Adopted SUBSTITUTE NO 1 FOR COMMITTEE AMENDMENT NO 1 PROPOSED TO

House Bill No. 1352

BY: Senator(s) Barnett

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

55 SECTION 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Criminal Justice Reform Act." 56 57 SECTION 2. Section 9-23-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 58 amended as follows: 59 9-23-1. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Alyce Griffin Clarke * * * Intervention Court Act." 60 61 SECTION 3. Section 9-23-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows: 62 63 (1) The Legislature of Mississippi recognizes the 9-23-3. critical need for judicial intervention to reduce the incidence of 64

alcohol and drug use, alcohol and drug addiction, and crimes committed as a result of alcohol and drug use and alcohol and drug addiction. It is the intent of the Legislature to facilitate local * * * <u>intervention</u> court alternative orders adaptable to chancery, circuit, county, youth, municipal and justice courts. (2) The goals of the * * * <u>intervention</u> courts under this chapter include the following:

(a) To reduce alcoholism and other drug dependencies
among adult and juvenile offenders and defendants and among
respondents in juvenile petitions for abuse, neglect or both;

75 (b) To reduce criminal and delinquent recidivism and76 the incidence of child abuse and neglect;

77 (c) To reduce the alcohol-related and other 78 drug-related court workload;

(d) To increase personal, familial and societal accountability of adult and juvenile offenders and defendants and respondents in juvenile petitions for abuse, neglect or both;

82 (e) To promote effective interaction and use of
83 resources among criminal and juvenile justice personnel, child
84 protective services personnel and community agencies; and

85 (f) To use corrections resources more effectively by 86 redirecting prison-bound offenders whose criminal conduct is 87 driven in part by drug and alcohol dependence to intensive 88 supervision and clinical treatment available in the * * * 89 intervention court.

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90 SECTION 4. Section 9-23-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 91 amended as follows:

92 9-23-5. For the purposes of this chapter, the following 93 words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed unless the 94 context clearly requires otherwise:

95 (a) "Chemical" tests means the analysis of an
96 individual's: (i) blood, (ii) breath, (iii) hair, (iv) sweat, (v)
97 saliva, (vi) urine, or (vii) other bodily substance to determine
98 the presence of alcohol or a controlled substance.

99 (b) "Crime of violence" means an offense listed in100 Section 97-3-2.

101 (c) " * * *<u>Intervention</u> court" means an immediate and 102 highly structured intervention process for substance abuse 103 treatment of eligible defendants or juveniles that:

104 (i) Brings together substance abuse professionals,
105 local social programs and intensive judicial monitoring; and

106 (ii) Follows the key components of * * *
107 <u>intervention</u> courts published by the * * * <u>Intervention</u> Court
108 Program Office of the United States Department of Justice.
109 (d) "Evidence-based practices" means supervision

110 policies, procedures and practices that scientific research 111 demonstrates reduce recidivism.

(e) "Risk and needs assessment" means the use of an actuarial assessment tool validated on a Mississippi corrections

114 population to determine a person's risk to reoffend and the 115 characteristics that, if addressed, reduce the risk to reoffend.

SECTION 5. Section 9-23-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

118 9-23-7. The Administrative Office of Courts shall be 119 responsible for certification and monitoring of local * * * 120 <u>intervention</u> courts according to standards promulgated by the 121 State * * <u>Intervention</u> Courts Advisory Committee.

SECTION 6. Section 9-23-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

124 9-23-9. (1) The State * * * Intervention Courts Advisory 125 Committee is established to develop and periodically update 126 proposed statewide evaluation plans and models for monitoring all 127 critical aspects of * * * intervention courts, mental health 128 courts, veterans courts and other intervention courts that may be 129 created hereafter. The committee must provide the proposed 130 evaluation plans to the Chief Justice and the Administrative Office of Courts. The committee shall be chaired by the Director 131 132 of the Administrative Office of Courts or a designee of the 133 director and shall consist of * * * eleven (11) members all of 134 whom shall be appointed by the Supreme Court * * *. The members 135 shall be broadly representative of the courts, mental health, 136 veterans affairs, law enforcement, corrections, criminal defense 137 bar, prosecutors association, juvenile justice, child protective 138 services and substance abuse treatment communities.

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139 (2)The State * * * Intervention Courts Advisory Committee 140 may also make recommendations to the Chief Justice, the Director of the Administrative Office of Courts and state officials 141 concerning improvements to *** * *** intervention court policies and 142 143 procedures including the *** * *** intervention court certification 144 process. The committee may make suggestions as to the criteria for eligibility, and other procedural and substantive guidelines 145 146 for *** * *** intervention court operation.

(3) The State * * * <u>Intervention</u> Courts Advisory Committee shall act as arbiter of disputes arising out of the operation of * * * <u>intervention</u> courts established under this chapter and make recommendations to improve the * * * <u>intervention</u> courts; it shall also make recommendations to the Supreme Court necessary and incident to compliance with established rules.

(4) The State * * * <u>Intervention</u> Courts Advisory Committee shall establish through rules and regulations a viable and fiscally responsible plan to expand the number of adult and juvenile * * * <u>intervention</u> court programs operating in Mississippi. These rules and regulations shall include plans to increase participation in existing and future programs while maintaining their voluntary nature.

(5) The State * * * <u>Intervention</u> Courts Advisory Committee
 shall receive and review the monthly reports submitted to the
 Administrative Office of Courts by each certified * * *

163 intervention court and provide comments and make recommendations,

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164 as necessary, to the Chief Justice and the Director of the 165 Administrative Office of Courts.

166 SECTION 7. Section 9-23-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 167 amended as follows:

168 9-23-11. (1) The Administrative Office of Courts shall 169 establish, implement and operate a uniform certification process 170 for all * * * intervention courts and other problem-solving courts 171 including juvenile courts, veterans courts or any other court 172 designed to adjudicate criminal actions involving an identified classification of criminal defendant to ensure funding for * * * 173 174 intervention courts supports effective and proven practices that 175 reduce recidivism and substance dependency among their 176 participants.

177 (2) The Administrative Office of Courts shall establish a 178 certification process that ensures any new or existing * * * 179 <u>intervention</u> court meets minimum standards for * * * <u>intervention</u> 180 court operation.

181 (a) These standards shall include, but are not limited182 to:

(i) The use of evidence-based practices including, but not limited to, the use of a valid and reliable risk and needs assessment tool to identify participants and deliver appropriate interventions;

187 (ii) Targeting medium to high risk offenders for188 participation;

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189 (iii) The use of current, evidence-based 190 interventions proven to reduce dependency on drugs or alcohol, or 191 both; 192 Frequent testing for alcohol or drugs; (iv) Coordinated strategy between all * * * 193 (V) 194 intervention court program personnel involving the use of 195 graduated clinical interventions; 196 (vi) Ongoing judicial interaction with each 197 participant; and 198 Monitoring and evaluation of * * * (vii) 199 intervention court program implementation and outcomes through 200 data collection and reporting. 201 (b) * * * Intervention court certification applications 202 shall include: 203 (i) A description of the need for the * * * 204 intervention court; The targeted population for the * * * 205 (ii) 206 intervention court; 207 (iii) The eligibility criteria for * * * 208 intervention court participants; 209 (iv) A description of the process for identifying 210 appropriate participants, including the use of a risk and needs 211 assessment and a clinical assessment;

212 A description of the * * * intervention court (V) 213 intervention components, including anticipated budget and implementation plan; 214 215 The data collection plan which shall include (vi) 216 collecting the following data: 217 1. Total number of participants; 218 Total number of successful participants; 2. 219 3. Total number of unsuccessful participants 220 and the reason why each participant did not complete the program; 4. Total number of participants who were 221 222 arrested for a new criminal offense while in the * * * 223 intervention court program; 224 5. Total number of participants who were 225 convicted of a new felony or misdemeanor offense while in the * * * intervention court program; 226 227 6. Total number of participants who committed 228 at least one (1) violation while in the * * * intervention court 229 program and the resulting sanctions; 230 7. Results of the initial risk and needs 231 assessment or other clinical assessment conducted on each 232 participant; * * * 233 8. Total number of applications for screening 234 by race, gender, offenses charged, indigence and, if not accepted, 235 the reason for nonacceptance; and

236 *** * ***9. Any other data or information as 237 required by the Administrative Office of Courts. 238 Every * * * intervention court shall be certified (C) 239 under the following schedule: 240 (i) *** * *** An intervention court application 241 submitted after July 1, 2014, shall require certification of 242 the * * * intervention court based on the proposed * * * 243 intervention court plan; 244 (ii) *** * *** An intervention court established after 245 July 1, 2014, shall be recertified after its second year of funded 246 operation; (iii) * * * An intervention court in existence on 247 July 1, 2014, must submit a certification petition within one (1) 248 249 year of July 1, 2014, and be certified pursuant to the requirements of this section prior to expending * * * intervention 250 251 court resources budgeted for fiscal year 2016; and 252 (iv) All * * * intervention courts shall submit a 253 re-certification petition every two (2) years to the 254 Administrative Office of Courts after the initial certification. 255 (3) All certified *** * *** intervention courts shall measure 256 successful completion of the * * * intervention court based on 257 those participants who complete the program without a new criminal 258 conviction.

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259 (4) (a) All certified * * * intervention courts must 260 collect and submit to the Administrative Office of Courts each 261 month, the following data: 262 Total number of participants at the beginning (i) 263 of the month; 264 (ii) Total number of participants at the end of 265 the month; 266 (iii) Total number of participants who began the 267 program in the month; 268 (iv) Total number of participants who successfully 269 completed the * * * intervention court in the month; 270 (V) Total number of participants who left the 271 program in the month; 272 (vi) Total number of participants who were 273 arrested for a new criminal offense while in the * * * 274 intervention court program in the month; 275 Total number of participants who were (vii) 276 convicted for a new criminal arrest while in the * * * 277 intervention court program in the month; and 278 (viii) Total number of participants who committed 279 at least one (1) violation while in the * * * intervention court 280 program and any resulting sanction(s). 281 By August 1, 2015, and each year thereafter, the (b) 282 Administrative Office of Courts shall report to the PEER Committee 283 the information in subsection (4)(a) of this section in a 284 sortable, electronic format.

(5) All certified * * * <u>intervention</u> courts may individually
establish rules and may make special orders and rules as necessary
that do not conflict with the rules promulgated by the Supreme
Court or the Administrative Office of Courts.

(6) A certified * * * <u>intervention</u> court may appoint the full- or part-time employees it deems necessary for the work of the * * <u>intervention</u> court and shall fix the compensation of those employees. Such employees shall serve at the will and pleasure of the judge or the judge's designee.

(7) The Administrative Office of Courts shall promulgate
rules and regulations to carry out the certification and
re-certification process and make any other policies not
inconsistent with this section to carry out this process.

(8) A certified * * * <u>intervention</u> court established under
this chapter is subject to the regulatory powers of the
Administrative Office of Courts as set forth in Section 9-23-17.

301 SECTION 8. Section 9-23-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 302 amended as follows:

303 9-23-13. (1) * * * <u>An intervention</u> court's alcohol and drug 304 intervention component shall provide for eligible individuals, 305 either directly or through referrals, a range of necessary court 306 intervention services, including, but not limited to, the 307 following:

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308 (a) Screening using a valid and reliable assessment
309 tool effective for identifying alcohol and drug dependent persons
310 for eligibility and appropriate services;

311 Clinical assessment; for a DUI offense, if the (b) 312 person has two (2) or more DUI convictions, the court shall order 313 the person to undergo an assessment that uses a standardized 314 evidence-based instrument performed by a physician to determine 315 whether the person has a diagnosis for alcohol dependence and 316 would likely benefit from a court-approved medication-assisted 317 treatment indicated and approved for the treatment of alcohol 318 dependence by the United States Food and Drug Administration, as 319 specified in the most recent Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of 320 Mental Disorders published by the American Psychiatric 321 Association. Upon considering the results of the assessment, the 322 court may refer the person to a rehabilitative program that offers 323 one or more forms of court-approved medications that are approved 324 for the treatment of alcohol dependence by the United States Food and Drug Administration; 325 326 Education; (C) 327 Referral: (d) 328 (e) Service coordination and case management; and 329 Counseling and rehabilitative care. (f) 330 (2)Any inpatient treatment or inpatient detoxification

331 program ordered by the court shall be certified by the Department

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332 of Mental Health, other appropriate state agency or the equivalent 333 agency of another state.

334 (3) All intervention courts shall make available the option
 335 for participants to use court-approved medication-assisted

336 treatment while participating in the programs of the court in

337 accordance with the recommendations of the National Drug Court

338 Institute.

339 SECTION 9. Section 9-23-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 340 amended as follows:

341 9-23-15. (1) In order to be eligible for alternative 342 sentencing through a local * * * <u>intervention</u> court, the 343 participant must satisfy each of the following criteria:

(a) The participant cannot have any felony convictions
for any offenses that are crimes of violence as defined in Section
97-3-2 within the previous ten (10) years.

347 (b) The crime before the court cannot be a crime of348 violence as defined in Section 97-3-2.

349 (c) Other criminal proceedings alleging commission of a350 crime of violence cannot be pending against the participant.

351 (d) The participant cannot be * * * charged with
352 burglary of a dwelling under Section 97-17-23(2) or 97-17-37.

353 (e) The crime before the court cannot be a charge of 354 driving under the influence of alcohol or any other drug or drugs 355 that resulted in the death of a person.

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(f) The crime charged cannot be one of trafficking in controlled substances under Section 41-29-139(f), nor can the participant have a prior conviction for same.

(2) Participation in the services of an alcohol and drug intervention component shall be open only to the individuals over whom the court has jurisdiction, except that the court may agree to provide the services for individuals referred from another * * * <u>intervention</u> court. In cases transferred from another jurisdiction, the receiving judge shall act as a special master and make recommendations to the sentencing judge.

366 (3) (a) As a condition of participation in *** * *** an 367 intervention court, a participant may be required to undergo a 368 chemical test or a series of chemical tests as specified by 369 the *** * *** intervention court. A participant is liable for the 370 costs of all chemical tests required under this section, 371 regardless of whether the costs are paid to the * * * intervention 372 court or the laboratory; however, if testing is available from other sources or the program itself, the judge may waive any fees 373 374 The judge may waive all fees if the applicant is for testing. 375 determined to be indigent.

(b) A laboratory that performs a chemical test under this section shall report the results of the test to the * * * intervention court.

379 (4) A person does not have a right to participate in * * *
 380 <u>intervention</u> court under this chapter. The court having

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381 jurisdiction over a person for a matter before the court shall 382 have the final determination about whether the person may

383 participate in *** * *** intervention court under this chapter.

384 However, any person meeting the eligibility criteria in subsection

385 (1) of this section shall, upon request, be screened for admission 386 to intervention court.

387 SECTION 10. Section 9-23-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 388 amended as follows:

389 9-23-17. With regard to any * * * <u>intervention</u> court * * *, 390 the Administrative Office of Courts shall do the following:

391 (a) Certify and re-certify * * * <u>intervention</u> court
392 applications that meet standards established by the Administrative
393 Office of Courts in accordance with this chapter.

394 (b) Ensure that the structure of the intervention 395 component complies with rules adopted under this section and 396 applicable federal regulations.

397 (c) Revoke the authorization of a program upon a 398 determination that the program does not comply with rules adopted 399 under this section and applicable federal regulations.

400 (d) Make agreements and contracts to effectuate the401 purposes of this chapter with:

402 (i) Another department, authority or agency of the 403 state;

404 (ii) Another state;

405 (iii) The federal government;

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406 (iv) A state-supported or private university; or
407 (v) A public or private agency, foundation,
408 corporation or individual.

409 (e) Directly, or by contract, approve and certify any410 intervention component established under this chapter.

(f) Require, as a condition of operation, that
each * * <u>intervention</u> court created or funded under this chapter
be certified by the Administrative Office of Courts.

(g) Collect monthly data reports submitted by all certified * * * <u>intervention</u> courts, provide those reports to the State * * * <u>Intervention</u> Courts Advisory Committee, compile an annual report summarizing the data collected and the outcomes achieved by all certified * * * <u>intervention</u> courts and submit the annual report to the Oversight Task Force.

(h) Every three (3) years contract with an external evaluator to conduct an evaluation of the effectiveness of the * * * <u>intervention</u> court program, both statewide and individual * * * <u>intervention</u> court programs, in complying with the key components of the * * * <u>intervention</u> courts adopted by the National Association of Drug Court Professionals.

426

(i) Adopt rules to implement this chapter.

427 **SECTION 11.** Section 9-23-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 428 amended as follows:

429 9-23-19. (1) All monies received from any source by
430 the * * <u>intervention</u> court shall be accumulated in a fund to be

431 used only for * * * <u>intervention</u> court purposes. Any funds 432 remaining in this fund at the end of a fiscal year shall not lapse 433 into any general fund, but shall be retained in the * * * 434 <u>Intervention</u> Court Fund for the funding of further activities by 435 the * * <u>intervention</u> court.

436 (2) * * * <u>An intervention</u> court may apply for and receive
437 the following:

(a) Gifts, bequests and donations from private sources.
(b) Grant and contract money from governmental sources.
(c) Other forms of financial assistance approved by the
court to supplement the budget of the * * * <u>intervention</u> court.

(3) The costs of participation in an alcohol and drug intervention program required by the certified * * * <u>intervention</u> court may be paid by the participant or out of user fees or such other state, federal or private funds that may, from time to time, be made available.

(4) The court may assess such reasonable and appropriate
fees to be paid to the local * * * <u>Intervention</u> Court Fund for
participation in an alcohol or drug intervention program; however,
<u>all fees may be waived if the applicant is determined to be</u>
indigent.

452 SECTION 12. Section 9-23-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 453 amended as follows:

454 9-23-21. The director and members of the professional and
455 administrative staff of the * * * <u>intervention</u> court who perform

456 duties in good faith under this chapter are immune from civil 457 liability for:

458 (a) Acts or omissions in providing services under this459 chapter; and

(b) The reasonable exercise of discretion in determining eligibility to participate in the * * * <u>intervention</u> court.

463 **SECTION 13.** Section 9-23-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 464 amended as follows:

9-23-23. If the participant completes all requirements 465 466 imposed upon him by the * * * intervention court, including the 467 payment of fines and fees assessed and not waived by the court, 468 the charge and prosecution shall be dismissed. If the defendant 469 or participant was sentenced at the time of entry of plea of guilty, the successful completion of the * * * intervention court 470 order and other requirements of probation or suspension of 471 sentence will result in the record of the criminal conviction or 472 473 adjudication being expunded. However, no expunction of any 474 implied consent violation shall be allowed.

475 SECTION 14. Section 9-25-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 476 amended as follows:

9-25-1. (1) The Legislature recognizes that our military veterans have provided an invaluable service to our country. In doing so, many may have suffered the effects of, including, but not limited to, post-traumatic stress disorder, traumatic brain

481 injury and depression, and may also suffer drug and alcohol 482 dependency or addiction and co-occurring mental illness and 483 substance abuse problems. As a result of this, some veterans come 484 into contact with the criminal justice system and are charged with 485 felony offenses. There is a critical need for the justice system 486 to recognize these veterans, provide accountability for their 487 wrongdoing, provide for the safety of the public, and provide for 488 the treatment of our veterans. It is the intent of the 489 Legislature to create a framework for which specialized veterans 490 treatment courts may be established at the circuit court level and 491 at the discretion of the circuit court judge.

492 (2)Authorization. A circuit court judge may establish a 493 Veterans Treatment Court program. The Veterans Treatment Court 494 may, at the discretion of the circuit court judge, be a separate 495 court program or as a component of an existing * * * intervention 496 court program. At the discretion of the circuit court judge, the 497 Veterans Treatment Court may be operated in one (1) county within 498 the circuit court district, and allow veteran participants from 499 all counties within the circuit court district to participate.

(3) Eligibility. (a) In order to be eligible to
participate in a Veterans Treatment Court program established
under this section, the attorney representing the state must
consent to the defendant's participation in the program. Further,
the court in which the criminal case is pending must have found

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505 that the defendant is a veteran of the United States Armed Forces 506 as defined in Title 38 USCS.

(b) Participation in the services of an alcohol and drug intervention component shall only be open to the individuals over whom the court has jurisdiction, except that the court may agree to provide the services for individuals referred from another Veterans Treatment Court. In cases transferred from another jurisdiction, the receiving judge shall act as a special master and make recommendations to the sentencing judge.

(c) (i) As a condition of participation in a Veterans Treatment Court, a participant may be required to undergo a chemical test or a series of chemical tests as specified by the Veterans Treatment Court program. A participant may be held liable for costs associated with all chemical tests required under this section. However, a judge may waive any fees for testing.

(ii) A laboratory that performs chemical tests
under this section shall report the results of the tests to the
Veterans Treatment Courts.

(d) A person does not have the right to participate in A Veterans Treatment Court program under this chapter. The court having jurisdiction over a person for a matter before the court shall have the final determination about whether the person may participate in the Veterans Treatment Court program.

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(e) A defendant shall be excluded from participating in A Veterans Treatment Court program if any one (1) of the following applies:

(i) The crime before the court is a crime ofviolence as set forth in paragraph (c) of this subsection.

533 (ii) The defendant does not demonstrate a534 willingness to participate in a treatment program.

(iii) The defendant has been previously convicted of a felony crime of violence including, but not limited to: murder, rape, sexual battery, statutory rape of a child under the age of sixteen (16), armed robbery, arson, aggravated kidnapping, aggravated assault, stalking, or any offense involving the discharge of a firearm or where serious bodily injury or death resulted to any person.

(f) The court in which the criminal case is pending shall allow an eligible defendant to choose whether to proceed through the Veterans Treatment Court program or otherwise through the justice system.

(g) Proof of matters under this section may be submitted to the court in which the criminal case is pending in any form the court determines to be appropriate, including military service and medical records, previous determinations of a disability by a veteran's organization or by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, testimony or affidavits of other

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552 veterans or service members, and prior determinations of 553 eligibility for benefits by any state or county veterans office.

554 (4) Administrative Office of Courts. With regard to any
555 Veterans Treatment Court established under this chapter, the
556 Administrative Office of Courts may do the following:

(a) Ensure that the structure of the intervention
component complies with rules adopted under this chapter and
applicable federal regulations.

(b) Revoke the authorization of a program upon a
determination that the program does not comply with rules adopted
under this chapter and applicable federal regulations.

563 (c) Enter into agreements and contracts to effectuate 564 the purposes of this chapter with:

565 (i) Another department, authority, or agency of 566 the state;

567 (ii) Another state;

568 (iii) The federal government;

569 (iv) A state-supported or private university; or
570 (v) A public or private agency, foundation,
571 corporation, or individual.

572 (d) Directly, or by contract, approve and certify any 573 intervention component established under this chapter.

(e) Require, as a condition of operation, that each
veterans court created or funded under this chapter be certified
by the Administrative Office of Courts.

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(f) Adopt rules to implement this chapter.

578 (5) State * * * <u>Intervention</u> Court Advisory Committee. (a)
579 The State * * <u>Intervention</u> Court Advisory Committee shall be
580 responsible for developing statewide rules and policies as they
581 relate to Veterans Treatment Court programs.

(b) The State *** *** <u>Intervention</u> Court Advisory Committee may also make recommendations to the Chief Justice, the Director of the Administrative Office of Courts and state officials concerning improvements to Veterans Treatment Court policies and procedures.

(c) The State * * <u>Intervention</u> Court Advisory
Committee shall act as an arbiter of disputes arising out of the
operation of Veterans Treatment Court programs established under
this chapter and make recommendations to improve the Veterans
Treatment Court programs.

592 (6) Funding for Veterans Treatment Courts. (a) All monies 593 received from any source by the Veterans Treatment Court program 594 shall be accumulated in a fund to be used only for Veterans 595 Treatment Court purposes. Any funds remaining in this fund at the 596 end of the fiscal year shall not lapse into the General Fund, but 597 shall be retained in the Veterans Treatment Court fund for the 598 funding of further activities by the Veterans Treatment Court 599 program.

600 (b) A Veterans Treatment Court program may apply for 601 and receive the following:

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602 (i) Gifts, bequests and donations from private603 sources.

604 (ii) Grant and contract money from governmental605 sources.

606 (iii) Other forms of financial assistance approved
607 by the court to supplement the budget of the Veterans Treatment
608 Court program.

(7) Immunity. The coordinator and members of the
professional and administrative staff of the Veterans Treatment
Court program who perform duties in good faith under this chapter
are immune from civil liability for:

(a) Acts or omissions in providing services under this614 chapter; and

(b) The reasonable exercise of discretion in
determining eligibility to participate in the Veterans Treatment
Court program.

618 (8) This section shall be codified as a separate article in619 Title 9, Mississippi Code of 1972.

620 **SECTION 15.** Section 9-27-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 621 amended as follows:

622 9-27-1. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the
623 Rivers McGraw Mental Health Diversion * * * Program Act.

624 SECTION 16. Section 9-27-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 625 amended as follows: 626 9-27-3. (1) The Legislature recognizes the critical need 627 for judicial intervention to establish court processes and 628 procedures that are more responsive to the needs of defendants 629 with mental illnesses, while maintaining public safety and the 630 integrity of the court process. * * *

631 (2) The goals of the mental health diversion * * * programs
632 under this chapter include the following:

633 (a) Reduce the number of future criminal justice634 contacts among offenders with mental illnesses;

635 (b) Reduce the inappropriate institutionalization of636 people with mental illnesses;

(c) Improve the mental health and well-being ofdefendants who come in contact with the criminal justice system;

639 (d) Improve linkages between the criminal justice640 system and the mental health system;

641 (e) Expedite case processing;

642 (f) Protect public safety;

(g) Establish linkages with other state and local
agencies and programs that target people with mental illnesses in
order to maximize the delivery of services; and

(h) To use corrections resources more effectively by
redirecting prison-bound offenders whose criminal conduct is
driven in part by mental illnesses to intensive supervision and
clinical treatment available in the mental health diversion * * *
program.

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651 SECTION 17. Section 9-27-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 652 amended as follows:

9-27-7. (1) The Administrative Office of Courts is the repository for reports filed by * * * programs established under this chapter. The goal of the * * * programs is to support effective and proven practices that reduce recidivism and provide treatment for participants.

(2) * * * Programs must adhere to the standards established
in this chapter.

660 (a) These standards shall include, but are not limited661 to:

(i) The use of evidence-based practices including,
but not limited to, the use of a valid and reliable risk and needs
assessment tool to identify participants and deliver appropriate
treatments;

666 (ii) Targeting medium- to high-risk offenders for 667 participation;

668 (iii) The use of current, evidence-based
669 interventions proven to provide mental health treatment;
670 (iv) Coordinated strategy between all mental
671 health diversion * * * program personnel;
672 (v) Ongoing judicial interaction with each
673 participant; and

674 (vi) Monitoring and evaluation of mental health
675 diversion * * program implementation and outcomes through data
676 collection and reporting.

677 (b) * * * Programs must implement a data collection 678 plan, which shall include collecting the following data: 679 (i) Total number of participants; 680 Total number of successful participants; (ii) 681 (iii) Total number of unsuccessful participants 682 and the reason why each participant did not complete the program; 683 (iv) Total number of participants who were 684 arrested for a new criminal offense while in the program; 685 Total number of participants who were (V) 686 convicted of a new felony or misdemeanor offense while in the 687 program; 688 Total number of participants who committed at (vi) 689 least one (1) violation while in the program and the resulting 690 sanction(s); 691 Results of the initial risk and needs (vii) 692 assessment or other clinical assessment conducted on each 693 participant; and 694 (viii) Any other data or information as required 695 by the Administrative Office of Courts. 696 All mental health diversion * * * programs must measure (3) 697 successful completion of the program based on those participants 698 who complete the program without a new criminal conviction.

699 (4) (a) * * * Programs must collect and submit to the 700 Administrative Office of Courts each month, the following data: 701 Total number of participants at the beginning (i) 702 of the month: 703 (ii) Total number of participants at the end of 704 the month; 705 Total number of participants who began the (iii) 706 program in the month; 707 Total number of participants who successfully (iv) 708 completed the program in the month; 709 (V) Total number of participants who left the 710 program in the month; 711 (vi) Total number of participants who were 712 arrested for a new criminal offense while in the program in the 713 month; 714 (vii) Total number of participants who were 715 convicted for a new criminal arrest while in the program in the 716 month; and 717 Total number of participants who committed (viii) 718 at least one (1) violation while in the program and any resulting 719 sanction(s). 720 By August 1, 2018, and each year thereafter, the (b) 721 Administrative Office of Courts shall report to the PEER Committee 722 the information in subsection (4)(a) of this section in a sortable, electronic format. 723

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(5) Mental health diversion * * * programs may individually establish rules and may make special orders and rules as necessary that do not conflict with rules promulgated by the Supreme Court or the Administrative Office of Courts.

(6) A mental health diversion * * * program may appoint the full or part-time employees it deems necessary for the work of the mental health diversion * * * program and shall fix the compensation of those employees, who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the senior circuit court judge.

733 (7) A mental health diversion * * * program established
734 under this chapter is subject to the regulatory powers of the
735 Administrative Office of Courts as set forth in Section 9-27-13.

736 SECTION 18. Section 9-27-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
737 amended as follows:

9-27-9. (1) A mental health diversion * * * program's mental health intervention component shall provide for eligible individuals, either directly or through referrals, a range of necessary court treatment services, including, but not limited to, the following:

(a) Screening using a valid and reliable assessment
tool effective for identifying persons affected by mental health
issues for eligibility and appropriate services;

746

- (b) Clinical assessment;
- 747 (c) Education;
- 748 (d) Referral;

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(e) Service coordination and case management; and

750

(f) Counseling and rehabilitative care.

751 (2) Any inpatient treatment ordered by the court shall be 752 certified by the Department of Mental Health, other appropriate 753 state agency or the equivalent agency of another state.

754 **SECTION 19.** Section 9-27-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 755 amended as follows:

9-27-11. (1) In order to be eligible for alternative
sentencing through a local mental health diversion * * * program,
the participant must satisfy each of the following criteria:

(a) The participant cannot have any felony convictions
for any offenses that are crimes of violence as defined in Section
97-3-2, other than burglary under Section 97-17-23(1), within the
previous ten (10) years.

(b) The crime before the court cannot be a crime of violence as defined in Section 97-3-2, other than burglary under Section 97-17-23(1).

(c) Other criminal proceedings alleging commission of a
crime of violence other than burglary under Section 97-17-23(1)
cannot be pending against the participant.

(d) The crime before the court cannot be a charge of driving under the influence of alcohol or any other substance that resulted in the death of a person. In addition, persons who are ineligible for nonadjudication under Section 63-11-30 shall be ineligible to participate in a mental health diversion program.

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(e) The crime charged cannot be one of trafficking in controlled substances under Section 41-29-139(f), nor can the participant have a prior conviction for same.

(2) Participation in the services of a mental health treatment component shall be open only to the individuals over whom the court has jurisdiction, except that the court may agree to provide the services for individuals referred from another mental health diversion program. In cases transferred from another jurisdiction, the receiving judge shall act as a special master and make recommendations to the sentencing judge.

784 (3) (a) As a condition of participation in a mental health 785 diversion program, a participant may be required to undergo a 786 chemical test or a series of chemical tests as specified by the 787 program. A participant is liable for the costs of all chemical 788 tests required under this section, regardless of whether the costs 789 are paid to the mental health diversion program or the laboratory; 790 however, if testing is available from other sources or the program 791 itself, the judge may waive any fees for testing. Fees may be 792 waived if the applicant is determined to be indigent.

(b) A laboratory that performs a chemical test under this section shall report the results of the test to the mental health diversion program.

(4) A person does not have a right to participate in a
797 mental health diversion program under this chapter. The court
798 having jurisdiction over a person for a matter before the court

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799 shall have the final determination about whether the person may 800 participate in the mental health diversion program under this 801 chapter. <u>However, any person meeting the eligibility criteria in</u> 802 <u>subsection (1) of this section, shall, upon request, be screened</u> 803 for admission into the program.

804 SECTION 20. Section 9-27-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 805 amended as follows:

9-27-15. (1) All monies received from any source by a mental health diversion * * * program shall be accumulated in a local fund to be used only for mental health diversion * * * program purposes. Any funds remaining in a local fund at the end of a fiscal year shall not lapse into any general fund, but shall be retained in the mental health diversion * * * program fund for the funding of further activities by the mental health

813 diversion * * * program. * * *

814 (2) A mental health diversion * * * program may apply for
815 and receive the following:

816 (a) Gifts, bequests and donations from private sources.817 (b) Grant and contract monies from governmental

818 sources.

819 (c) Other forms of financial assistance approved by the 820 court to supplement the budget of the mental health

821 diversion *** * *** program.

822 (3) The costs of participation in a mental health treatment
823 program required by the mental health diversion * * * program may

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be paid by the participant or out of user fees or such other state, federal or private funds that may, from time to time, be made available.

(4) The court may assess reasonable and appropriate fees to
be paid to the local mental health diversion * * * program fund
for participation in a mental health treatment program; however,
all fees may be waived by the court if the applicant is determined
to be indigent.

832 SECTION 21. Section 9-27-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 833 amended as follows:

9-27-17. The director and members of the professional and administrative staff of the mental health diversion program who perform duties in good faith under this chapter are immune from civil liability for:

838 (a) Acts or omissions in providing services under this839 chapter; and

(b) The reasonable exercise of discretion in
determining eligibility to participate in the mental health
diversion * * * program.

843 **SECTION 22.** Section 9-27-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 844 amended as follows:

9-27-19. If the participant completes all requirements
imposed upon him by the mental health diversion * * *

847 program, * * * the charge and prosecution shall be dismissed. If 848 the defendant or participant was sentenced at the time of entry of a plea of guilty, the successful completion of the mental health diversion * * * program order and other requirements of probation or suspension of sentence will result in the record of the criminal conviction or adjudication being expunged.

853 **SECTION 23.** Sections 9-27-13 and 9-27-21, Mississippi Code 854 of 1972, which regulate pilot programs for mental health diversion 855 courts, are repealed.

856 **SECTION 24.** Section 25-3-35, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 857 amended as follows:

858 25-3-35. (1) The annual salaries of the following judges 859 are fixed as follows:

From and after January 1, 2013, through December 31, 2013: 860 Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.....\$126,292.50 861 862 Presiding Justices of the Supreme Court, each.... 123,600.75 863 Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, each..... 122,460.00 864 From and after January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2014: 865 Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.....\$137,195.00 866 Presiding Justices of the Supreme Court, each.... 134,011.50 867 Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, each..... 132,390.00 868 From and after January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2015: 869 Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.....\$148,097.50 870 Presiding Justices of the Supreme Court, each..... 144,422.25 Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, each..... 142,320.00 871 872 From and after January 1, 2016:

873 Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.....\$159,000.00

874 Presiding Justices of the Supreme Court, each.... 154,833.00 875 Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, each.... 152,250.00 876 There are imposed upon the Supreme Court justices the extra duties 877 of taking all necessary action to promote judicial education in 878 schools, * * * intervention courts, electronic filing and case 879 management systems as developed by the Administrative Office of 880 Courts, or such other additional duties as may be assigned by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. For such extra services each 881 882 justice, from and after January 1, 2013, shall receive a sum 883 sufficient to aggregate, per annum, the salaries set forth in this 884 subsection (1).

885 The fixed salaries in this subsection (1) shall be paid from 886 the State General Fund and from the Judicial System Operation Fund 887 created under Section 9-21-45. No less than: One Hundred Fifteen Thousand Three Hundred Ninety Dollars (\$115,390.00) of the Chief 888 Justice's salary in this subsection (1), One Hundred Thirteen 889 890 Thousand One Hundred Ninety Dollars (\$113,190.00) of the salary of a presiding justice in this subsection (1), and One Hundred Twelve 891 892 Thousand Five Hundred Thirty Dollars (\$112,530.00) of the salary 893 of an associate justice in this subsection (1) shall be paid from 894 general fund monies; in addition, the Legislature shall 895 appropriate annually from the Judicial System Operation Fund a sum 896 sufficient to increase the salary of the Chief Justice, a 897 presiding justice and an associate justice to the levels set forth 898 in this subsection (1).

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The fixed salaries as specified in this subsection (1) shall be the exclusive and total compensation which can be reported to the Public Employees' Retirement System for retirement purposes; however, any judge in office on December 31, 2003, may continue to report his expense allowance as part of his compensation for retirement purposes.

905 (2) The annual salaries of the judges of the Court of906 Appeals of Mississippi are fixed as follows:

907 From and after January 1, 2013, through December 31, 2013: 908 Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals.....\$117,992.00 909 Associate Judges of the Court of Appeals, each.... 114,994.25 910 From and after January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2014: Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals.....\$127,854.00 911 912 Associate Judges of the Court of Appeals, each.... 124,938.50 913 From and after January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2015: Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals.....\$137,716.00 914 915 Associate Judges of the Court of Appeals, each.... 134,882.75 916 From and after January 1, 2016:

917 Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals......\$147,578.00
918 Associate Judges of the Court of Appeals, each... 144,827.00
919 From and after January 1, 2013, each judge shall receive a
920 sum sufficient to aggregate, per annum, the salaries set forth in
921 this subsection (2).

922 The fixed salaries in this subsection (2) shall be paid from 923 the State General Fund and from the Judicial System Operation Fund

924 created under Section 9-21-45. No less than One Hundred Eight 925 Thousand One Hundred Thirty Dollars (\$108,130.00) of the Chief 926 Judge's salary in this subsection (2) shall be paid from general 927 fund monies; in addition, the Legislature shall appropriate 928 annually from the Judicial System Operation Fund a sum sufficient 929 to increase the Chief Judge's salary to the level set forth in 930 this subsection (2). No less than One Hundred Five Thousand Fifty 931 Dollars (\$105,050.00) of the salary of an associate judge in this 932 subsection (2) shall be paid from general fund monies; in 933 addition, the Legislature shall appropriate annually from the 934 Judicial System Operation Fund a sum sufficient to increase the 935 salary of an associate judge to the level set forth in this 936 subsection (2).

937 The fixed salaries as specified in this subsection (2) shall 938 be the exclusive and total compensation which can be reported to 939 the Public Employees' Retirement System for retirement purposes; 940 however, any judge in office on December 31, 2003, may continue to 941 report his expense allowance as part of his compensation for 942 retirement purposes.

943 (3) The annual salaries of the chancery and circuit court 944 judges are fixed as follows:

948 From and after January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2014:

949 Chancery Judges, each.....\$120,085.00 950 Circuit Judges, each..... 120,085.00 951 From and after January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2015: 952 Chancery Judges, each.....\$128,042.50 953 Circuit Judges, each..... 128,042.50 954 From and after January 1, 2016: 955 Chancery Judges, each.....\$136,000.00 956 Circuit Judges, each..... 136,000.00 957 In addition to their present official duties, the circuit and 958 chancery judges shall take necessary action to promote judicial education in schools, * * * intervention courts, electronic filing 959 960 and case management systems as developed by the Administrative 961 Office of Courts, or such other additional duties as may be 962 assigned by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. For such extra services each judge, from and after January 1, 2013, shall 963 964 receive a sum sufficient to aggregate, per annum, the salaries set 965 forth in this subsection (3).

The fixed salaries in this subsection (3) shall be paid from the State General Fund and from the Judicial System Operation Fund created under Section 9-21-45. No less than One Hundred Four Thousand One Hundred Seventy Dollars (\$104,170.00) of the salary of a chancery or circuit Judge in this subsection (3) shall be paid from general fund monies; in addition, the Legislature shall appropriate annually from the Judicial System Operation Fund a sum

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973 sufficient to increase the salary of a chancery or circuit judge 974 to the levels set forth in this subsection (3).

975 (4) From and after January 1, 2019, and every four (4) years 976 thereafter, the annual salaries of the judges in subsections (1), 977 (2) and (3) shall be fixed at the level of compensation 978 recommended by the State Personnel Board according to the board's 979 most recent report on judicial salaries, as required under Section 25-9-115, to the extent that sufficient funds are available. 980 The 981 annual salaries fixed in accordance with this subsection (4) shall not become effective until the commencement of the next 982 983 immediately succeeding term of office.

984 (5) The Supreme Court shall prepare a payroll for chancery
985 judges and circuit judges and submit such payroll to the
986 Department of Finance and Administration.

987 (6) The annual salary of the full-time district attorneys988 shall be:

989 From and after January 1, 2013, through December 31, 2013: 990 One Hundred Three Thousand Three Hundred Twenty-two Dollars 991 (\$103,322.00).

992 From and after January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2014: 993 One Hundred Ten Thousand Eight Hundred Forty-eight Dollars 994 (\$110,848.00).

995 From and after January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2015:
996 One Hundred Eighteen Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-four
997 Dollars (\$118,374.00).

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998 From and after January 1, 2016:

999 One Hundred Twenty-five Thousand Nine Hundred Dollars 1000 (\$125,900.00).

1001 The annual salary of the full-time legal assistants (7)1002 shall be not less than Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) nor 1003 more than eighty percent (80%) of the salary of the district 1004 attorney for legal assistants who have been licensed to practice 1005 law for five (5) years or less; eighty-five percent (85%) of the 1006 salary of the district attorney for legal assistants who have been 1007 licensed to practice law for at least five (5) years but less than 1008 fifteen (15) years; and ninety percent (90%) of the salary of the 1009 district attorney for legal assistants who have been licensed to 1010 practice law for at least fifteen (15) years or more.

1011 SECTION 25. Section 43-21-357, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1012 amended as follows:

1013 43-21-357. (1) After receiving a report, the youth court 1014 intake unit shall promptly make a preliminary inquiry to determine 1015 whether the interest of the child, other children in the same 1016 environment or the public requires the youth court to take further 1017 As part of the preliminary inquiry, the youth court action. 1018 intake unit may request or the youth court may order the 1019 Department of Human Services, the Department of Youth Services, 1020 any successor agency or any other qualified public employee to 1021 make an investigation or report concerning the child and any other 1022 children in the same environment, and present the findings thereof

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1023 to the youth court intake unit. If the youth court intake unit 1024 receives a neglect or abuse report, the youth court intake unit shall immediately forward the complaint to the Department of Human 1025 1026 Services to promptly make an investigation or report concerning 1027 the child and any other children in the same environment and 1028 promptly present the findings thereof to the youth court intake 1029 unit. If it appears from the preliminary inquiry that the child 1030 or other children in the same environment are within the 1031 jurisdiction of the court, the youth court intake unit shall 1032 recommend to the youth court:

1033

1034

(a) That the youth court take no action;(b) That an informal adjustment be made;

1035 (c) The Department of Human Services, Division of 1036 Family and Children Services, monitor the child, family and other 1037 children in the same environment;

1038 (d) That the child is warned or counseled informally;
1039 (e) That the child be referred to the youth court * * *
1040 intervention court; or

1041 (f) That a petition be filed.

1042 (2) The youth court shall then, without a hearing:

1043 (a) Order that no action be taken;

1044 (b) Order that an informal adjustment be made;1045 (c) Order that the Department of Human Services,

1046 Division of Family and Children Services, monitor the child,

1047 family and other children in the same environment;

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1048 (d) Order that the child is warned or counseled 1049 informally;

1050 (e) That the child be referred to the youth * * *
1051 intervention court; or

(f) Order that a petition be filed.

1053 (3) If the preliminary inquiry discloses that a child needs 1054 emergency medical treatment, the judge may order the necessary 1055 treatment.

1056 SECTION 26. Section 63-11-31.1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1057 amended as follows:

1058 63-11-31.1. (1) The Mississippi Forensics Laboratory shall promulgate rules and regulations for court-ordered drug testing of 1059 1060 DUI/other drug violators and shall approve which vendors are eligible to be utilized by the trial courts when ordering 1061 1062 defendants to undergo drug testing as a condition of continuing to 1063 exercise the privilege to drive. The Forensics Laboratory may 1064 assess fees to the vendors, and shall prescribe the maximum costs 1065 to the offender for drug testing. The Forensics Laboratory may 1066 seek the advice of the State * * * Intervention Court Advisory 1067 Committee in fulfilling these duties.

1068 (2) The Forensics Laboratory must evaluate proposals made by
1069 prospective vendors for acceptability, including, without
1070 limitation, the following factors:

1071

1052

(a) A description of the method used for assessment;

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1072 (b) The frequency with which the offender will be1073 tested;

1074 (c) The procedure used by the vendor to ensure the 1075 accuracy of the test results;

1076 (d) The length of time allowed the offender to provide 1077 a biological sample after being given notice;

1078 (e) The frequency with which the vendor will make1079 reports to the court;

1080 (f) The list of approved sites for the collection of 1081 biological samples for testing.

1082 (3) The Forensics Laboratory must promulgate regulations for1083 the program and for vendors, including at a minimum:

(a) That the offender must pay the cost of the testing
program or, if the court finds the offender to be indigent, that
the cost be paid from the Interlock Device Fund.

1087 (b) How indigent funds will be accessed by the vendors, 1088 and the maximum cost to the offender or the fund.

1089 (4) The Forensics Laboratory will provide the list of 1090 approved vendors, subject to continuous updating, to the 1091 Mississippi Judicial College for dissemination to the trial 1092 courts.

1093 **SECTION 27.** Section 99-3-45, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1094 amended as follows:

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1095 99-3-45. A person under the age of twenty-one (21) who is 1096 released under either Section 99-3-17 or 99-3-18 following arrest 1097 must be given notice:

(a) That the person is allowed to call a parent,
guardian or custodian in addition to any other opportunity to call
that has been afforded to such person; and

1101 (b) That * * <u>Intervention</u> Court and other pretrial 1102 diversion programs may be available for many offenses.

SECTION 28. Section 99-19-73, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

1105 99-19-73. (1) Traffic violations. In addition to any 1106 monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there 1107 shall be imposed and collected the following state assessment from 1108 each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for any violation in Title 63, Mississippi Code of 1972, except 1109 1110 offenses relating to the Mississippi Implied Consent Law (Section 63-11-1 et seq.) and offenses relating to vehicular parking or 1111

1112 registration:

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Spinal Cord and Head Injury Trust Fund Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters Death Benefits Trust Fund......[Deleted] Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters State Prosecutor Compensation Fund for the purpose of providing additional compensation for district attorneys and their legal assistants......[Deleted] Crisis Intervention Mental Health Fund......[Deleted] * * *Intervention Court Fund......[Deleted] Judicial Performance Fund......[Deleted] Indigent Appeals Fund......[Deleted] Public Defenders Education Fund......[Deleted] DuBard School for Language Disorders Fund......[Deleted] Children's Advocacy Centers Fund......[Deleted]

(2) Implied Consent Law violations. In addition to any monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there shall be imposed and collected the following state assessment from each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or any other penalty for any violation of the Mississippi Implied Consent Law (Section 63-11-1 et seq.):

1153	FUND AMOUNT
1154	Crime Victims' Compensation Fund
1155	State Court Education Fund[Deleted]
1156	State Prosecutor Education Fund
1157	Vulnerable Persons Training,
1158	Investigation and Prosecution Trust Fund[Deleted]
1159	Child Support Prosecution Trust Fund[Deleted]
1160	Driver Training Penalty Assessment Fund[Deleted]
1161	Law Enforcement Officers Training Fund[Deleted]
1162	Emergency Medical Services Operating Fund[Deleted]
1163	Mississippi Alcohol Safety Education Program Fund[Deleted]
1164	Federal-State Alcohol Program Fund
1165	Mississippi Forensics Laboratory
1166	Implied Consent Law Fund
1167	Spinal Cord and Head Injury Trust Fund
1168	Capital Defense Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1169	Indigent Appeals Fund[Deleted]

1170	Capital Post-Conviction Counsel Fund
1171	Victims of Domestic Violence Fund[Deleted]
1172	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1173	Death Benefits Trust Fund
1174	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1175	Disability Benefits Trust Fund
1176	State Prosecutor Compensation Fund for the purpose
1177	of providing additional compensation for
1178	district attorneys and their legal assistants[Deleted]
1179	Crisis Intervention Mental Health Fund[Deleted]
1180	* * * <u>Intervention</u> Court Fund[Deleted]
1181	Statewide Victims' Information and
1182	Notification System Fund
1183	Public Defenders Education Fund[Deleted]
1184	Domestic Violence Training Fund[Deleted]
1185	Attorney General's Cyber Crime Unit
1186	GENERAL FUND\$ 243.50
1187	(3) Game and Fish Law violations. In addition to any
1188	monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there
1189	shall be imposed and collected the following state assessment from
1190	each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for
1191	any violation of the game and fish statutes or regulations of this
1192	state:
1193	FUND AMOUNT
1194	State Court Education Fund[Deleted]

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1195 1196 Vulnerable Persons Training, 1197 Investigation and Prosecution Trust Fund......[Deleted] 1198 1199 Hunter Education and Training Program Fund......[Deleted] 1200 Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters 1201 Death Benefits Trust Fund......[Deleted] 1202 Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters 1203 1204 State Prosecutor Compensation Fund for the purpose 1205 of providing additional compensation for district 1206 1207 Crisis Intervention Mental Health Fund......[Deleted] 1208 1209 Capital Defense Counsel Fund......[Deleted] 1210 Indigent Appeals Fund......[Deleted] 1211 1212 1213 1214 1215 1216 GENERAL FUND......\$ 89.00 1217 (4) [Deleted] 1218 Speeding, reckless and careless driving violations. (5) In

1219 addition to any assessment imposed under subsection (1) or (2) of

1220 this section, there shall be imposed and collected the following 1221 state assessment from each person upon whom a court imposes a fine 1222 or other penalty for driving a vehicle on a road or highway: 1223 (a) At a speed that exceeds the posted speed limit by 1224 at least ten (10) miles per hour but not more than twenty (20) 1225 miles per hour.....\$10.00 1226 (b) At a speed that exceeds the posted speed limit by 1227 at least twenty (20) miles per hour but not more than thirty (30) 1228 miles per hour.....\$20.00 1229 (C) At a speed that exceeds the posted speed limit by 1230 thirty (30) miles per hour or more.....\$30.00 In violation of Section 63-3-1201, which is the 1231 (d) 1232 offense of reckless driving.....\$10.00 1233 In violation of Section 63-3-1213, which is the (e) 1234 offense of careless driving.....\$10.00 1235 All assessments collected under this subsection shall be 1236 deposited into the State General Fund. Other misdemeanors. In addition to any monetary 1237 (6) 1238 penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there shall be 1239 imposed and collected the following state assessment from each 1240 person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for any 1241 misdemeanor violation not specified in subsection (1), (2) or (3) 1242 of this section, except offenses relating to vehicular parking or 1243 registration:

1244 FUND

AMOUNT

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1245	Crime Victims' Compensation Fund \$[Deleted]
1246	State Court Education Fund[Deleted]
1247	State Prosecutor Education Fund[Deleted]
1248	Vulnerable Persons Training, Investigation
1249	and Prosecution Trust Fund
1250	Child Support Prosecution Trust Fund[Deleted]
1251	Law Enforcement Officers Training Fund
1252	Capital Defense Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1253	Indigent Appeals Fund[Deleted]
1254	Capital Post-Conviction Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1255	Victims of Domestic Violence Fund[Deleted]
1256	State Crime Stoppers Fund[Deleted]
1257	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1258	Death Benefits Trust Fund
1259	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1260	Disability Benefits Trust Fund
1261	State Prosecutor Compensation Fund for the purpose
1262	of providing additional compensation for
1263	district attorneys and their legal assistants[Deleted]
1264	Crisis Intervention Mental Health Fund[Deleted]
1265	* * * <u>Intervention</u> Court Fund[Deleted]
1266	Judicial Performance Fund[Deleted]
1267	Statewide Victims' Information and
1268	Notification System Fund
1269	Public Defenders Education Fund

1270	Domestic Violence Training Fund
1271	Attorney General's Cyber Crime Unit
1272	Information Exchange Network Fund
1273	Motorcycle Officer Training Fund
1274	Civil Legal Assistance Fund[Deleted]
1275	Justice Court Collections Fund
1276	Municipal Court Collections Fund
1277	GENERAL FUND\$121.75
1278	(7) Other felonies. In addition to any monetary penalties
1279	and any other penalties imposed by law, there shall be imposed and
1280	collected the following state assessment from each person upon
1281	whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for any felony
1282	violation not specified in subsection (1), (2) or (3) of this
1283	section:
1284	FUND AMOUNT
1285	Crime Victims' Compensation Fund\$[Deleted]
1286	State Court Education Fund
1287	State Prosecutor Education Fund
1288	Vulnerable Persons Training, Investigation
1289	and Prosecution Trust Fund [Deleted]
1290	Child Support Prosecution Trust Fund[Deleted]
1291	Law Enforcement Officers Training Fund
1292	Capital Defense Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1293	Indigent Appeals Fund[Deleted]
1294	Capital Post-Conviction Counsel Fund

1295	Victims of Domestic Violence Fund[Deleted]
1296	Criminal Justice Fund[Deleted]
1297	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1298	Death Benefits Trust Fund
1299	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1300	Disability Benefits Trust Fund
1301	State Prosecutor Compensation Fund for the purpose
1302	of providing additional compensation for
1303	district attorneys and their legal assistants[Deleted]
1304	Crisis Intervention Mental Health Fund[Deleted]
1305	* * * <u>Intervention</u> Court Fund
1306	Statewide Victims' Information and
1307	Notification System Fund
1308	Public Defenders Education Fund
1309	Domestic Violence Training Fund
1310	Attorney General's Cyber Crime Unit
1311	Forensics Laboratory DNA Identification System Fund[Deleted]
1312	GENERAL FUND\$280.50
1313	(8) Additional assessments on certain violations:
1314	(a) Railroad crossing violations. In addition to any
1315	monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there
1316	shall be imposed and collected the following state assessment in
1317	addition to all other state assessments due under this section

1318 from each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty

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1319 for any violation involving railroad crossings under Section 1320 37-41-55, 63-3-1007, 63-3-1009, 63-3-1011, 63-3-1013 or 77-9-249: 1321 Operation Lifesaver Fund......\$25.00

(b) **Drug violations**. In addition to any monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there shall be imposed and collected the following state assessment in addition to all other state assessments due under this section from each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for any violation of Section 41-29-139:

1328 Drug Evidence Disposition Fund......\$25.00 1329 (C) Motor vehicle liability insurance violations. In 1330 addition to any monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed 1331 by law, there shall be imposed and collected the following state 1332 assessment in addition to all other state assessments due under 1333 this section from each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or 1334 other penalty for any violation of Section 63-15-4(4) or Section 1335 63 - 16 - 13(1):

1336 Uninsured Motorist Identification Fund:

1337First offense.....\$200.001338Second offense.....\$300.001339Third or subsequent offense.....\$400.001340(9)1f a fine or other penalty imposed is suspended, in1341whole or in part, such suspension shall not affect the state1342assessment under this section. No state assessment imposed under

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1343 the provisions of this section may be suspended or reduced by the 1344 court.

(10) (a) After a determination by the court of the amount due, it shall be the duty of the clerk of the court to promptly collect all state assessments imposed under the provisions of this section. The state assessments imposed under the provisions of this section may not be paid by personal check.

1350 It shall be the duty of the chancery clerk of each (b) 1351 county to deposit all state assessments collected in the circuit, 1352 county and justice courts in the county on a monthly basis with 1353 the State Treasurer pursuant to appropriate procedures established 1354 by the State Auditor. The chancery clerk shall make a monthly 1355 lump-sum deposit of the total state assessments collected in the 1356 circuit, county and justice courts in the county under this 1357 section, and shall report to the Department of Finance and 1358 Administration the total number of violations under each 1359 subsection for which state assessments were collected in the 1360 circuit, county and justice courts in the county during that 1361 month.

(c) It shall be the duty of the municipal clerk of each municipality to deposit all the state assessments collected in the municipal court in the municipality on a monthly basis with the State Treasurer pursuant to appropriate procedures established by the State Auditor. The municipal clerk shall make a monthly lump-sum deposit of the total state assessments collected in the

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1368 municipal court in the municipality under this section, and shall 1369 report to the Department of Finance and Administration the total 1370 number of violations under each subsection for which state 1371 assessments were collected in the municipal court in the 1372 municipality during that month.

(11) It shall be the duty of the Department of Finance and Administration to deposit on a monthly basis all state assessments into the State General Fund or proper special fund in the State Treasury. The Department of Finance and Administration shall issue regulations providing for the proper allocation of these funds.

1379 (12)The State Auditor shall establish by regulation 1380 procedures for refunds of state assessments, including refunds associated with assessments imposed before July 1, 1990, and 1381 1382 refunds after appeals in which the defendant's conviction is 1383 reversed. The Auditor shall provide in the regulations for 1384 certification of eligibility for refunds and may require the defendant seeking a refund to submit a verified copy of a court 1385 1386 order or abstract by which the defendant is entitled to a refund. 1387 All refunds of state assessments shall be made in accordance with 1388 the procedures established by the Auditor.

1389 SECTION 29. Section 63-1-51, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1390 amended as follows:

1391 63-1-51. (1) It shall be the duty of the court clerk, upon1392 conviction of any person holding a license issued pursuant to this

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1393 article where the penalty for a traffic violation is as much as 1394 Ten Dollars (\$10.00), to mail a copy of abstract of the court record or provide an electronically or computer generated copy of 1395 1396 abstract of the court record immediately to the commissioner at 1397 Jackson, Mississippi, showing the date of conviction, penalty, 1398 etc., so that a record of same may be made by the Department of 1399 Public Safety. The commissioner shall forthwith revoke the 1400 license of any person for a period of one (1) year upon receiving 1401 a duly certified record of each person's convictions of any of the following offenses when such conviction has become final: 1402

1403 (a) Manslaughter or negligent homicide resulting from1404 the operation of a motor vehicle;

1405 (b) Any felony in the commission of which a motor1406 vehicle is used;

1407 (c) Failure to stop and render aid as required under 1408 the laws of this state in event of a motor vehicle accident 1409 resulting in the death or personal injury of another;

(d) Perjury or the willful making of a false affidavit or statement under oath to the department under this article or under any other law relating to the ownership or operation of motor vehicles; or

(e) Conviction, or forfeiture of bail not vacated, upon three (3) charges of reckless driving committed within a period of twelve (12) months * * *.

1417 * * *

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1418 (2) The commissioner shall revoke the license issued
1419 pursuant to this article of any person convicted of negligent
1420 homicide, in addition to any penalty now provided by law.

1421 In addition to the reasons specified in this section, (3)1422 the commissioner shall be authorized to suspend the license issued 1423 to any person pursuant to this article for being out of compliance 1424 with an order for support, as defined in Section 93-11-153. The 1425 procedure for suspension of a license for being out of compliance 1426 with an order for support, and the procedure for the reissuance or 1427 reinstatement of a license suspended for that purpose, and the 1428 payment of any fees for the reissuance or reinstatement of a 1429 license suspended for that purpose, shall be governed by Section 1430 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be. If there is any 1431 conflict between any provision of Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 and any provision of this article, the provisions of Section 1432 1433 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be, shall control.

1434 SECTION 30. Section 63-1-53, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1435 amended as follows:

1436 63-1-53. (1) * * * Upon failure of any person to pay timely 1437 any fine, fee or assessment levied as a result of any violation of 1438 this title, the clerk of the court shall give written notice to 1439 such person by United States first-class mail at his last known 1440 address advising such person that, if within * * * <u>ninety (90)</u> 1441 days after such notice is deposited in the mail, the person * * * 1442 has not paid the entire amount of all fines, fees and assessments

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1443 levied, then the court will * * * <u>pursue collection as for any</u> 1444 <u>other delinquent payment, and shall be entitled to collection of</u> 1445 <u>all additional fees in accordance with subsection (4) of this</u> 1446 section.

1447 (2) The commissioner is hereby authorized to suspend the 1448 license of an operator without preliminary hearing upon a showing 1449 by his records or other sufficient evidence that the licensee:

(a) Has committed an offense for which mandatory
revocation of license is required upon conviction except under the
provisions of the Mississippi Implied Consent Law;

(b) Has been involved as a driver in any accident
resulting in the death or personal injury of another or serious
property damage;

1456 (c) Is an habitually reckless or negligent driver of a 1457 motor vehicle;

(d) Has been convicted with such frequency of serious offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles as to indicate a disrespect for traffic laws and a disregard for the safety of other persons on the highways;

1462 (e) Is incompetent to drive a motor vehicle;
1463 (f) Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of such
1464 license;

1465 (g) Has committed an offense in another state which if 1466 committed in this state would be grounds for suspension or

1467 revocation; or

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1468 ***

1469 $(\star \star \star h)$ Has committed a violation for which mandatory 1470 revocation of license is required upon conviction, entering a plea 1471 of nolo contendere to, or adjudication of delinquency, pursuant to 1472 the provisions of subsection (1) of Section 63-1-71.

1473 (3) Notice that a person's license is suspended or will be 1474 suspended under subsection (2) of this section shall be given by 1475 the commissioner in the manner and at the time provided for under 1476 Section 63-1-52, and upon such person's request, he shall be 1477 afforded an opportunity for a hearing as early as practicable, but 1478 not to exceed twenty (20) days after receipt of such request in 1479 the county wherein the licensee resides unless the department and 1480 the licensee agree that such hearing may be held in some other 1481 county. Upon such hearing the commissioner, or his duly authorized agent, may administer oaths and may issue subpoenas for 1482 1483 the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant books 1484 and papers and may require a reexamination of the licensee. Upon 1485 such hearing the commissioner shall either rescind any order of 1486 suspension or, good cause appearing therefor, may extend any 1487 suspension of such license or revoke such license.

1488 (4) If a licensee has not paid all cash appearance bonds
1489 authorized under Section 99-19-3 or all fines, fees or other
1490 assessments levied as a result of a violation of this title within
1491 ninety (90) days * * * <u>after receiving notice of the licensee's</u>
1492 failure to pay all fines, fees or other assessments as provided in

1493 <u>subsection (1) of this section</u>, the court is authorized to pursue 1494 collection under Section 21-17-1(6) or 19-3-41(2) as for any other 1495 delinquent payment, and shall be entitled to collection of all 1496 additional fees authorized under those sections.

1497 **SECTION 31.** Section 63-1-52, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1498 amended as follows:

63 - 1 - 52. (1) 1499 Whenever the Commissioner of Public Safety 1500 suspends, cancels or revokes the driver's license or driving 1501 privileges of any person, notice of the suspension, cancellation 1502 or revocation shall be given to such person by the commissioner, 1503 or his duly authorized agent, in the manner provided in subsection 1504 (2) of this section and at the time provided in subsection (3) of 1505 this section or in the manner and at the time provided in 1506 subsection (4) of this section.

1507

(2) Notice shall be given in the following manner:

1508 (a) In writing, (i) by United States Certificate of 1509 Mailing; or (ii) by personal service at the person's address as it 1510 appears on the driving record maintained by the Department of 1511 Public Safety or at the person's last-known address; or (iii) by 1512 personal notice being given by any law enforcement officer of this 1513 state or any duly authorized agent of the Commissioner of Public 1514 Safety on forms prescribed and furnished by the Commissioner of Public Safety; whenever a person's driver's license or driving 1515 1516 privileges are suspended, revoked or cancelled in accordance with the Mississippi Driver License Compact Law, the Mississippi 1517

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1518 Implied Consent Law, the Mississippi Motor Vehicle Safety 1519 Responsibility Law or * * * <u>subsection</u> (2)(c), (2)(d), (2)(e) or 1520 (2)(f) of Section 63-1-53.

(b) In writing, by United States first class mail, whenever a person's driver's license or driving privileges are suspended, revoked or cancelled in accordance with the Mississippi Commercial Driver's License Law, the Youth Court Law, Chapter 23 of Title 43, Mississippi Code of 1972, Section 63-1-45, Section 63-1-51, * * * <u>subsection</u> (2)(g) * * * <u>or</u> (2)(h) * * * of Section 63-1-53, or Section 63-9-25.

1528

(3) Notice shall be given at the following time:

(a) Before suspension, revocation or cancellation,
whenever a person's driver's license or driving privileges are
suspended, revoked or cancelled in accordance with the Mississippi
Driver License Compact Law, the Mississippi Motor Vehicle Safety
Responsibility Law or * * <u>subsection</u> (2) (c), (2) (d), (2) (e) or
(2) (f) of Section 63-1-53.

1535 (b) Unless otherwise specifically provided for by law, 1536 at the time of suspension, revocation or cancellation, whenever a 1537 person's driver's license or driving privileges are suspended, 1538 revoked or cancelled in accordance with the Mississippi Commercial 1539 Driver's License Law, the Mississippi Implied Consent Law, the 1540 Youth Court Law, Chapter 23 of Title 43, Mississippi Code of 1972, Section 63-1-45, Section 63-1-51, * * * subsection (2)(g) * * * or 1541 (2)(h) * * * of Section 63-1-53, or Section 63-9-25. 1542

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1543 (4) Whenever the Commissioner of Public Safety suspends, 1544 revokes or cancels the driver's license or driving privileges of any person in accordance with some provision of law other than a 1545 provision of law referred to in subsections (2) and (3) of this 1546 1547 section, and the manner and time for giving notice is not provided 1548 for in such law, then notice of such suspension, revocation or cancellation shall be given in the manner and at the time provided 1549 1550 for under * * * subsections (2)(b) and (3)(b) of this section. 1551 SECTION 32. Section 63-1-71, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1552 amended as follows:

1553 63-1-71. (1) * * * Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 63-11-30 * * *(3) and in addition to any penalty 1554 1555 authorized by the Uniform Controlled Substances Law or any other 1556 statute indicating the dispositions that can be ordered for an 1557 adjudication of delinquency, every person convicted of driving 1558 under the influence of a controlled substance, or entering a plea 1559 of nolo contendere thereto, or adjudicated delinguent therefor, in a court of this state, * * * the United States, another state, a 1560 1561 territory or possession of the United States, the District of 1562 Columbia or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, shall forthwith 1563 forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of 1564 this state for a period of not less than six (6) months. In the case of any person who at the time of the imposition of sentence 1565 1566 does not have a driver's license or is less than * * * sixteen 1567 (16) years of age, the period of the suspension of driving

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1568 privileges authorized herein shall commence on the day the 1569 sentence is imposed and shall run for a period of not less than six (6) months after the day the person obtains a driver's license 1570 1571 or reaches the age of * * * sixteen (16). If the driving 1572 privilege of any person is under revocation or suspension at the 1573 time of any conviction or adjudication of delinquency for * * * 1574 driving under the influence of a controlled substance, the 1575 revocation or suspension period imposed herein shall commence as 1576 of the date of termination of the existing revocation or 1577 suspension.

1578 (2)The court in this state before whom any person is 1579 convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for * * * driving under the 1580 influence of a controlled substance shall collect forthwith the 1581 Mississippi driver's license of the person and forward such 1582 license to the Department of Public Safety along with a report 1583 indicating the first and last day of the suspension or revocation 1584 period imposed pursuant to this section. If the court is for any 1585 reason unable to collect the license of the person, the court 1586 shall cause a report of the conviction or adjudication of 1587 delinquency to be filed with the Commissioner of Public Safety. 1588 That report shall include the complete name, address, date of 1589 birth, eye color and sex of the person and shall indicate the 1590 first and last day of the suspension or revocation period imposed 1591 by the court pursuant to this section. The court shall inform the person orally and in writing that if the person is convicted of 1592

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1593 personally operating a motor vehicle during the period of license 1594 suspension or revocation imposed pursuant to this section, the person shall, upon conviction, be subject to the penalties set 1595 1596 forth in Section 63-11-40. A person shall be required to 1597 acknowledge receipt of the written notice in writing. Failure to 1598 receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the 1599 receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent 1600 charge of a violation of Section 63-11-40. If the person is the 1601 holder of a driver's license from another jurisdiction, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith the 1602 1603 Commissioner of Public Safety who shall notify the appropriate 1604 officials in the licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, 1605 however, in accordance with the provisions of this section, revoke 1606 the person's nonresident driving privilege in this state.

1607 (3) The county court or circuit court having jurisdiction, 1608 on petition, may reduce the suspension of driving privileges under 1609 this section if the * * * suspension would constitute a hardship on the offender. When the petition is filed, such person shall 1610 1611 pay to the circuit clerk of the court where the petition is filed 1612 a fee of Twenty Dollars (\$20.00) for each year, or portion 1613 thereof, of license revocation or suspension remaining under the 1614 original sentence, which shall be deposited into the State General 1615 Fund to the credit of a special fund hereby created in the State 1616 Treasury to be used for alcohol or drug abuse treatment and 1617 education, upon appropriation by the Legislature. This fee shall

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1618 be in addition to any other court costs or fees required for the 1619 filing of petitions.

1620 SECTION 33. Section 63-1-46, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1621 amended as follows:

1622 63-1-46. (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this 1623 section, a fee of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) shall be charged 1624 for the reinstatement of a license issued under this article to 1625 every person whose license has been validly suspended, revoked or 1626 cancelled.

1627 (b) The funds received under the provisions of this1628 subsection shall be distributed as follows:

1629 (i) Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be 1630 deposited into the State General Fund in accordance with Section 1631 45-1-23;

(ii) Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be paid to the Board of Trustees of the Public Employees' Retirement System for funding the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol Retirement System as provided under Section 25-13-7;

1636 (iii) Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be 1637 deposited into the special fund created in Section 63-1-45(3) for 1638 purchases of equipment by the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol; 1639 and

1640 (iv) Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be 1641 deposited into the Interlock Device Fund created in Section 1642 63-11-33.

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(2) (a) A fee of One Hundred Seventy-five Dollars (\$175.00) shall be charged for the reinstatement of a license issued under this article to every person whose license has been validly suspended or revoked under the provisions of the Mississippi I647 Implied Consent Law * * *.

1648 (b) The funds received under the provisions of this 1649 subsection shall be distributed as follows:

1650 (i) One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) shall be 1651 deposited into the State General Fund in accordance with Section 1652 45-1-23;

(ii) Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be paid to the Board of Trustees of the Public Employees' Retirement System for funding the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol Retirement System as provided under Section 25-13-7;

(iii) Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be deposited into the special fund created in Section 63-1-45(3) for purchases of equipment by the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol; and

1661 (iv) Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be 1662 deposited into the Interlock Device Fund created in Section 1663 63-11-33.

(3) (a) A fee of Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be
charged for the reinstatement of a license issued under this
article to every person whose license has been validly suspended
for nonpayment of child support under the provisions of Sections

1668 93-11-151 through 93-11-163. The funds received under the 1669 provisions of this subsection shall be deposited into the State 1670 General Fund in accordance with Section 45-1-23.

(b) The procedure for the reinstatement of a license issued under this article that has been suspended for being out of compliance with an order for support, as defined in Section 93-11-153, and the payment of any fees for the reinstatement of a license suspended for that purpose, shall be governed by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be.

1677 (4) A fee of Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) will be charged 1678 for the reinstatement of a license that was suspended due to 1679 payment by a draft or other instrument that is dishonored by the 1680 payor.

1681 (5) All reinstatement fees charged under this section shall 1682 be in addition to the fees prescribed in Section 63-1-43.

1683 SECTION 34. Section 99-19-71, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1684 amended as follows:

1685 99-19-71. (1) Any person who has been convicted of a 1686 misdemeanor that is not a traffic violation, and who is a first 1687 offender, may petition the justice, county, circuit or municipal 1688 court in which the conviction was had for an order to expunge any 1689 such conviction from all public records.

1690 (2) (a) * * * Except as otherwise provided in this
1691 subsection, a person who has been convicted of * * * a felony and
1692 who has paid all criminal fines and costs of court imposed in the

1693	sentence of conviction may petition the court in which the
1694	conviction was had for an order to expunge one (1) conviction from
1695	all public records five (5) years after the successful completion
1696	of all terms and conditions of the sentence for the
1697	conviction \star \star \star upon a hearing as determined in the discretion of
1698	the court; however, a person is not eligible to expunge a felony
1699	classified as:
1700	(i) A crime of violence as provided in Section
1701	<u>97-3-2;</u>
1702	(ii) Arson, first degree as provided in Sections
1703	<u>97-17-1 and 97-17-3;</u>
1704	(iii) Trafficking in controlled substances as
1705	provided in Section 41-29-139;
1706	(iv) A third, fourth or subsequent offense DUI as
1707	provided in Section 63-11-30(2)(c) and (2)(d);
1708	(v) Felon in possession of a firearm as provided
1709	in Section 97-35-5;
1710	(vi) Failure to register as a sex offender as
1711	provided in Section 43-33-33;
1712	(vii) Voyeurism as provided in Section 97-29-61;
1713	(viii) Witness intimidation as provided in Section
1714	<u>97-9-113;</u>
1715	(ix) Abuse, neglect or exploitation of a
1716	vulnerable person as provided in Section 43-47-19; or
1717	(x) Embezzlement as provided in Section 97-23-19.

A person is eligible for only one (1) felony expunction under this paragraph. For the purposes of this section, the terms "one (1) conviction" and "one (1) felony expunction" mean and include all convictions that arose from a common nucleus of operative facts as determined in the discretion of the court.

1723 * * *

1724 (* * *b) The petitioner shall give ten (10) days' 1725 written notice to the district attorney before any hearing on the 1726 petition. In all cases, the court wherein the petition is filed may grant the petition if the court determines, on the record or 1727 1728 in writing, that the applicant is rehabilitated from the offense 1729 which is the subject of the petition. In those cases where the 1730 court denies the petition, the findings of the court in this respect shall be identified specifically and not generally. 1731

1732 (3) Upon entering an order of expunction under this section, 1733 a nonpublic record thereof shall be retained by the Mississippi 1734 Criminal Information Center solely for the purpose of determining 1735 whether, in subsequent proceedings, the person is a first 1736 offender. The order of expunction shall not preclude a district 1737 attorney's office from retaining a nonpublic record thereof for 1738 law enforcement purposes only. The existence of an order of 1739 expunction shall not preclude an employer from asking a 1740 prospective employee if the employee has had an order of 1741 expunction entered on his behalf. The effect of the expunction 1742 order shall be to restore the person, in the contemplation of the

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1743 law, to the status he occupied before any arrest or indictment for 1744 which convicted. No person as to whom an expunction order has been entered shall be held thereafter under any provision of law 1745 1746 to be quilty of perjury or to have otherwise given a false 1747 statement by reason of his failure to recite or acknowledge such 1748 arrest, indictment or conviction in response to any inquiry made 1749 of him for any purpose other than the purpose of determining, in 1750 any subsequent proceedings under this section, whether the person 1751 is a first offender. A person as to whom an order has been 1752 entered, upon request, shall be required to advise the court, in 1753 camera, of the previous conviction and expunction in any legal 1754 proceeding wherein the person has been called as a prospective 1755 The court shall thereafter and before the selection of the juror. 1756 jury advise the attorneys representing the parties of the previous 1757 conviction and expunction.

(4) Upon petition therefor, a justice, county, circuit or municipal court shall expunge the record of any case in which an arrest was made, the person arrested was released and the case was dismissed or the charges were dropped or there was no disposition of such case.

1763 (5) No public official is eligible for expunction under this 1764 section for any conviction related to his official duties.

1765 SECTION 35. Section 9-21-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1766 amended as follows:

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1767 9-21-3. (1)The Administrative Office of Courts shall be 1768 specifically charged with the duty of assisting the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Mississippi with his duties as the chief 1769 1770 administrative officer of all courts of this state, including, 1771 without limitation, the task of insuring that the business of the 1772 courts of the state is attended with proper dispatch, that the dockets of such courts are not permitted to become congested and 1773 1774 that trials and appeals of cases, civil and criminal, are not 1775 delayed unreasonably.

1776

(2)

The office shall also perform the following duties:

1777 (a) To work with the clerks of all youth courts and
1778 civil and criminal trial courts in the state to collect, obtain,
1779 compile, digest and publish information and statistics concerning
1780 the administration of justice in the state.

(b) To serve as an agency to apply for and receive any grants or other assistance and to coordinate and conduct studies and projects to improve the administration of justice by the courts of the state, and it may conduct such studies with or without the assistance of consultants.

1786 ***

1787 (***<u>c</u>) To promulgate standards, rules and 1788 regulations for computer and/or electronic filing and storage of 1789 all court records and court-related records maintained throughout 1790 the state in courts and in offices of circuit and chancery clerks.

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1791	(* * * d) (i) To implement and maintain a publicly
1792	accessible centralized database for the storage and retrieval of
1793	jail census data and to promulgate uniform rules, regulations, and
1794	computer and electronic filing standards and definitions that must
1795	be used uniformly by every sheriff's department within the state.
1796	(ii) To promulgate standards, rules and
1797	regulations for computer and electronic filing and storage of all
1798	records maintained throughout the state under this subsection (2).
1799	(iii) The jail census data must include for each
1800	detainee, at a minimum, the following:
1801	<u>1. Name;</u>
1802	2. Date of arrest or detention;
1803	3. Offense charged;
1804	4. All conditions of any release;
1805	5. Race;
1806	6. Whether the detainee is awaiting mental
1807	health services;
1808	7. Date of indictment;
1809	8. Whether the pending charge is a felony or
1810	misdemeanor;
1811	9. Whether the detainee has been convicted;
1812	10. If convicted, the length of the sentence
1813	imposed by the court;
1814	11. Whether the detainee is a Mississippi
1815	Department of Corrections' inmate;

1816

12. The jurisdiction for which the detainee

1817 is being held.

1818 <u>(e)</u> It shall perform such other duties relating to the 1819 improvement of the administration of justice as may be assigned by 1820 the Supreme Court of Mississippi.

1821 SECTION 36. Section 19-25-63, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1822 amended as follows:

1823 19-25-63. It shall be the duty of every sheriff to keep a 1824 record, to be called the "Jail docket," in which he shall note 1825 each warrant or mittimus by which any person shall be received 1826 into or placed in the jail of his county, entering the nature of the writ or warrant, by whom issued, the name of the prisoner, 1827 1828 when received, the date of the arrest and commitment, for what crime or other cause the party is imprisoned, and on what 1829 1830 authority, how long the prisoner was so imprisoned, how released 1831 or discharged, and the warrant therefor or the receipt of the 1832 officer of the Penitentiary when sent there. All of said entries shall comply with the uniform reporting standards of the 1833 1834 Administrative Office of Courts authorized under Section 9-21-3 1835 and must be full and complete, so as to give a perfect history of 1836 each case, and must use the uniform definitions promulgated by the Administrative Office of Courts to increase clarity and 1837 1838 transparency. The record shall be kept as a public record, and turned over to his successor. 1839

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1840 SECTION 37. Section 47-1-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1841 amended as follows:

1842 47-1-21. The sheriff of each county shall keep a well-bound alphabetical jail docket that must comply with the uniform 1843 1844 reporting standards and definitions promulgated by the 1845 Administrative Office of Courts under Section 9-21-3. In it he 1846 shall promptly enter under the proper initial the name, age, color 1847 and sex of each convict, the date of his or her commitment, each 1848 day worked on the county farm, time required to be served and 1849 amount of fine and costs and the jail fees charged against the 1850 prisoner and the date of discharge.

1851 The sheriff shall submit his docket to the board of 1852 supervisors at each of their regular meetings, and the same shall 1853 be examined carefully by the president of the board, and by any 1854 other members who desire to examine the same, in the presence of 1855 the board while in session.

1856 <u>SECTION 38.</u> (1) There is hereby created an advisory 1857 committee on jail census data collection to promote criminal 1858 justice transparency by facilitating the availability of 1859 comparable and uniform data. The duties of the task force are as 1860 follows:

(a) Research the standards, format, and terminology
used by authorities in other states and by the federal government
to create uniform data-reporting regulations to be used for

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1864 recording data on offenders incarcerated throughout the state's 1865 county jails and which will capture the following data: 1866 The number of individuals detained for a new (i) offense or delinquent act. 1867 1868 (ii) The number of individuals detained pending 1869 trial. 1870 The number of offenders detained for a (iii) 1871 revocation of supervision. 1872 The average sentence length for new jail (iv) 1873 sentences by offense type. 1874 (v) The average sentence length for offenders in 1875 jail for a probation revocation. 1876 The average sentence length for offenders in (vi) jail for a parole revocation. 1877 1878 (vii) The percentage of sentences in each category 1879 offense type, including whether the offense was violent, property, 1880 drug, or public order. All drug offenses shall include the type 1881 of drug implicated in the offense, as well as type of offense, 1882 such as possession, sale or manufacture. 1883 The average length of stay by offense type. (viii) 1884 (ix) For individuals awaiting trial, the average 1885 length of stay from the time of arrest to the time of indictment, 1886 and from the time of indictment to trial. 1887 Research best practices for implementing a (b) 1888 centralized database for reporting of the prescribed jail census

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1889 data by each county authority and recommend a timeline for the 1890 submission of the data.

1891 (c) Recommend computer equipment and acceptable
1892 electronic processes for transmission of the data by each county
1893 to the Administrative Office of Courts.

1894 (d) The commission shall submit its report to the 1895 Legislature no later than December 1, 2019.

1896 (e) The initial meeting date of the task force shall be 1897 on or before July 15, 2019.

1898 (2) (a) The task force shall be composed of (5) members, as 1899 follows:

1900 (i) The Director of the Roderick and Solange
1901 MacArthur Justice Center at the University of Mississippi School
1902 of Law or a designee;

1903 (ii) The State Public Defender or a designee;
1904 (iii) The President of the Mississippi Prosecutors
1905 Association or a designee;

1906 (iv) The President of the Mississippi Sheriffs'1907 Association or a designee; and

1908 (v) A circuit court judge appointed by the 1909 Executive Director of the Mississippi Commission on Judicial 1910 Performance.

(b) At its first meeting, the task force shall elect a chair and vice chair from its membership and shall adopt rules for transacting its business and keeping records.

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1914 SECTION 39. Section 47-7-49, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1915 amended as follows:

1916 47-7-49. Any offender on probation, parole, (1)earned-release supervision, post-release supervision, earned 1917 1918 probation or any other offender under the field supervision of the 1919 Community Services Division of the department shall pay to the 1920 department the sum of Fifty-five Dollars (\$55.00) per month by 1921 certified check or money order unless a hardship waiver is 1922 granted. An offender shall make the initial payment within * * * 1923 sixty (60) days after being released from imprisonment unless a 1924 hardship waiver is granted. A hardship waiver may be granted by 1925 the sentencing court or the Department of Corrections. A hardship 1926 waiver may not be granted for a period of time exceeding ninety 1927 (90) days. The commissioner or his designee shall deposit Fifty 1928 Dollars (\$50.00) of each payment received into a special fund in 1929 the State Treasury, which is hereby created, to be known as the 1930 Community Service Revolving Fund. Expenditures from this fund 1931 shall be made for: (a) the establishment of restitution and 1932 satellite centers; and (b) the establishment, administration and 1933 operation of the department's Drug Identification Program and the 1934 intensive and field supervision program. The Fifty Dollars 1935 (\$50.00) may be used for salaries and to purchase equipment, supplies and vehicles to be used by the Community Services 1936 Division in the performance of its duties. Expenditures for the 1937

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1938 purposes established in this section may be made from the fund 1939 upon requisition by the commissioner, or his designee.

1940 Of the remaining amount, Three Dollars (\$3.00) of each payment shall be deposited into the Crime Victims' Compensation 1941 1942 Fund created in Section 99-41-29, and Two Dollars (\$2.00) shall be 1943 deposited into the Training Revolving Fund created pursuant to 1944 Section 47-7-51. When a person is convicted of a felony in this 1945 state, in addition to any other sentence it may impose, the court 1946 may, in its discretion, order the offender to pay a state 1947 assessment not to exceed the greater of One Thousand Dollars 1948 (\$1,000.00) or the maximum fine that may be imposed for the 1949 offense, into the Crime Victims' Compensation Fund created 1950 pursuant to Section 99-41-29.

1951 Any federal funds made available to the department for training or for training facilities, equipment or services shall 1952 1953 be deposited into the Correctional Training Revolving Fund created 1954 in Section 47-7-51. The funds deposited in this account shall be 1955 used to support an expansion of the department's training program 1956 to include the renovation of facilities for training purposes, 1957 purchase of equipment and contracting of training services with 1958 community colleges in the state.

1959 No offender shall be required to make this payment for a 1960 period of time longer than ten (10) years.

1961 (2) The offender may be imprisoned until the payments are 1962 made if the offender is financially able to make the payments and

1963 the court in the county where the offender resides so finds, 1964 subject to the limitations hereinafter set out. The offender 1965 shall not be imprisoned if the offender is financially unable to 1966 make the payments and so states to the court in writing, under 1967 oath, and the court so finds.

1968 (3) This section shall stand repealed from and after June1969 30, 2022.

1970 SECTION 40. Section 47-7-40, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1971 amended as follows:

47 - 7 - 40. (1) The commissioner shall establish rules and 1972 1973 regulations for implementing the earned-discharge program that 1974 allows offenders on probation and parole to reduce the period of 1975 supervision for complying with conditions of probation. The 1976 department shall have the authority to award earned-discharge 1977 credits to all offenders placed on probation, parole, or 1978 post-release supervision who are in compliance with the terms and 1979 conditions of supervision. An offender serving a Mississippi 1980 sentence for an eligible offense in any jurisdiction under the 1981 Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision shall be 1982 eligible for earned-discharge credits under this section. 1983 Offenders shall not be denied earned-discharge credits solely 1984 based on nonpayment of fees or fines if a hardship waiver has been 1985 granted as provided in Section 47-7-49.

1986 (2) For each full calendar month of compliance with the 1987 conditions of supervision, earned-discharge credits equal to the

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1988 number of days in that month shall be deducted from the offender's 1989 sentence discharge date. Credits begin to accrue for eligible 1990 offenders after the first full calendar month of compliance 1991 supervision conditions. For the purposes of this section, an 1992 offender is deemed to be in compliance with the conditions of 1993 supervision if there was no violation of the conditions of 1994 supervision.

(3) No earned-discharge credits may accrue for a calendar month in which a violation report has been submitted, the offender has absconded from supervision, the offender is serving a term of imprisonment in a technical violation center, or for the months between the submission of the violation report and the final action on the violation report by the court or the board.

(4) Earned-discharge credits shall be applied to the sentence within thirty (30) days of the end of the month in which the credits were earned. At least every six (6) months, an offender who is serving a sentence eligible for earned-discharge credits shall be notified of the current sentence discharge date.

2006 (5) Once the combination of time served on probation, parole 2007 or post-release supervision, and earned-discharge credits satisfy 2008 the term of probation, parole, or post-release supervision, the 2009 board or sentencing court shall order final discharge of the 2010 No less than sixty (60) days prior to the date of final offender. 2011 discharge, the department shall notify the sentencing court and the board of the impending discharge. 2012

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(6) The department shall provide semiannually to the Oversight Task Force the number and percentage of offenders who qualify for earned discharge in one or more months of the year and the average amount of credits earned within the year.

2017 SECTION 41. Section 99-5-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 2018 amended as follows:

2019 99-5-11. All conservators of the peace may take recognizance 2020 or bond; certificate of default; alias warrant; when protection 2021 order registry must be checked; when bond not required. (1) All justice court judges and all other conservators of the peace are 2022 2023 authorized, whenever a person is brought before them charged with 2024 any offense not capital for which bail is allowed by law, to take 2025 the recognizance or bond of the person, with sufficient sureties, 2026 in such penalty as the justice court judge or conservator of the 2027 peace may require, for his appearance before the justice court 2028 judge or conservator of the peace for an examination of his case 2029 at some future day. And if the person thus recognized or thus 2030 giving bond fails to appear at the appointed time, it shall be the 2031 duty of the justice court judge or conservator of the peace to 2032 return the recognizance or bond, with his certificate of default, 2033 to the court having jurisdiction of the case, and a recovery may be had therein by scire facias, as in other cases of forfeiture. 2034 The justice court judge or other conservator of the peace shall 2035 2036 also issue an alias warrant for the defaulter.

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2037 (2)In circumstances involving an offense against any of the 2038 following: (a) a current or former spouse of the accused or child 2039 of that person; (b) a person living as a spouse or who formerly 2040 lived as a spouse with the accused or a child of that person; (c) 2041 a parent, grandparent, child, grandchild or someone similarly 2042 situated to the accused; (d) a person who has a current or former 2043 dating relationship with the accused; or (e) a person with whom 2044 the accused has had a biological or legally adopted child, the 2045 justice court judge or other conservator of the peace shall check, 2046 or cause to be made a check, of the status of the person for whom 2047 recognizance or bond is taken before ordering bail in the 2048 Mississippi Protection Order Registry authorized under Section 2049 93-21-25, and the existence of a domestic abuse protection order 2050 against the accused shall be considered when determining 2051 appropriate bail.

2052 (3) A conservator of the peace may release a misdemeanant on 2053 the misdemeanant's own recognizance and, for all offenses not 2054 described in subsection (2) of this section, a misdemeanant is 2055 entitled to release on recognizance unless: (a) the misdemeanant 2056 is on probation or parole, has other unresolved charges pending, 2057 or has a history of nonappearance; or (b) the court finds that: 2058 (i) the release of the misdemeanant would constitute a special 2059 danger to any other person or to the community; or (ii) release on 2060 recognizance is highly unlikely to assure the appearance of the 2061 misdemeanant as required.

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2062 <u>SECTION 42.</u> As provided in 21 USC Section 862a(d)(1), 2063 Mississippi opts out of the application of 21 USC Section 862a(a) 2064 to all individuals domiciled in the state.

2065 **SECTION 43.** Section 32 of this act shall take effect and be 2066 in force from and after October 15, 2019, and the remainder of 2067 this act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2068 2019, and shall stand repealed from and after June 30, 2019.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

AN ACT TO CREATE THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE REFORM ACT; TO AMEND 1 2 SECTIONS 9-23-1, 9-23-3, 9-23-5, 9-23-7, 9-23-9, 9-23-11, 9-23-13, 3 9-23-15, 9-23-17, 9-23-19, 9-23-21 AND 9-23-23, MISSISSIPPI CODE 4 OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDE FOR THE ELIGIBILITY OF DRUG COURTS, TO 5 CHANGE THE REFERENCE OF DRUG COURTS TO "INTERVENTION COURTS"; TO 6 INCLUDE MENTAL HEALTH COURTS, VETERANS COURTS AND OTHER 7 INTERVENTION COURTS UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF THE INTERVENTION COURTS 8 ADVISORY COMMITTEE; TO AMEND SECTION 9-25-1, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 9 1972, WHICH PROVIDES FOR VETERANS COURTS, TO CONFORM TO THE 10 PRECEDING SECTION; TO AMEND SECTIONS 9-27-1, 9-27-3, 9-27-7, 9-27-9, 9-27-11, 9-27-15, 9-27-17 AND 9-27-19, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 11 12 1972, WHICH PROVIDE FOR THE RIVERS MCGRAW MENTAL HEALTH PROGRAM, 13 TO CONFORM TO THE PRECEDING SECTIONS BY REMOVING THE WORD "PILOT" 14 THROUGHOUT; TO REPEAL SECTIONS 9-27-13 AND 9-27-21, MISSISSIPPI 15 CODE OF 1972, WHICH REGULATE PILOT PROGRAMS FOR MENTAL HEALTH 16 DIVERSION COURTS; TO AMEND SECTIONS 25-3-35, 43-21-357, 17 63-11-31.1, 99-3-45 AND 99-19-73, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 18 CONFORM TO THIS ACT; TO AMEND SECTION 63-1-51, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 19 1972, TO REMOVE THE OFFENSE OF CONTEMPT FOR FAILURE TO PAY A FINE 20 OR FEE OR FAILURE TO RESPOND TO A SUMMONS OR CITATION RELATING TO 21 A TRAFFIC VIOLATION AS A GROUNDS FOR REVOKING A PERSON'S DRIVER'S 22 LICENSE; TO AMEND SECTION 63-1-53, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 23 PROVIDE THAT AFTER CERTAIN NOTICE IS GIVEN TO A PERSON WHO FAILS 24 TO TIMELY PAY ANY FINES, FEES OR ASSESSMENTS RELATING TO A TRAFFIC 25 VIOLATION WITHIN 90 DAYS OF RECEIVING THE NOTICE, THE PERSON SHALL 26 BE SUBJECT TO HAVING THE FINES, FEES OR ASSESSMENTS COLLECTED BY A COURT RATHER THAN HAVING HIS OR HER DRIVER'S LICENSE SUSPENDED; TO 27 28 AMEND SECTION 63-1-52, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM TO THE 29 PRECEDING SECTION; TO AMEND SECTION 63-1-71, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 30 1972, TO REMOVE THE REQUIREMENT THAT A PERSON'S DRIVER'S LICENSE

31 BE SUSPENDED FOR A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE VIOLATION THAT IS 32 UNRELATED TO OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE; TO AMEND SECTION 63-1-46, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM TO THE PRECEDING SECTION; TO 33 34 AMEND SECTION 99-19-71, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE 35 ELIGIBILITY FOR EXPUNGEMENT; TO AMEND SECTION 9-21-3, MISSISSIPPI 36 CODE OF 1972, TO REQUIRE THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF COURTS TO 37 IMPLEMENT UNIFORM REPORTING STANDARDS FOR JAIL CENSUS DATA BY 38 COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS AND TO CREATE AND MAINTAIN A 39 CENTRALIZED DATABASE FOR STORING THIS DATA; TO AMEND SECTIONS 40 19-25-63 AND 47-1-21, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REQUIRE THAT 41 JAIL DOCKETS KEPT BY COUNTY SHERIFFS COMPLY WITH UNIFORM REPORTING 42 STANDARDS IN ORDER TO PROMOTE COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 8 OF THE 43 MISSISSIPPI RULES OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE; TO AUTHORIZE THE CREATION 44 OF AN ADVISORY COMMITTEE TO PROMOTE TRANSPARENCY BY FACILITATING 45 THE AVAILABILITY OF COMPARABLE AND UNIFORM COUNTY JAIL CENSUS 46 DATA; TO AMEND SECTION 47-7-49, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE INITIAL PERIOD ALLOWED FOR PAYMENT OF THE SUPERVISION 47 48 FEE; TO AMEND SECTION 47-7-40, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 49 PROHIBIT DENIAL OF EARNED-DISCHARGE CREDITS SOLELY ON THE BASIS OF 50 NONPAYMENT OF SUPERVISION FEES; TO AMEND SECTION 99-5-11, 51 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE THE RELEASE OF CERTAIN 52 MISDEMEANANTS ON RECOGNIZANCE; TO OPT OUT OF FEDERAL RESTRICTIONS 53 ON SNAP ELIGIBILITY FOR DRUG OFFENDERS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.