

By: Senator(s) Carmichael

To: Insurance;  
Appropriations

SENATE BILL NO. 2831  
(As Sent to Governor)

1 AN ACT TO ESTABLISH THE INSURANCE DATA SECURITY LAW; TO  
2 PROVIDE THE PURPOSE AND INTENT OF THE ACT; TO DEFINE CERTAIN TERMS  
3 USED IN THE ACT; TO REQUIRE INSURANCE LICENSEES IN THIS STATE TO  
4 DEVELOP, IMPLEMENT AND MAINTAIN AN INFORMATION SECURITY PROGRAM;  
5 TO REQUIRE CERTAIN INVESTIGATION OF A CYBERSECURITY EVENT; TO  
6 REQUIRE CERTAIN NOTIFICATION OF A CYBERSECURITY EVENT; TO PROVIDE  
7 FOR CERTAIN CONFIDENTIALITY; TO PROVIDE EXCEPTIONS TO THE ACT; TO  
8 PROVIDE FOR PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE ACT; TO PROVIDE THE  
9 COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE WITH REGULATORY POWERS NECESSARY TO  
10 CARRY OUT THE ACT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

12 **SECTION 1.** This act shall be known and may be cited as the  
13 "Insurance Data Security Law."

14 **SECTION 2.** (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,  
15 this act establishes the exclusive state standards applicable to  
16 licensees for data security, the investigation of a cybersecurity  
17 event as defined in Section 3 of this act, and notification to the  
18 Commissioner of Insurance.

19 (2) This act may not be construed to create or imply a  
20 private cause of action for violation of its provisions nor may it  
21 be construed to curtail a private cause of action which would  
22 otherwise exist in the absence of this act.



23           **SECTION 3.** As used in this act, the following terms shall  
24 have the following meanings:

25           (a) "Authorized individual" means an individual known  
26 to and screened by the licensee and determined to be necessary and  
27 appropriate to have access to the nonpublic information held by  
28 the licensee and its information systems.

29           (b) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Insurance.

30           (c) "Consumer" means an individual, including, but not  
31 limited to, applicants, policyholders, insureds, beneficiaries,  
32 claimants and certificate holders, who is a resident of this state  
33 and whose nonpublic information is in a licensee's possession,  
34 custody or control.

35           (d) "Cybersecurity event" means an event resulting in  
36 unauthorized access to, disruption or misuse of, an information  
37 system or nonpublic information stored on such information system.  
38 The term "cybersecurity event" does not include the unauthorized  
39 acquisition of encrypted nonpublic information if the encryption,  
40 process or key is not also acquired, released or used without  
41 authorization. "Cybersecurity event" does not include an event  
42 with regard to which the licensee has determined that the  
43 nonpublic information accessed by an unauthorized person has not  
44 been used or released and has been returned or destroyed.

45           (e) "Department" means the Mississippi Insurance  
46 Department.



47 (f) "Encrypted" means the transformation of data into a  
48 form which results in a low probability of assigning meaning  
49 without the use of a protective process or key.

50 (g) "Information security program" means the  
51 administrative, technical and physical safeguards that a licensee  
52 uses to access, collect, distribute, process, protect, store, use,  
53 transmit, dispose of or otherwise handle nonpublic information.

54 (h) "Information system" means a discrete set of  
55 electronic information resources organized for the collection,  
56 processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination or  
57 disposition of electronic nonpublic information, as well as any  
58 specialized system such as industrial/process controls systems,  
59 telephone switching and private branch exchange systems, and  
60 environmental control systems.

61 (i) "Licensee" means any person licensed, authorized to  
62 operate, or registered, or required to be licensed, authorized or  
63 registered pursuant to the insurance laws of this state, but shall  
64 not include a purchasing group or a risk-retention group chartered  
65 and licensed in a state other than this state or a person who is  
66 acting as an assuming insurer that is domiciled in another state  
67 or jurisdiction.

68 (j) "Multi-factor authentication" means authentication  
69 through verification of at least two (2) of the following types of  
70 authentication factors:

71 (i) Knowledge factors, such as a password;



72 (ii) Possession factors, such as a token or text  
73 message on a mobile phone; or

74 (iii) Inherence factors, such as a biometric  
75 characteristic.

76 (k) "Nonpublic information" means electronic  
77 information that is not publicly available information and is:

78 (i) Any information concerning a consumer which  
79 because of name, number, personal mark or other identifier can be  
80 used to identify such consumer, in combination with any one or  
81 more of the following data elements:

82 1. Social security number;

83 2. Driver's license number or nondriver  
84 identification card number;

85 3. Financial account number, credit or debit  
86 card number;

87 4. Any security code, access code or password  
88 that would permit access to a consumer's financial account; or

89 5. Biometric records;

90 (ii) Any information or data, except age or  
91 gender, in any form or medium created by or derived from a health  
92 care provider or a consumer, that can be used to identify a  
93 particular consumer, and that relates to:

94 1. The past, present or future physical,  
95 mental or behavioral health or condition of any consumer or a  
96 member of the consumer's family;



97                               2. The provision of health care to any  
98 consumer; or

99                               3. Payment for the provision of health care  
100 to any consumer.

101                   (1) "Person" means any individual or any  
102 nongovernmental entity, including, but not limited to, any  
103 nongovernmental partnership, corporation, branch, agency or  
104 association.

105                   (m) "Publicly available information" means any  
106 information that a licensee has a reasonable basis to believe is  
107 lawfully made available to the general public from: federal,  
108 state or local government records; widely distributed media; or  
109 disclosures to the general public that are required to be made by  
110 federal, state or local law. For the purposes of this definition,  
111 a licensee has a reasonable basis to believe that information is  
112 lawfully made available to the general public if the licensee has  
113 taken steps to determine:

114                               (i) That the information is of the type that is  
115 available to the general public; and

116                               (ii) Whether a consumer can direct that the  
117 information not be made available to the general public and, if  
118 so, that such consumer has not done so.

119                   (n) "Risk assessment" means the risk assessment that  
120 each licensee is required to conduct under Section 4(3) of this  
121 act.



122 (o) "State" means the State of Mississippi.

123 (p) "Third-party service provider" means a person, not  
124 otherwise defined as a licensee, who contracts with a licensee to  
125 maintain, process, store or otherwise is permitted access to  
126 nonpublic information through its provision of services to the  
127 licensee.

128 **SECTION 4.** (1) Commensurate with the size and complexity of  
129 the licensee, the nature and scope of the licensee's activities,  
130 including its use of third-party service providers, and the  
131 sensitivity of the nonpublic information used by the licensee or  
132 in the licensee's possession, custody or control, each licensee  
133 shall develop, implement, and maintain a comprehensive written  
134 information security program based on the licensee's risk  
135 assessment and that contains administrative, technical and  
136 physical safeguards for the protection of nonpublic information  
137 and the licensee's information system.

138 (2) A licensee's information security program shall be  
139 designed to:

140 (a) Protect the security and confidentiality of  
141 nonpublic information and the security of the information system;

142 (b) Protect against any threats or hazards to the  
143 security or integrity of nonpublic information and the information  
144 system;



145           (c) Protect against unauthorized access to or use of  
146 nonpublic information, and minimize the likelihood of harm to any  
147 consumer; and

148           (d) Define and periodically reevaluate a schedule for  
149 retention of nonpublic information and a mechanism for its  
150 destruction when no longer needed.

151           (3) The licensee shall:

152           (a) Designate one or more employees, an affiliate, or  
153 an outside vendor designated to act on behalf of the licensee who  
154 is responsible for the information security program;

155           (b) Identify reasonably foreseeable internal or  
156 external threats that could result in unauthorized access,  
157 transmission, disclosure, misuse, alteration or destruction of  
158 nonpublic information, including the security of information  
159 systems and nonpublic information that are accessible to, or held  
160 by, third-party service providers;

161           (c) Assess the likelihood and potential damage of these  
162 threats, taking into consideration the sensitivity of the  
163 nonpublic information;

164           (d) Assess the sufficiency of policies, procedures,  
165 information systems and other safeguards in place to manage these  
166 threats, including consideration of threats in each relevant area  
167 of the licensee's operations, including:

168           (i) Employee training and management;



169 (ii) Information systems, including network and  
170 software design, as well as information classification,  
171 governance, processing, storage, transmission and disposal; and

172 (iii) Detecting, preventing and responding to  
173 attacks, intrusions or other systems failures; and

174 (e) Implement information safeguards to manage the  
175 threats identified in its ongoing assessment, and no less than  
176 annually, assess the effectiveness of the safeguards' key  
177 controls, systems and procedures.

178 (4) Based on its risk assessment, the licensee shall:

179 (a) Design its information security program to mitigate  
180 the identified risks, commensurate with the size and complexity of  
181 the licensee, the nature and scope of the licensee's activities,  
182 including its use of third-party service providers, and the  
183 sensitivity of the nonpublic information used by the licensee or  
184 in the licensee's possession, custody or control.

185 (b) Determine which security measures listed below are  
186 appropriate and implement such security measures.

187 (i) Place access controls on information systems,  
188 including controls to authenticate and permit access only to  
189 authorized individuals to protect against the unauthorized  
190 acquisition of nonpublic information;

191 (ii) Identify and manage the data, personnel,  
192 devices, systems and facilities that enable the organization to  
193 achieve business purposes in accordance with their relative





194 importance to business objectives and the organization's risk  
195 strategy;

196 (iii) Restrict physical access to nonpublic  
197 information, only to authorized individuals;

198 (iv) Protect by encryption or other appropriate  
199 means, all nonpublic information while being transmitted over an  
200 external network and all nonpublic information stored on a laptop  
201 computer or other portable computing or storage device or media;

202 (v) Adopt secure development practices for  
203 in-house developed applications utilized by the licensee;

204 (vi) Modify the information system in accordance  
205 with the licensee's information security program;

206 (vii) Utilize effective controls, which may  
207 include multi-factor authentication procedures for employees  
208 accessing nonpublic information;

209 (viii) Regularly test and monitor systems and  
210 procedures to detect actual and attempted attacks on, or  
211 intrusions into, information systems;

212 (ix) Include audit trails within the information  
213 security program designed to detect and respond to cybersecurity  
214 events and designed to reconstruct material financial transactions  
215 sufficient to support normal operations and obligations of the  
216 licensee;

217 (x) Implement measures to protect against  
218 destruction, loss, or damage of nonpublic information due to



219 environmental hazards, such as fire and water damage or other  
220 catastrophes or technological failures; and

221 (xi) Develop, implement, and maintain procedures  
222 for the secure disposal of nonpublic information in any format.

223 (c) Include cybersecurity risks in the licensee's  
224 enterprise risk management process.

225 (d) Stay informed regarding emerging threats or  
226 vulnerabilities and utilize reasonable security measures when  
227 sharing information relative to the character of the sharing and  
228 the type of information shared.

229 (e) Provide its personnel with cybersecurity awareness  
230 training that is updated as necessary to reflect risks identified  
231 by the licensee in the risk assessment.

232 (5) If the licensee has a board of directors, the board or  
233 an appropriate committee of the board shall, at a minimum:

234 (a) Require the licensee's executive management or its  
235 delegates to develop, implement and maintain the licensee's  
236 information security program;

237 (b) Require the licensee's executive management or its  
238 delegates to report in writing at least annually, the following  
239 information:

240 (i) The overall status of the information security  
241 program and the licensee's compliance with this act; and

242 (ii) Material matters related to the information  
243 security program, addressing issues such as risk assessment, risk



244 management and control decisions, third-party service provider  
245 arrangements, results of testing, cybersecurity events or  
246 violations and management's responses thereto, and recommendations  
247 for changes in the information security program;

248 (c) If executive management delegates any of its  
249 responsibilities under this section, it shall oversee the  
250 development, implementation and maintenance of the licensee's  
251 information security program prepared by the delegate(s) and shall  
252 receive a report from the delegate(s) complying with the  
253 requirements of the report to the board of directors above.

254 (6) (a) A licensee shall exercise due diligence in  
255 selecting its third-party service provider; and

256 (b) A licensee shall require a third-party service  
257 provider to implement appropriate administrative, technical and  
258 physical measures to protect and secure the information systems  
259 and nonpublic information that are accessible to, or held by, the  
260 third-party service provider.

261 (7) The licensee shall monitor, evaluate and adjust, as  
262 appropriate, the information security program consistent with any  
263 relevant changes in technology, the sensitivity of its nonpublic  
264 information, internal or external threats to information, and the  
265 licensee's own changing business arrangements, such as mergers and  
266 acquisitions, alliances and joint ventures, outsourcing  
267 arrangements and changes to information systems.



268 (8) (a) As part of its information security program, each  
269 licensee shall establish a written incident response plan designed  
270 to promptly respond to, and recover from, any cybersecurity event  
271 that compromises the confidentiality, integrity or availability of  
272 nonpublic information in its possession, the licensee's  
273 information systems, or the continuing functionality of any aspect  
274 of the licensee's business or operations.

275 (b) Such incident response plan shall address the  
276 following areas:

277 (i) The internal process for responding to a  
278 cybersecurity event;

279 (ii) The goals of the incident response plan;

280 (iii) The definition of clear roles,  
281 responsibilities and levels of decision-making authority;

282 (iv) External and internal communications and  
283 information sharing;

284 (v) Identification of requirements for the  
285 remediation of any identified weaknesses in information systems  
286 and associated controls;

287 (vi) Documentation and reporting regarding  
288 cybersecurity events and related incident response activities; and

289 (vii) The evaluation and revision as necessary of  
290 the incident response plan following a cybersecurity event.

291 (9) Annually, each insurer domiciled in this state shall  
292 submit to the commissioner a written statement by February 15,



293 certifying that the insurer is in compliance with the requirements  
294 set forth in this section. Each insurer shall maintain for  
295 examination by the department all records, schedules and data  
296 supporting this certificate for a period of five (5) years. To  
297 the extent an insurer has identified areas, systems or processes  
298 that require material improvement, updating or redesign, the  
299 insurer shall document the identification and the remedial efforts  
300 planned and underway to address such areas, systems or processes.  
301 Such documentation must be available for inspection by the  
302 commissioner.

303       **SECTION 5.** (1) If the licensee learns that a cybersecurity  
304 event has or may have occurred, then the licensee, or an outside  
305 vendor and/or service provider designated to act on behalf of the  
306 licensee, shall conduct a prompt investigation.

307       (2) During the investigation, the licensee, or an outside  
308 vendor and/or service provider designated to act on behalf of the  
309 licensee, shall, at a minimum, determine as much of the following  
310 information as possible:

311               (a) Determine whether a cybersecurity event has  
312 occurred;

313               (b) Assess the nature and scope of the cybersecurity  
314 event;

315               (c) Identify any nonpublic information that may have  
316 been involved in the cybersecurity event; and



317 (d) Perform or oversee reasonable measures to restore  
318 the security of the information systems compromised in the  
319 cybersecurity event in order to prevent further unauthorized  
320 acquisition, release or use of nonpublic information in the  
321 licensee's possession, custody or control.

322 (3) If the licensee learns that a cybersecurity event has or  
323 may have occurred in a system maintained by a third-party service  
324 provider, the licensee will complete the steps listed in  
325 subsection (2) of this section or confirm and document that the  
326 third-party service provider has completed those steps.

327 (4) The licensee shall maintain records concerning all  
328 cybersecurity events for a period of at least five (5) years from  
329 the date of the cybersecurity event and shall produce those  
330 records upon demand of the commissioner.

331 **SECTION 6.** (1) Each licensee shall notify the commissioner  
332 as promptly as possible but in no event later than three (3)  
333 business days from a determination that a cybersecurity event  
334 involving nonpublic information that is in the possession of a  
335 licensee has occurred when either of the following criteria has  
336 been met:

337 (a) This state is the licensee's state of domicile, in  
338 the case of an insurer, or this state is the licensee's home  
339 state, in the case of a producer, as those terms are defined in  
340 Section 83-17-53, and the cybersecurity event has a reasonable  
341 likelihood of materially harming a consumer residing in this state



342 or reasonable likelihood of materially harming any material part  
343 of the normal operation(s) of the licensee; or

344 (b) The licensee reasonably believes that the nonpublic  
345 information involved is of two hundred fifty (250) or more  
346 consumers residing in this state and that is either of the  
347 following:

348 (i) A cybersecurity event impacting the licensee  
349 of which notice is required to be provided to any government body,  
350 self-regulatory agency or any other supervisory body pursuant to  
351 any state or federal law; or

352 (ii) A cybersecurity event that has a reasonable  
353 likelihood of materially harming:

- 354 1. Any consumer residing in this state; or  
355 2. Any material part of the normal  
356 operation(s) of the licensee.

357 (2) The licensee shall provide as much of the following  
358 information as possible. The licensee shall provide the  
359 information in electronic form as directed by the commissioner.  
360 The licensee shall have a continuing obligation to update and  
361 supplement initial and subsequent notifications to the  
362 commissioner regarding material changes to previously provided  
363 information relating to the cybersecurity event.

364 (a) Date of the cybersecurity event;



365 (b) Description of how the information was exposed,  
366 lost, stolen or breached, including the specific roles and  
367 responsibilities of third-party service providers, if any;

368 (c) How the cybersecurity event was discovered;

369 (d) Whether any lost, stolen, or breached information  
370 has been recovered and if so, how this was done;

371 (e) The identity of the source of the cybersecurity  
372 event;

373 (f) Whether the licensee has filed a police report or  
374 has notified any regulatory, government or law enforcement  
375 agencies and, if so, when such notification was provided;

376 (g) Description of the specific types of information  
377 acquired without authorization. Specific types of information  
378 means particular data elements including, for example, types of  
379 medical information, types of financial information or types of  
380 information allowing identification of the consumer;

381 (h) The period during which the information system was  
382 compromised by the cybersecurity event;

383 (i) The number of total consumers in this state  
384 affected by the cybersecurity event. The licensee shall provide  
385 the best estimate in the initial report to the commissioner and  
386 update this estimate with each subsequent report to the  
387 commissioner pursuant to this section;

388 (j) The results of any internal review identifying a  
389 lapse in either automated controls or internal procedures, or





390 confirming that all automated controls or internal procedures were  
391 followed;

392 (k) Description of efforts being undertaken to  
393 remediate the situation which permitted the cybersecurity event to  
394 occur;

395 (l) A copy of the licensee's privacy policy and a  
396 statement outlining the steps the licensee will take to  
397 investigate and notify consumers affected by the cybersecurity  
398 event; and

399 (m) Name of a contact person who is both familiar with  
400 the cybersecurity event and authorized to act for the licensee.

401 (3) Licensee shall comply with Section 75-24-29, as  
402 applicable, and provide a copy of the notice sent to consumers  
403 under that statute to the commissioner, when a licensee is  
404 required to notify the commissioner under subsection (1) of this  
405 section.

406 (4) (a) In the case of a cybersecurity event in a system  
407 maintained by a third-party service provider, of which the  
408 licensee has become aware, the licensee shall treat such event as  
409 it would under subsection (1) of this section unless the  
410 third-party service provider provides the notice required under  
411 subsection (1) of this section to the commissioner.

412 (b) The computation of licensee's deadlines shall begin  
413 on the day after the third-party service provider notifies the



414 licensee of the cybersecurity event or the licensee otherwise has  
415 actual knowledge of the cybersecurity event, whichever is sooner.

416 (c) Nothing in this act shall prevent or abrogate an  
417 agreement between a licensee and another licensee, a third-party  
418 service provider or any other party to fulfill any of the  
419 investigation requirements imposed under Section 5 of this act or  
420 notice requirements imposed under this section.

421 (5) (a) (i) In the case of a cybersecurity event involving  
422 nonpublic information that is used by the licensee who is acting  
423 as an assuming insurer or in the possession, custody or control of  
424 a licensee who is acting as an assuming insurer and that does not  
425 have a direct contractual relationship with the affected  
426 consumers, the assuming insurer shall notify its affected ceding  
427 insurers and the commissioner of its state of domicile within  
428 three (3) business days of making the determination that a  
429 cybersecurity event has occurred.

430 (ii) The ceding insurers that have a direct  
431 contractual relationship with affected consumers shall fulfill the  
432 consumer notification requirements imposed under Section 75-24-29  
433 and any other notification requirements relating to a  
434 cybersecurity event imposed under this section.

435 (b) (i) In the case of a cybersecurity event involving  
436 nonpublic information that is in the possession, custody or  
437 control of a third-party service provider of a licensee who is an  
438 assuming insurer, the assuming insurer shall notify its affected



439 ceding insurers and the commissioner of its state of domicile  
440 within three (3) business days of receiving notice from its  
441 third-party service provider that a cybersecurity event has  
442 occurred.

443 (ii) The ceding insurers that have a direct  
444 contractual relationship with affected consumers shall fulfill the  
445 consumer notification requirements imposed under Section 75-24-29  
446 and any other notification requirements relating to a  
447 cybersecurity event imposed under this section.

448 (c) Any licensee acting as assuming insurer shall have  
449 no other notice obligations relating to a cybersecurity event or  
450 other data breach under this section or any other law of this  
451 state.

452 (6) In the case of a cybersecurity event involving nonpublic  
453 information that is in the possession, custody or control of a  
454 licensee who is an insurer or its third-party service provider for  
455 which a consumer accessed the insurer's services through an  
456 independent insurance producer, and for which consumer notice is  
457 required under Section 75-24-29, the insurer shall notify the  
458 producers of record of all affected consumers of the cybersecurity  
459 event no later than the time at which notice is provided to the  
460 affected consumers. The insurer is excused from this obligation  
461 for any producers who are not authorized by law or contract to  
462 sell, solicit or negotiate on behalf of the insurer, and in those



463 instances in which the insurer does not have the current producer  
464 of record information for any individual consumer.

465 **SECTION 7.** (1) The commissioner shall have power to examine  
466 and investigate into the affairs of any licensee to determine  
467 whether the licensee has been or is engaged in any conduct in  
468 violation of this act. This power is in addition to the powers  
469 which the commissioner has under Section 83-5-201 et seq. Any  
470 such investigation or examination shall be conducted pursuant to  
471 Section 83-5-201 et seq.

472 (2) Whenever the commissioner has reason to believe that a  
473 licensee has been or is engaged in conduct in this state which  
474 violates this act, the commissioner may take action that is  
475 necessary or appropriate to enforce the provisions of this act.

476 **SECTION 8.** (1) Any documents, materials or other  
477 information in the control or possession of the department that  
478 are furnished by a licensee or an employee or agent thereof acting  
479 on behalf of a licensee pursuant to Section 4(9) of this act,  
480 Section 6(2)(b), (c), (d), (e), (h), (j) and (k) of this act, or  
481 that are obtained by the commissioner in an investigation or  
482 examination pursuant to Section 7 of this act shall be  
483 confidential by law and privileged, shall not be subject to the  
484 Mississippi Public Records Act, shall not be subject to subpoena,  
485 and shall not be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in  
486 any private civil action. However, the commissioner is authorized  
487 to use the documents, materials or other information in the



488 furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as a part of  
489 the commissioner's duties. The commissioner shall not otherwise  
490 make the documents, materials or other information public without  
491 the prior written consent of the licensee.

492 (2) Neither the commissioner nor any person who received  
493 documents, materials or other information while acting under the  
494 authority of the commissioner shall be permitted or required to  
495 testify in any private civil action concerning any confidential  
496 documents, materials or information subject to subsection (1) of  
497 this section.

498 (3) In order to assist in the performance of the  
499 commissioner's duties under this act, the commissioner:

500 (a) May share documents, materials or other  
501 information, including the confidential and privileged documents,  
502 materials or information subject to subsection (1) of this  
503 section, with other state, federal and international regulatory  
504 agencies, with the National Association of Insurance  
505 Commissioners, its affiliates or subsidiaries, and with state,  
506 federal and international law enforcement authorities, provided  
507 that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the  
508 confidentiality and privileged status of the document, material or  
509 other information;

510 (b) May receive documents, materials or information,  
511 including otherwise confidential and privileged documents,  
512 materials or information, from the National Association of



513 Insurance Commissioners, its affiliates or subsidiaries and from  
514 regulatory and law enforcement officials of other foreign or  
515 domestic jurisdictions, and shall maintain as confidential or  
516 privileged any document, material or information received with  
517 notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged  
518 under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the  
519 document, material or information;

520 (c) May share documents, materials or other information  
521 subject to subsection (1) of this section with a third-party  
522 consultant or vendor provided the consultant agrees in writing to  
523 maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the  
524 document, material or other information; and

525 (d) May enter into agreements governing sharing and use  
526 of information consistent with this subsection (3).

527 (4) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of  
528 confidentiality in the documents, materials, or information shall  
529 occur as a result of disclosure to the commissioner under this  
530 section or as a result of sharing as authorized in subsection (3)  
531 of this section.

532 (5) Nothing in this act shall prohibit the commissioner from  
533 releasing final, adjudicated actions that are open to public  
534 inspection pursuant to the Mississippi Public Records Act, to a  
535 database or other clearinghouse service maintained by the National  
536 Association of Insurance Commissioners, its affiliates or  
537 subsidiaries.



538 (6) Documents, materials or other information in the  
539 possession or control of the National Association of Insurance  
540 Commissioners or a third-party consultant or vendor pursuant to  
541 this act shall be confidential by law and privileged, shall not be  
542 subject to the Mississippi Public Records Act, shall not be  
543 subject to subpoena, and shall not be subject to discovery or  
544 admissible in evidence in any private civil action.

545 **SECTION 9.** (1) The following exceptions shall apply to this  
546 act:

547 (a) A licensee meeting any of the following criteria is  
548 exempt from Sections 4, 5(3) and 6(4)(a) and (b) of this act:

549 (i) Fewer than fifty (50) employees, excluding any  
550 independent contractors;

551 (ii) Less than Five Million Dollars  
552 (\$5,000,000.00) in gross annual revenue;

553 (iii) Less than Ten Million Dollars  
554 (\$10,000,000.00) in year-end total assets; or

555 (iv) Insurance producers and adjusters.

556 (b) A licensee subject to Public Law 104-191, 110 Stat.  
557 1936, enacted August 21, 1996, (Health Insurance Portability and  
558 Accountability Act) that has established and maintains an  
559 information security program pursuant to such statutes, rules,  
560 regulations, procedures or guidelines established thereunder, will  
561 be considered to meet the requirements of Section 4 of this act,



562 provided that the licensee is compliant with, and submits a  
563 written statement certifying its compliance with, the same.

564 (c) An employee, agent, representative or designee of a  
565 licensee, who is also a licensee, is exempt from Section 4 of this  
566 act and need not develop its own information security program to  
567 the extent that the employee, agent, representative or designee is  
568 covered by the information security program of the other licensee.

569 (d) A licensee affiliated with a depository institution  
570 that maintains an information security program in compliance with  
571 the *Interagency Guidelines Establishing Standards for Safeguarding*  
572 *Customer Information* as set forth pursuant to Sections 501 and 505  
573 of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. 6801 and 6805) shall be  
574 considered to meet the requirements of Section 4 of this act,  
575 provided that the licensee produces, upon request, documentation  
576 satisfactory to the commissioner that independently validates the  
577 affiliated depository institution's adoption of an information  
578 security program that satisfies the Interagency Guidelines.

579 (2) In the event that a licensee ceases to qualify for an  
580 exception, such licensee shall have one hundred eighty (180) days  
581 to comply with this act.

582 **SECTION 10.** In the case of a violation of this act, a  
583 licensee may be penalized in accordance with Section 83-5-85.

584 **SECTION 11.** The commissioner may issue such regulations as  
585 shall be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.





586           **SECTION 12.** If any provisions of this act or the application  
587 thereof to any person or circumstance is for any reason held to be  
588 invalid, the remainder of the act and the application of such  
589 provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected  
590 thereby.

591           **SECTION 13.** Licensees shall have one (1) year from the  
592 effective date of this act to implement Section 4 of this act and  
593 two (2) years from the effective date of this act to implement  
594 Section 4(6) of this act.

595           **SECTION 14.** This act shall take effect and be in force from  
596 and after July 1, 2019.

