

By: Representative Ford (73rd)

To: Public Health and Human Services

HOUSE BILL NO. 952

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 73-21-73, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972,  
 2 TO REVISE THE DEFINITION OF THE TERM "PRACTICE OF PHARMACY" IN THE  
 3 PHARMACY PRACTICE ACT TO INCLUDE THE PROVIDING OF PATIENT CARE  
 4 SERVICES; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 73-21-131, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF  
 5 1972, TO AUTHORIZE PHARMACISTS TO PROVIDE APPROVED PATIENT CARE  
 6 SERVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULES ADOPTED BY THE STATE BOARD OF  
 7 PHARMACY AND PURSUANT TO A PROTOCOL WITH A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER  
 8 AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO DIAGNOSE AND PRESCRIBE DRUGS; TO CREATE NEW  
 9 SECTION 83-41-221, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT  
 10 WHENEVER ANY INSURANCE POLICY ISSUED IN THIS STATE PROVIDES FOR  
 11 PAYMENT OR REIMBURSEMENT FOR ANY SERVICE THAT IS WITHIN THE LAWFUL  
 12 SCOPE OF PRACTICE OF A DULY LICENSED PHARMACIST, THE INSURED OR  
 13 OTHER PERSON ENTITLED TO BENEFITS UNDER THAT POLICY MAY BE PAID OR  
 14 REIMBURSED FOR THAT SERVICE WHEN THE SERVICE IS PERFORMED BY A  
 15 DULY LICENSED PHARMACIST; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

16 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

17 **SECTION 1.** Section 73-21-73, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
 18 amended as follows:

19 73-21-73. As used in this chapter, unless the context  
 20 requires otherwise:

21 (a) "Administer" means the direct application of a  
 22 prescription drug pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner to  
 23 the body of a patient by injection, inhalation, ingestion or any  
 24 other means.



25 (b) "Biological product" means the same as that term is  
26 defined in 42 USC Section 262.

27 (c) "Board of Pharmacy," "Pharmacy Board," "MSBP" or  
28 "board" means the State Board of Pharmacy.

29 (d) "Compounding" means (i) the production,  
30 preparation, propagation, conversion or processing of a sterile or  
31 nonsterile drug or device either directly or indirectly by  
32 extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by  
33 means of chemical or biological synthesis or from bulk chemicals  
34 or the preparation, mixing, measuring, assembling, packaging or  
35 labeling of a drug or device as a result of a practitioner's  
36 prescription drug order or initiative based on the  
37 practitioner/patient/pharmacist relationship in the course of  
38 professional practice, or (ii) for the purpose of, as an incident  
39 to, research, teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale or  
40 dispensing. Compounding also includes the preparation of drugs or  
41 devices in anticipation of prescription drug orders based on  
42 routine regularly observed prescribing patterns.

43 (e) "Continuing education unit" means ten (10) clock  
44 hours of study or other such activity as may be approved by the  
45 board, including, but not limited to, all programs which have been  
46 approved by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education.

47 (f) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual,  
48 constructive or attempted transfer in any manner of a drug or  
49 device from one (1) person to another, whether or not for a



50 consideration, including, but not limited to, delivery by mailing  
51 or shipping.

52 (g) "Device" means an instrument, apparatus, implement,  
53 machine, contrivance, implant, in vitro reagent or other similar  
54 or related article, including any component part or accessory  
55 which is required under federal or state law to be prescribed by a  
56 practitioner and dispensed by a pharmacist.

57 (h) "Dispense" or "dispensing" means the interpretation  
58 of a valid prescription of a practitioner by a pharmacist and the  
59 subsequent preparation of the drug or device for administration to  
60 or use by a patient or other individual entitled to receive the  
61 drug.

62 (i) "Distribute" means the delivery of a drug or device  
63 other than by administering or dispensing to persons other than  
64 the ultimate consumer.

65 (j) "Drug" means:

66 (i) Articles recognized as drugs in the official  
67 United States Pharmacopeia, official National Formulary, official  
68 Homeopathic Pharmacopeia, other drug compendium or any supplement  
69 to any of them;

70 (ii) Articles intended for use in the diagnosis,  
71 cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in man or  
72 other animals;



73 (iii) Articles other than food intended to affect  
74 the structure or any function of the body of man or other animals;  
75 and

76 (iv) Articles intended for use as a component of  
77 any articles specified in subparagraph (i), (ii) or (iii) of this  
78 paragraph.

79 (k) "Drugroom" means a business, which does not require  
80 the services of a pharmacist, where prescription drugs or  
81 prescription devices are bought, sold, maintained or provided to  
82 consumers.

83 (l) "Extern" means a student in the professional  
84 program of a school of pharmacy accredited by the American Council  
85 on Pharmaceutical Education who is making normal progress toward  
86 completion of a professional degree in pharmacy.

87 (m) "Foreign pharmacy graduate" means a person whose  
88 undergraduate pharmacy degree was conferred by a recognized school  
89 of pharmacy outside of the United States, the District of Columbia  
90 and Puerto Rico. Recognized schools of pharmacy are those  
91 colleges and universities listed in the World Health  
92 Organization's World Directory of Schools of Pharmacy, or  
93 otherwise approved by the Foreign Pharmacy Graduate Examination  
94 Committee (FPGEC) certification program as established by the  
95 National Association of Boards of Pharmacy.

96 (n) "Generic equivalent drug product" means a drug  
97 product which (i) contains the identical active chemical



98 ingredient of the same strength, quantity and dosage form; (ii) is  
99 of the same generic drug name as determined by the United States  
100 Adoptive Names and accepted by the United States Food and Drug  
101 Administration; and (iii) conforms to such rules and regulations  
102 as may be adopted by the board for the protection of the public to  
103 assure that such drug product is therapeutically equivalent.

104 (o) "Interchangeable biological product" or "I.B."  
105 means a biological product that the federal Food and Drug  
106 Administration:

107 (i) Has licensed and determined as meeting the  
108 standards for interchangeability under 42 USC Section 262(k)(4);  
109 or

110 (ii) Has determined is therapeutically equivalent  
111 as set forth in the latest edition of or supplement to the federal  
112 Food and Drug Administration's Approved Drug Products with  
113 Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations.

114 (p) "Internet" means collectively the myriad of  
115 computer and telecommunications facilities, including equipment  
116 and operating software, which comprise the interconnected  
117 worldwide network of networks that employ the Transmission Control  
118 Protocol/Internet Protocol, or any predecessor or successor  
119 protocol to such protocol, to communicate information of all kinds  
120 by wire or radio.



121 (q) "Interested directly" means being employed by,  
122 having full or partial ownership of, or control of, any facility  
123 permitted or licensed by the Mississippi State Board of Pharmacy.

124 (r) "Interested indirectly" means having a spouse who  
125 is employed by any facility permitted or licensed by the  
126 Mississippi State Board of Pharmacy.

127 (s) "Intern" means a person who has graduated from a  
128 school of pharmacy but has not yet become licensed as a  
129 pharmacist.

130 (t) "Manufacturer" means a person, business or other  
131 entity engaged in the production, preparation, propagation,  
132 conversion or processing of a prescription drug or device, if such  
133 actions are associated with promotion and marketing of such drugs  
134 or devices.

135 (u) "Manufacturer's distributor" means any person or  
136 business who is not an employee of a manufacturer, but who  
137 distributes sample drugs or devices, as defined under subsection  
138 (i) of this section, under contract or business arrangement for a  
139 manufacturer to practitioners.

140 (v) "Manufacturing" of prescription products means the  
141 production, preparation, propagation, conversion or processing of  
142 a drug or device, either directly or indirectly, by extraction  
143 from substances from natural origin or independently by means of  
144 chemical or biological synthesis, or from bulk chemicals and  
145 includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance(s) or



146 labeling or relabeling of its container, if such actions are  
147 associated with promotion and marketing of such drug or devices.

148 (w) "Misappropriation of a prescription drug" means to  
149 illegally or unlawfully convert a drug, as defined in subsection  
150 (i) of this section, to one's own use or to the use of another.

151 (x) "Nonprescription drugs" means nonnarcotic medicines  
152 or drugs that may be sold without a prescription and are  
153 prepackaged and labeled for use by the consumer in accordance with  
154 the requirements of the statutes and regulations of this state and  
155 the federal government.

156 (y) "Person" means an individual, corporation,  
157 partnership, association or any other legal entity.

158 (z) "Pharmacist" means an individual health care  
159 provider licensed by this state to engage in the practice of  
160 pharmacy. This recognizes a pharmacist as a learned professional  
161 who is authorized to provide patient services.

162 (aa) "Pharmacy" means any location for which a pharmacy  
163 permit is required and in which prescription drugs are maintained,  
164 compounded and dispensed for patients by a pharmacist. This  
165 definition includes any location where pharmacy-related services  
166 are provided by a pharmacist.

167 (bb) "Prepackaging" means the act of placing small  
168 precounted quantities of drug products in containers suitable for  
169 dispensing or administering in anticipation of prescriptions or  
170 orders.



171           (cc) "Unlawful or unauthorized possession" means  
172 physical holding or control by a pharmacist of a controlled  
173 substance outside the usual and lawful course of employment.

174           (dd) "Practice of pharmacy" means a health care service  
175 that includes, but is not limited to, the compounding, dispensing,  
176 and labeling of drugs or devices; interpreting and evaluating  
177 prescriptions; administering and distributing drugs and devices;  
178 the compounding, dispensing and labeling of drugs and devices;  
179 maintaining prescription drug records; advising and consulting  
180 concerning therapeutic values, content, hazards and uses of drugs  
181 and devices; initiating or modifying of drug therapy in accordance  
182 with written guidelines or protocols previously established and  
183 approved by the board; selecting drugs; participating in drug  
184 utilization reviews; storing prescription drugs and devices;  
185 ordering lab work in accordance with written guidelines or  
186 protocols as defined by paragraph (nn) of this section; providing  
187 pharmacotherapeutic consultations; providing patient care services  
188 as authorized under Section 73-21-131; supervising supportive  
189 personnel; and such other acts, services, operations or  
190 transactions necessary or incidental to the conduct of the  
191 foregoing.

192           (ee) "Practitioner" means a physician, dentist,  
193 veterinarian, or other health care provider authorized by law to  
194 diagnose and prescribe drugs.





195 (ff) "Prescription" means a written, verbal or  
196 electronically transmitted order issued by a practitioner for a  
197 drug or device to be dispensed for a patient by a pharmacist.  
198 "Prescription" includes a standing order issued by a practitioner  
199 to an individual pharmacy that authorizes the pharmacy to dispense  
200 an opioid antagonist to certain persons without the person to whom  
201 the opioid antagonist is dispensed needing to have an individual  
202 prescription, as authorized by Section 41-29-319(3).

203 (gg) "Prescription drug" or "legend drug" means a drug  
204 which is required under federal law to be labeled with either of  
205 the following statements prior to being dispensed or delivered:

206 (i) "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing  
207 without prescription," or

208 (ii) "Caution: Federal law restricts this drug to  
209 use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian"; or a drug  
210 which is required by any applicable federal or state law or  
211 regulation to be dispensed on prescription only or is restricted  
212 to use by practitioners only.

213 (hh) "Product selection" means the dispensing of a  
214 generic equivalent drug product or an interchangeable biological  
215 product in lieu of the drug product ordered by the prescriber.

216 (ii) "Provider" or "primary health care provider"  
217 includes a pharmacist who provides health care services within his  
218 or her scope of practice pursuant to state law and regulation.



219 (jj) "Registrant" means a pharmacy or other entity  
220 which is registered with the Mississippi State Board of Pharmacy  
221 to buy, sell or maintain controlled substances.

222 (kk) "Repackager" means a person registered by the  
223 federal Food and Drug Administration as a repackager who removes a  
224 prescription drug product from its marketed container and places  
225 it into another, usually of smaller size, to be distributed to  
226 persons other than the consumer.

227 (ll) "Reverse distributor" means a business operator  
228 that is responsible for the receipt and appropriate return or  
229 disposal of unwanted, unneeded or outdated stocks of controlled or  
230 uncontrolled drugs from a pharmacy.

231 (mm) "Supportive personnel" or "pharmacist technician"  
232 means those individuals utilized in pharmacies whose  
233 responsibilities are to provide nonjudgmental technical services  
234 concerned with the preparation and distribution of drugs under the  
235 direct supervision and responsibility of a pharmacist.

236 (nn) "Written guideline or protocol" means an agreement  
237 in which any practitioner authorized to prescribe drugs delegates  
238 to a pharmacist authority to conduct specific prescribing  
239 functions in an institutional setting, or with individual  
240 patients, provided that a specific protocol agreement is signed on  
241 each patient and is filed as required by law or by rule or  
242 regulation of the board.



243 (oo) "Wholesaler" means a person who buys or otherwise  
244 acquires prescription drugs or prescription devices for resale or  
245 distribution, or for repackaging for resale or distribution, to  
246 persons other than consumers.

247 (pp) "Pharmacy benefit manager" has the same meaning as  
248 defined in Section 73-21-153.

249 **SECTION 2.** The following shall be codified as Section  
250 73-21-131, Mississippi Code of 1972:

251 73-21-131. In accordance with rules adopted by the board and  
252 pursuant to a protocol with a practitioner, a pharmacist may  
253 provide patient care services that have been approved by the  
254 board.

255 **SECTION 3.** The following shall be codified as Section  
256 83-41-221, Mississippi Code of 1972:

257 83-41-221. Whenever any policy of insurance or any medical  
258 service plan or hospital service contract or hospital and medical  
259 service contract issued in this state provides for payment or  
260 reimbursement for any service that is within the lawful scope of  
261 practice of a duly licensed pharmacist as defined in Section  
262 73-21-73, the insured or other person entitled to benefits under  
263 that policy, plan or contract may be paid or reimbursed for that  
264 service when the service is performed by a duly licensed  
265 pharmacist.

266 **SECTION 4.** This act shall take effect and be in force from  
267 and after July 1, 2021.

