House Amendments to Senate Bill No. 2831

TO THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE:

THIS IS TO INFORM YOU THAT THE HOUSE HAS ADOPTED THE AMENDMENTS SET OUT BELOW:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

12 <u>SECTION 1.</u> This act shall be known and may be cited as the 13 "Insurance Data Security Law."

14 <u>SECTION 2.</u> (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 15 this act establishes the exclusive state standards applicable to 16 licensees for data security, the investigation of a cybersecurity 17 event as defined in Section 3 of this act, and notification to the 18 Commissioner of Insurance.

19 (2) This act may not be construed to create or imply a 20 private cause of action for violation of its provisions nor may it 21 be construed to curtail a private cause of action which would 22 otherwise exist in the absence of this act.

23 <u>SECTION 3.</u> As used in this act, the following terms shall
24 have the following meanings:

(a) "Authorized individual" means an individual known
to and screened by the licensee and determined to be necessary and
appropriate to have access to the nonpublic information held by
the licensee and its information systems.

(b) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Insurance.
(c) "Consumer" means an individual, including, but not
limited to, applicants, policyholders, insureds, beneficiaries,
claimants and certificate holders, who is a resident of this state
and whose nonpublic information is in a licensee's possession,
custody or control.

35 "Cybersecurity event" means an event resulting in (d) 36 unauthorized access to, disruption or misuse of, an information 37 system or nonpublic information stored on such information system. The term "cybersecurity event" does not include the unauthorized 38 39 acquisition of encrypted nonpublic information if the encryption, process or key is not also acquired, released or used without 40 41 authorization. "Cybersecurity event" does not include an event 42 with regard to which the licensee has determined that the 43 nonpublic information accessed by an unauthorized person has not 44 been used or released and has been returned or destroyed.

45 (e) "Department" means the Mississippi Insurance46 Department.

47 (f) "Encrypted" means the transformation of data into a 48 form which results in a low probability of assigning meaning 49 without the use of a protective process or key.

50 (g) "Information security program" means the 51 administrative, technical and physical safeguards that a licensee 52 uses to access, collect, distribute, process, protect, store, use, 53 transmit, dispose of or otherwise handle nonpublic information.

(h) "Information system" means a discrete set of
electronic information resources organized for the collection,
processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination or
disposition of electronic nonpublic information, as well as any
specialized system such as industrial/process controls systems,
telephone switching and private branch exchange systems, and
environmental control systems.

(i) "Licensee" means any person licensed, authorized to operate, or registered, or required to be licensed, authorized, or registered pursuant to the insurance laws of this state but shall not include a purchasing group or a risk-retention group chartered and licensed in a state other than this state or a person that is acting as an assuming insurer that is domiciled in another state or jurisdiction.

(j) "Multi-factor authentication" means authentication
through verification of at least two (2) of the following types of
authentication factors:

(i) Knowledge factors, such as a password;
(ii) Possession factors, such as a token or text
message on a mobile phone; or

74 (iii) Inherence factors, such as a biometric75 characteristic.

76 (k) "Nonpublic information" means electronic 77 information that is not publicly available information and is: 78 (i) Any information concerning a consumer which 79 because of name, number, personal mark or other identifier can be S. B. 2831 PAGE 3

80 used to identify such consumer, in combination with any one or 81 more of the following data elements: 82 Social security number; 1. 83 2. Driver's license number or nondriver identification card number; 84 85 3. Financial account number, credit or debit 86 card number; 87 Any security code, access code or password 4. 88 that would permit access to a consumer's financial account; or 89 5. Biometric records; 90 (ii) Any information or data, except age or gender, in any form or medium created by or derived from a health 91 92 care provider or a consumer, that can be used to identify a particular consumer, and that relates to: 93 94 1. The past, present or future physical, 95 mental or behavioral health or condition of any consumer or a 96 member of the consumer's family; 97 The provision of health care to any 2. 98 consumer; or 99 Payment for the provision of health care 3. 100 to any consumer. 101 "Person" means any individual or any (1)nongovernmental entity, including, but not limited to, any 102 103 nongovernmental partnership, corporation, branch, agency or association. 104

105 (m) "Publicly available information" means any 106 information that a licensee has a reasonable basis to believe is 107 lawfully made available to the general public from: federal, state or local government records; widely distributed media; or 108 109 disclosures to the general public that are required to be made by 110 federal, state or local law. For the purposes of this definition, a licensee has a reasonable basis to believe that information is 111 112 lawfully made available to the general public if the licensee has 113 taken steps to determine: 114 (i) That the information is of the type that is

114 (1) That the information is of the type that is 115 available to the general public; and

(ii) Whether a consumer can direct that the information not be made available to the general public and, if so, that such consumer has not done so.

119 (n) "Risk assessment" means the risk assessment that 120 each licensee is required to conduct under Section 4(3) of this 121 act.

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(o) "State" means the State of Mississippi.

(p) "Third-party service provider" means a person, not otherwise defined as a licensee, that contracts with a licensee to maintain, process, store or otherwise is permitted access to nonpublic information through its provision of services to the licensee.

128 <u>SECTION 4.</u> (1) Commensurate with the size and complexity of 129 the licensee, the nature and scope of the licensee's activities, 130 including its use of third-party service providers, and the S. B. 2831

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131 sensitivity of the nonpublic information used by the licensee or 132 in the licensee's possession, custody or control, each licensee 133 shall develop, implement, and maintain a comprehensive written 134 information security program based on the licensee's risk 135 assessment and that contains administrative, technical and 136 physical safeguards for the protection of nonpublic information 137 and the licensee's information system.

138 (2) A licensee's information security program shall be139 designed to:

140 (a) Protect the security and confidentiality of141 nonpublic information and the security of the information system;

(b) Protect against any threats or hazards to the
security or integrity of nonpublic information and the information
system;

(c) Protect against unauthorized access to or use of nonpublic information, and minimize the likelihood of harm to any consumer; and

(d) Define and periodically reevaluate a schedule for
retention of nonpublic information and a mechanism for its
destruction when no longer needed.

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(3) The licensee shall:

(a) Designate one or more employees, an affiliate, or
an outside vendor designated to act on behalf of the licensee who
is responsible for the information security program;

(b) Identify reasonably foreseeable internal orexternal threats that could result in unauthorized access,

157 transmission, disclosure, misuse, alteration or destruction of 158 nonpublic information, including the security of information 159 systems and nonpublic information that are accessible to, or held 160 by, third-party service providers;

161 (c) Assess the likelihood and potential damage of these 162 threats, taking into consideration the sensitivity of the 163 nonpublic information;

(d) Assess the sufficiency of policies, procedures,
information systems and other safeguards in place to manage these
threats, including consideration of threats in each relevant area
of the licensee's operations, including:

168 Employee training and management; (i) 169 (ii) Information systems, including network and 170 software design, as well as information classification, governance, processing, storage, transmission and disposal; and 171 172 (iii) Detecting, preventing and responding to 173 attacks, intrusions or other systems failures; and 174 Implement information safeguards to manage the (e) 175 threats identified in its ongoing assessment, and no less than 176 annually, assess the effectiveness of the safequards' key 177 controls, systems and procedures. Based on its risk assessment, the licensee shall: 178 (4)

(a) Design its information security program to mitigate
the identified risks, commensurate with the size and complexity of
the licensee, the nature and scope of the licensee's activities,
including its use of third-party service providers, and the
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183 sensitivity of the nonpublic information used by the licensee or 184 in the licensee's possession, custody or control.

185 (b) Determine which security measures listed below are186 appropriate and implement such security measures.

187 (i) Place access controls on information systems,
188 including controls to authenticate and permit access only to
189 authorized individuals to protect against the unauthorized
190 acquisition of nonpublic information;

(ii) Identify and manage the data, personnel, devices, systems and facilities that enable the organization to achieve business purposes in accordance with their relative importance to business objectives and the organization's risk strategy;

196 (iii) Restrict physical access to nonpublic197 information, only to authorized individuals;

198 (iv) Protect by encryption or other appropriate 199 means, all nonpublic information while being transmitted over an 200 external network and all nonpublic information stored on a laptop 201 computer or other portable computing or storage device or media; 202 Adopt secure development practices for (V) 203 in-house developed applications utilized by the licensee; 204 (vi) Modify the information system in accordance 205 with the licensee's information security program; 206 Utilize effective controls, which may (vii) 207 include multi-factor authentication procedures for employees 208 accessing nonpublic information; S. B. 2831

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209 (viii) Regularly test and monitor systems and 210 procedures to detect actual and attempted attacks on, or 211 intrusions into, information systems;

(ix) Include audit trails within the information security program designed to detect and respond to cybersecurity events and designed to reconstruct material financial transactions sufficient to support normal operations and obligations of the licensee;

(x) Implement measures to protect against destruction, loss, or damage of nonpublic information due to environmental hazards, such as fire and water damage or other catastrophes or technological failures; and

(xi) Develop, implement, and maintain proceduresfor the secure disposal of nonpublic information in any format.

(c) Include cybersecurity risks in the licensee'senterprise risk management process.

(d) Stay informed regarding emerging threats or vulnerabilities and utilize reasonable security measures when sharing information relative to the character of the sharing and the type of information shared.

(e) Provide its personnel with cybersecurity awareness
training that is updated as necessary to reflect risks identified
by the licensee in the risk assessment.

(5) If the licensee has a board of directors, the board oran appropriate committee of the board shall, at a minimum:

(a) Require the licensee's executive management or its
delegates to develop, implement and maintain the licensee's
information security program;

(b) Require the licensee's executive management or its delegates to report in writing at least annually, the following information:

(i) The overall status of the information securityprogram and the licensee's compliance with this act; and

(ii) Material matters related to the information security program, addressing issues such as risk assessment, risk management and control decisions, third-party service provider arrangements, results of testing, cybersecurity events or violations and management's responses thereto, and recommendations for changes in the information security program;

(c) If executive management delegates any of its responsibilities under this section, it shall oversee the development, implementation and maintenance of the licensee's information security program prepared by the delegate(s) and shall receive a report from the delegate(s) complying with the requirements of the report to the board of directors above.

(6) (a) A licensee shall exercise due diligence inselecting its third-party service provider; and

(b) A licensee shall require a third-party service
provider to implement appropriate administrative, technical and
physical measures to protect and secure the information systems

and nonpublic information that are accessible to, or held by, the third-party service provider.

(7) The licensee shall monitor, evaluate and adjust, as appropriate, the information security program consistent with any relevant changes in technology, the sensitivity of its nonpublic information, internal or external threats to information, and the licensee's own changing business arrangements, such as mergers and acquisitions, alliances and joint ventures, outsourcing arrangements and changes to information systems.

268 (8) (a) As part of its information security program, each 269 licensee shall establish a written incident response plan designed 270 to promptly respond to, and recover from, any cybersecurity event that compromises the confidentiality, integrity or availability of 271 272 nonpublic information in its possession, the licensee's 273 information systems, or the continuing functionality of any aspect 274 of the licensee's business or operations.

(b) Such incident response plan shall address thefollowing areas:

277 (i) The internal process for responding to a278 cybersecurity event;

(ii) The goals of the incident response plan;
(iii) The definition of clear roles,
responsibilities and levels of decision-making authority;
(iv) External and internal communications and
information sharing;

(v) Identification of requirements for the remediation of any identified weaknesses in information systems and associated controls;

(vi) Documentation and reporting regarding
 cybersecurity events and related incident response activities; and

(vii) The evaluation and revision as necessary ofthe incident response plan following a cybersecurity event.

291 Annually, each insurer domiciled in this state shall (9) 292 submit to the commissioner, a written statement by February 15, certifying that the insurer is in compliance with the requirements 293 294 set forth in this section. Each insurer shall maintain for 295 examination by the department all records, schedules and data 296 supporting this certificate for a period of five (5) years. То 297 the extent an insurer has identified areas, systems or processes that require material improvement, updating or redesign, the 298 299 insurer shall document the identification and the remedial efforts 300 planned and underway to address such areas, systems or processes. 301 Such documentation must be available for inspection by the 302 commissioner.

303 <u>SECTION 5.</u> (1) If the licensee learns that a cybersecurity 304 event has or may have occurred, then the licensee, or an outside 305 vendor and/or service provider designated to act on behalf of the 306 licensee shall conduct a prompt investigation.

307 (2) During the investigation, the licensee, or an outside308 vendor and/or service provider designated to act on behalf of the

309 licensee, shall, at a minimum, determine as much of the following 310 information as possible:

311 (a) Determine whether a cybersecurity event has312 occurred;

313 (b) Assess the nature and scope of the cybersecurity 314 event;

315 (c) Identify any nonpublic information that may have 316 been involved in the cybersecurity event; and

(d) Perform or oversee reasonable measures to restore the security of the information systems compromised in the cybersecurity event in order to prevent further unauthorized acquisition, release or use of nonpublic information in the licensee's possession, custody or control.

(3) If the licensee learns that a cybersecurity event has or may have occurred in a system maintained by a third-party service provider, the licensee will complete the steps listed in subsection (2) of this section or confirm and document that the third-party service provider has completed those steps.

327 (4) The licensee shall maintain records concerning all
328 cybersecurity events for a period of at least five (5) years from
329 the date of the cybersecurity event and shall produce those
330 records upon demand of the commissioner.

331 <u>SECTION 6.</u> (1) Each licensee shall notify the commissioner 332 as promptly as possible but in no event later than three (3) 333 business days from a determination that a cybersecurity event 334 involving nonpublic information that is in the possession of a S. B. 2831 PAGE 13 335 licensee has occurred when either of the following criteria has 336 been met:

(a) This state is the licensee's state of domicile, in
the case of an insurer, or this state is the licensee's home
state, in the case of a producer, as those terms are defined in
Section 83-17-53, and the cybersecurity event has a reasonable
likelihood of materially harming a consumer residing in this state
or reasonable likelihood of materially harming any material part
of the normal operation(s) of the licensee; or

344 (b) The licensee reasonably believes that the nonpublic 345 information involved is of two hundred fifty (250) or more 346 consumers residing in this state and that is either of the 347 following:

348 (i) A cybersecurity event impacting the licensee
349 of which notice is required to be provided to any government body,
350 self-regulatory agency or any other supervisory body pursuant to
351 any state or federal law; or

352 (ii) A cybersecurity event that has a reasonable353 likelihood of materially harming:

354 1. Any consumer residing in this state; or
355 2. Any material part of the normal
356 operation(s) of the licensee.

357 (2) The licensee shall provide as much of the following
358 information as possible. The licensee shall provide the
359 information in electronic form as directed by the commissioner.
360 The licensee shall have a continuing obligation to update and
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361 supplement initial and subsequent notifications to the 362 commissioner regarding material changes to previously provided 363 information relating to the cybersecurity event.

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(a) Date of the cybersecurity event;

365 (b) Description of how the information was exposed,
366 lost, stolen or breached, including the specific roles and
367 responsibilities of third-party service providers, if any;

368 (c) How the cybersecurity event was discovered;
369 (d) Whether any lost, stolen, or breached information
370 has been recovered and if so, how this was done;

371 (e) The identity of the source of the cybersecurity372 event;

373 (f) Whether licensee has filed a police report or has 374 notified any regulatory, government or law enforcement agencies 375 and, if so, when such notification was provided;

(g) Description of the specific types of information acquired without authorization. Specific types of information means particular data elements including, for example, types of medical information, types of financial information or types of information allowing identification of the consumer;

381 (h) The period during which the information system was382 compromised by the cybersecurity event;

383 (i) The number of total consumers in this state
384 affected by the cybersecurity event. The licensee shall provide
385 the best estimate in the initial report to the commissioner and

386 update this estimate with each subsequent report to the 387 commissioner pursuant to this section;

388 (j) The results of any internal review identifying a 389 lapse in either automated controls or internal procedures, or 390 confirming that all automated controls or internal procedures were 391 followed;

392 (k) Description of efforts being undertaken to 393 remediate the situation which permitted the cybersecurity event to 394 occur;

(1) A copy of the licensee's privacy policy and a statement outlining the steps the licensee will take to investigate and notify consumers affected by the cybersecurity event; and

399 (m) Name of a contact person who is both familiar with 400 the cybersecurity event and authorized to act for the licensee.

401 (3) Licensee shall comply with Section 75-24-29, as 402 applicable, and provide a copy of the notice sent to consumers 403 under that statute to the commissioner, when a licensee is 404 required to notify the commissioner under subsection (1) of this 405 section.

(4) (a) In the case of a cybersecurity event in a system maintained by a third-party service provider, of which the licensee has become aware, the licensee shall treat such event as it would under subsection (1) of this section unless the third-party service provider provides the notice required under subsection (1) of this section to the commissioner.

(b) The computation of licensee's deadlines shall begin on the day after the third-party service provider notifies the licensee of the cybersecurity event or the licensee otherwise has actual knowledge of the cybersecurity event, whichever is sooner.

(c) Nothing in this act shall prevent or abrogate an agreement between a licensee and another licensee, a third-party service provider or any other party to fulfill any of the investigation requirements imposed under Section 5 of this act or notice requirements imposed under this section.

In the case of a cybersecurity event involving 421 (5) (a) (i) 422 nonpublic information that is used by the licensee that is acting 423 as an assuming insurer or in the possession, custody or control of a licensee that is acting as an assuming insurer and that does not 424 425 have a direct contractual relationship with the affected 426 consumers, the assuming insurer shall notify its affected ceding insurers and the commissioner of its state of domicile within 427 428 three (3) business days of making the determination that a 429 cybersecurity event has occurred.

(ii) The ceding insurers that have a direct contractual relationship with affected consumers shall fulfill the consumer notification requirements imposed under Section 75-24-29 and any other notification requirements relating to a cybersecurity event imposed under this section.

(b) (i) In the case of a cybersecurity event involving nonpublic information that is in the possession, custody or control of a third-party service provider of a licensee that is an S. B. 2831 PAGE 17 438 assuming insurer, the assuming insurer shall notify its affected 439 ceding insurers and the commissioner of its state of domicile 440 within three (3) business days of receiving notice from its 441 third-party service provider that a cybersecurity event has 442 occurred.

(ii) The ceding insurers that have a direct contractual relationship with affected consumers shall fulfill the consumer notification requirements imposed under Section 75-24-29 and any other notification requirements relating to a cybersecurity event imposed under this section.

(c) Any licensee acting as assuming insurer shall have no other notice obligations relating to a cybersecurity event or other data breach under this section or any other law of this state.

452 In the case of a cybersecurity event involving nonpublic (6) 453 information that is in the possession, custody or control of a 454 licensee that is an insurer or its third-party service provider 455 for which a consumer accessed the insurer's services through an 456 independent insurance producer, and for which consumer notice is 457 required under Section 75-24-29, the insurer shall notify the producers of record of all affected consumers of the cybersecurity 458 459 event no later than the time at which notice is provided to the 460 affected consumers. The insurer is excused from this obligation 461 for any producers who are not authorized by law or contract to 462 sell, solicit or negotiate on behalf of the insurer, and in those

463 instances in which the insurer does not have the current producer 464 of record information for any individual consumer.

465 <u>SECTION 7.</u> (1) The commissioner shall have power to examine 466 and investigate into the affairs of any licensee to determine 467 whether the licensee has been or is engaged in any conduct in 468 violation of this act. This power is in addition to the powers 469 which the commissioner has under Section 83-5-201 et seq. Any 470 such investigation or examination shall be conducted pursuant to 471 Section 83-5-201 et seq.

472 (2) Whenever the commissioner has reason to believe that a 473 licensee has been or is engaged in conduct in this state which 474 violates this act, the commissioner may take action that is 475 necessary or appropriate to enforce the provisions of this act.

476 (1) Any documents, materials or other SECTION 8. 477 information in the control or possession of the department that 478 are furnished by a licensee or an employee or agent thereof acting 479 on behalf of a licensee pursuant to Section 4(9) of this act, 480 Section 6(2)(b), (c), (d), (e), (h), (j) and (k) of this act, or 481 that are obtained by the commissioner in an investigation or 482 examination pursuant to Section 7 of this act shall be 483 confidential by law and privileged, shall not be subject to the 484 Mississippi Public Records Act, shall not be subject to subpoena, 485 and shall not be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in 486 any private civil action. However, the commissioner is authorized to use the documents, materials or other information in the 487 488 furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as a part of S. B. 2831 PAGE 19

489 the commissioner's duties. The commissioner shall not otherwise 490 make the documents, materials or other information public without 491 the prior written consent of the licensee.

(2) Neither the commissioner nor any person who received documents, materials or other information while acting under the authority of the commissioner shall be permitted or required to testify in any private civil action concerning any confidential documents, materials or information subject to subsection (1) of this section.

498 (3) In order to assist in the performance of the499 commissioner's duties under this act, the commissioner:

500 May share documents, materials or other (a) 501 information, including the confidential and privileged documents, 502 materials or information subject to subsection (1) of this 503 section, with other state, federal and international regulatory 504 agencies, with the National Association of Insurance 505 Commissioners, its affiliates or subsidiaries, and with state, 506 federal and international law enforcement authorities, provided 507 that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the 508 confidentiality and privileged status of the document, material or 509 other information;

(b) May receive documents, materials or information, including otherwise confidential and privileged documents, materials or information, from the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, its affiliates or subsidiaries and from regulatory and law enforcement officials of other foreign or S. B. 2831 PAGE 20 515 domestic jurisdictions, and shall maintain as confidential or 516 privileged any document, material or information received with 517 notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged 518 under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the 519 document, material or information; and

(c) May share documents, materials or other information subject to subsection (1) of this section, with a third-party consultant or vendor provided the consultant agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the document, material or other information.

525 (d) May enter into agreements governing sharing and use 526 of information consistent with this subsection (3).

(4) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the documents, materials, or information shall occur as a result of disclosure to the commissioner under this section or as a result of sharing as authorized in subsection (3) of this section.

(5) Nothing in this act shall prohibit the commissioner from releasing final, adjudicated actions that are open to public inspection pursuant to the Mississippi Public Records Act, to a database or other clearinghouse service maintained by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, its affiliates or subsidiaries.

(6) Documents, materials or other information in the possession or control of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners or a third-party consultant or vendor pursuant to S. B. 2831 PAGE 21 541 this act shall be confidential by law and privileged, shall not be 542 subject to the Mississippi Public Records Act, shall not be 543 subject to subpoena, and shall not be subject to discovery or 544 admissible in evidence in any private civil action.

545 <u>SECTION 9.</u> (1) The following exceptions shall apply to this 546 act:

547 (a) A licensee meeting any of the following criteria is 548 exempt from Sections 4, 5(3) and 6(4)(a) and (b) of this act:

549 (i) Fewer than fifty (50) employees, excluding any 550 independent contractors;

(ii) Less than Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000.00) in gross annual revenue;

553 (iii) Less than Ten Million Dollars 554 (\$10,000,000.00) in year-end total assets; or

555 Insurance producers and adjusters. (iv) 556 (b) A licensee subject to Public Law 104-191, 110 Stat. 557 1936, enacted August 21, 1996, (Health Insurance Portability and 558 Accountability Act) that has established and maintains an 559 information security program pursuant to such statutes, rules, 560 regulations, procedures or guidelines established thereunder, will 561 be considered to meet the requirements of Section 4 of this act, 562 provided that licensee is compliant with, and submits a written 563 statement certifying its compliance with, the same;

(c) An employee, agent, representative or designee of a
licensee, who is also a licensee, is exempt from Section 4 of this
act and need not develop its own information security program to

567 the extent that the employee, agent, representative or designee is 568 covered by the information security program of the other licensee.

569 (d) A licensee affiliated with a depository institution 570 that maintains an information security program in compliance with 571 the Interagency Guidelines Establishing Standards for Safeguarding 572 Customer Information as set forth pursuant to Sections 501 and 505 573 of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. 6801 and 6805) shall be 574 considered to meet the requirements of Section 4, provided that 575 the licensee produces, upon request, documentation satisfactory to 576 the commissioner that independently validates the affiliated 577 depository institution's adoption of an information security 578 program that satisfies the Interagency Guidelines.

579 (2) In the event that a licensee ceases to qualify for an 580 exception, such licensee shall have one hundred eighty (180) days 581 to comply with this act.

582 <u>SECTION 10.</u> In the case of a violation of this act, a 583 licensee may be penalized in accordance with Section 83-5-85.

584 <u>SECTION 11.</u> The commissioner may issue such regulations as 585 shall be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.

586 <u>SECTION 12.</u> If any provisions of this act or the application 587 thereof to any person or circumstance is for any reason held to be 588 invalid, the remainder of the act and the application of such 589 provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected 590 thereby.

591 <u>SECTION 13.</u> Licensees shall have one (1) year from the 592 effective date of this act to implement Section 4 of this act and S. B. 2831 PAGE 23 593 two (2) years from the effective date of this act to implement

594 Section 4(6) of this act.

595 **SECTION 14.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 596 and after July 1, 2019.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

AN ACT TO ESTABLISH THE INSURANCE DATA SECURITY LAW; TO 1 2 PROVIDE THE PURPOSE AND INTENT OF THE ACT; TO DEFINE CERTAIN TERMS 3 USED IN THE ACT; TO REQUIRE INSURANCE LICENSEES IN THIS STATE TO 4 DEVELOP, IMPLEMENT AND MAINTAIN AN INFORMATION SECURITY PROGRAM; 5 TO REQUIRE CERTAIN INVESTIGATION OF A CYBERSECURITY EVENT; TO REQUIRE CERTAIN NOTIFICATION OF A CYBERSECURITY EVENT; TO PROVIDE 6 7 FOR CERTAIN CONFIDENTIALITY; TO PROVIDE EXCEPTIONS TO THE ACT; TO PROVIDE FOR PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE ACT; TO PROVIDE THE 8 9 COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE WITH REGULATORY POWERS NECESSARY TO 10 CARRY OUT THE ACT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

HR43\SB2831A.J

Andrew Ketchings Clerk of the House of Representatives