MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Representatives White, Karriem, Taylor, To: Judiciary B Kinkade, Dixon

HOUSE BILL NO. 1352

1 AN ACT TO CREATE THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE REFORM ACT; TO AMEND 2 SECTIONS 9-23-1, 9-23-3, 9-23-5, 9-23-7, 9-23-9, 9-23-11, 9-23-13, 3 9-23-15, 9-23-17, 9-23-19, 9-23-21 AND 9-23-23, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDE FOR THE ELIGIBILITY OF DRUG COURTS, TO 4 5 CHANGE THE REFERENCE OF DRUG COURTS TO "INTERVENTION COURTS"; TO 6 INCLUDE MENTAL HEALTH COURTS, VETERANS COURTS AND OTHER INTERVENTION COURTS UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF THE INTERVENTION COURTS 7 ADVISORY COMMITTEE; TO REVISE THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE INTERVENTION 8 9 COURTS ADVISORY COMMITTEE; TO AMEND SECTION 9-25-1, MISSISSIPPI 10 CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDES FOR VETERANS COURTS, TO CONFORM TO 11 THE PRECEDING SECTION; TO AMEND SECTIONS 9-27-1, 9-27-3, 9-27-7, 12 9-27-9, 9-27-11, 9-27-15, 9-27-17 AND 9-27-19, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 13 1972, WHICH PROVIDE FOR THE RIVERS MCGRAW MENTAL HEALTH PROGRAM, TO CONFORM TO THE PRECEDING SECTIONS BY REMOVING THE WORD "PILOT" 14 15 THROUGHOUT; TO REPEAL SECTIONS 9-27-13 AND 9-27-21, MISSISSIPPI 16 CODE OF 1972, WHICH REGULATE PILOT PROGRAMS FOR MENTAL HEALTH 17 DIVERSION COURTS; TO BRING FORWARD SECTION 9-27-5, MISSISSIPPI 18 CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDES DEFINITIONS FOR MENTAL HEALTH COURTS, 19 FOR PURPOSES OF AMENDMENT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 47-5-138, 20 47-7-3.1, 47-7-33.1, 47-7-34 AND 47-7-9, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDE FOR EARNED TIME ALLOWANCE, INMATE CASE PLANS, INMATE 21 22 DISCHARGE PLANS AND POST RELEASE SUPERVISION, FOR PURPOSE OF 23 AMENDMENT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTION 63-1-216, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 24 1972, WHICH PROVIDES FOR SUSPENSION OF DRIVER'S LICENSES UNDER 25 CERTAIN CONDITIONS, FOR PURPOSES OF AMENDMENT; TO AMEND SECTIONS 26 25-3-35, 43-21-357, 63-11-31.1, 99-3-45 AND 99-19-73, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM TO THIS ACT; TO AMEND SECTION 63-1-51, 27 28 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REMOVE THE OFFENSE OF CONTEMPT FOR FAILURE TO PAY A FINE OR FEE OR FAILURE TO RESPOND TO A SUMMONS OR 29 30 CITATION RELATING TO A TRAFFIC VIOLATION AS A GROUNDS FOR REVOKING 31 A PERSON'S DRIVER'S LICENSE; TO AMEND SECTION 63-1-53, MISSISSIPPI 32 CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT AFTER CERTAIN NOTICE IS GIVEN TO A PERSON WHO FAILS TO TIMELY PAY ANY FINES, FEES OR ASSESSMENTS 33 RELATING TO A TRAFFIC VIOLATION WITHIN 90 DAYS OF RECEIVING THE 34

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35 NOTICE, THE PERSON SHALL BE SUBJECT TO HAVING THE FINES, FEES OR 36 ASSESSMENTS COLLECTED BY A COURT RATHER THAN HAVING HIS OR HER 37 DRIVER'S LICENSE SUSPENDED; TO AMEND SECTION 63-1-52, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM TO THE PRECEDING SECTION; TO AMEND 38 39 SECTION 63-1-71, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REMOVE THE REQUIREMENT THAT A PERSON'S DRIVER'S LICENSE BE SUSPENDED FOR A 40 CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE VIOLATION THAT IS UNRELATED TO OPERATING A 41 42 MOTOR VEHICLE; TO AMEND SECTION 63-1-46, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 43 TO CONFORM TO THE PRECEDING SECTION; TO AMEND SECTION 99-19-71, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE ELIGIBILITY FOR 44 45 EXPUNGEMENT; TO AMEND SECTIONS 9-11-15, 9-23-23, 21-23-7 AND 63-11-30, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH REFER TO THE AUTHORITY 46 TO EXPUNGE, TO CONFORM TO THE PRECEDING SECTION; TO PROVIDE THAT 47 48 AN OCCUPATIONAL LICENSING BOARD SHALL NOT AUTOMATICALLY BAR AN 49 INDIVIDUAL FROM OBTAINING A LICENSE BECAUSE OF A CONVICTION FOR A 50 NONVIOLENT CRIME THAT OCCURRED MORE THAN THREE YEARS BEFORE THE 51 APPLICATION FOR SUCH LICENSE; TO CREATE THE "PROGRAMS TO REDUCE 52 RECIDIVISM FUND"; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

53 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

54 **SECTION 1.** This act shall be known and may be cited as the

55 "Criminal Justice Reform Act."

56 SECTION 2. Section 9-23-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

57 amended as follows:

58 9-23-1. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the 59 "Alyce Griffin Clarke * * *Drug Intervention Court Act."

60 SECTION 3. Section 9-23-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

61 amended as follows:

9-23-3. (1) The Legislature of Mississippi recognizes the critical need for judicial intervention to reduce the incidence of alcohol and drug use, alcohol and drug addiction, and crimes committed as a result of alcohol and drug use and alcohol and drug addiction. It is the intent of the Legislature to facilitate local * * *drug intervention court alternative orders adaptable to chancery, circuit, county, youth, municipal and justice courts.

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 2 (GT\JAB) 69 (2) The goals of the * * *drug <u>intervention</u> courts under
70 this chapter include the following:

(a) To reduce alcoholism and other drug dependencies
among adult and juvenile offenders and defendants and among
respondents in juvenile petitions for abuse, neglect or both;

74 (b) To reduce criminal and delinquent recidivism and75 the incidence of child abuse and neglect;

76 (c) To reduce the alcohol-related and other 77 drug-related court workload;

(d) To increase personal, familial and societal
accountability of adult and juvenile offenders and defendants and
respondents in juvenile petitions for abuse, neglect or both;

81 (e) To promote effective interaction and use of 82 resources among criminal and juvenile justice personnel, child 83 protective services personnel and community agencies; and

84 (f) To use corrections resources more effectively by
85 redirecting prison-bound offenders whose criminal conduct is
86 driven in part by drug and alcohol dependence to intensive
87 supervision and clinical treatment available in the * * *drug
88 intervention court.

89 SECTION 4. Section 9-23-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 90 amended as follows:

91 9-23-5. For the purposes of this chapter, the following 92 words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed unless the 93 context clearly requires otherwise:

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94 (a) "Chemical" tests means the analysis of an 95 individual's: (i) blood, (ii) breath, (iii) hair, (iv) sweat, (v) saliva, (vi) urine, or (vii) other bodily substance to determine 96 the presence of alcohol or a controlled substance. 97 (b) "Crime of violence" means an offense listed in 98 99 Section 97-3-2. 100 " * * * Drug Intervention court" means an immediate (C)

101 and highly structured intervention process for substance abuse
102 treatment of eligible defendants or juveniles that:

103 (i) Brings together substance abuse professionals,104 local social programs and intensive judicial monitoring; and

(ii) Follows the key components of * * *drug
<u>intervention</u> courts published by the * * *Drug <u>Intervention</u> Court
Program Office of the United States Department of Justice.

108 (d) "Evidence-based practices" means supervision 109 policies, procedures and practices that scientific research 110 demonstrates reduce recidivism.

(e) "Risk and needs assessment" means the use of an actuarial assessment tool validated on a Mississippi corrections population to determine a person's risk to reoffend and the characteristics that, if addressed, reduce the risk to reoffend.

SECTION 5. Section 9-23-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

117 9-23-7. The Administrative Office of Courts shall be 118 responsible for certification and monitoring of local * * *drug

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120 State * * * Drug Intervention Courts Advisory Committee.

SECTION 6. Section 9-23-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

123 9-23-9. (1) The State * * * Drug Intervention Courts 124 Advisory Committee is established to develop and periodically 125 update proposed statewide evaluation plans and models for 126 monitoring all critical aspects of *** * * drug** intervention courts, 127 mental health courts, veterans courts and other intervention courts that may be created hereafter. The committee must provide 128 129 the proposed evaluation plans to the Chief Justice and the 130 Administrative Office of Courts, the Governor, Lieutenant Governor 131 and Speaker of the House of Representatives. * * * The committee 132 shall be chaired by the Director of the Administrative Office of Courts and The committee shall consist of * * *not less than seven 133 134 (7) members nor more than a total of eleven (11) 135 members * * *appointed by the Supreme Court and broadly representative of the courts, law enforcement, corrections, 136 137 juvenile justice, child protective services and substance abuse 138 treatment communities. The Director of the Administrative Office 139 of Courts shall be the chair. Nine (9) members shall be 140 appointed, with one (1) member appointed by each of the following: Chief Justice of Supreme Court, Commissioner of Corrections, 141 Attorney General, Commissioner of Department of Public Safety, 142 143 State Public Defender, Director of Department of Human Services,

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144 <u>Director of Department of Mental Health, Director of the Veterans</u> 145 <u>Affairs Board and the State Auditor. One (1) additional member</u> 146 <u>shall be a person in recovery or remission from addiction or</u> 147 mental illness appointed by the Governor.

148 (2) The State * * * Drug Intervention Courts Advisory 149 Committee may also make recommendations to the Chief Justice, the 150 Director of the Administrative Office of Courts and state officials concerning improvements to *** * * drug** intervention court 151 152 policies and procedures including the * * * drug intervention court 153 certification process. The committee may make suggestions as to 154 the criteria for eligibility, and other procedural and substantive 155 quidelines for * * *drug intervention court operation.

(3) The State * * *Drug <u>Intervention</u> Courts Advisory
Committee shall act as arbiter of disputes arising out of the
operation of * * *drug <u>intervention</u> courts established under this
chapter and make recommendations to improve the * * *drug
<u>intervention</u> courts; it shall also make recommendations to the
Supreme Court necessary and incident to compliance with
established rules.

(4) The State * * *Drug <u>Intervention</u> Courts Advisory
Committee shall establish through rules and regulations a viable
and fiscally responsible plan to expand the number of adult and
juvenile * * *drug <u>intervention</u> court programs operating in
Mississippi. These rules and regulations shall include plans to

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 6 (GT\JAB) 168 increase participation in existing and future programs while 169 maintaining their voluntary nature.

(5) The State * * Drug <u>Intervention</u> Courts Advisory Committee shall receive and review the monthly reports submitted to the Administrative Office of Courts by each certified * * *drug <u>intervention</u> court and provide comments and make recommendations, as necessary, to the Chief Justice and the Director of the Administrative Office of Courts.

SECTION 7. Section 9-23-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

178 9-23-11. (1) The Administrative Office of Courts shall 179 establish, implement and operate a uniform certification process 180 for all *** * ***drug intervention courts and other problem-solving 181 courts including juvenile courts, veterans courts or any other court designed to adjudicate criminal actions involving an 182 183 identified classification of criminal defendant to ensure funding 184 for *** *** *drug intervention courts supports effective and proven practices that reduce recidivism and substance dependency among 185 186 their participants.

187 (2) The Administrative Office of Courts shall establish a
 188 certification process that ensures any new or existing * * *drug
 189 <u>intervention</u> court meets minimum standards for * * *drug
 190 intervention court operation.

191 (a) These standards shall include, but are not limited192 to:

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 7 (GT\JAB) 193 (i) The use of evidence-based practices including, 194 but not limited to, the use of a valid and reliable risk and needs assessment tool to identify participants and deliver appropriate 195 196 interventions: 197 (ii) Targeting medium to high risk offenders for 198 participation; 199 (iii) The use of current, evidence-based 200 interventions proven to reduce dependency on drugs or alcohol, or 201 both; 202 (iv) Frequent testing for alcohol or drugs; 203 (v) Coordinated strategy between all * * * drug 204 intervention court program personnel involving the use of 205 graduated clinical interventions; 206 (vi) Ongoing judicial interaction with each 207 participant; and 208 (vii) Monitoring and evaluation of *** * *** drug 209 intervention court program implementation and outcomes through 210 data collection and reporting. 211 (b) * * * Drug Intervention court certification 212 applications shall include: 213 (i) A description of the need for the * * * drug 214 intervention court; 215 The targeted population for the *** * *** drug (ii) 216 intervention court;

217 (iii) The eligibility criteria for *** * *** drug 218 intervention court participants; 219 (iv) A description of the process for identifying 220 appropriate participants including the use of a risk and needs 221 assessment and a clinical assessment; 222 (V) A description of the *** * *** drug intervention 223 court intervention components including anticipated budget and 224 implementation plan; 225 (vi) The data collection plan which shall include 226 collecting the following data: 227 1. Total number of participants; 228 Total number of successful participants; 2. 229 3. Total number of unsuccessful participants 230 and the reason why each participant did not complete the program; 231 4. Total number of participants who were 232 arrested for a new criminal offense while in the * * *drug 233 intervention court program; 234 5. Total number of participants who were 235 convicted of a new felony or misdemeanor offense while in 236 the *** * *** drug intervention court program; 237 6. Total number of participants who committed 238 at least one (1) violation while in the * * * drug intervention 239 court program and the resulting sanction(s);

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 9 (gT\JAB) # deleted text version # 240 7. Results of the initial risk and needs 241 assessment or other clinical assessment conducted on each participant; * * * and 242 243 Total number of applications for screening 8. 244 by race, gender, offense(s) charged indigence and if not accepted 245 the reason for nonacceptance; and 246 * * *8.9. Any other data or information as 247 required by the Administrative Office of Courts. 248 Every *** * *** drug intervention court shall be (C) 249 certified under the following schedule: 250 (i) An *** * *** drug intervention court application 251 submitted after July 1, 2014, shall require certification of 252 the * * *drug intervention court based on the proposed * * *drug 253 intervention court plan; (ii) An *** * ***drug intervention court established 254 255 after July 1, 2014, shall be recertified after its second year of 256 funded operation; 257 An * * *drug intervention court in existence (iii) 258 on July 1, 2014, must submit a certification petition within one 259 (1) year of July 1, 2014, and be certified pursuant to the 260 requirements of this section prior to expending * * *drug 261 intervention court resources budgeted for fiscal year 2016; and (iv) All * * *drug intervention courts shall 262 263 submit a re-certification petition every two (2) years to the 264 Administrative Office of Courts after the initial certification.

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(3) All certified *** * ***drug intervention courts shall 265 266 measure successful completion of the * * * drug intervention court 267 based on those participants who complete the program without a new 268 criminal conviction. 269 (4) (a) All certified *** * ***drug intervention courts must collect and submit to the Administrative Office of Courts each 270 271 month, the following data: 272 Total number of participants at the beginning (i) 273 of the month; 274 (ii) Total number of participants at the end of 275 the month; 276 (iii) Total number of participants who began the 277 program in the month; 278 (iv) Total number of participants who successfully 279 completed the * * *drug intervention court in the month; 280 (v) Total number of participants who left the 281 program in the month; 282 (vi) Total number of participants who were 283 arrested for a new criminal offense while in the * * * drug 284 intervention court program in the month; 285 (vii) Total number of participants who were 286 convicted for a new criminal arrest while in the * * * drug 287 intervention court program in the month; and

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 11 (GT\JAB) (viii) Total number of participants who committed at least one (1) violation while in the * * *drug intervention court program and any resulting sanction(s).

(b) By August 1, 2015, and each year thereafter, the Administrative Office of Courts shall report to the PEER Committee the information in subsection (4)(a) of this section in a sortable, electronic format.

(5) All certified * * *drug <u>intervention</u> courts may
individually establish rules and may make special orders and rules
as necessary that do not conflict with the rules promulgated by
the Supreme Court or the Administrative Office of Courts.

(6) A certified * * *drug <u>intervention</u> court may appoint the full- or part-time employees it deems necessary for the work of the * * *drug <u>intervention</u> court and shall fix the compensation of those employees. Such employees shall serve at the will and pleasure of the judge or the judge's designee.

304 (7) The Administrative Office of Courts shall promulgate
 305 rules and regulations to carry out the certification and
 306 re-certification process and make any other policies not
 307 inconsistent with this section to carry out this process.

308 (8) A certified * * *drug <u>intervention</u> court established
 309 under this chapter is subject to the regulatory powers of the
 310 Administrative Office of Courts as set forth in Section 9-23-17.

311 SECTION 8. Section 9-23-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 312 amended as follows:

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 12 (GT\JAB) 313 9-23-13. (1) An * * *drug <u>intervention</u> court's alcohol and 314 drug intervention component shall provide for eligible 315 individuals, either directly or through referrals, a range of 316 necessary court intervention services, including, but not limited 317 to, the following:

318 (a) Screening using a valid and reliable assessment
319 tool effective for identifying alcohol and drug dependent persons
320 for eligibility and appropriate services;

321 Clinical assessment, for a DUI offense, if the (b) 322 person has two (2) or more DUI convictions, the court shall order 323 the person to undergo an assessment that uses a standardized 324 evidence-based instrument performed by a physician to determine 325 whether he or she has a diagnosis for alcohol dependence and would 326 likely benefit from a medication-assisted treatment indicated and 327 approved for the treatment of alcohol dependence by the United 328 States Food and Drug Administration, as specified in the most 329 recent Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders published by the American Psychiatric Association. Upon 330 331 considering the results of the assessment, the court shall refer 332 the person to a rehabilitative program that offers one or more 333 forms of medications approved for the treatment of alcohol 334 dependence by the United States Food and Drug Administration; 335 (C) Education; 336 Referral; (d) 337 (e) Service coordination and case management; and

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 13 (GT\JAB) 338 (f) Counseling and rehabilitative care.

339 (2) Any inpatient treatment or inpatient detoxification 340 program ordered by the court shall be certified by the Department 341 of Mental Health, other appropriate state agency or the equivalent 342 agency of another state.

343 (3) All intervention courts shall make available the option 344 for participants to use medication-assisted treatment while 345 participating in the programs of the court in accordance with the 346 recommendations of the National Drug Court Institute to combat the 347 opioid epidemic.

348 **SECTION 9.** Section 9-23-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 349 amended as follows:

350 9-23-15. (1) In order to be eligible for alternative 351 sentencing through a local * * *drug intervention court, the 352 participant must satisfy each of the following criteria:

(a) The participant cannot have any felony convictions
for any offenses that are crimes of violence as defined in Section
97-3-2 within the previous ten (10) years.

356 (b) The crime before the court cannot be a crime of 357 violence as defined in Section 97-3-2.

358 (c) Other criminal proceedings alleging commission of a 359 crime of violence cannot be pending against the participant.

360 (d) The participant cannot be currently charged with
361 burglary of a dwelling under Section 97-17-23(2) or 97-17-37.

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 14 (GT\JAB) (e) The crime before the court cannot be a charge of
driving under the influence of alcohol or any other drug or drugs
that resulted in the death of a person.

365 (f) The crime charged cannot be one of trafficking in 366 controlled substances under Section 41-29-139(f), nor can the 367 participant have a prior conviction for same.

368 (2) Participation in the services of an alcohol and drug 369 intervention component shall be open only to the individuals over 370 whom the court has jurisdiction, except that the court may agree 371 to provide the services for individuals referred from 372 another * * *drug intervention court. In cases transferred from 373 another jurisdiction, the receiving judge shall act as a special 374 master and make recommendations to the sentencing judge.

375 (a) As a condition of participation in a *** * *** drug (3) 376 intervention court, a participant may be required to undergo a 377 chemical test or a series of chemical tests as specified by 378 the * * *drug intervention court. A participant is liable for the 379 costs of all chemical tests required under this section, 380 regardless of whether the costs are paid to the * * *drug 381 intervention court or the laboratory; however, if testing is available from other sources or the program itself, the judge may 382 waive any fees for testing. The judge shall waive all fees if the 383 384 applicant is determined to be indigent.

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 15 (GT\JAB) 385 (b) A laboratory that performs a chemical test under 386 this section shall report the results of the test to the * * *drug 387 intervention court.

388 A person does not have a right to participate (4) 389 in * * * drug intervention court under this chapter. The court 390 having jurisdiction over a person for a matter before the court 391 shall have the final determination about whether the person may 392 participate in * * * drug intervention court under this chapter. 393 However, any person meeting the eligibility criteria in subsection 394 (1) of this section shall, upon request, be screened for admission 395 to intervention court.

396 **SECTION 10.** Section 9-23-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 397 amended as follows:

398 9-23-17. With regard to any * * *drug <u>intervention</u>
399 court * * *established under this chapter, the Administrative
400 Office of Courts shall do the following:

401 (a) Certify and re-certify * * *drug <u>intervention</u> court
402 applications that meet standards established by the Administrative
403 Office of Courts in accordance with this chapter.

404 (b) Ensure that the structure of the intervention
405 component complies with rules adopted under this section and
406 applicable federal regulations.

407 (c) Revoke the authorization of a program upon a
408 determination that the program does not comply with rules adopted
409 under this section and applicable federal regulations.

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 16 (GT\JAB) (d) Make agreements and contracts to effectuate thepurposes of this chapter with:

412 (i) Another department, authority or agency of the 413 state;

414 (ii) Another state;

415 (iii) The federal government;

416 (iv) A state-supported or private university; or
417 (v) A public or private agency, foundation,
418 corporation or individual.

419 (e) Directly, or by contract, approve and certify any420 intervention component established under this chapter.

421 (f) Require, as a condition of operation, that
422 each * * *drug intervention court created or funded under this
423 chapter be certified by the Administrative Office of Courts.

(g) Collect monthly data reports submitted by all certified * * *drug intervention courts, provide those reports to the State * * *Drug Intervention Courts Advisory Committee, compile an annual report summarizing the data collected and the outcomes achieved by all certified * * *drug intervention courts and submit the annual report to the Oversight Task Force.

(h) Every three (3) years contract with an external
evaluator to conduct an evaluation of the effectiveness of
the * * *drug intervention court program, both statewide and
individual * * *drug intervention court programs, in complying

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 17 (GT\JAB) 434 with the key components of the * * *drug <u>intervention</u> courts 435 adopted by the National Association of Drug Court Professionals.

Adopt rules to implement this chapter.

437 **SECTION 11.** Section 9-23-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 438 amended as follows:

436

(i)

439 9-23-19. (1) All monies received from any source by 440 the * * *drug intervention court shall be accumulated in a fund to 441 be used only for * * *drug intervention court purposes. Any funds 442 remaining in this fund at the end of a fiscal year shall not lapse 443 into any general fund, but shall be retained in the * * *drug 444 <u>Intervention</u> Court Fund for the funding of further activities by 445 the * * *drug intervention court.

446 (2) An * * *drug <u>intervention</u> court may apply for and
447 receive the following:

(a) Gifts, bequests and donations from private sources.
(b) Grant and contract money from governmental sources.
(c) Other forms of financial assistance approved by the
court to supplement the budget of the * * *drug intervention
court.

(3) The costs of participation in an alcohol and drug intervention program required by the certified * * *drug intervention court may be paid by the participant or out of user fees or such other state, federal or private funds that may, from time to time, be made available.

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 18 (GT\JAB) (4) The court may assess such reasonable and appropriate
fees to be paid to the local * * *drug <u>Intervention</u> Court Fund for
participation in an alcohol or drug intervention program; however
all fees shall be waived if the applicant is determined to be
indigent.

463 **SECTION 12.** Section 9-23-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 464 amended as follows:

465 9-23-21. The director and members of the professional and 466 administrative staff of the * * *drug <u>intervention</u> court who 467 perform duties in good faith under this chapter are immune from 468 civil liability for:

469 (a) Acts or omissions in providing services under this470 chapter; and

471 (b) The reasonable exercise of discretion in
472 determining eligibility to participate in the * * *drug
473 intervention court.

474 SECTION 13. Section 9-23-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 475 amended as follows:

476 9-23-23. If the participant completes all requirements
477 imposed upon him by the * * *drug intervention

478 court, * * *including the payment of fines and fees assessed, the 479 charge and prosecution shall be dismissed. If the defendant or 480 participant was sentenced at the time of entry of plea of guilty, 481 the successful completion of the * * *drug intervention court 482 order and other requirements of probation or suspension of

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 19 (GT\JAB) 483 sentence will result in the record of the criminal conviction or 484 adjudication being expunged. However, no expunction of any 485 implied consent violation shall be allowed.

486 SECTION 14. Section 9-25-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 487 amended as follows:

9-25-1. (1) 488 The Legislature recognizes that our military 489 veterans have provided an invaluable service to our country. In 490 doing so, many may have suffered the effects of, including, but 491 not limited to, post-traumatic stress disorder, traumatic brain 492 injury and depression, and may also suffer drug and alcohol 493 dependency or addiction and co-occurring mental illness and 494 substance abuse problems. As a result of this, some veterans come 495 into contact with the criminal justice system and are charged with 496 felony offenses. There is a critical need for the justice system 497 to recognize these veterans, provide accountability for their 498 wrongdoing, provide for the safety of the public, and provide for the treatment of our veterans. It is the intent of the 499 500 Legislature to create a framework for which specialized veterans 501 treatment courts may be established at the circuit court level and 502 at the discretion of the circuit court judge.

(2) Authorization. A circuit court judge may establish a Veterans Treatment Court program. The Veterans Treatment Court may, at the discretion of the circuit court judge, be a separate court program or as a component of an existing * * *drug intervention court program. At the discretion of the circuit

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 20 (GT\JAB) 508 court judge, the Veterans Treatment Court may be operated in one 509 (1) county within the circuit court district, and allow veteran 510 participants from all counties within the circuit court district 511 to participate.

512 **Eligibility.** (a) In order to be eligible to (3) 513 participate in a Veterans Treatment Court program established 514 under this section, the attorney representing the state must 515 consent to the defendant's participation in the program. Further, 516 the court in which the criminal case is pending must have found that the defendant is a veteran of the United States Armed Forces 517 as defined in Title 38 USCS. 518

(b) Participation in the services of an alcohol and drug intervention component shall only be open to the individuals over whom the court has jurisdiction, except that the court may agree to provide the services for individuals referred from another Veterans Treatment Court. In cases transferred from another jurisdiction, the receiving judge shall act as a special master and make recommendations to the sentencing judge.

(c) (i) As a condition of participation in a Veterans Treatment Court, a participant may be required to undergo a chemical test or a series of chemical tests as specified by the Veterans Treatment Court program. A participant may be held liable for costs associated with all chemical tests required under this section. However, a judge may waive any fees for testing.

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 21 (GT\JAB) (ii) A laboratory that performs chemical tests
under this section shall report the results of the tests to the
Veterans Treatment Courts.

(d) A person does not have the right to participate in a Veterans Treatment Court program under this chapter. The court having jurisdiction over a person for a matter before the court shall have the final determination about whether the person may participate in the Veterans Treatment Court program.

(e) A defendant shall be excluded from participating in
a Veterans Treatment Court program if any one (1) of the following
applies:

543 (i) The crime before the court is a crime of 544 violence as set forth in paragraph (c) of this subsection.

545 (ii) The defendant does not demonstrate a 546 willingness to participate in a treatment program.

(iii) The defendant has been previously convicted of a felony crime of violence including, but not limited to: murder, rape, sexual battery, statutory rape of a child under the age of sixteen (16), armed robbery, arson, aggravated kidnapping, aggravated assault, stalking, or any offense involving the discharge of a firearm or where serious bodily injury or death resulted to any person.

554 (f) The court in which the criminal case is pending 555 shall allow an eligible defendant to choose whether to proceed

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 22 (GT\JAB) 556 through the Veterans Treatment Court program or otherwise through 557 the justice system.

558 (q) Proof of matters under this section may be 559 submitted to the court in which the criminal case is pending in 560 any form the court determines to be appropriate, including 561 military service and medical records, previous determinations of a 562 disability by a veteran's organization or by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, testimony or affidavits of other 563 564 veterans or service members, and prior determinations of 565 eligibility for benefits by any state or county veterans office.

566 (4) Administrative Office of Courts. With regard to any
567 Veterans Treatment Court established under this chapter, the
568 Administrative Office of Courts may do the following:

(a) Ensure that the structure of the intervention
component complies with rules adopted under this chapter and
applicable federal regulations.

572 (b) Revoke the authorization of a program upon a 573 determination that the program does not comply with rules adopted 574 under this chapter and applicable federal regulations.

575 (c) Enter into agreements and contracts to effectuate 576 the purposes of this chapter with:

577 (i) Another department, authority, or agency of 578 the state;

- 579 (ii) Another state;
- 580 (iii) The federal government;

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 23 (GT\JAB) (iv) A state-supported or private university; or
(v) A public or private agency, foundation,
corporation, or individual.

584 (d) Directly, or by contract, approve and certify any585 intervention component established under this chapter.

(e) Require, as a condition of operation, that each
veterans court created or funded under this chapter be certified
by the Administrative Office of Courts.

589

(f) Adopt rules to implement this chapter.

(5) State * * *Drug <u>Intervention</u> Court Advisory Committee.
(a) The State * * *Drug <u>Intervention</u> Court Advisory Committee
shall be responsible for developing statewide rules and policies
as they relate to Veterans Treatment Court programs.

(b) The State * * *Drug <u>Intervention</u> Court Advisory
Committee may also make recommendations to the Chief Justice, the
Director of the Administrative Office of Courts and state
officials concerning improvements to Veterans Treatment Court
policies and procedures.

(c) The State * * *Drug <u>Intervention</u> Court Advisory
Committee shall act as an arbiter of disputes arising out of the
operation of Veterans Treatment Court programs established under
this chapter and make recommendations to improve the Veterans
Treatment Court programs.

604 (6) Funding for Veterans Treatment Courts. (a) All monies
 605 received from any source by the Veterans Treatment Court program

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 24 (gT\JAB) 606 shall be accumulated in a fund to be used only for Veterans 607 Treatment Court purposes. Any funds remaining in this fund at the 608 end of the fiscal year shall not lapse into the General Fund, but 609 shall be retained in the Veterans Treatment Court fund for the 610 funding of further activities by the Veterans Treatment Court 611 program.

612 (b) A Veterans Treatment Court program may apply for613 and receive the following:

614 (i) Gifts, bequests and donations from private615 sources.

616 (ii) Grant and contract money from governmental617 sources.

618 (iii) Other forms of financial assistance approved
619 by the court to supplement the budget of the Veterans Treatment
620 Court program.

(7) Immunity. The coordinator and members of the
professional and administrative staff of the Veterans Treatment
Court program who perform duties in good faith under this chapter
are immune from civil liability for:

(a) Acts or omissions in providing services under this626 chapter; and

(b) The reasonable exercise of discretion in
determining eligibility to participate in the Veterans Treatment
Court program.

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 25 (GT\JAB) # deleted text version # 630 (8) This section shall be codified as a separate article in631 Title 9, Mississippi Code of 1972.

632 SECTION 15. Section 9-27-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 633 amended as follows:

634 9-27-1. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the
635 Rivers McGraw Mental Health Diversion * * *Pilot Program Act.

636 SECTION 16. Section 9-27-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 637 amended as follows:

638 9-27-3. (1) The Legislature recognizes the critical need for judicial intervention to establish court processes and 639 640 procedures that are more responsive to the needs of defendants 641 with mental illnesses, while maintaining public safety and the 642 integrity of the court process. * * * It is the intent of the 643 Legislature to facilitate pilot programs for local mental health diversion program alternatives in several pilot circuit court 644 645 districts that will be adaptable to chancery, circuit, county, 646 youth, municipal and justice courts.

647 (2) The goals of the mental health diversion * * *pilot
648 programs under this chapter include the following:

649 (a) Reduce the number of future criminal justice650 contacts among offenders with mental illnesses;

(b) Reduce the inappropriate institutionalization ofpeople with mental illnesses;

(c) Improve the mental health and well-being ofdefendants who come in contact with the criminal justice system;

- (d) Improve linkages between the criminal justicesystem and the mental health system;
- 657 (e) Expedite case processing;
- 658 (f) Protect public safety;

(g) Establish linkages with other state and local
agencies and programs that target people with mental illnesses in
order to maximize the delivery of services; and

(h) To use corrections resources more effectively by
redirecting prison-bound offenders whose criminal conduct is
driven in part by mental illnesses to intensive supervision and
clinical treatment available in the mental health

666 diversion *** * ***pilot program.

667 **SECTION 17.** Section 9-27-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 668 brought forward as follows:

669 9-27-5. For the purposes of this chapter, the following 670 words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed unless the 671 context clearly requires otherwise:

(a) "Chemical tests" means the analysis of an
individual's: (i) blood, (ii) breath, (iii) hair, (iv) sweat, (v)
saliva, (vi) urine, or (vii) other bodily substance to determine
the presence of alcohol or a controlled substance.

(b) "Mental health diversion program" means an
immediate and highly structured intervention process for mental
health treatment of eligible defendants or juveniles that:

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 27 (gT\JAB) 679 (i) Brings together mental health professionals,680 local social programs and intensive judicial monitoring; and

(ii) Follows the key components of the mental
health court curriculum published by the Bureau of Justice of the
United States Department of Justice.

(c) "Evidence-based practices" means supervision
policies, procedures and practices that scientific research
demonstrates reduce recidivism.

(d) "Risk and needs assessment" means the use of an
actuarial assessment tool validated on a Mississippi corrections
population to determine a person's risk to reoffend and the
characteristics that, if addressed, reduce the risk to reoffend.

691 SECTION 18. Section 9-27-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 692 amended as follows:

693 9-27-7. (1) The Administrative Office of Courts is the 694 repository for reports filed by * * *pilot programs established 695 under this chapter. The goal of the * * *pilot programs is to 696 support effective and proven practices that reduce recidivism and 697 provide treatment for participants.

698 (2) * * * Pilot Programs must adhere to the standards
699 established in this chapter.

700 (a) These standards shall include, but are not limited701 to:

702 (i) The use of evidence-based practices including,703 but not limited to, the use of a valid and reliable risk and needs

704 assessment tool to identify participants and deliver appropriate 705 treatments;

706 (ii) Targeting medium- to high-risk offenders for 707 participation;

708 (iii) The use of current, evidence-based 709 interventions proven to provide mental health treatment; 710 (iv) Coordinated strategy between all mental 711 health diversion * * * pilot program personnel; 712 (v) Ongoing judicial interaction with each 713 participant; and 714 (vi) Monitoring and evaluation of mental health 715 diversion *** * ***pilot program implementation and outcomes through 716 data collection and reporting. 717 (b) * * * Pilot Programs must implement a data 718 collection plan, which shall include collecting the following 719 data: 720 Total number of participants; (i) 721 (ii) Total number of successful participants; 722 Total number of unsuccessful participants (iii) 723 and the reason why each participant did not complete the program; 724 (iv) Total number of participants who were 725 arrested for a new criminal offense while in the program; 726 (V) Total number of participants who were 727 convicted of a new felony or misdemeanor offense while in the 728 program;

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 29 (GT\JAB) (vi) Total number of participants who committed at least one (1) violation while in the program and the resulting sanction(s);

(vii) Results of the initial risk and needs
assessment or other clinical assessment conducted on each
participant; and

735 (viii) Any other data or information as required736 by the Administrative Office of Courts.

737 (3) All mental health diversion * * *pilot programs must 738 measure successful completion of the program based on those 739 participants who complete the program without a new criminal 740 conviction.

741 (4) (a) * * * Pilot Programs must collect and submit to the
742 Administrative Office of Courts each month, the following data:

743 (i) Total number of participants at the beginning744 of the month;

745 (ii) Total number of participants at the end of 746 the month;

747 (iii) Total number of participants who began the 748 program in the month;

749 (iv) Total number of participants who successfully 750 completed the program in the month;

751 (v) Total number of participants who left the 752 program in the month;

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 30 (GT\JAB) 753 (vi) Total number of participants who were
754 arrested for a new criminal offense while in the program in the
755 month;

(vii) Total number of participants who were convicted for a new criminal arrest while in the program in the month; and

(viii) Total number of participants who committed at least one (1) violation while in the program and any resulting sanction(s).

(b) By August 1, 2018, and each year thereafter, the Administrative Office of Courts shall report to the PEER Committee the information in subsection (4) (a) of this section in a sortable, electronic format.

(5) Mental health diversion * * *pilot programs may
individually establish rules and may make special orders and rules
as necessary that do not conflict with rules promulgated by the
Supreme Court or the Administrative Office of Courts.

(6) A mental health diversion * * *pilot program may appoint the full or part-time employees it deems necessary for the work of the mental health diversion * * *pilot program and shall fix the compensation of those employees, who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the senior circuit court judge.

(7) A mental health diversion * * *pilot program established under this chapter is subject to the regulatory powers of the Administrative Office of Courts as set forth in Section 9-27-13.

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 31 (GT\JAB) 778 **SECTION 19.** Section 9-27-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 779 amended as follows:

9-27-9. (1) A mental health diversion * * *pilot program's mental health intervention component shall provide for eligible individuals, either directly or through referrals, a range of necessary court treatment services, including, but not limited to, the following:

(a) Screening using a valid and reliable assessment
tool effective for identifying persons affected by mental health
issues for eligibility and appropriate services;

- 788 (b) Clinical assessment;
- 789 (c) Education;

790 (d) Referral;

791 (e) Service coordination and case management; and

792

(f) Counseling and rehabilitative care.

(2) Any inpatient treatment ordered by the court shall be
certified by the Department of Mental Health, other appropriate
state agency or the equivalent agency of another state.

796 SECTION 20. Section 9-27-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
797 amended as follows:

9-27-11. (1) In order to be eligible for alternative sentencing through a local mental health diversion * * *pilot program, the participant must satisfy each of the following criteria:

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 32 (GT\JAB) (a) The participant cannot have any felony convictions
for any offenses that are crimes of violence as defined in Section
97-3-2, other than burglary under Section 97-17-23(1), within the
previous ten (10) years.

(b) The crime before the court cannot be a crime of
violence as defined in Section 97-3-2, other than burglary under
Section 97-17-23(1).

809 (c) Other criminal proceedings alleging commission of a
810 crime of violence other than burglary under Section 97-17-23(1)
811 cannot be pending against the participant.

(d) The crime before the court cannot be a charge of driving under the influence of alcohol or any other substance that resulted in the death of a person. In addition, persons who are ineligible for nonadjudication under Section 63-11-30 shall be ineligible to participate in a mental health diversion program.

(e) The crime charged cannot be one of trafficking in
controlled substances under Section 41-29-139(f), nor can the
participant have a prior conviction for same.

(2) Participation in the services of a mental health treatment component shall be open only to the individuals over whom the court has jurisdiction, except that the court may agree to provide the services for individuals referred from another mental health diversion program. In cases transferred from another jurisdiction, the receiving judge shall act as a special master and make recommendations to the sentencing judge.

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 33 (GT\JAB) 827 (3) As a condition of participation in a mental health (a) 828 diversion program, a participant may be required to undergo a 829 chemical test or a series of chemical tests as specified by the 830 program. A participant is liable for the costs of all chemical 831 tests required under this section, regardless of whether the costs 832 are paid to the mental health diversion program or the laboratory; 833 however, if testing is available from other sources or the program 834 itself, the judge may waive any fees for testing. Also, fees 835 shall be waived if the applicant is determined to be indigent.

(b) A laboratory that performs a chemical test under
this section shall report the results of the test to the mental
health diversion program.

839 A person does not have a right to participate in a (4) 840 mental health diversion program under this chapter. The court 841 having jurisdiction over a person for a matter before the court 842 shall have the final determination about whether the person may 843 participate in the mental health diversion program under this 844 chapter. However, any person meeting the eligibility criteria in 845 subsection (1) of this section, shall, upon request, be screened 846 for admission into the program.

847 SECTION 21. Section 9-27-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 848 amended as follows:

9-27-15. (1) All monies received from any source by a mental health diversion * * *pilot program shall be accumulated in a local fund to be used only for mental health

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 34 (gT\JAB) 852 diversion *** * ***pilot program purposes. Any funds remaining in a local fund at the end of a fiscal year shall not lapse into any 853 854 general fund, but shall be retained in the mental health 855 diversion *** * ***pilot program fund for the funding of further 856 activities by the mental health diversion * * *pilot 857 program. * * *Any funds remaining in a local fund at the time of repeal of this chapter shall lapse into the appropriate county's 858 859 general fund.

860 (2) A mental health diversion * * *pilot program may apply
861 for and receive the following:

862 (a) Gifts, bequests and donations from private sources.
863 (b) Grant and contract monies from governmental
864 sources.

865 (c) Other forms of financial assistance approved by the866 court to supplement the budget of the mental health

867 diversion *** * ***pilot program.

(3) The costs of participation in a mental health treatment program required by the mental health diversion * * *pilot program may be paid by the participant or out of user fees or such other state, federal or private funds that may, from time to time, be made available.

(4) The court may assess reasonable and appropriate fees to
be paid to the local mental health diversion * * *pilot program
fund for participation in a mental health treatment program;

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 35 (GT\JAB) 876 <u>however all fees shall be waived if the applicant is determined to</u> 877 be indigent.

878 SECTION 22. Section 9-27-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 879 amended as follows:

9-27-17. The director and members of the professional and administrative staff of the mental health diversion program who perform duties in good faith under this chapter are immune from civil liability for:

884 (a) Acts or omissions in providing services under this885 chapter; and

(b) The reasonable exercise of discretion in
determining eligibility to participate in the mental health
diversion * * *pilot program.

889 SECTION 23. Section 9-27-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
890 amended as follows:

891 9-27-19. If the participant completes all requirements 892 imposed upon him by the mental health diversion * * *pilot 893 program, * * * including the payment of fines and fees assessed, 894 the charge and prosecution shall be dismissed. If the defendant 895 or participant was sentenced at the time of entry of a plea of 896 quilty, the successful completion of the mental health 897 diversion *** * ***pilot program order and other requirements of 898 probation or suspension of sentence will result in the record of 899 the criminal conviction or adjudication being expunged.

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 36 (GT\JAB)
900 SECTION 24. Sections 9-27-13 and 9-27-21, Mississippi Code 901 of 1972, which regulate pilot programs for mental health diversion 902 courts, are repealed.

903 SECTION 25. Section 47-5-138, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 904 brought forward as follows:

905 47-5-138. (1) The department may promulgate rules and 906 regulations to carry out an earned time allowance program based on 907 the good conduct and performance of an inmate. An inmate is 908 eligible to receive an earned time allowance of one-half (1/2) of 909 the period of confinement imposed by the court except those 910 inmates excluded by law. When an inmate is committed to the 911 custody of the department, the department shall determine a 912 conditional earned time release date by subtracting the earned 913 time allowance from an inmate's term of sentence. This subsection 914 does not apply to any sentence imposed after June 30, 1995.

915 (2) An inmate may forfeit all or part of his earned time 916 allowance for a serious violation of rules. No forfeiture of the 917 earned time allowance shall be effective except upon approval of 918 the commissioner, or his designee, and forfeited earned time may 919 not be restored.

920 (3) (a) For the purposes of this subsection, "final order" 921 means an order of a state or federal court that dismisses a 922 lawsuit brought by an inmate while the inmate was in the custody 923 of the Department of Corrections as frivolous, malicious or for 924 failure to state a claim upon which relief could be granted.

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 37 (GT\JAB) 925 (b) On receipt of a final order, the department shall 926 forfeit:

927 (i) Sixty (60) days of an inmate's accrued earned 928 time if the department has received one (1) final order as defined 929 herein;

930 (ii) One hundred twenty (120) days of an inmate's 931 accrued earned time if the department has received two (2) final 932 orders as defined herein;

933 (iii) One hundred eighty (180) days of an inmate's 934 accrued earned time if the department has received three (3) or 935 more final orders as defined herein.

936 (c) The department may not restore earned time937 forfeited under this subsection.

938 (4) An inmate who meets the good conduct and performance 939 requirements of the earned time allowance program may be released 940 on his conditional earned time release date.

941 (5) For any sentence imposed after June 30, 1995, an inmate may receive an earned time allowance of four and one-half (4-1/2)942 943 days for each thirty (30) days served if the department determines 944 that the inmate has complied with the good conduct and performance 945 requirements of the earned time allowance program. The earned 946 time allowance under this subsection shall not exceed fifteen 947 percent (15%) of an inmate's term of sentence; however, beginning 948 July 1, 2006, no person under the age of twenty-one (21) who has committed a nonviolent offense, and who is under the jurisdiction 949

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 38 (gT\JAB) 950 of the Department of Corrections, shall be subject to the fifteen 951 percent (15%) limitation for earned time allowances as described 952 in this subsection (5).

953 Any inmate, who is released before the expiration of his (6) term of sentence under this section, shall be placed under earned 954 955 release supervision until the expiration of the term of sentence. 956 The inmate shall retain inmate status and remain under the 957 jurisdiction of the department. The period of earned release 958 supervision shall be conducted in the same manner as a period of 959 supervised parole. The department shall develop rules, terms and 960 conditions for the earned release supervision program. The 961 commissioner shall designate the appropriate hearing officer 962 within the department to conduct revocation hearings for inmates 963 violating the conditions of earned release supervision.

964 (7) If the earned release supervision is revoked, the inmate 965 shall serve the remainder of the sentence, but the time the inmate 966 served on earned release supervision before revocation, shall be 967 applied to reduce his sentence.

968 **SECTION 26.** Section 47-7-3.1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 969 brought forward as follows:

970 47-7-3.1. (1) In consultation with the Parole Board, the 971 department shall develop a case plan for all parole eligible 972 inmates to guide an inmate's rehabilitation while in the 973 department's custody and to reduce the likelihood of recidivism 974 after release.

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 39 (GT\JAB) 975 (2) Within ninety (90) days of admission, the department 976 shall complete a case plan on all inmates which shall include, but 977 not limited to:

978 (a) Programming and treatment requirements based on the 979 results of a risk and needs assessment;

980 (b) Any programming or treatment requirements contained981 in the sentencing order; and

982 (c) General behavior requirements in accordance with 983 the rules and policies of the department.

984 (3) The department shall provide the inmate with a written 985 copy of the case plan and the inmate's caseworker shall explain 986 the conditions set forth in the case plan.

987 (a) Within ninety (90) days of admission, the
988 caseworker shall notify the inmate of their parole eligibility
989 date as calculated in accordance with Section 47-7-3(3);

990 (b) At the time a parole-eligible inmate receives the 991 case plan, the department shall send the case plan to the Parole 992 Board for approval.

993 (4) The department shall ensure that the case plan is994 achievable prior to inmate's parole eligibility date.

995 (5) The caseworker shall meet with the inmate every eight 996 (8) weeks from the date the offender received the case plan to 997 review the inmate's case plan progress.

998 (6) Every four (4) months the department shall999 electronically submit a progress report on each parole-eligible

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 40 (gT\JAB) 1000 inmate's case plan to the Parole Board. The board may meet to 1001 review an inmate's case plan and may provide written input to the 1002 caseworker on the inmate's progress toward completion of the case 1003 plan.

1004 (7) The Parole Board shall provide semiannually to the 1005 Oversight Task Force the number of parole hearings held, the 1006 number of prisoners released to parole without a hearing and the 1007 number of parolees released after a hearing.

1008 SECTION 27. Section 47-7-33.1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1009 brought forward as follows:

1010 47-7-33.1. (1)The department shall create a discharge plan for any offender returning to the community, regardless of whether 1011 1012 the person will discharge from the custody of the department, or is released on parole, pardon, or otherwise. At least ninety (90) 1013 1014 days prior to an offender's earliest release date, the 1015 commissioner shall conduct a pre-release assessment and complete a 1016 written discharge plan based on the assessment results. The discharge plan for parole eligible offenders shall be sent to the 1017 1018 parole board at least thirty (30) days prior to the offender's 1019 parole eligibility date for approval. The board may suggest 1020 changes to the plan that it deems necessary to ensure a successful 1021 transition.

1022 (2) The pre-release assessment shall identify whether an 1023 inmate requires assistance obtaining the following basic needs 1024 upon release: transportation, clothing and food, financial

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 41 (gT\JAB) 1025 resources, identification documents, housing, employment, 1026 education, health care and support systems. The discharge plan 1027 shall include information necessary to address these needs and the 1028 steps being taken by the department to assist in this process. 1029 Based on the findings of the assessment, the commissioner shall:

1030 (a) Arrange transportation for inmates from the1031 correctional facility to their release destination;

1032 (b) Ensure inmates have clean, seasonally appropriate 1033 clothing, and provide inmates with a list of food providers and 1034 other basic resources immediately accessible upon release;

1035 (c) Ensure inmates have a driver's license or a 1036 state-issued identification card that is not a Department of 1037 Corrections identification card;

(d) Assist inmates in identifying safe, affordable housing upon release. If accommodations are not available, determine whether temporary housing is available for at least ten (10) days after release. If temporary housing is not available, the discharge plan shall reflect that satisfactory housing has not been established and the person may be a candidate for transitional reentry center placement;

1045 (e) Refer inmates without secured employment to 1046 employment opportunities;

1047 (f) Provide inmates with contact information of a 1048 health care facility/provider in the community in which they plan 1049 to reside;

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 42 (GT\JAB) 1050 (g) Notify family members of the release date and 1051 release plan, if inmate agrees; and

(h) Refer inmates to a community or a faith-based
organization that can offer support within the first twenty-four
(24) hours of release;

1055 (3) A written discharge plan shall be provided to the 1056 offender and supervising probation officer or parole officer, if 1057 applicable.

(4) A discharge plan created for a parole-eligible offender shall also include supervision conditions and the intensity of supervision based on the assessed risk to recidivate and whether there is a need for transitional housing. The board shall approve discharge plans before an offender is released on parole pursuant to this chapter.

1064 **SECTION 28.** Section 47-7-34, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1065 brought forward as follows:

1066 47-7-34. When a court imposes a sentence upon a (1)conviction for any felony committed after June 30, 1995, the 1067 1068 court, in addition to any other punishment imposed if the other 1069 punishment includes a term of incarceration in a state or local 1070 correctional facility, may impose a term of post-release 1071 supervision. However, the total number of years of incarceration plus the total number of years of post-release supervision shall 1072 1073 not exceed the maximum sentence authorized to be imposed by law 1074 for the felony committed. The defendant shall be placed under

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 43 (GT\JAB) 1075 post-release supervision upon release from the term of 1076 incarceration. The period of supervision shall be established by 1077 the court.

1078 The period of post-release supervision shall be (2)1079 conducted in the same manner as a like period of supervised 1080 probation, including a requirement that the defendant shall abide 1081 by any terms and conditions as the court may establish. Failure 1082 to successfully abide by the terms and conditions shall be grounds 1083 to terminate the period of post-release supervision and to 1084 recommit the defendant to the correctional facility from which he 1085 was previously released. Procedures for termination and 1086 recommitment shall be conducted in the same manner as procedures 1087 for the revocation of probation and imposition of a suspended 1088 sentence as required pursuant to Section 47-7-37.

(3) Post-release supervision programs shall be operated through the probation and parole unit of the Division of Community Corrections of the department. The maximum amount of time that the Mississippi Department of Corrections may supervise an offender on the post-release supervision program is five (5) years.

1095 **SECTION 29.** Section 47-7-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1096 brought forward as follows:

1097 47-7-9. (1) The circuit judges and county judges in the 1098 districts to which Division of Community Corrections personnel 1099 have been assigned shall have the power to request of the

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 44 (gT\jab) 1100 department transfer or removal of the division personnel from 1101 their court.

1102 (2)(a) Division personnel shall investigate all cases 1103 referred to them for investigation by the board, the division or 1104 by any court in which they are authorized to serve. They shall 1105 furnish to each person released under their supervision a written 1106 statement of the conditions of probation, parole, earned-release 1107 supervision, post-release supervision or suspension and shall 1108 instruct the person regarding the same. They shall administer a 1109 risk and needs assessment on each person under their supervision to measure criminal risk factors and individual needs. They shall 1110 1111 use the results of the risk and needs assessment to quide 1112 supervision responses consistent with evidence-based practices as 1113 to the level of supervision and the practices used to reduce 1114 recidivism. They shall develop a supervision plan for each person 1115 assessed as moderate to high risk to reoffend. They shall keep 1116 informed concerning the conduct and conditions of persons under their supervision and use all suitable methods that are consistent 1117 1118 with evidence-based practices to aid and encourage them and to 1119 bring about improvements in their conduct and condition and to 1120 reduce the risk of recidivism. They shall keep detailed records 1121 of their work and shall make such reports in writing as the court 1122 or the board may require.

(b) Division personnel shall complete annual training on evidence-based practices and criminal risk factors, as well as instructions on how to target these factors to reduce recidivism.

1126 (C)The division personnel duly assigned to court 1127 districts are hereby vested with all the powers of police officers 1128 or sheriffs to make arrests or perform any other duties required of policemen or sheriffs which may be incident to the division 1129 1130 personnel responsibilities. All probation and parole officers 1131 hired on or after July 1, 1994, will be placed in the Law 1132 Enforcement Officers Training Program and will be required to meet 1133 the standards outlined by that program.

(d) It is the intention of the Legislature that insofar as practicable the case load of each division personnel supervising offenders in the community (hereinafter field supervisor) shall not exceed the number of cases that may be adequately handled.

1139 Division personnel shall be provided to perform (3)(a) investigation for the court as provided in this subsection. 1140 1141 Division personnel shall conduct presentence investigations on all 1142 persons convicted of a felony in any circuit court of the state, 1143 prior to sentencing and at the request of the circuit court judge 1144 of the court of conviction. The presentence evaluation report 1145 shall consist of a complete record of the offender's criminal history, educational level, employment history, psychological 1146 1147 condition and such other information as the department or judge

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 46 (GT\JAB) 1148 may deem necessary. Division personnel shall also prepare written 1149 victim impact statements at the request of the sentencing judge as 1150 provided in Section 99-19-157.

1151 (b) In order that offenders in the custody of the department on July 1, 1976, may benefit from the kind of 1152 1153 evaluations authorized in this section, an evaluation report to consist of the information required hereinabove, supplemented by 1154 1155 an examination of an offender's record while in custody, shall be 1156 compiled by the division upon all offenders in the custody of the 1157 department on July 1, 1976. After a study of such reports by the State Parole Board those cases which the board believes would 1158 1159 merit some type of executive clemency shall be submitted by the 1160 board to the Governor with its recommendation for the appropriate executive action. 1161

1162 (c) The department is authorized to accept gifts,1163 grants and subsidies to conduct this activity.

1164 SECTION 30. Section 63-1-216, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1165 brought forward as follows:

1166 63-1-216. (1) (a) A person shall be disqualified from 1167 driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of one (1) year if 1168 the person's license or permit to drive has been administratively 1169 suspended under Section 63-11-23 or the person has been convicted 1170 of a first violation of:

(i) Operating, attempting to operate, or being in actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle on a highway

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 47 (GT\JAB) 1173 with an alcohol concentration of four one-hundredths percent 1174 (0.04%) or more, or under the influence as provided in Section 1175 63-11-30;

(ii) Failure to stop and render aid as required under the laws of this state in the event of a motor vehicle accident resulting in the death or personal injury of another; (iii) Using a motor vehicle in the commission of

1180 any offense under state or federal law that is punishable by 1181 imprisonment for a term exceeding one (1) year;

(iv) Refusal to submit to a test to determine the operator's alcohol concentration, as provided in Title 63, Chapter 1184 11, Mississippi Code of 1972;

(v) Operating, attempting to operate, or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle on a highway with an alcohol concentration of eight one-hundredths percent (0.08%) or more, or under the influence of intoxicating liquor or other substance, as provided in Section 63-11-30;

(vi) Operating, attempting to operate, or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle on a highway when the person is under the influence of any other drug or under the combined influence of alcohol and any other drug to a degree which renders the person incapable of driving safely as provided in Section 63-11-30;

1196 (vii) Operating or attempting to operate a
1197 commercial motor vehicle while the license is revoked, suspended,
1198 cancelled, or disqualified;

1199 (viii) Operating a commercial motor vehicle in a
1200 negligent manner resulting in a fatal injury.

(b) A person shall be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for three (3) years if convicted of a violation listed in subsection (1) of this section, if the violation occurred while transporting a hazardous material required to be placarded.

1206 (c) A person shall be disqualified from driving a 1207 commercial motor vehicle for life if convicted of two (2) or more 1208 violations or a combination of them listed in subsection (1) of 1209 this section arising from two (2) or more separate occurrences.

1210 A person shall be disqualified from driving a (d) 1211 commercial motor vehicle for a period of sixty (60) days if 1212 convicted of two (2) serious traffic violations, or one hundred twenty (120) days if convicted of three (3) serious traffic 1213 1214 violations, arising from separate incidents occurring within a 1215 three-year period. A disqualification for three (3) serious 1216 traffic violations must be imposed consecutively to any other 1217 previous period of disgualification.

(e) A person shall be disqualified from driving a
commercial motor vehicle for life if the person uses a motor
vehicle in the commission of any offense under state or federal

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 49 (GT\JAB) 1221 law that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one 1222 (1) year involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of 1223 a regulated drug, or possession with intent to manufacture, 1224 distribute, or dispense a regulated drug and for which the person 1225 was convicted.

(f) A person who is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle shall surrender the person's Mississippi commercial driver's license no later than the effective date of the disqualification. Upon receipt of the person's commercial driver's license, that person, if otherwise eligible, may apply for a non-CDL, and upon payment of sufficient fees receive the driver's license.

(g) The commissioner shall adopt rules establishing guidelines, including conditions, under which a disqualification for life under this section, except for a disqualification issued pursuant to paragraph (e) of this subsection, may be reduced to a period of not less than ten (10) years.

(h) A person shall be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of sixty (60) days if the driver is convicted of a first violation of a railroad-highway grade crossing violation.

(i) A person shall be disqualified from driving a
commercial motor vehicle for a period of one hundred twenty (120)
days if, during any three-year period, the driver is convicted of

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 50 (gT\JAB) 1245 a second railroad-highway grade crossing violation in a separate 1246 incident.

(j) A person shall be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of one (1) year if, during any three-year period, the driver is convicted of a third or subsequent railroad-highway grade crossing violation in separate incidents.

(k) A person who is simultaneously subject to a disqualification issued by the administrator of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration pursuant to 49 CFR, Part 383.52 and a disqualification under any other provision of this section shall serve those disqualification periods concurrently.

(2) (a) A person's privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle in the State of Mississippi shall be suspended for one (1) year, if:

1260 (i) The person is convicted of a first violation 1261 of operating, attempting to operate or being in actual physical 1262 control of a commercial motor vehicle on a highway with an alcohol 1263 concentration of four one-hundredths percent (0.04%) or more, or 1264 under the influence, as provided in Section 63-11-30; and 1265 (ii) The person's commercial driver's license is 1266 issued by a state or country that does not issue commercial driver's licenses and disqualify persons in accordance with 49 1267

1268 CFR, Parts 383 and 384.

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 51 (GT\JAB) (b) A person's privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle in the State of Mississippi shall be suspended for three (3) years if the person is convicted of violating subsection (1) of this section, and the violation occurred while the person was transporting a hazardous material required to be placarded.

(c) A person's privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle in the State of Mississippi shall be suspended for life if the person is convicted a second time of violating subsection (1) of this section, and both convictions arise out of separate occurrences.

(d) A person's privilege to operate a commercial motor
vehicle in the State of Mississippi shall be suspended for sixty
(60) days if the person is convicted of two (2) serious traffic
violations, or for one hundred twenty (120) days if the person is
convicted of three (3) serious traffic violations, arising from
separate incidents occurring within a three-year period.

1285 A person's privilege to operate a commercial motor (e) vehicle in the State of Mississippi shall be suspended for life if 1286 1287 the person uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of 1288 any offense under state or federal law that is punishable by 1289 imprisonment for a term exceeding one (1) year, involving the 1290 manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a regulated drug, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a 1291 1292 regulated drug, and for which the person was convicted.

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 52 (GT\JAB) 1293 (f) In addition to the reasons specified in this 1294 section for suspension of the commercial driver's license, the commissioner shall be authorized to suspend the commercial 1295 1296 driver's license of any person for being out of compliance with an 1297 order for support, as defined in Section 93-11-153. The procedure 1298 for suspension of a commercial driver's license for being out of 1299 compliance with an order for support, and the procedure for the reissuance or reinstatement of a commercial driver's license 1300 1301 suspended for that purpose, and the payment of any fees for the reissuance or reinstatement of a commercial driver's license 1302 1303 suspended for that purpose, shall be governed by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be. If there is any conflict 1304 1305 between any provision of Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 and any provision of this article, the provisions of Section 93-11-157 or 1306 1307 93-11-163, as the case may be, shall control.

1308 SECTION 31. Section 25-3-35, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1309 amended as follows:

1310 25-3-35. (1) The annual salaries of the following judges 1311 are fixed as follows:

1312From and after January 1, 2013, through December 31, 2013:1313Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.....\$126,292.501314Presiding Justices of the Supreme Court, each.... 123,600.751315Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, each.... 122,460.001316From and after January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2014:1317Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.....\$137,195.00

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 53 (GT\JAB) 1318Presiding Justices of the Supreme Court, each.... 134,011.501319Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, each.... 132,390.001320From and after January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2015:1321Chief Justice of the Supreme Court......\$148,097.501322Presiding Justices of the Supreme Court, each.... 144,422.251323Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, each.... 142,320.00

1324 From and after January 1, 2016:

1325 Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.....\$159,000.00 1326 Presiding Justices of the Supreme Court, each.... 154,833.00 1327 Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, each..... 152,250.00 1328 There are imposed upon the Supreme Court justices the extra duties 1329 of taking all necessary action to promote judicial education in 1330 schools, * * * drug intervention courts, electronic filing and case management systems as developed by the Administrative Office of 1331 1332 Courts, or such other additional duties as may be assigned by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. For such extra services each 1333 1334 justice, from and after January 1, 2013, shall receive a sum sufficient to aggregate, per annum, the salaries set forth in this 1335 1336 subsection (1).

1337 The fixed salaries in this subsection (1) shall be paid from 1338 the State General Fund and from the Judicial System Operation Fund 1339 created under Section 9-21-45. No less than: One Hundred Fifteen 1340 Thousand Three Hundred Ninety Dollars (\$115,390.00) of the Chief 1341 Justice's salary in this subsection (1), One Hundred Thirteen 1342 Thousand One Hundred Ninety Dollars (\$113,190.00) of the salary of

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 54 (GT\JAB) 1343 a presiding justice in this subsection (1), and One Hundred Twelve 1344 Thousand Five Hundred Thirty Dollars (\$112,530.00) of the salary of an associate justice in this subsection (1) shall be paid from 1345 general fund monies; in addition, the Legislature shall 1346 1347 appropriate annually from the Judicial System Operation Fund a sum 1348 sufficient to increase the salary of the Chief Justice, a presiding justice and an associate justice to the levels set forth 1349 1350 in this subsection (1).

1351 The fixed salaries as specified in this subsection (1) shall 1352 be the exclusive and total compensation which can be reported to 1353 the Public Employees' Retirement System for retirement purposes; 1354 however, any judge in office on December 31, 2003, may continue to 1355 report his expense allowance as part of his compensation for 1356 retirement purposes.

1357 (2) The annual salaries of the judges of the Court of1358 Appeals of Mississippi are fixed as follows:

1359 From and after January 1, 2013, through December 31, 2013: 1360 Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals.....\$117,992.00 1361 Associate Judges of the Court of Appeals, each.... 114,994.25 1362 From and after January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2014: 1363 Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals.....\$127,854.00 1364 Associate Judges of the Court of Appeals, each.... 124,938.50 From and after January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2015: 1365 1366 Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals.....\$137,716.00 Associate Judges of the Court of Appeals, each.... 134,882.75 1367

1368 From and after January 1, 2016:

1369 Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals......\$147,578.00 1370 Associate Judges of the Court of Appeals, each... 144,827.00 1371 From and after January 1, 2013, each judge shall receive a 1372 sum sufficient to aggregate, per annum, the salaries set forth in 1373 this subsection (2).

The fixed salaries in this subsection (2) shall be paid from 1374 1375 the State General Fund and from the Judicial System Operation Fund 1376 created under Section 9-21-45. No less than One Hundred Eight Thousand One Hundred Thirty Dollars (\$108,130.00) of the Chief 1377 1378 Judge's salary in this subsection (2) shall be paid from general fund monies; in addition, the Legislature shall appropriate 1379 1380 annually from the Judicial System Operation Fund a sum sufficient to increase the Chief Judge's salary to the level set forth in 1381 1382 this subsection (2). No less than One Hundred Five Thousand Fifty 1383 Dollars (\$105,050.00) of the salary of an associate judge in this 1384 subsection (2) shall be paid from general fund monies; in addition, the Legislature shall appropriate annually from the 1385 1386 Judicial System Operation Fund a sum sufficient to increase the 1387 salary of an associate judge to the level set forth in this 1388 subsection (2).

1389 The fixed salaries as specified in this subsection (2) shall 1390 be the exclusive and total compensation which can be reported to 1391 the Public Employees' Retirement System for retirement purposes; 1392 however, any judge in office on December 31, 2003, may continue to

H. B. No. 1352 **# deleted text version #** 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 56 (GT\JAB) 1393 report his expense allowance as part of his compensation for 1394 retirement purposes.

1395 (3) The annual salaries of the chancery and circuit court1396 judges are fixed as follows:

1397 From and after January 1, 2013, through December 31, 2013: 1398 Chancery Judges, each.....\$112,127.50 1399 Circuit Judges, each..... 112,127.50 From and after January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2014: 1400 1401 Chancery Judges, each.....\$120,085.00 1402 Circuit Judges, each..... 120,085.00 1403 From and after January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2015: 1404 Chancery Judges, each.....\$128,042.50 1405 Circuit Judges, each..... 128,042.50 1406 From and after January 1, 2016: Chancery Judges, each.....\$136,000.00 1407 1408 Circuit Judges, each..... 136,000.00 1409 In addition to their present official duties, the circuit and 1410 chancery judges shall take necessary action to promote judicial 1411 education in schools, * * * drug intervention courts, electronic 1412 filing and case management systems as developed by the 1413 Administrative Office of Courts, or such other additional duties 1414 as may be assigned by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. For such extra services each judge, from and after January 1, 2013, 1415

1416 shall receive a sum sufficient to aggregate, per annum, the 1417 salaries set forth in this subsection (3).

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 57 (gt\jab) 1418 The fixed salaries in this subsection (3) shall be paid from 1419 the State General Fund and from the Judicial System Operation Fund created under Section 9-21-45. No less than One Hundred Four 1420 Thousand One Hundred Seventy Dollars (\$104,170.00) of the salary 1421 1422 of a chancery or circuit Judge in this subsection (3) shall be 1423 paid from general fund monies; in addition, the Legislature shall 1424 appropriate annually from the Judicial System Operation Fund a sum 1425 sufficient to increase the salary of a chancery or circuit judge 1426 to the levels set forth in this subsection (3).

From and after January 1, 2019, and every four (4) years 1427 (4) 1428 thereafter, the annual salaries of the judges in subsections (1), 1429 (2) and (3) shall be fixed at the level of compensation 1430 recommended by the State Personnel Board according to the board's most recent report on judicial salaries, as required under Section 1431 25-9-115, to the extent that sufficient funds are available. 1432 The annual salaries fixed in accordance with this subsection (4) shall 1433 1434 not become effective until the commencement of the next 1435 immediately succeeding term of office.

1436 (5) The Supreme Court shall prepare a payroll for chancery
1437 judges and circuit judges and submit such payroll to the
1438 Department of Finance and Administration.

1439 (6) The annual salary of the full-time district attorneys 1440 shall be:

1441 From and after January 1, 2013, through December 31, 2013:

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 58 (GT\JAB) 1442 One Hundred Three Thousand Three Hundred Twenty-two Dollars 1443 (\$103,322.00).

1444 From and after January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2014: 1445 One Hundred Ten Thousand Eight Hundred Forty-eight Dollars 1446 (\$110,848.00).

1447 From and after January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2015: 1448 One Hundred Eighteen Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-four 1449 Dollars (\$118,374.00).

1450 From and after January 1, 2016:

1451 One Hundred Twenty-five Thousand Nine Hundred Dollars 1452 (\$125,900.00).

1453 The annual salary of the full-time legal assistants (7)1454 shall be not less than Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) nor more than eighty percent (80%) of the salary of the district 1455 1456 attorney for legal assistants who have been licensed to practice 1457 law for five (5) years or less; eighty-five percent (85%) of the 1458 salary of the district attorney for legal assistants who have been licensed to practice law for at least five (5) years but less than 1459 1460 fifteen (15) years; and ninety percent (90%) of the salary of the 1461 district attorney for legal assistants who have been licensed to 1462 practice law for at least fifteen (15) years or more.

1463 SECTION 32. Section 43-21-357, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1464 amended as follows:

1465 43-21-357. (1) After receiving a report, the youth court 1466 intake unit shall promptly make a preliminary inquiry to determine

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 59 (gT\JAB) 1467 whether the interest of the child, other children in the same 1468 environment or the public requires the youth court to take further action. As part of the preliminary inquiry, the youth court 1469 1470 intake unit may request or the youth court may order the 1471 Department of Human Services, the Department of Youth Services, 1472 any successor agency or any other qualified public employee to make an investigation or report concerning the child and any other 1473 1474 children in the same environment, and present the findings thereof 1475 to the youth court intake unit. If the youth court intake unit 1476 receives a neglect or abuse report, the youth court intake unit 1477 shall immediately forward the complaint to the Department of Human 1478 Services to promptly make an investigation or report concerning 1479 the child and any other children in the same environment and promptly present the findings thereof to the youth court intake 1480 1481 unit. If it appears from the preliminary inquiry that the child 1482 or other children in the same environment are within the 1483 jurisdiction of the court, the youth court intake unit shall recommend to the youth court: 1484

1485

1486

(b)

(a) That the youth court take no action;

That an informal adjustment be made;

1487 (c) The Department of Human Services, Division of
1488 Family and Children Services, monitor the child, family and other
1489 children in the same environment;

1490 (d) That the child is warned or counseled informally;

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 60 (GT\JAB) 1491 That the child be referred to the youth (e) 1492 court * * * drug intervention court; or 1493 (f) That a petition be filed. 1494 (2)The youth court shall then, without a hearing: Order that no action be taken; 1495 (a) 1496 (b) Order that an informal adjustment be made; Order that the Department of Human Services, 1497 (C) 1498 Division of Family and Children Services, monitor the child, 1499 family and other children in the same environment; 1500 Order that the child is warned or counseled (d) 1501 informally; 1502 That the child be referred to the youth * * *drug (e) 1503 intervention court; or 1504 Order that a petition be filed. (f) 1505 (3)If the preliminary inquiry discloses that a child needs 1506 emergency medical treatment, the judge may order the necessary 1507 treatment. 1508 SECTION 33. Section 63-11-31.1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1509 amended as follows: 1510 The Mississippi Forensics Laboratory shall 63-11-31.1. (1) 1511 promulgate rules and regulations for court-ordered drug testing of 1512 DUI/other drug violators and shall approve which vendors are eligible to be utilized by the trial courts when ordering 1513 1514 defendants to undergo drug testing as a condition of continuing to exercise the privilege to drive. The Forensics Laboratory may 1515

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 61 (GT\JAB) 1516 assess fees to the vendors, and shall prescribe the maximum costs 1517 to the offender for drug testing. The Forensics Laboratory may 1518 seek the advice of the State * * *Drug Intervention Court Advisory 1519 Committee in fulfilling these duties.

(2) The Forensics Laboratory must evaluate proposals made by
prospective vendors for acceptability, including, without
limitation, the following factors:

(a) A description of the method used for assessment;
(b) The frequency with which the offender will be
tested;

1526 (c) The procedure used by the vendor to ensure the 1527 accuracy of the test results;

1528 (d) The length of time allowed the offender to provide1529 a biological sample after being given notice;

1530 (e) The frequency with which the vendor will make1531 reports to the court;

1532 (f) The list of approved sites for the collection of 1533 biological samples for testing.

1534 (3) The Forensics Laboratory must promulgate regulations for1535 the program and for vendors, including at a minimum:

(a) That the offender must pay the cost of the testing
program or, if the court finds the offender to be indigent, that
the cost be paid from the Interlock Device Fund.

1539 (b) How indigent funds will be accessed by the vendors, 1540 and the maximum cost to the offender or the fund.

1541 (4) The Forensics Laboratory will provide the list of 1542 approved vendors, subject to continuous updating, to the 1543 Mississippi Judicial College for dissemination to the trial 1544 courts.

1545 **SECTION 34.** Section 99-3-45, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1546 amended as follows:

1547 99-3-45. A person under the age of twenty-one (21) who is 1548 released under either Section 99-3-17 or 99-3-18 following arrest 1549 must be given notice:

(a) That the person is allowed to call a parent,
guardian or custodian in addition to any other opportunity to call
that has been afforded to such person; and

1553(b) That * * *drug Intervention Court and other1554pretrial diversion programs may be available for many offenses.

1555 SECTION 35. Section 99-19-73, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1556 amended as follows:

1557 99-19-73. (1) Traffic violations. In addition to any monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there 1558 1559 shall be imposed and collected the following state assessment from 1560 each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for 1561 any violation in Title 63, Mississippi Code of 1972, except 1562 offenses relating to the Mississippi Implied Consent Law (Section 1563 63-11-1 et seq.) and offenses relating to vehicular parking or 1564 registration:

1565 FUND

AMOUNT

State Court Education Fund......[Deleted] Vulnerable Persons Training, Investigation and Prosecution Trust Fund............[Deleted] Child Support Prosecution Trust Fund......[Deleted] Driver Training Penalty Assessment Fund......[Deleted] Spinal Cord and Head Injury Trust Fund Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters Death Benefits Trust Fund......[Deleted] Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters State Prosecutor Compensation Fund for the purpose of providing additional compensation for district attorneys and their legal assistants......[Deleted] Indigent Appeals Fund......[Deleted] Capital Post-Conviction Counsel Fund......[Deleted]

1591	Public Defenders Education Fund[Deleted]
1592	Domestic Violence Training Fund
1593	Attorney General's Cyber Crime Unit
1594	Children's Safe Center Fund[Deleted]
1595	DuBard School for Language Disorders Fund[Deleted]
1596	Children's Advocacy Centers Fund[Deleted]
1597	Judicial System Operation Fund[Deleted]
1598	GENERAL FUND\$ 90.50

(2) **Implied Consent Law violations**. In addition to any monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there shall be imposed and collected the following state assessment from each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or any other penalty for any violation of the Mississippi Implied Consent Law (Section 63-11-1 et seq.):

1605	FUND	AMOUNT
1606	Crime Victims' Compensation Fund	[Deleted]
1607	State Court Education Fund	[Deleted]
1608	State Prosecutor Education Fund	[Deleted]
1609	Vulnerable Persons Training,	

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1616	Federal-State Alcohol Program Fund[Deleted]
1617	Mississippi Forensics Laboratory
1618	Implied Consent Law Fund
1619	Spinal Cord and Head Injury Trust Fund[Deleted]
1620	Capital Defense Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1621	Indigent Appeals Fund[Deleted]
1622	Capital Post-Conviction Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1623	Victims of Domestic Violence Fund[Deleted]
1624	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1625	Death Benefits Trust Fund
1626	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1627	Disability Benefits Trust Fund
1628	State Prosecutor Compensation Fund for the purpose
1629	of providing additional compensation for
1630	district attorneys and their legal assistants[Deleted]
1631	Crisis Intervention Mental Health Fund[Deleted]
1632	* * * Drug Intervention Court Fund[Deleted]
1633	Statewide Victims' Information and
1634	Notification System Fund
1635	Public Defenders Education Fund[Deleted]
1636	Domestic Violence Training Fund[Deleted]
1637	Attorney General's Cyber Crime Unit
1638	GENERAL FUND\$ 243.50
1639	(3) Game and Fish Law violations. In addition to any
1640	monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there

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1641 shall be imposed and collected the following state assessment from 1642 each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for 1643 any violation of the game and fish statutes or regulations of this 1644 state:

5 FUND AMOUNT
6 State Court Education Fund
7 State Prosecutor Education Fund
8 Vulnerable Persons Training,
9 Investigation and Prosecution Trust Fund[Deleted]
0 Law Enforcement Officers Training Fund
Hunter Education and Training Program Fund[Deleted]
2 Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
Death Benefits Trust Fund[Deleted]
4 Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
Disability Benefits Trust Fund
6 State Prosecutor Compensation Fund for the purpose
of providing additional compensation for district
attorneys and their legal assistants[Deleted]
9 Crisis Intervention Mental Health Fund[Deleted]
50 * * * Drug <u>Intervention</u> Court Fund
Capital Defense Counsel Fund
2 Indigent Appeals Fund[Deleted]
G3 Capital Post-Conviction Counsel Fund
Victims of Domestic Violence Fund[Deleted]
5 Public Defenders Education Fund

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(5) **Speeding, reckless and careless driving violations.** In addition to any assessment imposed under subsection (1) or (2) of this section, there shall be imposed and collected the following state assessment from each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for driving a vehicle on a road or highway:

1675 (a) At a speed that exceeds the posted speed limit by
1676 at least ten (10) miles per hour but not more than twenty (20)
1677 miles per hour.....\$10.00
1678 (b) At a speed that exceeds the posted speed limit by

1679 at least twenty (20) miles per hour but not more than thirty (30)
1680 miles per hour.....\$20.00

1681 (c) At a speed that exceeds the posted speed limit by 1682 thirty (30) miles per hour or more.....\$30.00 1683 (d) In violation of Section 63-3-1201, which is the 1684 offense of reckless driving.....\$10.00

1685 (e) In violation of Section 63-3-1213, which is the 1686 offense of careless driving.....\$10.00

1687 All assessments collected under this subsection shall be 1688 deposited into the State General Fund.

1689 (6) Other misdemeanors. In addition to any monetary1690 penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there shall be

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 68 (GT\JAB) 1691 imposed and collected the following state assessment from each 1692 person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for any 1693 misdemeanor violation not specified in subsection (1), (2) or (3) 1694 of this section, except offenses relating to vehicular parking or 1695 registration:

1696	FUND AMOUNT
1697	Crime Victims' Compensation Fund \$[Deleted]
1698	State Court Education Fund[Deleted]
1699	State Prosecutor Education Fund
1700	Vulnerable Persons Training, Investigation
1701	and Prosecution Trust Fund
1702	Child Support Prosecution Trust Fund[Deleted]
1703	Law Enforcement Officers Training Fund
1704	Capital Defense Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1705	Indigent Appeals Fund[Deleted]
1706	Capital Post-Conviction Counsel Fund
1707	Victims of Domestic Violence Fund[Deleted]
1708	State Crime Stoppers Fund[Deleted]
1709	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1710	Death Benefits Trust Fund
1711	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1712	Disability Benefits Trust Fund
1713	State Prosecutor Compensation Fund for the purpose
1714	of providing additional compensation for
1715	district attorneys and their legal assistants[Deleted]
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1716	Crisis Intervention Mental Health Fund[Deleted]
1717	* * * Drug <u>Intervention</u> Court Fund
1718	Judicial Performance Fund[Deleted]
1719	Statewide Victims' Information and
1720	Notification System Fund
1721	Public Defenders Education Fund[Deleted]
1722	Domestic Violence Training Fund[Deleted]
1723	Attorney General's Cyber Crime Unit
1724	Information Exchange Network Fund
1725	Motorcycle Officer Training Fund[Deleted]
1726	Civil Legal Assistance Fund[Deleted]
1727	Justice Court Collections Fund[Deleted]
1728	Municipal Court Collections Fund[Deleted]
1729	GENERAL FUND\$121.75
1730	(7) Other felonies. In addition to any monetary penalties
1731	and any other penalties imposed by law, there shall be imposed and
1732	collected the following state assessment from each person upon
1733	whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for any felony
1734	violation not specified in subsection (1), (2) or (3) of this
1735	section:
1736	FUND AMOUNT
1737	Crime Victims' Compensation Fund\$[Deleted]
1738	State Court Education Fund[Deleted]
1739	State Prosecutor Education Fund[Deleted]
1740	Vulnerable Persons Training, Investigation

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1741	and Prosecution Trust Fund
1742	Child Support Prosecution Trust Fund[Deleted]
1743	Law Enforcement Officers Training Fund[Deleted]
1744	Capital Defense Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1745	Indigent Appeals Fund[Deleted]
1746	Capital Post-Conviction Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1747	Victims of Domestic Violence Fund[Deleted]
1748	Criminal Justice Fund[Deleted]
1749	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1750	Death Benefits Trust Fund
1751	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1752	Disability Benefits Trust Fund
1753	State Prosecutor Compensation Fund for the purpose
1754	of providing additional compensation for
1755	district attorneys and their legal assistants[Deleted]
1756	Crisis Intervention Mental Health Fund[Deleted]
1757	* * * Drug <u>Intervention</u> Court Fund
1758	Statewide Victims' Information and
1759	Notification System Fund
1760	Public Defenders Education Fund[Deleted]
1761	Domestic Violence Training Fund[Deleted]
1762	Attorney General's Cyber Crime Unit
1763	Forensics Laboratory DNA Identification System Fund[Deleted]
1764	GENERAL FUND\$280.50
1765	(8) Additional assessments on certain violations:

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1766 (a) Railroad crossing violations. In addition to any 1767 monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there shall be imposed and collected the following state assessment in 1768 1769 addition to all other state assessments due under this section 1770 from each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty 1771 for any violation involving railroad crossings under Section 1772 37-41-55, 63-3-1007, 63-3-1009, 63-3-1011, 63-3-1013 or 77-9-249: 1773 Operation Lifesaver Fund.....\$25.00

(b) **Drug violations**. In addition to any monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there shall be imposed and collected the following state assessment in addition to all other state assessments due under this section from each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for any violation of Section 41-29-139:

1780 Drug Evidence Disposition Fund......\$25.00

1781 (C) Motor vehicle liability insurance violations. In 1782 addition to any monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed 1783 by law, there shall be imposed and collected the following state 1784 assessment in addition to all other state assessments due under 1785 this section from each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or 1786 other penalty for any violation of Section 63-15-4(4) or Section 1787 63 - 16 - 13(1):

1788 Uninsured Motorist Identification Fund:

 1789
 First offense.....\$200.00

 1790
 Second offense.....\$300.00

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Third or subsequent offense.....\$400.00 (9) If a fine or other penalty imposed is suspended, in whole or in part, such suspension shall not affect the state assessment under this section. No state assessment imposed under the provisions of this section may be suspended or reduced by the court.

(10) (a) After a determination by the court of the amount due, it shall be the duty of the clerk of the court to promptly collect all state assessments imposed under the provisions of this section. The state assessments imposed under the provisions of this section may not be paid by personal check.

1802 It shall be the duty of the chancery clerk of each (b) 1803 county to deposit all state assessments collected in the circuit, county and justice courts in the county on a monthly basis with 1804 1805 the State Treasurer pursuant to appropriate procedures established 1806 by the State Auditor. The chancery clerk shall make a monthly 1807 lump-sum deposit of the total state assessments collected in the 1808 circuit, county and justice courts in the county under this 1809 section, and shall report to the Department of Finance and Administration the total number of violations under each 1810 1811 subsection for which state assessments were collected in the 1812 circuit, county and justice courts in the county during that 1813 month.

1814 (c) It shall be the duty of the municipal clerk of each 1815 municipality to deposit all the state assessments collected in the

1816 municipal court in the municipality on a monthly basis with the 1817 State Treasurer pursuant to appropriate procedures established by the State Auditor. The municipal clerk shall make a monthly 1818 1819 lump-sum deposit of the total state assessments collected in the 1820 municipal court in the municipality under this section, and shall 1821 report to the Department of Finance and Administration the total 1822 number of violations under each subsection for which state 1823 assessments were collected in the municipal court in the 1824 municipality during that month.

(11) It shall be the duty of the Department of Finance and Administration to deposit on a monthly basis all state assessments into the State General Fund or proper special fund in the State Treasury. The Department of Finance and Administration shall issue regulations providing for the proper allocation of these funds.

1831 (12)The State Auditor shall establish by regulation 1832 procedures for refunds of state assessments, including refunds 1833 associated with assessments imposed before July 1, 1990, and 1834 refunds after appeals in which the defendant's conviction is 1835 The Auditor shall provide in the regulations for reversed. 1836 certification of eligibility for refunds and may require the 1837 defendant seeking a refund to submit a verified copy of a court order or abstract by which the defendant is entitled to a refund. 1838 1839 All refunds of state assessments shall be made in accordance with 1840 the procedures established by the Auditor.

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 74 (gt\jab) 1841 SECTION 36. Section 63-1-51, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1842 amended as follows:

63-1-51. (1) It shall be the duty of the court clerk, upon 1843 conviction of any person holding a license issued pursuant to this 1844 1845 article where the penalty for a traffic violation is as much as 1846 Ten Dollars (\$10.00), to mail a copy of abstract of the court record or provide an electronically or computer generated copy of 1847 1848 abstract of the court record immediately to the commissioner at 1849 Jackson, Mississippi, showing the date of conviction, penalty, 1850 etc., so that a record of same may be made by the Department of Public Safety. The commissioner shall forthwith revoke the 1851 1852 license of any person for a period of one (1) year upon receiving 1853 a duly certified record of each person's convictions of any of the following offenses when such conviction has become final: 1854

1855 (a) Manslaughter or negligent homicide resulting from1856 the operation of a motor vehicle;

1857 (b) Any felony in the commission of which a motor1858 vehicle is used;

(c) Failure to stop and render aid as required under the laws of this state in event of a motor vehicle accident resulting in the death or personal injury of another;

(d) Perjury or the willful making of a false affidavit or statement under oath to the department under this article or under any other law relating to the ownership or operation of motor vehicles; or

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 75 (GT\JAB) (e) Conviction, or forfeiture of bail not vacated, upon three (3) charges of reckless driving committed within a period of twelve (12) months * * *;.

1869 * * * (f) Contempt for failure to pay a fine or fee or 1870 to respond to a summons or citation pursuant to a charge of a 1871 violation of this title.

1872 (2) The commissioner shall revoke the license issued
1873 pursuant to this article of any person convicted of negligent
1874 homicide, in addition to any penalty now provided by law.

1875 (3) In addition to the reasons specified in this section, 1876 the commissioner shall be authorized to suspend the license issued 1877 to any person pursuant to this article for being out of compliance 1878 with an order for support, as defined in Section 93-11-153. The procedure for suspension of a license for being out of compliance 1879 1880 with an order for support, and the procedure for the reissuance or 1881 reinstatement of a license suspended for that purpose, and the 1882 payment of any fees for the reissuance or reinstatement of a license suspended for that purpose, shall be governed by Section 1883 1884 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be. If there is any 1885 conflict between any provision of Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 1886 and any provision of this article, the provisions of Section 1887 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be, shall control.

1888 SECTION 37. Section 63-1-53, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1889 amended as follows:

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 76 (GT\JAB) 1890 63-1-53. (1) * * * Upon failure of any person to respond 1891 timely and properly to a summons or citation charging such person with any violation of this title, or Upon failure of any person to 1892 pay timely any fine, fee or assessment levied as a result of any 1893 violation of this title, the clerk of the court shall give written 1894 1895 notice to such person by United States first-class mail at his 1896 last known address advising such person that, if within * * *ten 1897 (10) ninety (90) days after such notice is deposited in the mail, 1898 the person * * *has not properly responded to the summons or citation or has not paid the entire amount of all fines, fees and 1899 assessments levied, then the court will * * * give notice thereof 1900 1901 to the Commissioner of Public Safety and the commissioner may 1902 suspend the driver's license of such person. The actual cost incurred by the court in the giving of such notice may be added to 1903 any other court costs assessed in such case. If within ten (10) 1904 1905 days after the notice is given in accordance with this subsection 1906 such person has not satisfactorily disposed of the matter pending 1907 before the court, then the clerk of the court immediately shall 1908 mail a copy of the abstract of the court record, along with a 1909 certified copy of the notice given under this subsection, to the 1910 commissioner, and the commissioner may suspend the driver's 1911 license of such person as authorized under subsections (2) and (3) 1912 of this section pursue collection as for any other delinquent 1913 payment, and shall be entitled to collection of all additional fees in accordance with subsection (4) of this section. 1914

1915 (2) The commissioner is hereby authorized to suspend the
1916 license of an operator without preliminary hearing upon a showing
1917 by his records or other sufficient evidence that the licensee:
1918 (a) Has committed an offense for which mandatory

1919 revocation of license is required upon conviction except under the 1920 provisions of the Mississippi Implied Consent Law;

(b) Has been involved as a driver in any accident
resulting in the death or personal injury of another or serious
property damage;

1924 (c) Is an habitually reckless or negligent driver of a1925 motor vehicle;

(d) Has been convicted with such frequency of serious
offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of
vehicles as to indicate a disrespect for traffic laws and a
disregard for the safety of other persons on the highways;

1930 (e) Is incompetent to drive a motor vehicle;
1931 (f) Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of such
1932 license;

1933 (g) Has committed an offense in another state which if 1934 committed in this state would be grounds for suspension or 1935 revocation; <u>or</u>

(h) * * Has failed to pay any fine, fee or other assessment levied as a result of any violation of this title; (i) Has failed to respond to a summons or citation which charged a violation of this title; or

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 78 (GT\JAB) 1940 (j) Has committed a violation for which mandatory 1941 revocation of license is required upon conviction, entering a plea 1942 of nolo contendere to, or adjudication of delinquency, pursuant to 1943 the provisions of subsection (1) of Section 63-1-71.

1944 (3) Notice that a person's license is suspended or will be 1945 suspended under subsection (2) of this section shall be given by the commissioner in the manner and at the time provided for under 1946 1947 Section 63-1-52, and upon such person's request, he shall be 1948 afforded an opportunity for a hearing as early as practicable, but 1949 not to exceed twenty (20) days after receipt of such request in 1950 the county wherein the licensee resides unless the department and the licensee agree that such hearing may be held in some other 1951 1952 county. Upon such hearing the commissioner, or his duly authorized agent, may administer oaths and may issue subpoenas for 1953 1954 the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant books 1955 and papers and may require a reexamination of the licensee. Upon 1956 such hearing the commissioner shall either rescind any order of 1957 suspension or, good cause appearing therefor, may extend any 1958 suspension of such license or revoke such license.

(4) If a licensee has not paid all cash appearance bonds authorized under Section 99-19-3 or all fines, fees or other assessments levied as a result of a violation of this title within ninety (90) days * * *after the commissioner has suspended the license of a person under subsection (2)(i) of this section of receiving notice of the licensee's failure to pay all fines, fees

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 79 (gt\jab) 1965 <u>or other assessments as provided in subsection (1) of this</u> 1966 <u>section</u>, the court is authorized to pursue collection under 1967 Section 21-17-1(6) or 19-3-41(2) as for any other delinquent 1968 payment, and shall be entitled to collection of all additional 1969 fees authorized under those sections.

1970 SECTION 38. Section 63-1-52, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1971 amended as follows:

63 - 1 - 52. (1) Whenever the Commissioner of Public Safety 1972 1973 suspends, cancels or revokes the driver's license or driving 1974 privileges of any person, notice of the suspension, cancellation 1975 or revocation shall be given to such person by the commissioner, 1976 or his duly authorized agent, in the manner provided in subsection 1977 (2) of this section and at the time provided in subsection (3) of 1978 this section or in the manner and at the time provided in 1979 subsection (4) of this section.

1980

(2) Notice shall be given in the following manner:

1981 In writing, (i) by United States Certificate of (a) Mail; or (ii) by personal service at the person's address as it 1982 1983 appears on the driving record maintained by the Department of 1984 Public Safety or at the person's last-known address; or (iii) by 1985 personal notice being given by any law enforcement officer of this 1986 state or any duly authorized agent of the Commissioner of Public 1987 Safety on forms prescribed and furnished by the Commissioner of 1988 Public Safety; whenever a person's driver's license or driving privileges are suspended, revoked or cancelled in accordance with 1989

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 80 (GT\JAB) 1990 the Mississippi Driver License Compact Law, the Mississippi 1991 Implied Consent Law, the Mississippi Motor Vehicle Safety 1992 Responsibility Law or * * *paragraphs <u>subsection</u> (2)(c), (2)(d), 1993 (2)(e) or (2)(f) of Section 63-1-53.

(b) In writing, by United States first class mail,
whenever a person's driver's license or driving privileges are
suspended, revoked or cancelled in accordance with the Mississippi
Commercial Driver's License Law, the Youth Court Law, Chapter 23
of Title 43, Mississippi Code of 1972, Section 63-1-45, Section
63-1-51, * * *paragraph subsection (2)(g), (2)(h) or (2)(i) of
Section 63-1-53 or Section 63-9-25.

2001 (3) Notice shall be given at the following time:

(a) Before suspension, revocation or cancellation,
whenever a person's driver's license or driving privileges are
suspended, revoked or cancelled in accordance with the Mississippi
Driver License Compact Law, the Mississippi Motor Vehicle Safety
Responsibility Law or * * *paragraph subsection (2)(c), (2)(d),
(2)(e) or (2)(f) of Section 63-1-53.

(b) Unless otherwise specifically provided for by law,
at the time of suspension, revocation or cancellation, whenever a
person's driver's license or driving privileges are suspended,
revoked or cancelled in accordance with the Mississippi Commercial
Driver's License Law, the Mississippi Implied Consent Law, the
Youth Court Law, Chapter 23 of Title 43, Mississippi Code of 1972,
Section 63-1-45, Section 63-1-51, * * *paragraph subsection

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 81 (GT\JAB) 2015 (2)(g) * * *, (2)(h) or (2)(i) of Section 63-1-53 or Section 2016 63-9-25.

2017 Whenever the Commissioner of Public Safety suspends, (4) revokes or cancels the driver's license or driving privileges of 2018 2019 any person in accordance with some provision of law other than a 2020 provision of law referred to in subsections (2) and (3) of this 2021 section, and the manner and time for giving notice is not provided 2022 for in such law, then notice of such suspension, revocation or 2023 cancellation shall be given in the manner and at the time provided 2024 for under *** * *** paragraph subsections (2) (b) and (3) (b) of this 2025 section.

2026 **SECTION 39.** Section 63-1-71, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 2027 amended as follows:

2028 63-1-71. (1) * * * In addition to any penalty authorized by 2029 the Uniform Controlled Substances Law or any other statute 2030 indicating the dispositions that can be ordered for an 2031 adjudication of delinguency, every person convicted of, or 2032 entering a plea of nolo contendere to, or adjudicated delinguent 2033 in a court of this state for a violation of any offense defined in 2034 the Uniform Controlled Substances Law, and every person convicted 2035 of, or entering a plea of nolo contendere to, or adjudicated 2036 delinquent under the laws of the United States, another state, a 2037 territory or possession of the United States, the District of 2038 Columbia or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico of a violation for the 2039 use, distribution, possession, manufacture, sale, barter, transfer

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 82 (GT\JAB) 2040 or dispensing of a "controlled substance," "counterfeit 2041 substance," "narcotic drug" or "drug," as such terms are defined under Section 41-29-105, shall forthwith forfeit his right to 2042 2043 operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this state for a 2044 period of six (6) months. Notwithstanding the provisions of 2045 Section 63-11-30(2)(a) and in addition to any penalty authorized 2046 by the Uniform Controlled Substances Law or any other statute 2047 indicating the dispositions that can be ordered for an 2048 adjudication of delinquency, every person convicted of driving under the influence of a controlled substance, or entering a plea 2049 of nolo contendere thereto, or adjudicated delinquent therefor, in 2050 2051 a court of this state, and every person convicted of driving under 2052 the influence of a controlled substance, or entering a plea of 2053 nolo contendere thereto, or adjudicated delinquent therefor, under 2054 the laws of the United States, another state, a territory or 2055 possession of the United States, the District of Columbia or the 2056 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, shall forthwith forfeit his right to 2057 operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this state for a 2058 period of not less than six (6) months. In the case of any person 2059 who at the time of the imposition of sentence does not have a 2060 driver's license or is less than fifteen (15) years of age, the 2061 period of the suspension of driving privileges authorized herein 2062 shall commence on the day the sentence is imposed and shall run 2063 for a period of not less than six (6) months after the day the person obtains a driver's license or reaches the age of fifteen 2064

(15) years. If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or suspension at the time of any conviction or adjudication of delinquency for * * *a violation of any offense defined in the Uniform Controlled Substances Law driving under the influence of a controlled substance, the revocation or suspension period imposed herein shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or suspension.

2072 The court in this state before whom any person is (2)2073 convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for * * *a violation of an offense under subsection (1) of this section driving under the 2074 2075 influence of a controlled substance shall collect forthwith the 2076 Mississippi driver's license of the person and forward such 2077 license to the Department of Public Safety along with a report 2078 indicating the first and last day of the suspension or revocation 2079 period imposed pursuant to this section. If the court is for any 2080 reason unable to collect the license of the person, the court 2081 shall cause a report of the conviction or adjudication of 2082 delinquency to be filed with the Commissioner of Public Safety. 2083 That report shall include the complete name, address, date of 2084 birth, eye color and sex of the person and shall indicate the 2085 first and last day of the suspension or revocation period imposed 2086 by the court pursuant to this section. The court shall inform the person orally and in writing that if the person is convicted of 2087 2088 personally operating a motor vehicle during the period of license suspension or revocation imposed pursuant to this section, the 2089

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 84 (GT\JAB) 2090 person shall, upon conviction, be subject to the penalties set 2091 forth in Section 63-11-40. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of the written notice in writing. Failure to 2092 2093 receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the 2094 receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent 2095 charge of a violation of Section 63-11-40. If the person is the 2096 holder of a driver's license from another jurisdiction, the court 2097 shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith the 2098 Commissioner of Public Safety who shall notify the appropriate 2099 officials in the licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, 2100 however, in accordance with the provisions of this section, revoke 2101 the person's nonresident driving privilege in this state.

2102 The county court or circuit court having jurisdiction, (3)on petition, may reduce the suspension of driving privileges under 2103 this section if the denial of which would constitute a hardship on 2104 2105 the offender. When the petition is filed, such person shall pay 2106 to the circuit clerk of the court where the petition is filed a 2107 fee of Twenty Dollars (\$20.00) for each year, or portion thereof, 2108 of license revocation or suspension remaining under the original 2109 sentence, which shall be deposited into the State General Fund to 2110 the credit of a special fund hereby created in the State Treasury 2111 to be used for alcohol or drug abuse treatment and education, upon 2112 appropriation by the Legislature. This fee shall be in addition 2113 to any other court costs or fees required for the filing of 2114 petitions.

2115 **SECTION 40.** Section 63-1-46, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 2116 amended as follows:

2117 63-1-46. (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this 2118 section, a fee of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) shall be charged 2119 for the reinstatement of a license issued under this article to 2120 every person whose license has been validly suspended, revoked or 2121 cancelled.

(b) The funds received under the provisions of this subsection shall be distributed as follows:

(i) Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be deposited into the State General Fund in accordance with Section 45-1-23;

(ii) Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be paid to the Board of Trustees of the Public Employees' Retirement System for funding the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol Retirement System as provided under Section 25-13-7;

(iii) Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be deposited into the special fund created in Section 63-1-45(3) for purchases of equipment by the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol; and

(iv) Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be deposited into the Interlock Device Fund created in Section 63-11-33.

(2) (a) A fee of One Hundred Seventy-five Dollars (\$175.00)
shall be charged for the reinstatement of a license issued under

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 86 (gT\JAB) 2140 this article to every person whose license has been validly 2141 suspended or revoked under the provisions of the Mississippi 2142 Implied Consent Law or as a result of a conviction of * * *a 2143 violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Law driving under 2144 the influence of a controlled substance under the provisions of 2145 Section 63-1-71.

(b) The funds received under the provisions of this subsection shall be distributed as follows:

2148 (i) One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) shall be 2149 deposited into the State General Fund in accordance with Section 2150 45-1-23;

(ii) Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be paid to the Board of Trustees of the Public Employees' Retirement System for funding the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol Retirement System as provided under Section 25-13-7;

(iii) Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be deposited into the special fund created in Section 63-1-45(3) for purchases of equipment by the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol; and

(iv) Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be deposited into the Interlock Device Fund created in Section 63-11-33.

(3) (a) A fee of Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) shall be charged for the reinstatement of a license issued under this article to every person whose license has been validly suspended

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 87 (GT\JAB) 2165 for nonpayment of child support under the provisions of Sections 2166 93-11-151 through 93-11-163. The funds received under the 2167 provisions of this subsection shall be deposited into the State 2168 General Fund in accordance with Section 45-1-23.

(b) The procedure for the reinstatement of a license issued under this article that has been suspended for being out of compliance with an order for support, as defined in Section 93-11-153, and the payment of any fees for the reinstatement of a license suspended for that purpose, shall be governed by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be.

(4) A fee of Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) will be charged for the reinstatement of a license that was suspended due to payment by a draft or other instrument that is dishonored by the payor.

(5) All reinstatement fees charged under this section shallbe in addition to the fees prescribed in Section 63-1-43.

2181 SECTION 41. Section 99-19-71, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 2182 amended as follows:

2183 99-19-71. (1) Any person who has been convicted of a 2184 misdemeanor * * *that is not a traffic violation, and who is a 2185 first offender, may petition the justice, county, circuit or 2186 municipal court in which the conviction was had for an order to 2187 expunge any such conviction from all public records.

2188 (2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this

2189 subsection, * * * Any a person who has been convicted of * * *one

2190	(1) of the following felonies a felony may petition the court in
2191	which the conviction was had for an order to expunge one (1)
2192	conviction from all public records five (5) years after the
2193	successful completion of all terms and conditions of the sentence
2194	for the conviction * * *: a bad check offense under Section
2195	97-19-55; possession of a controlled substance or paraphernalia
2196	under Section 41-29-139(c) or (d); false pretense under Section
2197	97-19-39; larceny under Section 97-17-41; malicious mischief under
2198	Section 97-17-67; or shoplifting under Section 97-23-93 upon a
2199	hearing as determined in the discretion of the court; however,
2200	eligibility for expunction shall not apply to a felony classified
2201	<u>as a:</u>
2202	(i) Crime of violence as provided in 97-3-2;
2203	(ii) Arson, first degree as provided in Sections
2204	97-17-1 and 97-17-13;
2205	(iii) Trafficking in controlled substances as
2206	provided in Section 41-29-139;
2207	(iv) Third, fourth and subsequent offense DUI as
2208	provided in Section 63-11-30(c) and (4);
2209	(v) Felon in possession of a firearm as provided
2210	in Section 97-35-5;
2211	(vi) Failure to register as a sex offender as
2212	provided in Section 43-33-33;
2213	(vii) Voyeurism as provided in Section 97-29-61;
2214	or

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 89 (GT\JAB) (viii) Witness intimidation as provided in Section

2216 97-9-113.

2215

2217 A person is eligible for only one (1) felony expunction under 2218 this paragraph. For purpose of section, the terms "one (1) 2219 conviction" and "one (1) felony expunction" means and shall 2220 include all convictions that arose from a common nucleus of 2221 operative facts as determined in the discretion of the court. 2222 * * * (b) Any person who was under the age of twenty-one (21) 2223 years when he committed a felony may petition the court in which the conviction was had for an order to expunge one (1) conviction 2224 2225 from all public records five (5) years after the successful 2226 completion of all terms and conditions of the sentence for the 2227 conviction; however, eligibility for expunction shall not apply to 2228 a felony classified as a crime of violence under Section 97-3-2 and any felony that, in the determination of the circuit court, is 2229 2230 related to the distribution of a controlled substance and in the 2231 court's discretion it should not be expunded. A person is 2232 eligible for only one (1) felony expunction under this paragraph. 2233 (***cb) The petitioner shall give ten (10) days'

written notice to the district attorney before any hearing on the petition. In all cases, the court wherein the petition is filed may grant the petition if the court determines, on the record or in writing, that the applicant is rehabilitated from the offense which is the subject of the petition. In those cases where the

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 90 (GT\JAB) 2239 court denies the petition, the findings of the court in this 2240 respect shall be identified specifically and not generally.

Upon entering an order of expunction under this section, 2241 (3) a nonpublic record thereof shall be retained by the Mississippi 2242 2243 Criminal Information Center solely for the purpose of determining 2244 whether, in subsequent proceedings, the person is a first 2245 offender. The order of expunction shall not preclude a district 2246 attorney's office from retaining a nonpublic record thereof for 2247 law enforcement purposes only. The existence of an order of expunction shall not preclude an employer from asking a 2248 2249 prospective employee if the employee has had an order of 2250 expunction entered on his behalf. The effect of the expunction 2251 order shall be to restore the person, in the contemplation of the 2252 law, to the status he occupied before any arrest or indictment for 2253 which convicted. No person as to whom an expunction order has 2254 been entered shall be held thereafter under any provision of law 2255 to be quilty of perjury or to have otherwise given a false 2256 statement by reason of his failure to recite or acknowledge such 2257 arrest, indictment or conviction in response to any inquiry made 2258 of him for any purpose other than the purpose of determining, in 2259 any subsequent proceedings under this section, whether the person 2260 is a first offender. A person as to whom an order has been 2261 entered, upon request, shall be required to advise the court, in 2262 camera, of the previous conviction and expunction in any legal proceeding wherein the person has been called as a prospective 2263

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 91 (GT\JAB) juror. The court shall thereafter and before the selection of the jury advise the attorneys representing the parties of the previous conviction and expunction.

(4) Upon petition therefor, a justice, county, circuit or municipal court shall expunge the record of any case in which an arrest was made, the person arrested was released and the case was dismissed or the charges were dropped or there was no disposition of such case.

(5) No public official is eligible for expunction under thissection for any conviction related to his official duties.

2274 SECTION 42. Section 9-11-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 2275 amended as follows:

2276 9-11-15. (1) Justice court judges shall hold regular terms of their courts, at such times as they may appoint, not exceeding 2277 2278 two (2) and not less than one (1) in every month, at the 2279 appropriate justice court courtroom established by the board of 2280 supervisors; and they may continue to hold their courts from day to day so long as business may require; and all process shall be 2281 2282 returnable, and all trials shall take place at such regular terms, 2283 except where it is otherwise provided; but where the defendant is 2284 a nonresident or transient person, and it shall be shown by the 2285 oath of either party that a delay of the trial until the regular term will be of material injury to him, it shall be lawful for the 2286 2287 judge to have the parties brought before him at any reasonable time and hear the evidence and give judgment or where the 2288

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 92 (GT\JAB) 2289 defendant is a nonresident or transient person and the judge and 2290 all parties agree, it shall be lawful for the judge to have the parties brought before him on the day a citation is made and hear 2291 2292 the evidence and give judgment. Such court shall be a court of 2293 record, with all the power incident to a court of record, 2294 including power to fine in the amount of fine and length of 2295 imprisonment as is authorized for a municipal court in Section 2296 21-23-7(11) for contempt of court.

2297 In counties with a population of less than one (a) (2) hundred fifty thousand (150,000), each justice court shall 2298 2299 designate at least one-half (1/2) day each month as a traffic 2300 court day, sufficient to handle the traffic violations docket of 2301 that court, and shall notify all appropriate law enforcement agencies of the date or dates. On the day or days so designated, 2302 2303 the justice court shall give priority to all cases involving 2304 traffic violations.

2305 In counties with a population of one hundred fifty (b) 2306 thousand (150,000) or more, each justice court shall designate at 2307 least one (1) day each month as a traffic court day, sufficient to 2308 handle the traffic violations of that court, and shall notify all 2309 appropriate law enforcement agencies of the date or dates. On the 2310 day or days so designated, the justice court shall give priority 2311 to all cases involving traffic violations. The one (1) day may be one (1) whole day or it may be divided into half days as long as 2312

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 93 (gT\JAB) 2313 one-half (1/2) day is held in the morning and one-half (1/2) day 2314 is held in the afternoon, in the discretion of the court.

The justice court may, in its discretion, upon prior 2315 (3) 2316 notice to the county prosecutor and upon a showing in open court 2317 of rehabilitation, good conduct for a period of two (2) years 2318 since the last conviction in any court and that the best interest of society would be served, order the record of conviction of a 2319 2320 person of any or all misdemeanors in that court expunged, and upon 2321 so doing, such person thereafter legally stands as though he or she had never been convicted of the misdemeanor(s) and may 2322 2323 lawfully so respond to any query of prior convictions. This order 2324 of expunction does not apply to the confidential records of law 2325 enforcement agencies and has no effect on the driving record of a person maintained under Title 63, Mississippi Code of 1972, or any 2326 2327 other provision of said Title 63.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3) of this
section, a person who was convicted in justice court of a
misdemeanor before reaching his twenty-third

2331 birthday, * * *excluding conviction for a traffic violation, and 2332 who is a first offender, may utilize the provisions of Section 2333 99-19-71, to expunge such misdemeanor conviction.

2334 **SECTION 43.** Section 9-23-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 2335 amended as follows:

2336 9-23-23. If the participant completes all requirements2337 imposed upon him by the drug court, including the payment of fines

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 94 (GT\JAB) 2338 and fees assessed, the charge and prosecution shall be dismissed. 2339 If the defendant or participant was sentenced at the time of entry of plea of quilty, the successful completion of the drug court 2340 order and other requirements of probation or suspension of 2341 2342 sentence will result in the record of the criminal conviction or 2343 adjudication being expunded. However, except as otherwise provided in Section 99-19-71, no expunction of any implied consent 2344 2345 violation shall be allowed.

2346 **SECTION 44.** Section 21-23-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 2347 amended as follows:

2348 21-23-7. (1) The municipal judge shall hold court in a public building designated by the governing authorities of the 2349 2350 municipality and may hold court every day except Sundays and legal 2351 holidays if the business of the municipality so requires; 2352 provided, however, the municipal judge may hold court outside the 2353 boundaries of the municipality but not more than within a 2354 sixty-mile radius of the municipality to handle preliminary 2355 matters and criminal matters such as initial appearances and 2356 felony preliminary hearings. The municipal judge may hold court 2357 outside the boundaries of the municipality but not more than 2358 within a one-mile radius of the municipality for any purpose. The 2359 municipal judge shall have the jurisdiction to hear and determine, 2360 without a jury and without a record of the testimony, all cases 2361 charging violations of the municipal ordinances and state misdemeanor laws made offenses against the municipality and to 2362

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 95 (GT\JAB) 2363 punish offenders therefor as may be prescribed by law. Except as 2364 otherwise provided by law, criminal proceedings shall be brought by sworn complaint filed in the municipal court. Such complaint 2365 2366 shall state the essential elements of the offense charged and the 2367 statute or ordinance relied upon. Such complaint shall not be 2368 required to conclude with a general averment that the offense is against the peace and dignity of the state or in violation of the 2369 2370 ordinances of the municipality. He may sit as a committing court 2371 in all felonies committed within the municipality, and he shall 2372 have the power to bind over the accused to the grand jury or to 2373 appear before the proper court having jurisdiction to try the same, and to set the amount of bail or refuse bail and commit the 2374 2375 accused to jail in cases not bailable. The municipal judge is a conservator of the peace within his municipality. He may conduct 2376 preliminary hearings in all violations of the criminal laws of 2377 2378 this state occurring within the municipality, and any person 2379 arrested for a violation of law within the municipality may be brought before him for initial appearance. The municipal court 2380 2381 shall have jurisdiction of any case remanded to it by a circuit 2382 court grand jury. The municipal court shall have civil 2383 jurisdiction over actions filed pursuant to and as provided in 2384 Title 93, Chapter 21, Mississippi Code of 1972, the Protection from Domestic Abuse Act. 2385

(2) In the discretion of the court, where the objects ofjustice would be more likely met, as an alternative to imposition

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 96 (gT\JAB) 2388 or payment of fine and/or incarceration, the municipal judge shall 2389 have the power to sentence convicted offenders to work on a public service project where the court has established such a program of 2390 2391 public service by written quidelines filed with the clerk for 2392 public record. Such programs shall provide for reasonable 2393 supervision of the offender and the work shall be commensurate 2394 with the fine and/or incarceration that would have ordinarily been 2395 imposed. Such program of public service may be utilized in the 2396 implementation of the provisions of Section 99-19-20, and public 2397 service work thereunder may be supervised by persons other than 2398 the sheriff.

2399 The municipal judge may solemnize marriages, take oaths, (3)2400 affidavits and acknowledgments, and issue orders, subpoenas, summonses, citations, warrants for search and arrest upon a 2401 2402 finding of probable cause, and other such process under seal of 2403 the court to any county or municipality, in a criminal case, to be 2404 executed by the lawful authority of the county or the municipality 2405 of the respondent, and enforce obedience thereto. The absence of 2406 a seal shall not invalidate the process.

(4) When a person shall be charged with an offense in municipal court punishable by confinement, the municipal judge, being satisfied that such person is an indigent person and is unable to employ counsel, may, in the discretion of the court, appoint counsel from the membership of The Mississippi Bar residing in his county who shall represent him. Compensation for

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 97 (GT\JAB) appointed counsel in criminal cases shall be approved and allowed by the municipal judge and shall be paid by the municipality. The maximum compensation shall not exceed Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00) for any one (1) case. The governing authorities of a municipality may, in their discretion, appoint a public defender(s) who must be a licensed attorney and who shall receive a salary to be fixed by the governing authorities.

2420 The municipal judge of any municipality is hereby (5)2421 authorized to suspend the sentence and to suspend the execution of the sentence, or any part thereof, on such terms as may be imposed 2422 2423 by the municipal judge. However, the suspension of imposition or 2424 execution of a sentence hereunder may not be revoked after a 2425 period of two (2) years. The municipal judge shall have the power 2426 to establish and operate a probation program, dispute resolution 2427 program and other practices or procedures appropriate to the 2428 judiciary and designed to aid in the administration of justice. 2429 Any such program shall be established by the court with written 2430 policies and procedures filed with the clerk of the court for 2431 public record. Subsequent to original sentencing, the municipal 2432 judge, in misdemeanor cases, is hereby authorized to suspend 2433 sentence and to suspend the execution of a sentence, or any part 2434 thereof, on such terms as may be imposed by the municipal judge, if (a) the judge or his or her predecessor was authorized to order 2435 such suspension when the sentence was originally imposed; and (b) 2436

2437 such conviction (i) has not been appealed; or (ii) has been 2438 appealed and the appeal has been voluntarily dismissed.

Upon prior notice to the municipal prosecuting attorney 2439 (6) and upon a showing in open court of rehabilitation, good conduct 2440 2441 for a period of two (2) years since the last conviction in any 2442 court and that the best interest of society would be served, the court may, in its discretion, order the record of conviction of a 2443 2444 person of any or all misdemeanors in that court expunged, and upon 2445 so doing the said person thereafter legally stands as though he had never been convicted of the said misdemeanor(s) and may 2446 2447 lawfully so respond to any query of prior convictions. This order 2448 of expunction does not apply to the confidential records of law 2449 enforcement agencies and has no effect on the driving record of a 2450 person maintained under Title 63, Mississippi Code of 1972, or any 2451 other provision of said Title 63.

(7) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (6) of this section, a person who was convicted in municipal court of a misdemeanor before reaching his twenty-third

2455 birthday, * * *excluding conviction for a traffic violation, and 2456 and who is a first offender, may utilize the provisions of Section 2457 99-19-71, to expunge such misdemeanor conviction.

(8) In the discretion of the court, a plea of nolo
contendere may be entered to any charge in municipal court. Upon
the entry of a plea of nolo contendere the court shall convict the
defendant of the offense charged and shall proceed to sentence the

2462 defendant according to law. The judgment of the court shall 2463 reflect that the conviction was on a plea of nolo contendere. An 2464 appeal may be made from a conviction on a plea of nolo contendere 2465 as in other cases.

(9) Upon execution of a sworn complaint charging a
misdemeanor, the municipal court may, in its discretion and in
lieu of an arrest warrant, issue a citation requiring the
appearance of the defendant to answer the charge made against him.
On default of appearance, an arrest warrant may be issued for the
defendant. The clerk of the court or deputy clerk may issue such
citations.

(10) The municipal court shall have the power to make rules for the administration of the court's business, which rules, if any, shall be in writing filed with the clerk of the court and shall include the enactment of rules related to the court's authority to issue domestic abuse protection orders pursuant to Section 93-21-1 et seq.

(11) The municipal court shall have the power to impose punishment of a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or six (6) months imprisonment, or both, for contempt of court. The municipal court may have the power to impose reasonable costs of court, not in excess of the following:

2484 Dismissal of any affidavit, complaint or charge 2485 in municipal court.....\$ 50.00 2486 Suspension of a minor's driver's license in lieu of

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 100 (GT\JAB) 2487 conviction.....\$ 50.00 2488 Service of scire facias or return "not found".....\$ 20.00 Causing search warrant to issue or causing 2489 2490 prosecution without reasonable cause or refusing to 2491 cooperate after initiating action.....\$ 100.00 2492 Certified copy of the court record.....\$ 5.00 2493 Service of arrest warrant for failure to answer 2494 citation or traffic summons.....\$ 25.00 2495 Jail cost per day - actual jail cost paid by the municipality but 2496 not to exceed......\$ 35.00 2497 Service of court documents related to the filing 2498 of a petition or issuance of a protection from domestic 2499 abuse order under Title 93, Chapter 21, Mississippi 2500 Code of 1972\$ 25.00 2501 Any other item of court cost.....\$ 50.00 2502 No filing fee or such cost shall be imposed for the bringing

2503 of an action in municipal court.

2504 (12) A municipal court judge shall not dismiss a criminal 2505 case but may transfer the case to the justice court of the county 2506 if the municipal court judge is prohibited from presiding over the 2507 case by the Canons of Judicial Conduct and provided that venue and 2508 jurisdiction are proper in the justice court. Upon transfer of 2509 any such case, the municipal court judge shall give the municipal 2510 court clerk a written order to transmit the affidavit or complaint and all other records and evidence in the court's possession to 2511

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 101 (GT\JAB) 2512 the justice court by certified mail or to instruct the arresting 2513 officer to deliver such documents and records to the justice 2514 court. There shall be no court costs charged for the transfer of 2515 the case to the justice court.

(13) A municipal court judge shall expunge the record of any case in which an arrest was made, the person arrested was released and the case was dismissed or the charges were dropped or there was no disposition of such case.

2520 SECTION 45. Section 63-11-30, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 2521 amended as follows:

252263-11-30. (1) It is unlawful for a person to drive or2523otherwise operate a vehicle within this state if the person:

(a) Is under the influence of intoxicating liquor;

2525 (b) Is under the influence of any other substance that 2526 has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle;

(c) Is under the influence of any drug or controlled substance, the possession of which is unlawful under the Mississippi Controlled Substances Law; or

(d) Has an alcohol concentration in the person's blood, based upon grams of alcohol per one hundred (100) milliliters of blood, or grams of alcohol per two hundred ten (210) liters of breath, as shown by a chemical analysis of the person's breath, blood or urine administered as authorized by this chapter, of:

(i) Eight one-hundredths percent (.08%) or more for a person who is above the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages under state law;

(ii) Two one-hundredths percent (.02%) or more for a person who is below the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages under state law; or

2541 (iii) Four one-hundredths percent (.04%) or more
2542 for a person operating a commercial motor vehicle.

2543 (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this 2544 section (Zero Tolerance for Minors):

2545 (a) First offense DUI. (i) Upon conviction of any 2546 person for the first offense of violating subsection (1) of this 2547 section where chemical tests under Section 63-11-5 were given, or 2548 where chemical test results are not available, the person shall be 2549 fined not less than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) nor more 2550 than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), or imprisoned for not more 2551 than forty-eight (48) hours in jail, or both; the court shall 2552 order the person to attend and complete an alcohol safety 2553 education program as provided in Section 63-11-32 within six (6) 2554 months of sentencing. The court may substitute attendance at a 2555 victim impact panel instead of forty-eight (48) hours in jail. 2556 Suspension of commercial driving privileges (ii) 2557 is governed by Section 63-1-216.

(iii) A qualifying first offense may be nonadjudicated by the court under subsection (14) of this section.

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 103 (GT\JAB) 2560 The holder of a commercial driver's license or a commercial 2561 learning permit at the time of the offense is ineligible for 2562 nonadjudication.

(iv) Eligibility for an interlock-restricted
License is governed by Section 63-11-31 and suspension of regular
driving privileges is governed by Section 63-11-23.

2566 Second offense DUI. (i) Upon any second (b) 2567 conviction of any person violating subsection (1) of this section, 2568 the offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years, 2569 the person shall be quilty of a misdemeanor, fined not less than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) nor more than One Thousand Five 2570 2571 Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00), shall be imprisoned not less than 2572 five (5) days nor more than six (6) months and sentenced to community service work for not less than ten (10) days nor more 2573 2574 than six (6) months. The minimum penalties shall not be suspended 2575 or reduced by the court and no prosecutor shall offer any 2576 suspension or sentence reduction as part of a plea bargain.

2577 (ii) Suspension of commercial driving privileges2578 is governed by Section 63-1-216.

(iii) Eligibility for an interlock-restricted
license is governed by Section 63-11-31 and suspension of regular
driving privileges is governed by Section 63-11-23.

2582 (c) **Third offense DUI**. (i) For a third conviction of 2583 a person for violating subsection (1) of this section, the 2584 offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years, the

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 104 (GT\JAB) 2585 person shall be quilty of a felony and fined not less than Two 2586 Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) nor more than Five Thousand Dollars 2587 (\$5,000.00), and shall serve not less than one (1) year nor more 2588 than five (5) years in the custody of the Department of 2589 Corrections. For any offense that does not result in serious 2590 injury or death to any person, the sentence of incarceration may 2591 be served in the county jail rather than in the State Penitentiary 2592 at the discretion of the circuit court judge. The minimum 2593 penalties shall not be suspended or reduced by the court and no 2594 prosecutor shall offer any suspension or sentence reduction as 2595 part of a plea bargain.

2596 (ii) The suspension of commercial driving 2597 privileges is governed by Section 63-1-216.

2598 (iii) The suspension of regular driving privileges2599 is governed by Section 63-11-23.

2600 (d) Fourth and subsequent offense DUI. (i) For any 2601 fourth or subsequent conviction of a violation of subsection (1) 2602 of this section, without regard to the time period within which 2603 the violations occurred, the person shall be guilty of a felony and fined not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00) nor 2604 2605 more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), and shall serve not 2606 less than two (2) years nor more than ten (10) years in the 2607 custody of the Department of Corrections.

2608 (ii) The suspension of commercial driving 2609 privileges is governed by Section 63-1-216.

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 105 (gT\jab) (iii) A person convicted of a fourth or subsequent offense is ineligible to exercise the privilege to operate a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition-interlock device for ten (10) years.

2614 Any person convicted of a second or subsequent (e) 2615 violation of subsection (1) of this section shall receive an 2616 in-depth diagnostic assessment, and if as a result of the assessment is determined to be in need of treatment for alcohol or 2617 2618 drug abuse, the person must successfully complete treatment at a 2619 program site certified by the Department of Mental Health. Each 2620 person who receives a diagnostic assessment shall pay a fee 2621 representing the cost of the assessment. Each person who 2622 participates in a treatment program shall pay a fee representing 2623 the cost of treatment.

2624 (f) The use of ignition-interlock devices is governed 2625 by Section 63-11-31.

2626 Zero Tolerance for Minors. (a) This subsection shall (3) be known and may be cited as Zero Tolerance for Minors. 2627 The 2628 provisions of this subsection shall apply only when a person under 2629 the age of twenty-one (21) years has a blood alcohol concentration 2630 of two one-hundredths percent (.02%) or more, but lower than eight 2631 one-hundredths percent (.08%). If the person's blood alcohol 2632 concentration is eight one-hundredths percent (.08%) or more, the 2633 provisions of subsection (2) shall apply.

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 106 (gT\JAB) 2634 (b) (i) A person under the age of twenty-one (21) is 2635 eligible for nonadjudication of a qualifying first offense by the 2636 court pursuant to subsection (14) of this section.

2637 Upon conviction of any person under the age (ii) 2638 of twenty-one (21) years for the first offense of violating 2639 subsection (1) of this section where chemical tests provided for 2640 under Section 63-11-5 were given, or where chemical test results 2641 are not available, the person shall be fined Two Hundred Fifty 2642 Dollars (\$250.00); the court shall order the person to attend and complete an alcohol safety education program as provided in 2643 Section 63-11-32 within six (6) months. The court may also 2644 2645 require attendance at a victim impact panel.

(c) A person under the age of twenty-one (21) years who is convicted of a second violation of subsection (1) of this section, the offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years, shall be fined not more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00).

(d) A person under the age of twenty-one (21) years who is convicted of a third or subsequent violation of subsection (1) of this section, the offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years, shall be fined not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

2656 (e) License suspension is governed by Section 63-11-232657 and ignition interlock is governed by Section 63-11-31.

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 107 (GT\JAB) 2658 (f) Any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years 2659 convicted of a third or subsequent violation of subsection (1) of 2660 this section must complete treatment of an alcohol or drug abuse 2661 program at a site certified by the Department of Mental Health.

2662 (4) DUI test refusal. In addition to the other penalties 2663 provided in this section, every person refusing a law enforcement 2664 officer's request to submit to a chemical test of the person's 2665 breath as provided in this chapter, or who was unconscious at the 2666 time of a chemical test and refused to consent to the introduction of the results of the test in any prosecution, shall suffer an 2667 2668 additional administrative suspension of driving privileges as set forth in Section 63-11-23. 2669

2670 (5) Aggravated DUI. Every person who operates any (a) 2671 motor vehicle in violation of the provisions of subsection (1) of 2672 this section and who in a negligent manner causes the death of 2673 another or mutilates, disfigures, permanently disables or destroys 2674 the tongue, eye, lip, nose or any other limb, organ or member of 2675 another shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a separate felony for 2676 each victim who suffers death, mutilation, disfigurement or other 2677 injury and shall be committed to the custody of the State 2678 Department of Corrections for a period of time of not less than 2679 five (5) years and not to exceed twenty-five (25) years for each 2680 death, mutilation, disfigurement or other injury, and the 2681 imprisonment for the second or each subsequent conviction, in the 2682 discretion of the court, shall commence either at the termination

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 108 (GT\JAB)
of the imprisonment for the preceding conviction or run concurrently with the preceding conviction. Any person charged with causing the death of another as described in this subsection shall be required to post bail before being released after arrest.

(b) A holder of a commercial driver's license who is convicted of operating a commercial motor vehicle with an alcohol concentration of eight one-hundreths percent (.08%) or more shall be guilty of a felony and shall be committed to the custody of the Department of Corrections for not less than two (2) years and not more than ten (10) years.

2693 (C) The court shall order an ignition-interlock 2694 restriction on the offender's privilege to drive as a condition of 2695 probation or post-release supervision not to exceed five (5) years 2696 unless a longer restriction is required under other law. The 2697 iginition-interlock restriction shall not be applied to commercial 2698 license privileges until the driver serves the full 2699 disqualification period required by Section 63-1-216.

2700 DUI citations. (a) Upon conviction of a violation of (6) 2701 subsection (1) of this section, the trial judge shall sign in the 2702 place provided on the traffic ticket, citation or affidavit 2703 stating that the person arrested either employed an attorney or 2704 waived his right to an attorney after having been properly 2705 advised. If the person arrested employed an attorney, the name, 2706 address and telephone number of the attorney shall be written on the ticket, citation or affidavit. The court clerk must 2707

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 109 (GT\JAB) immediately send a copy of the traffic ticket, citation or affidavit, and any other pertinent documents concerning the conviction or other order of the court, to the Department of Public Safety as provided in Section 63-11-37.

2712 A copy of the traffic ticket, citation or affidavit (b) 2713 and any other pertinent documents, having been attested as true and correct by the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his designee, 2714 2715 shall be sufficient proof of the conviction for purposes of 2716 determining the enhanced penalty for any subsequent convictions of violations of subsection (1) of this section. The Department of 2717 2718 Public Safety shall maintain a central database for verification of prior offenses and convictions. 2719

2720 Out-of-state prior convictions. Convictions in another (7)state, territory or possession of the United States, or under the 2721 2722 law of a federally recognized Native American tribe, of violations 2723 for driving or operating a vehicle while under the influence of an 2724 intoxicating liquor or while under the influence of any other substance that has impaired the person's ability to operate a 2725 2726 motor vehicle occurring within five (5) years before an offense 2727 shall be counted for the purposes of determining if a violation of 2728 subsection (1) of this section is a second, third, fourth or 2729 subsequent offense and the penalty that shall be imposed upon conviction for a violation of subsection (1) of this section. 2730

(8) Charging of subsequent offenses. (a) For the purposes
of determining how to impose the sentence for a second, third,

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 110 (GT\JAB) 2733 fourth or subsequent conviction under this section, the affidavit 2734 or indictment shall not be required to enumerate previous convictions. It shall only be necessary that the affidavit or 2735 2736 indictment states the number of times that the defendant has been 2737 convicted and sentenced within the past five (5) years for a 2738 second or third offense, or without a time limitation for a fourth or subsequent offense, under this section to determine if an 2739 2740 enhanced penalty shall be imposed. The amount of fine and 2741 imprisonment imposed in previous convictions shall not be 2742 considered in calculating offenses to determine a second, third, 2743 fourth or subsequent offense of this section.

2744 Before a defendant enters a plea of guilty to an (b) 2745 offense under this section, law enforcement must submit 2746 certification to the prosecutor that the defendant's driving record, the confidential registry and National Crime Information 2747 2748 Center record have been searched for all prior convictions, 2749 nonadjudications, pretrial diversions and arrests for driving or 2750 operating a vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicating 2751 liquor or while under the influence of any other substance that 2752 has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle. The 2753 results of the search must be included in the certification.

(9) License eligibility for underage offenders. A person who is under the legal age to obtain a license to operate a motor vehicle at the time of the offense and who is convicted under this

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 111 (gt\jab) 2757 section shall not be eligible to receive a driver's license until 2758 the person reaches the age of eighteen (18) years.

(10) License suspensions and restrictions to run consecutively. Suspension or restriction of driving privileges for any person convicted of or nonadjudicated for violations of subsection (1) of this section shall run consecutively to and not concurrently with any other administrative license suspension.

(11) Ignition interlock. If the court orders installation and use of an ignition-interlock device as provided in Section 63-11-31 for every vehicle operated by a person convicted or nonadjudicated under this section, each device shall be installed, maintained and removed as provided in Section 63-11-31.

2769 DUI child endangerment. A person over the age of (12)2770 twenty-one (21) who violates subsection (1) of this section while transporting in a motor vehicle a child under the age of sixteen 2771 2772 (16) years is guilty of the separate offense of endangering a 2773 child by driving under the influence of alcohol or any other 2774 substance which has impaired the person's ability to operate a 2775 motor vehicle. The offense of endangering a child by driving 2776 under the influence of alcohol or any other substance which has 2777 impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle shall not 2778 be merged with an offense of violating subsection (1) of this 2779 section for the purposes of prosecution and sentencing. An 2780 offender who is convicted of a violation of this subsection shall 2781 be punished as follows:

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 112 (GT\JAB) (a) A person who commits a violation of this subsection
which does not result in the serious injury or death of a child
and which is a first conviction shall be guilty of a misdemeanor
and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than One Thousand
Dollars (\$1,000.00) or shall be imprisoned for not more than
twelve (12) months, or both;

(b) A person who commits a violation of this subsection which does not result in the serious injury or death of a child and which is a second conviction shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) nor more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) or shall be imprisoned for one (1) year, or both;

(c) A person who commits a violation of this subsection which does not result in the serious injury or death of a child and which is a third or subsequent conviction shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) or shall be imprisoned for not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years, or both; and

(d) A person who commits a violation of this subsection which results in the serious injury or death of a child, without regard to whether the offense was a first, second, third or subsequent offense, shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) and shall be imprisoned for not less than five (5) years nor more than twenty-five (25) years.

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 113 (GT\JAB) 2807 (13)Expunction. (a) Any person convicted under subsection 2808 (2) or (3) of this section of a first or second offense of driving under the influence * * *and who was not the holder of a 2809 2810 commercial driver's license or a commercial learning permit at the 2811 time of the offense may petition the circuit court of the county 2812 in which the conviction was had for an order to expunge the record 2813 of the conviction at least five (5) years after successful 2814 completion of all terms and conditions of the sentence imposed for 2815 the conviction. Expunction under this subsection will only be 2816 available to a person: 2817 (i) Who has successfully completed all terms and conditions of the sentence imposed for the conviction; 2818 2819 Who did not refuse to submit to a test of his (ii) 2820 blood or breath; 2821 Whose blood alcohol concentration tested (iii) 2822 below sixteen one-hundredths percent (.16%) if test results are 2823 available; 2824 (iv) Who has not been convicted of and does not 2825 have pending any other offense of driving under the influence; 2826 Who has provided the court with justification (V) 2827 as to why the conviction should be expunded; and 2828 (vi) Who has not previously had a nonadjudication or expunction of a violation of this section. 2829 2830 A person is eligible for only one (1) expunction (b) under this subsection, and the Department of Public Safety shall 2831

2832 maintain a permanent confidential registry of all cases of 2833 expunction under this subsection for the sole purpose of 2834 determining a person's eligibility for expunction, for 2835 nonadjudication, or as a first offender under this section. For 2836 purposes of this section, "one (1) expunction" has the meaning as 2837 defined in Section 99-19-71.

(c) The court in its order of expunction shall state in
writing the justification for which the expunction was granted and
forward the order to the Department of Public Safety within five
(5) days of the entry of the order.

2842 (14)Nonadjudication. (a) For the purposes of this chapter, "nonadjudication" means that the court withholds 2843 2844 adjudication of guilt and sentencing, either at the conclusion of a trial on the merits or upon the entry of a plea of quilt by a 2845 2846 defendant, and places the defendant in a nonadjudication program 2847 conditioned upon the successful completion of the requirements 2848 imposed by the court under this subsection.

(b) A person is eligible for nonadjudication of an offense under this Section 63-11-30 only one (1) time under any provision of a law that authorizes nonadjudication and only for an offender:

(i) Who has successfully completed all terms and conditions imposed by the court after placement of the defendant in a nonadjudication program;

2856 (ii) Who was not the holder of a commercial 2857 driver's license or a commercial learning permit at the time of 2858 the offense;

(iii) Who has not previously been convicted of and does not have pending any former or subsequent charges under this section; and

(iv) Who has provided the court with justificationas to why nonadjudication is appropriate.

2864 Nonadjudication may be initiated upon the filing of (C) 2865 a petition for nonadjudication or at any stage of the proceedings 2866 in the discretion of the court; the court may withhold 2867 adjudication of quilt, defer sentencing, and upon the agreement of 2868 the offender to participate in a nonadjudication program, enter an 2869 order imposing requirements on the offender for a period of court 2870 supervision before the order of nonadjudication is entered. 2871 Failure to successfully complete a nonadjudication program 2872 subjects the person to adjudication of the charges against him and 2873 to imposition of all penalties previously withheld due to entrance 2874 into a nonadjudication program. The court shall immediately 2875 inform the commissioner of the conviction as required in Section 2876 63-11-37.

2877 (i) The court shall order the person to:
2878 1. Pay the nonadjudication fee imposed under
2879 Section 63-11-31 if applicable;

H. B. No. 1352 **# deleted text version #** 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 116 (GT\JAB) 2880 2. Pay all fines, penalties and assessments2881 that would have been imposed for conviction;

2882 3. Attend and complete an alcohol safety 2883 education program as provided in Section 63-11-32 within six (6) 2884 months of the date of the order;

2885 4. a. If the court determines that the 2886 person violated this section with respect to alcohol or 2887 intoxicating liquor, the person must install an ignition-interlock 2888 device on every motor vehicle operated by the person, obtain an interlock-restricted license, and maintain that license for one 2889 2890 hundred twenty (120) days or suffer a one-hundred-twenty-day 2891 suspension of the person's regular driver's license, during which 2892 time the person must not operate any vehicle.

2893 If the court determines that the b. 2894 person violated this section by operating a vehicle when under the 2895 influence of a substance other than alcohol that has impaired the 2896 person's ability to operate a motor vehicle, including any drug or 2897 controlled substance which is unlawful to possess under the 2898 Mississippi Controlled Substances Law, the person must submit to a 2899 one-hundred-twenty-day period of a nonadjudication program that 2900 includes court-ordered drug testing at the person's own expense 2901 not less often than every thirty (30) days, during which time the person may drive if compliant with the terms of the program, or 2902 2903 suffer a one-hundred-twenty-day suspension of the person's regular

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 117 (GT\JAB) 2904 driver's license, during which time the person will not operate 2905 any vehicle.

(ii) Other conditions that may be imposed by the court include, but are not limited to, alcohol or drug screening, or both, proof that the person has not committed any other traffic violations while under court supervision, proof of immobilization or impoundment of vehicles owned by the offender if required, and attendance at a victim-impact panel.

(d) The court may enter an order of nonadjudication only if the court finds, after a hearing or after ex parte examination of reliable documentation of compliance, that the offender has successfully completed all conditions imposed by law and previous orders of the court. The court shall retain jurisdiction over cases involving nonadjudication for a period of not more than two (2) years.

(e) (i) The clerk shall immediately forward a record of every person placed in a nonadjudication program and of every nonadjudication order to the Department of Public Safety for inclusion in the permanent confidential registry of all cases that are nonadjudicated under this subsection (14).

(ii) Judges, clerks and prosecutors involved in
the trial of implied consent violations and law enforcement
officers involved in the issuance of citations for implied consent
violations shall have secure online access to the confidential
registry for the purpose of determining whether a person has

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 118 (gt\jab) 2929 previously been the subject of a nonadjudicated case and 1. is 2930 therefore ineligible for another nonadjudication; 2. is ineligible 2931 as a first offender for a violation of this section; or 3. is 2932 ineligible for expunction of a conviction of a violation of this 2933 section.

(iii) The Driver Services Bureau of the department shall have access to the confidential registry for the purpose of determining whether a person is eligible for a form of license not restricted to operating a vehicle equipped with an ignition-interlock device.

2939 (iv) The Mississippi Alcohol Safety Education 2940 Program shall have secure online access to the confidential 2941 registry for research purposes only.

2942 <u>SECTION 46.</u> (1) As used in this section, the following 2943 terms shall have the meanings ascribed herein:

(a) "License" means any license (other than a privilege
license), certificate or other evidence of qualification that an
individual is required to obtain before he or she may engage in or
represent himself or herself to be a member of a particular
profession or occupation.

(b) "Nonviolent conviction" means a conviction for any crime that is not a crime of violence as defined in Section 97-3-2.

2952 (c) "Occupational licensing board" means any state 2953 board, commission, department or other agency in Mississippi that

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 119 (gt\jab) is established for the primary purpose of regulating the entry of persons into, and/or the conduct of persons within, a particular profession or occupation, and which is authorized to issue licenses.

(2) An occupational licensing board shall not automatically bar an individual from obtaining a license because of a nonviolent conviction that occurred more than three (3) years from the date that such person applied to obtain the license, but shall offer a process to petition the board for individualized consideration.

(3) An individual with a criminal record may petition an occupational licensing board at any time, including before obtaining any required education or training, for a decision of whether the individual's criminal record will disqualify the individual from obtaining state recognition.

The individual will include in the petition the 2968 (4)2969 individual's criminal record or authorize the occupational 2970 licensing board to obtain the individual's criminal record. 2971 The individual may include additional information about the 2972 individual's current circumstances, including, but not limited to, 2973 (i) time since the offense, (ii) completion of the criminal the: 2974 sentence, (iii) a certificate of rehabilitation or good conduct, 2975 (iv) completion of, or active participation in, rehabilitative 2976 drug or alcohol treatment, (v) testimonials and recommendations 2977 including a progress report from the individual's probation or parole officer, (vi) other evidence of rehabilitation, (vii) 2978

H. B. No. 1352 # deleted text version # 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 120 (GT\JAB) 2979 training, (viii) employment history, (ix) employment aspirations, 2980 and (x) personal information including the age of the individual 2981 when the individual committed the offense and the individual's 2982 current family responsibilities.

2983 (5) The individual shall not have to provide nor shall the 2984 occupational licensing board consider:

(a) Nonconviction information including information
related to deferred adjudication, participation in a diversion
program, or an arrest not followed by a conviction; or

2988 (b) A conviction that has been sealed, dismissed,2989 expunged or pardoned.

2990 All occupational licensing boards in Mississippi shall (6) 2991 adopt rules, regulations and/or guidelines to establish a process 2992 for an individual with a criminal record to petition the board at 2993 any time, including before obtaining any required education or 2994 training, for a decision of whether the individual's criminal 2995 record will disqualify the individual from obtaining a license. 2996 However, the occupational licensing board may deny the 2997 individual's petition only if it establishes that issuing a license to the individual would be an actual threat to health and 2998 2999 safety of the public and the profession.

3000 (7) The provisions of this section shall act to supersede 3001 any other provision of law to the contrary that regulates 3002 occupational licensing boards.

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 121 (GT\JAB) 3003 SECTION 47. (1) There is hereby created in the State 3004 Treasury, a special fund to be known as "Programs to Reduce 3005 Recidivism Fund." Interest earned on the investment of monies in 3006 the fund shall be deposited in and credited to the fund. 3007 Unexpended and unencumbered monies in the fund at the close of 3008 each fiscal year shall remain in the fund. Monies in the fund 3009 shall be appropriated, administered, and used solely and 3010 exclusively for the purposes provided by this section.

3011 The fund shall be comprised of all monies appropriated, (2)donated, or otherwise made available to provide funding for the 3012 3013 purposes set forth in this section. Any funds and savings 3014 realized from a reduction in the amount of time a person is 3015 required to spend in prison and from criminal justice reform shall 3016 be appropriated to the fund by the Legislature and shall be used 3017 to defray the additional operational expenses of probation and parole and reentry initiatives. The Mississippi Department of 3018 3019 Corrections shall measure and document cost savings from the 3020 implementation of criminal justice reform and provide information 3021 to the Legislature regarding the estimated savings annually.

3022 (3) The monies in the fund shall be appropriated and used 3023 for the following purposes:

3024 (a) To defray the operational expenses of probation and3025 parole and reentry initiatives.

H. B. No. 1352 19/HR31/R1287.2 PAGE 122 (GT\JAB) 3026 (b) To assist in establishing and reimbursing the 3027 operational expenses of corrections rehabilitative programs that 3028 do the following:

3029 (i) Provide inmates with fundamental resources in3030 the areas of employment, life skills training, and job placement.

3031 (ii) Provide the inmates with access to as many 3032 support services as possible to appreciably increase the 3033 likelihood of successful reentry into society and to reduce 3034 recidivism.

The fund shall be administered by the Mississippi 3035 (4) Department of Corrections, hereinafter referred to as "the 3036 3037 administrators." Monies in the fund shall be used to support 3038 probation and parole, reentry initiatives, and programs 3039 established by the administrators. The administrators shall 3040 allocate funds as necessary for the purposes provided in this 3041 section. The administrators shall promulgate such rules, 3042 regulations, and procedures as are necessary in administering the provisions of this section. 3043

3044 SECTION 48. This act shall take effect and be in force from 3045 and after July 1, 2019.