MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

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By: Representative Crawford

To: Education

HOUSE BILL NO. 1182

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 37-11-57, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 2 TO PROHIBIT THE USE OF CORPORAL PUNISHMENT IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS TO 3 DISCIPLINE A STUDENT WITH A DISABILITY WHO HAS AN IEP OR SECTION 4 504 PLAN; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 6 SECTION 1. Section 37-11-57, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 7 amended as follows:

37-11-57. (1) Except in the case of excessive force or 8 9 cruel and unusual punishment, a public school teacher, assistant 10 teacher, principal, or an assistant principal acting within the course and scope of his employment shall not be liable for any 11 12 action carried out in conformity with state or federal law or rules or regulations of the State Board of Education or the local 13 14 school board or governing board of a charter school regarding the control, discipline, suspension and expulsion of students. The 15 local school board shall provide any necessary legal defense to a 16 17 teacher, assistant teacher, principal, or assistant principal in the school district who was acting within the course and scope of 18 19 his employment in any action which may be filed against such H. B. No. 1182 ~ OFFICIAL ~ G1/219/HR43/R1559

20 school personnel. A school district or charter school, as the 21 case may be, shall be entitled to reimbursement for legal fees and 22 expenses from its employee if a court finds that the act of the employee was outside the course and scope of his employment, or 23 24 that the employee was acting with criminal intent. Any action by 25 a school district or charter school against its employee and any action by the employee against the school district or charter 26 27 school for necessary legal fees and expenses shall be tried to the 28 court in the same suit brought against the school employee.

29 (2)Corporal punishment administered in a reasonable manner, 30 or any reasonable action to maintain control and discipline of students taken by a public school teacher, assistant teacher, 31 32 principal or assistant principal acting within the scope of his 33 employment or function and in accordance with any state or federal laws or rules or regulations of the State Board of Education or 34 35 the local school board or governing board of a charter school does 36 not constitute negligence or child abuse. No public school teacher, assistant teacher, principal or assistant principal so 37 38 acting shall be held liable in a suit for civil damages alleged to 39 have been suffered by a student as a result of the administration 40 of corporal punishment, or the taking of action to maintain control and discipline of a student, unless the court determines 41 that the teacher, assistant teacher, principal or assistant 42 principal acted in bad faith or with malicious purpose or in a 43 manner exhibiting a wanton and willful disregard of human rights 44

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45 or safety. For the purposes of this subsection, "corporal 46 punishment" means the reasonable use of physical force or physical 47 contact by a teacher, assistant teacher, principal or assistant 48 principal, as may be necessary to maintain discipline, to enforce 49 a school rule, for self-protection or for the protection of other 50 students from disruptive students.

(3) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section a public 51 52 school teacher, assistant teacher, principal, assistant principal 53 or other school personnel is prohibited from using corporal 54 punishment, as defined in subsection (2) of this section, on any student with a disability. No school personnel shall be granted 55 56 immunity from liability under subsection (2) of this section for 57 the use of corporal punishment on a student with a disability. For purposes of this subsection, the term "student with a 58 59 disability" means a student who has an individualized education 60 plan (IEP) under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act 61 (IDEA) or a Section 504 plan under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973. The term "school personnel" includes all individuals employed on a 62 63 full-time or part-time basis by a public school. 64 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from

65 and after July 1, 2019.

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