the sentence and parole or probationary period imposed upon conviction. A revoked, suspended or surrendered license may be



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- reinstated upon satisfactory showing of evidence of
  rehabilitation. The commission shall require all who petition for
  reinstatement to furnish evidence satisfactory to the commission
  of good character, good mental, emotional and physical health and
  such other evidence as the commission may deem necessary to
  establish the petitioner's rehabilitation and fitness to perform
  the duties authorized by the license.
- 860 (b) A person whose license expires while under
  861 investigation by the Office of Educator Misconduct for an alleged
  862 violation may not be reinstated without a hearing before the
  863 commission if required based on the results of the investigation.
  - Reporting procedures and hearing procedures for dealing with infractions under this section shall be promulgated by the commission, subject to the approval of the State Board of Education. The revocation or suspension of a license shall be effected at the time indicated on the notice of suspension or revocation. The commission shall immediately notify the superintendent of the school district or school board where the teacher or administrator is employed of any disciplinary action and also notify the teacher or administrator of such revocation or suspension and shall maintain records of action taken. The State Board of Education may reverse or remand with instructions any decision of the commission, its subcommittee or hearing officer regarding a petition for reinstatement of a license, and any such decision of the State Board of Education shall be final.



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878	(16) An appeal from the action of the State Board of
879	Education in denying an application, revoking or suspending a
880	license or otherwise disciplining any person under the provisions
881	of this section shall be filed in the Chancery Court of the First
882	Judicial District of Hinds County, Mississippi, on the record
883	made, including a verbatim transcript of the testimony at the
884	hearing. The appeal shall be filed within thirty (30) days after
885	notification of the action of the board is mailed or served and
886	the proceedings in chancery court shall be conducted as other
887	matters coming before the court. The appeal shall be perfected
888	upon filing notice of the appeal and by the prepayment of all
889	costs, including the cost of preparation of the record of the
890	proceedings by the State Board of Education, and the filing of a
891	bond in the sum of Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00) conditioned that
892	if the action of the board be affirmed by the chancery court, the
893	applicant or license holder shall pay the costs of the appeal and
894	the action of the chancery court.

- (17) All such programs, rules, regulations, standards and criteria recommended or authorized by the commission shall become effective upon approval by the State Board of Education as designated by appropriate orders entered upon the minutes thereof.
- (18) The granting of a license shall not be deemed a property right nor a guarantee of employment in any public school district. A license is a privilege indicating minimal eligibility for teaching in the public school districts of Mississippi. This



section shall in no way alter or abridge the authority of local school districts to require greater qualifications or standards of performance as a prerequisite of initial or continued employment in such districts.

In addition to the reasons specified in subsections (12) and (13) of this section, the board shall be authorized to suspend the license of any licensee for being out of compliance with an order for support, as defined in Section 93-11-153. procedure for suspension of a license for being out of compliance with an order for support, and the procedure for the reissuance or reinstatement of a license suspended for that purpose, and the payment of any fees for the reissuance or reinstatement of a license suspended for that purpose, shall be governed by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be. Actions taken by the board in suspending a license when required by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 are not actions from which an appeal may be taken under this section. Any appeal of a license suspension that is required by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 shall be taken in accordance with the appeal procedure specified in Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be, rather than the procedure specified in this section. If there is any conflict between any provision of Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 and any provision of this chapter, the provisions of Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be, shall control.



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- 927 **SECTION 10.** Section 37-16-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 928 amended as follows:
- 37-16-3. (1) The State Department of Education is directed to implement a program of statewide assessment testing which shall provide for the improvement of the operation and management of the public schools. The statewide program shall be timed, as far as possible, so as not to conflict with ongoing district assessment
- 934 programs. As part of the program, the department shall:
- 935 (a) Establish, with the approval of the State Board of
  936 Education, minimum performance standards related to the goals for
  937 education contained in the state's plan including, but not limited
  938 to, basic skills in reading, writing and mathematics. The minimum
  939 performance standards shall be approved by April 1 in each year
  940 they are established.
- 941 (b) Conduct a uniform statewide testing program in 942 grades deemed appropriate in the public schools, including charter 943 schools, which shall provide for the administration of the ACT 944 WorkKeys Assessment to any students electing to the assessment. 945 Each individual school district shall determine whether the ACT
- 946 WorkKeys Assessment is administered in the ninth, tenth or
- 947 <u>eleventh grade</u>. The program may test skill areas, basic skills
- 948 and high school course content.
- 949 (c) Monitor the results of the assessment program and, 950 at any time the composite student performance of a school or basic 951 program is found to be below the established minimum standards,



notify the district superintendent or the governing board of the charter school, as the case may be, the school principal and the school advisory committee or other existing parent group of the situation within thirty (30) days of its determination. The department shall further provide technical assistance to a school district in the identification of the causes of this deficiency and shall recommend courses of action for its correction.

- 959 (d) Provide technical assistance to the school 960 districts, when requested, in the development of student 961 performance standards in addition to the established minimum 962 statewide standards.
- 963 (e) Issue security procedure regulations providing for 964 the security and integrity of the tests that are administered 965 under the basic skills assessment program.
  - that prompts a need for an investigation by the Department of Education, the department may, in its discretion, take complete control of the statewide test administration in a school district or any part thereof, including, but not limited to, obtaining control of the test booklets and answer documents. In the case of any verified testing irregularity that jeopardized the security and integrity of the test(s), validity or the accuracy of the test results, the cost of the investigation and any other actual and necessary costs related to the investigation paid by the Department of Education shall be reimbursed by the local school



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- 977 district from funds other than federal funds, Mississippi Adequate 978 Education Program funds, or any other state funds within six (6) 979 months from the date of notice by the department to the school 980 district to make reimbursement to the department.
  - (2) Uniform basic skills tests shall be completed by each student in the appropriate grade. These tests shall be administered in such a manner as to preserve the integrity and validity of the assessment. In the event of excused or unexcused student absences, make-up tests shall be given. The school superintendent of every school district in the state and the principal of each charter school shall annually certify to the State Department of Education that each student enrolled in the appropriate grade has completed the required basic skills assessment test for his or her grade in a valid test administration.
  - (3) Within five (5) days of completing the administration of a statewide test, the principal of the school where the test was administered shall certify under oath to the State Department of Education that the statewide test was administered in strict accordance with the Requirements of the Mississippi Statewide Assessment System as adopted by the State Board of Education. The principal's sworn certification shall be set forth on a form developed and approved by the Department of Education. If, following the administration of a statewide test, the principal has reason to believe that the test was not administered in strict



- 1002 accordance with the Requirements of the Mississippi Statewide 1003 Assessment System as adopted by the State Board of Education, the principal shall submit a sworn certification to the Department of 1004 1005 Education setting forth all information known or believed by the 1006 principal about all potential violations of the Requirements of 1007 the Mississippi Statewide Assessment System as adopted by the 1008 State Board of Education. The submission of false information or 1009 false certification to the Department of Education by any licensed 1010 educator may result in licensure disciplinary action pursuant to 1011 Section 37-3-2 and criminal prosecution pursuant to Section 37-16-4. 1012
- SECTION 11. Section 37-17-6, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 37-17-6. (1) The State Board of Education, acting through
  the Commission on School Accreditation, shall establish and
  implement a permanent performance-based accreditation system, and
  all noncharter public elementary and secondary schools shall be
  accredited under this system.
- (2) No later than June 30, 1995, the State Board of

  Education, acting through the Commission on School Accreditation,

  shall require school districts to provide school classroom space

  that is air-conditioned as a minimum requirement for

  accreditation.
- 1025 (3) (a) Beginning with the 1994-1995 school year, the State 1026 Board of Education, acting through the Commission on School



1027	Accreditation, shall require tha	t school districts employ
1028	certified school librarians acco	rding to the following formula:
1029	Number of Students	Number of Certified
1030	Per School Library	School Librarians
1031	0 - 499 Students	1/2 Full-time Equivalent
1032		Certified Librarian
1033	500 or More Students	1 Full-time Certified
1034		Librarian
1035	(b) The State Board o	f Education, however, may increase

- 1035 (b) The State Board of Education, however, may increase 1036 the number of positions beyond the above requirements.
- 1037 (c) The assignment of certified school librarians to
  1038 the particular schools shall be at the discretion of the local
  1039 school district. No individual shall be employed as a certified
  1040 school librarian without appropriate training and certification as
  1041 a school librarian by the State Department of Education.
- 1042 (d) School librarians in the district shall spend at
  1043 least fifty percent (50%) of direct work time in a school library
  1044 and shall devote no more than one-fourth (1/4) of the workday to
  1045 administrative activities that are library related.
- 1046 (e) Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit any
  1047 school district from employing more certified school librarians
  1048 than are provided for in this section.
- 1049 (f) Any additional millage levied to fund school
  1050 librarians required for accreditation under this subsection shall
  1051 be included in the tax increase limitation set forth in Sections



- 1052 37-57-105 and 37-57-107 and shall not be deemed a new program for 1053 purposes of the limitation.
- 1054 (4) On or before December 31, 2002, the State Board of
  1055 Education shall implement the performance-based accreditation
  1056 system for school districts and for individual noncharter public
  1057 schools which shall include the following:
- 1058 (a) High expectations for students and high standards
  1059 for all schools, with a focus on the basic curriculum;
- 1060 (b) Strong accountability for results with appropriate 1061 local flexibility for local implementation;
- 1062 (c) A process to implement accountability at both the 1063 school district level and the school level;
- 1064 (d) Individual schools shall be held accountable for 1065 student growth and performance;
- 1066 (e) Set annual performance standards for each of the 1067 schools of the state and measure the performance of each school 1068 against itself through the standard that has been set for it;
- 1069 (f) A determination of which schools exceed their 1070 standards and a plan for providing recognition and rewards to 1071 those schools;
- 1072 (g) A determination of which schools are failing to
  1073 meet their standards and a determination of the appropriate role
  1074 of the State Board of Education and the State Department of
  1075 Education in providing assistance and initiating possible
  1076 intervention. A failing district is a district that fails to meet



1077 both the absolute student achievement standards and the rate of 1078 annual growth expectation standards as set by the State Board of Education for two (2) consecutive years. The State Board of 1079 Education shall establish the level of benchmarks by which 1080 1081 absolute student achievement and growth expectations shall be 1082 assessed. In setting the benchmarks for school districts, the 1083 State Board of Education may also take into account such factors 1084 as graduation rates, dropout rates, completion rates, the extent 1085 to which the school or district employs qualified teachers in 1086 every classroom, and any other factors deemed appropriate by the 1087 State Board of Education. The State Board of Education, acting 1088 through the State Department of Education, shall apply a simple "A," "B," "C," "D" and "F" designation to the current school and 1089 1090 school district statewide accountability performance 1091 classification labels beginning with the State Accountability 1092 Results for the 2011-2012 school year and following, and in the 1093 school, district and state report cards required under state and 1094 federal law. Under the new designations, a school or school 1095 district that has earned a "Star" rating shall be designated an 1096 "A" school or school district; a school or school district that 1097 has earned a "High-Performing" rating shall be designated a "B" 1098 school or school district; a school or school district that has 1099 earned a "Successful" rating shall be designated a "C" school or school district; a school or school district that has earned an 1100 1101 "Academic Watch" rating shall be designated a "D" school or school



1102 district; a school or school district that has earned a 1103 "Low-Performing," "At-Risk of Failing" or "Failing" rating shall be designated an "F" school or school district. Effective with 1104 1105 the implementation of any new curriculum and assessment standards, 1106 the State Board of Education, acting through the State Department 1107 of Education, is further authorized and directed to change the 1108 school and school district accreditation rating system to a simple "A," "B," "C," "D," and "F" designation based on a combination of 1109 1110 student achievement scores and student growth as measured by the 1111 statewide testing programs developed by the State Board of 1112 Education pursuant to Chapter 16, Title 37, Mississippi Code of 1113 1972. In any statute or regulation containing the former 1114 accreditation designations, the new designations shall be 1115 applicable; 1116 Development of a comprehensive student assessment

- 1116 (h) Development of a comprehensive student assessment
  1117 system to implement these requirements; and
- 1118 The State Board of Education may, based on a written request that contains specific reasons for requesting a 1119 1120 waiver from the school districts affected by Hurricane Katrina of 1121 2005, hold harmless school districts from assignment of district 1122 and school level accountability ratings for the 2005-2006 school 1123 year. The State Board of Education upon finding an extreme 1124 hardship in the school district may grant the request. It is the intent of the Legislature that all school districts maintain the 1125



- highest possible academic standards and instructional programs in all schools as required by law and the State Board of Education.
- 1128 (5) (a) Effective with the 2013-2014 school year, the State
- 1129 Department of Education, acting through the Mississippi Commission
- 1130 on School Accreditation, shall revise and implement a single "A"
- 1131 through "F" school and school district accountability system
- 1132 complying with applicable federal and state requirements in order
- 1133 to reach the following educational goals:
- 1134 (i) To mobilize resources and supplies to ensure
- 1135 that all students exit third grade reading on grade level by 2015;
- 1136 (ii) To reduce the student dropout rate to
- 1137 thirteen percent (13%) by 2015; and
- 1138 (iii) To have sixty percent (60%) of students
- 1139 scoring proficient and advanced on the assessments of the Common
- 1140 Core State Standards by 2016 with incremental increases of three
- 1141 percent (3%) each year thereafter.
- 1142 (b) The State Department of Education shall combine the
- 1143 state school and school district accountability system with the
- 1144 federal system in order to have a single system.
- 1145 (c) The State Department of Education shall establish
- 1146 five (5) performance categories ("A," "B," "C," "D" and "F") for
- 1147 the accountability system based on the following criteria:
- 1148 (i) Student Achievement: the percent of students
- 1149 proficient and advanced on the current state assessments;



1150	(ii) Individual student growth: the percent of
1151	students making one (1) year's progress in one (1) year's time on
1152	the state assessment, with an emphasis on the progress of the
1153	lowest twenty-five percent (25%) of students in the school or
1154	district;
1155	(iii) Four-year graduation rate: the percent of
1156	students graduating with a standard high school diploma in four
1157	(4) years, as defined by federal regulations;
1158	(iv) Categories shall identify schools as Reward
1159	("A" schools), Focus ("D" schools) and Priority ("F" schools). If
1160	at least five percent (5%) of schools in the state are not graded
1161	as "F" schools, the lowest five percent (5%) of school grade point
1162	designees will be identified as Priority schools. If at least ten
1163	percent (10%) of schools in the state are not graded as "D"
1164	schools, the lowest ten percent (10%) of school grade point
1165	designees will be identified as Focus schools;
1166	(v) The State Department of Education shall
1167	discontinue the use of Star School, High-Performing, Successful,
1168	Academic Watch, Low-Performing, At-Risk of Failing and Failing
1169	school accountability designations;
1170	(vi) The system shall include the federally
1171	compliant four-year graduation rate in school and school district
1172	accountability system calculations. Graduation rate will apply to
1173	high school and school district accountability ratings as a



1174	compensatory component. The system shall discontinue the use of
1175	the High School Completer Index (HSCI);
1176	(vii) The school and school district
1177	accountability system shall incorporate a standards-based growth
1178	model, in order to support improvement of individual student
1179	learning;
1180	(viii) The State Department of Education shall
1181	discontinue the use of the Quality Distribution Index (QDI);
1182	(ix) The State Department of Education shall
1183	determine feeder patterns of schools that do not earn a school
1184	grade because the grades and subjects taught at the school do not
1185	have statewide standardized assessments needed to calculate a
1186	school grade. Upon determination of the feeder pattern, the
1187	department shall notify schools and school districts prior to the
1188	release of the school grades beginning in 2013. Feeder schools
1189	will be assigned the accountability designation of the school to
1190	which they provide students;
1191	(x) Standards for student, school and school
1192	district performance will be increased when student proficiency is
1193	at a seventy-five percent (75%) and/or when sixty-five percent
1194	(65%) of the schools and/or school districts are earning a grade
1195	of "B" or higher, in order to raise the standard on performance
1196	after targets are met * * *; and
1197	(xi) The system shall include student performance



on the administration of the ACT WorkKeys Assessment, which shall

L199	be weighted in the same percentage as the standard ACT Assessment
L200	as administered to students in Grade 11, for inclusion in the
L201	college and career readiness portion of the accountability rating
L202	system. The State Department of Education shall ensure equitable
L203	distribution of points under the accountability rating, in
L204	comparison to the ACT Assessment, for a Silver Status on the ACT
L205	WorkKeys Assessment. A student shall not be required to complete
L206	all of the courses within his or her career pathway for his or her
L207	performance on the ACT WorkKeys Assessment to be included in the
L208	system.

- 1209 (6) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to require a
  1210 nonpublic school that receives no local, state or federal funds
  1211 for support to become accredited by the State Board of Education.
- 1212 (7) The State Board of Education shall create an

  1213 accreditation audit unit under the Commission on School

  1214 Accreditation to determine whether schools are complying with

  1215 accreditation standards.
- 1216 (8) The State Board of Education shall be specifically

  1217 authorized and empowered to withhold adequate education program

  1218 fund allocations, whichever is applicable, to any public school

  1219 district for failure to timely report student, school personnel

  1220 and fiscal data necessary to meet state and/or federal

  1221 requirements.
- 1222 (9) [Deleted]



1223	(10) The State Board of Education shall establish, for those
1224	school districts failing to meet accreditation standards, a
1225	program of development to be complied with in order to receive
1226	state funds, except as otherwise provided in subsection (15) of
1227	this section when the Governor has declared a state of emergency
1228	in a school district or as otherwise provided in Section 206,
1229	Mississippi Constitution of 1890. The state board, in
1230	establishing these standards, shall provide for notice to schools
1231	and sufficient time and aid to enable schools to attempt to meet
1232	these standards, unless procedures under subsection (15) of this
1233	section have been invoked.

- 1234 (11) Beginning July 1, 1998, the State Board of Education 1235 shall be charged with the implementation of the program of 1236 development in each applicable school district as follows:
- 1237 (a) Develop an impairment report for each district
  1238 failing to meet accreditation standards in conjunction with school
  1239 district officials;
- 1240 (b) Notify any applicable school district failing to 1241 meet accreditation standards that it is on probation until 1242 corrective actions are taken or until the deficiencies have been 1243 removed. The local school district shall develop a corrective 1244 action plan to improve its deficiencies. For district academic 1245 deficiencies, the corrective action plan for each such school district shall be based upon a complete analysis of the following: 1246 1247 student test data, student grades, student attendance reports,



1248 student dropout data, existence and other relevant data. 1249 corrective action plan shall describe the specific measures to be 1250 taken by the particular school district and school to improve: 1251 (i) instruction; (ii) curriculum; (iii) professional development; 1252 (iv) personnel and classroom organization; (v) student incentives 1253 for performance; (vi) process deficiencies; and (vii) reporting to 1254 the local school board, parents and the community. The corrective 1255 action plan shall describe the specific individuals responsible 1256 for implementing each component of the recommendation and how each 1257 will be evaluated. All corrective action plans shall be provided 1258 to the State Board of Education as may be required. The decision 1259 of the State Board of Education establishing the probationary 1260 period of time shall be final; 1261 Offer, during the probationary period, technical 1262 assistance to the school district in making corrective actions. 1263 Beginning July 1, 1998, subject to the availability of funds, the 1264 State Department of Education shall provide technical and/or financial assistance to all such school districts in order to 1265 1266 implement each measure identified in that district's corrective 1267 action plan through professional development and on-site 1268 assistance. Each such school district shall apply for and utilize 1269 all available federal funding in order to support its corrective 1270 action plan in addition to state funds made available under this 1271 paragraph;



1272	(d) Assign department personnel or contract, in its
1273	discretion, with the institutions of higher learning or other
1274	appropriate private entities with experience in the academic,
1275	finance and other operational functions of schools to assist
1276	school districts;

- (e) Provide for publication of public notice at least one time during the probationary period, in a newspaper published within the jurisdiction of the school district failing to meet accreditation standards, or if no newspaper is published therein, then in a newspaper having a general circulation therein. The publication shall include the following: declaration of school system's status as being on probation; all details relating to the impairment report; and other information as the State Board of Education deems appropriate. Public notices issued under this section shall be subject to Section 13-3-31 and not contrary to other laws regarding newspaper publication.
- 1288 If the recommendations for corrective action are (12)(a) 1289 not taken by the local school district or if the deficiencies are 1290 not removed by the end of the probationary period, the Commission 1291 on School Accreditation shall conduct a hearing to allow the 1292 affected school district to present evidence or other reasons why 1293 its accreditation should not be withdrawn. Additionally, if the 1294 local school district violates accreditation standards that have 1295 been determined by the policies and procedures of the State Board of Education to be a basis for withdrawal of school district's 1296



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1297 accreditation without a probationary period, the Commission on 1298 School Accreditation shall conduct a hearing to allow the affected 1299 school district to present evidence or other reasons why its 1300 accreditation should not be withdrawn. After its consideration of 1301 the results of the hearing, the Commission on School Accreditation 1302 shall be authorized, with the approval of the State Board of 1303 Education, to withdraw the accreditation of a public school 1304 district, and issue a request to the Governor that a state of 1305 emergency be declared in that district.

(b) If the State Board of Education and the Commission on School Accreditation determine that an extreme emergency situation exists in a school district that jeopardizes the safety, security or educational interests of the children enrolled in the schools in that district and that emergency situation is believed to be related to a serious violation or violations of accreditation standards or state or federal law, or when a school district meets the State Board of Education's definition of a failing school district for two (2) consecutive full school years, or if more than fifty percent (50%) of the schools within the school district are designated as Schools At-Risk in any one (1) year, the State Board of Education may request the Governor to declare a state of emergency in that school district. For purposes of this paragraph, the declarations of a state of emergency shall not be limited to those instances when a school district's impairments are related to a lack of financial



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1322	resources, but also shall include serious failure to meet minimum
1323	academic standards, as evidenced by a continued pattern of poor
1324	student performance.

- 1325 (c) Whenever the Governor declares a state of emergency 1326 in a school district in response to a request made under paragraph 1327 (a) or (b) of this subsection, the State Board of Education may 1328 take one or more of the following actions:
- 1329 Declare a state of emergency, under which some (i) 1330 or all of state funds can be escrowed except as otherwise provided in Section 206, Constitution of 1890, until the board determines 1331 1332 corrective actions are being taken or the deficiencies have been removed, or that the needs of students warrant the release of 1333 1334 The funds may be released from escrow for any program which the board determines to have been restored to standard even 1335 1336 though the state of emergency may not as yet be terminated for the 1337 district as a whole;
- 1338 (ii) Override any decision of the local school
  1339 board or superintendent of education, or both, concerning the
  1340 management and operation of the school district, or initiate and
  1341 make decisions concerning the management and operation of the
  1342 school district;
- 1343 (iii) Assign an interim superintendent, or in its 1344 discretion, contract with a private entity with experience in the 1345 academic, finance and other operational functions of schools and



1346 school districts, who will have those powers and duties prescribed in subsection (15) of this section; 1347 (iv) Grant transfers to students who attend this 1348 1349 school district so that they may attend other accredited schools 1350 or districts in a manner that is not in violation of state or 1351 federal law; 1352 (v) For states of emergency declared under 1353 paragraph (a) only, if the accreditation deficiencies are related 1354 to the fact that the school district is too small, with too few 1355 resources, to meet the required standards and if another school 1356 district is willing to accept those students, abolish that 1357 district and assign that territory to another school district or

resources, to meet the required standards and if another school district is willing to accept those students, abolish that district and assign that territory to another school district or districts. If the school district has proposed a voluntary consolidation with another school district or districts, then if the State Board of Education finds that it is in the best interest of the pupils of the district for the consolidation to proceed, the voluntary consolidation shall have priority over any such assignment of territory by the State Board of Education;

(vi) For states of emergency declared under paragraph (b) only, reduce local supplements paid to school district employees, including, but not limited to, instructional personnel, assistant teachers and extracurricular activities personnel, if the district's impairment is related to a lack of



financial resources, but only to an extent that will result in the

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salaries being comparable to districts similarly situated, as determined by the State Board of Education;

1372 (vii) For states of emergency declared under 1373 paragraph (b) only, the State Board of Education may take any 1374 action as prescribed in Section 37-17-13.

1375 (d) At the time that satisfactory corrective action has
1376 been taken in a school district in which a state of emergency has
1377 been declared, the State Board of Education may request the
1378 Governor to declare that the state of emergency no longer exists
1379 in the district.

1380 The parent or legal guardian of a school-age child who is enrolled in a school district whose accreditation has been 1381 1382 withdrawn by the Commission on School Accreditation and without approval of that school district may file a petition in writing to 1383 1384 a school district accredited by the Commission on School 1385 Accreditation for a legal transfer. The school district 1386 accredited by the Commission on School Accreditation may grant the 1387 transfer according to the procedures of Section 37-15-31(1)(b). 1388 In the event the accreditation of the student's home district is 1389 restored after a transfer has been approved, the student may 1390 continue to attend the transferee school district. The per-pupil 1391 amount of the adequate education program allotment, including the 1392 collective "add-on program" costs for the student's home school 1393 district shall be transferred monthly to the school district



1394	accredite	d by	the Co	mmis	sion	on	School	Accreditation	that	has
1395	granted the	he ti	ransfer	of	the	scho	ol-age	child.		

- 1396 (f) Upon the declaration of a state of emergency for
  1397 any school district in which the Governor has previously declared
  1398 a state of emergency, the State Board of Education may either:
- 1399 (i) Place the school district into district 1400 transformation, in which the school district shall remain until it has fulfilled all conditions related to district transformation. 1401 1402 If the district was assigned an accreditation rating of "D" or "F" 1403 when placed into district transformation, the district shall be 1404 eligible to return to local control when the school district has 1405 attained a "C" rating or higher for five (5) consecutive years, 1406 unless the State Board of Education determines that the district is eligible to return to local control in less than the five-year 1407 1408 period;
- 1409 (ii) Abolish the school district and
  1410 administratively consolidate the school district with one or more
  1411 existing school districts;
- 1412 (iii) Reduce the size of the district and
  1413 administratively consolidate parts of the district, as determined
  1414 by the State Board of Education. However, no school district
  1415 which is not in district transformation shall be required to
  1416 accept additional territory over the objection of the district; or
- 1417 (iv) Require the school district to develop and 1418 implement a district improvement plan with prescriptive guidance



1419	and support from the State Department of Education, with the goal
1420	of helping the district improve student achievement. Failure of
1421	the school board, superintendent and school district staff to
1422	implement the plan with fidelity and participate in the activities
1423	provided as support by the department shall result in the school
1424	district retaining its eligibility for district transformation.
1425	(g) There is established a Mississippi Recovery School
1426	District within the State Department of Education under the
1427	supervision of a deputy superintendent appointed by the State
1428	Superintendent of Public Education, who is subject to the approval
1429	by the State Board of Education. The Mississippi Recovery School
1430	District shall provide leadership and oversight of all school
1431	districts that are subject to district transformation status, as
1432	defined in Chapters 17 and 18, Title 37, Mississippi Code of 1972,
1433	and shall have all the authority granted under these two (2)
1434	chapters. The Mississippi Department of Education, with the
1435	approval of the State Board of Education, shall develop policies
1436	for the operation and management of the Mississippi Recovery
1437	School District. The deputy state superintendent is responsible
1438	for the Mississippi Recovery School District and shall be
1439	authorized to oversee the administration of the Mississippi
1440	Recovery School District, oversee the interim superintendent
1441	assigned by the State Board of Education to a local school
1442	district, hear appeals that would normally be filed by students,
1443	parents or employees and heard by a local school board, which



1444 hearings on appeal shall be conducted in a prompt and timely 1445 manner in the school district from which the appeal originated in order to ensure the ability of appellants, other parties and 1446 1447 witnesses to appeal without undue burden of travel costs or loss 1448 of time from work, and perform other related duties as assigned by 1449 the State Superintendent of Public Education. The deputy state 1450 superintendent is responsible for the Mississippi Recovery School 1451 District and shall determine, based on rigorous professional 1452 qualifications set by the State Board of Education, the 1453 appropriate individuals to be engaged to be interim 1454 superintendents and financial advisors, if applicable, of all school districts subject to district transformation status. After 1455 1456 State Board of Education approval, these individuals shall be 1457 deemed independent contractors.

(13) Upon the declaration of a state of emergency in a school district under subsection (12) of this section, the Commission on School Accreditation shall be responsible for public notice at least once a week for at least three (3) consecutive weeks in a newspaper published within the jurisdiction of the school district failing to meet accreditation standards, or if no newspaper is published therein, then in a newspaper having a general circulation therein. The size of the notice shall be no smaller than one-fourth (1/4) of a standard newspaper page and shall be printed in bold print. If an interim superintendent has been appointed for the school district, the notice shall begin as



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follows: "By authority of Section 37-17-6, Mississippi Code of 1470 1972, as amended, adopted by the Mississippi Legislature during the 1991 Regular Session, this school district (name of school district) is hereby placed under the jurisdiction of the State Department of Education acting through its appointed interim superintendent)."

The notice also shall include, in the discretion of the State Board of Education, any or all details relating to the school district's emergency status, including the declaration of a state of emergency in the school district and a description of the district's impairment deficiencies, conditions of any district transformation status and corrective actions recommended and being taken. Public notices issued under this section shall be subject to Section 13-3-31 and not contrary to other laws regarding newspaper publication.

Upon termination of the state of emergency in a school district, the Commission on School Accreditation shall cause notice to be published in the school district in the same manner provided in this section, to include any or all details relating to the corrective action taken in the school district that resulted in the termination of the state of emergency.

1490 (14) The State Board of Education or the Commission on 1491 School Accreditation shall have the authority to require school 1492 districts to produce the necessary reports, correspondence,



financial statements, and any other documents and information necessary to fulfill the requirements of this section.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to grant any individual, corporation, board or interim superintendent the authority to levy taxes except in accordance with presently existing statutory provisions.

emergency in a school district in response to a request made under subsection (12) of this section, the State Board of Education, in its discretion, may assign an interim superintendent to the school district, or in its discretion, may contract with an appropriate private entity with experience in the academic, finance and other operational functions of schools and school districts, who will be responsible for the administration, management and operation of the school district, including, but not limited to, the following activities:

(i) Approving or disapproving all financial obligations of the district, including, but not limited to, the employment, termination, nonrenewal and reassignment of all licensed and nonlicensed personnel, contractual agreements and purchase orders, and approving or disapproving all claim dockets and the issuance of checks; in approving or disapproving employment contracts of superintendents, assistant superintendents or principals, the interim superintendent shall not be required to



- 1517 comply with the time limitations prescribed in Sections 37-9-15
- 1518 and 37-9-105;
- 1519 (ii) Supervising the day-to-day activities of the
- 1520 district's staff, including reassigning the duties and
- 1521 responsibilities of personnel in a manner which, in the
- 1522 determination of the interim superintendent, will best suit the
- 1523 needs of the district;
- 1524 (iii) Reviewing the district's total financial
- 1525 obligations and operations and making recommendations to the
- 1526 district for cost savings, including, but not limited to,
- 1527 reassigning the duties and responsibilities of staff;
- 1528 (iv) Attending all meetings of the district's
- 1529 school board and administrative staff;
- (v) Approving or disapproving all athletic, band
- 1531 and other extracurricular activities and any matters related to
- 1532 those activities:
- 1533 (vi) Maintaining a detailed account of
- 1534 recommendations made to the district and actions taken in response
- 1535 to those recommendations;
- 1536 (vii) Reporting periodically to the State Board of
- 1537 Education on the progress or lack of progress being made in the
- 1538 district to improve the district's impairments during the state of
- 1539 emergency; and
- 1540 (viii) Appointing a parent advisory committee,
- 1541 comprised of parents of students in the school district that may



make recommendations to the interim superintendent concerning the administration, management and operation of the school district.

The cost of the salary of the interim superintendent and any other actual and necessary costs related to district transformation status paid by the State Department of Education shall be reimbursed by the local school district from funds other than adequate education program funds. The department shall submit an itemized statement to the superintendent of the local school district for reimbursement purposes, and any unpaid balance may be withheld from the district's adequate education program funds.

At the time that the Governor, in accordance with the request of the State Board of Education, declares that the state of emergency no longer exists in a school district, the powers and responsibilities of the interim superintendent assigned to the district shall cease.

(b) In order to provide loans to school districts under a state of emergency or in district transformation status that have impairments related to a lack of financial resources, the School District Emergency Assistance Fund is created as a special fund in the State Treasury into which monies may be transferred or appropriated by the Legislature from any available public education funds. Funds in the School District Emergency Assistance Fund up to a maximum balance of Three Million Dollars (\$3,000,000.00) annually shall not lapse but shall be available



1567 for expenditure in subsequent years subject to approval of the 1568 State Board of Education. Any amount in the fund in excess of 1569 Three Million Dollars (\$3,000,000.00) at the end of the fiscal 1570 year shall lapse into the State General Fund or the Education 1571 Enhancement Fund, depending on the source of the fund. 1572 The State Board of Education may loan monies from the School 1573 District Emergency Assistance Fund to a school district that is 1574 under a state of emergency or in district transformation status, in those amounts, as determined by the board, that are necessary 1575 1576 to correct the district's impairments related to a lack of 1577 financial resources. The loans shall be evidenced by an agreement between the school district and the State Board of Education and 1578 1579 shall be repayable in principal, without necessity of interest, to 1580 the School District Emergency Assistance Fund by the school 1581 district from any allowable funds that are available. The total 1582 amount loaned to the district shall be due and payable within five 1583 (5) years after the impairments related to a lack of financial resources are corrected. If a school district fails to make 1584 1585 payments on the loan in accordance with the terms of the agreement 1586 between the district and the State Board of Education, the State 1587 Department of Education, in accordance with rules and regulations 1588 established by the State Board of Education, may withhold that 1589 district's adequate education program funds in an amount and



manner that will effectuate repayment consistent with the terms of

the agreement; the funds withheld by the department shall be deposited into the School District Emergency Assistance Fund.

The State Board of Education shall develop a protocol that will outline the performance standards and requisite timeline deemed necessary for extreme emergency measures. If the State Board of Education determines that an extreme emergency exists, simultaneous with the powers exercised in this subsection, it shall take immediate action against all parties responsible for the affected school districts having been determined to be in an extreme emergency. The action shall include, but not be limited to, initiating civil actions to recover funds and criminal actions to account for criminal activity. Any funds recovered by the State Auditor or the State Board of Education from the surety bonds of school officials or from any civil action brought under this subsection shall be applied toward the repayment of any loan made to a school district hereunder.

any school district resigns from office, the State Board of Education shall be authorized to assign an interim superintendent, who shall be responsible for the administration, management and operation of the school district until the time as new board members are selected or the Governor declares a state of emergency in that school district under subsection (12), whichever occurs first. In that case, the State Board of Education, acting through the interim superintendent, shall have all powers which were held



by the previously existing school board, and may take any action as prescribed in Section 37-17-13 and/or one or more of the actions authorized in this section.

1619 (17)(a) If the Governor declares a state of emergency in a 1620 school district, the State Board of Education may take all such 1621 action pertaining to that school district as is authorized under 1622 subsection (12) or (15) of this section, including the appointment 1623 of an interim superintendent. The State Board of Education shall 1624 also have the authority to issue a written request with 1625 documentation to the Governor asking that the office of the 1626 superintendent of the school district be subject to recall. 1627 the Governor declares that the office of the superintendent of the 1628 school district is subject to recall, the local school board or the county election commission, as the case may be, shall take the 1629 following action: 1630

(i) If the office of superintendent is an elected office, in those years in which there is no general election, the name shall be submitted by the State Board of Education to the county election commission, and the county election commission shall submit the question at a special election to the voters eligible to vote for the office of superintendent within the county, and the special election shall be held within sixty (60) days from notification by the State Board of Education. The ballot shall read substantially as follows:



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1641	name of the superintendent shall be inserted) of the
1642	(here the title of the school district shall be inserted) be
1643	retained in office? Yes No"
1644	If a majority of those voting on the question votes against
1645	retaining the superintendent in office, a vacancy shall exist
1646	which shall be filled in the manner provided by law; otherwise,
1647	the superintendent shall remain in office for the term of that
1648	office, and at the expiration of the term shall be eligible for
1649	qualification and election to another term or terms.
1650	(ii) If the office of superintendent is an
1651	appointive office, the name of the superintendent shall be
1652	submitted by the president of the local school board at the next
1653	regular meeting of the school board for retention in office or
1654	dismissal from office. If a majority of the school board voting
1655	on the question vote against retaining the superintendent in
1656	office, a vacancy shall exist which shall be filled as provided by
1657	law, otherwise the superintendent shall remain in office for the
1658	duration of his employment contract.
1659	(b) The State Board of Education may issue a written
1660	request with documentation to the Governor asking that the
1661	membership of the school board of the school district shall be
1662	subject to recall. Whenever the Governor declares that the
1663	membership of the school board is subject to recall, the county

"Shall County Superintendent of Education \_\_\_\_\_ (here the



1665 case may be, shall take the following action: 1666 If the members of the local school board are (i) 1667 elected to office, in those years in which the specific member's 1668 office is not up for election, the name of the school board member 1669 shall be submitted by the State Board of Education to the county 1670 election commission, and the county election commission at a 1671 special election shall submit the question to the voters eligible to vote for the particular member's office within the county or 1672 1673 school district, as the case may be, and the special election 1674 shall be held within sixty (60) days from notification by the State Board of Education. The ballot shall read substantially as 1675 1676 follows: 1677 "Members of the (here the title of the school 1678 district shall be inserted) School Board who are not up for 1679 election this year are subject to recall because of the school 1680 district's failure to meet critical accountability standards as defined in the letter of notification to the Governor from the 1681 1682 State Board of Education. Shall the member of the school board representing this area, (here the name of the school 1683 1684 board member holding the office shall be inserted), be retained in office? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No " 1685 1686 If a majority of those voting on the question vote against 1687 retaining the member of the school board in office, a vacancy in 1688 that board member's office shall exist, which shall be filled in

election commission or the local governing authorities, as the

1689 the manner provided by law; otherwise, the school board member 1690 shall remain in office for the term of that office, and at the expiration of the term of office, the member shall be eliqible for 1691 1692 qualification and election to another term or terms of office. 1693 However, if a majority of the school board members are recalled in 1694 the special election, the Governor shall authorize the board of 1695 supervisors of the county in which the school district is situated 1696 to appoint members to fill the offices of the members recalled. 1697 The board of supervisors shall make those appointments in the 1698 manner provided by law for filling vacancies on the school board, 1699 and the appointed members shall serve until the office is filled 1700 at the next regular special election or general election. 1701 (ii) If the local school board is an appointed 1702 school board, the name of all school board members shall be 1703 submitted as a collective board by the president of the municipal 1704 or county governing authority, as the case may be, at the next 1705 regular meeting of the governing authority for retention in office 1706 or dismissal from office. If a majority of the governing 1707 authority voting on the question vote against retaining the board 1708 in office, a vacancy shall exist in each school board member's 1709 office, which shall be filled as provided by law; otherwise, the 1710 members of the appointed school board shall remain in office for 1711 the duration of their term of appointment, and those members may



be reappointed.

- (iii) If the local school board is comprised of
  both elected and appointed members, the elected members shall be
  subject to recall in the manner provided in subparagraph (i) of
  this paragraph (b), and the appointed members shall be subject to
  recall in the manner provided in subparagraph (ii).
- 1718 (18) Beginning with the school district audits conducted for
  1719 the 1997-1998 fiscal year, the State Board of Education, acting
  1720 through the Commission on School Accreditation, shall require each
  1721 school district to comply with standards established by the State
  1722 Department of Audit for the verification of fixed assets and the
  1723 auditing of fixed assets records as a minimum requirement for
  1724 accreditation.
- 1725 (19) Before December 1, 1999, the State Board of Education
  1726 shall recommend a program to the Education Committees of the House
  1727 of Representatives and the Senate for identifying and rewarding
  1728 public schools that improve or are high performing. The program
  1729 shall be described by the board in a written report, which shall
  1730 include criteria and a process through which improving schools and
  1731 high-performing schools will be identified and rewarded.
- The State Superintendent of Public Education and the State
  Board of Education also shall develop a comprehensive
  accountability plan to ensure that local school boards,
  superintendents, principals and teachers are held accountable for
  student achievement. A written report on the accountability plan
  shall be submitted to the Education Committees of both houses of



- the Legislature before December 1, 1999, with any necessary legislative recommendations.
- 1740 (20) Before January 1, 2008, the State Board of Education
  1741 shall evaluate and submit a recommendation to the Education
  1742 Committees of the House of Representatives and the Senate on
  1743 inclusion of graduation rate and dropout rate in the school level
- (21) If a local school district is determined as failing and 1745 1746 placed into district transformation status for reasons authorized 1747 by the provisions of this section, the interim superintendent 1748 appointed to the district shall, within forty-five (45) days after being appointed, present a detailed and structured corrective 1749 1750 action plan to move the local school district out of district 1751 transformation status to the deputy superintendent. A copy of the 1752 interim superintendent's corrective action plan shall also be 1753 filed with the State Board of Education.
- 1754 SECTION 12. Beginning with the 2021-2022 academic year, the 1755 State Board of Education, acting through the Commission on Teacher 1756 and Administrator Education, Certification and Licensure and 1757 Development, and in conjunction with the Board of Trustees of 1758 State Institutions of Higher Learning, shall require each educator 1759 preparation program in the state to include, as part of its curriculum, a Praxis Core Academic Skills for Educators 1760 1761 examination and a Praxis II examination course of study, which 1762 shall serve as a preparatory review course with emphasis on the



1744

accountability system.

1763	concepts and exam skills necessary for success on the exam, and
1764	reinforces students' knowledge through thought-provoking examples
1765	and Praxis exam questions. Upon completion of the course,
1766	students shall have mastered concepts as they are tested so that
1767	students can excel within the time constraints of the exam."

