MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Senator(s) Burton, Frazier, Jackson (11th), Jackson (32nd)

To: Rules

## SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 619

1 A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECOGNIZING THE DANGERS OF 2 MENINGOCOCCAL DISEASE AND ENCOURAGING EDUCATION TO BE PROVIDED TO 3 THE PERSONS MOST AT RISK FOR MENINGOCOCCAL DISEASE. 4 WHEREAS, meningococcal disease is an infection caused by the bacterium Neisseria meningitidis, and although one in 10 people 5 are carriers of this bacteria with no signs or symptoms of 6 7 disease, sometimes Neisseria meningitidis bacteria can cause devastating illness; and 8 9 WHEREAS, in the United States, approximately 350 to 550 cases 10 of meningococcal disease occur each year. Even with treatment, 10 to 15 infected individuals out of 100 will die, while 11 to 19 out 11 of every 100 people who survive will suffer from serious 12 morbidity, including loss of limbs and impacts to the nervous 13 14 system; and 15 WHEREAS, meningococcal disease is spread from person to 16 person via the exchange of bacteria through respiratory and throat 17 secretion during close or lengthy contact. Infants, preteens,

18 teens, and young adults have the highest rates of meningococcal 19 disease in the United States; and

20 WHEREAS, there are different serogroups of Neisseria 21 meningitidis, with serogroups B, C, and Y accounting for most 22 meningococcal diseases in the United States. Community settings 23 in which large groups of people gather can increase the risk of 24 the spread of meningococcal disease. There have been several 25 recent outbreaks of serogroup B meningococcal disease on college 26 campuses, with some cases resulting in death; and

27 WHEREAS, there are vaccines that help provide protection 28 against all serogroups of Neisseria meningitidis seen in the 29 United States. Vaccination for serogroups A, C, W and Y is 30 routinely recommended by the Centers for Disease Control and 31 Prevention. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's 32 Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) recommends 33 that adolescents and young adults age 16 through 23 and persons 34 age 10 years and older in certain groups who are at increased risk for Meningitis B disease receive the vaccine against serogroup B 35 36 meningococcal disease; and

37 WHEREAS, it is critical that students, parents, educators, 38 and health care providers understand the dangers of meningitis B 39 and are aware that a vaccine is available to prevent disease 40 resulting from this serogroup:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF
MISSISSIPPI, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING THEREIN, That

S. C. R. No. 619 ~ OFFICIAL ~ 18/SS01/R1256 PAGE 2 (tb\rc) 43 the Legislature acknowledges that the recent incidence of 44 meningococcal disease has served as a reminder of the critical 45 role vaccinations play in helping to prevent this devastating 46 illness.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That Mississippi take all reasonable steps to urge all private and public high schools, colleges and universities in Mississippi to provide information to all students and parents about meningococcal disease and regarding those persons at higher risk for the disease.

52 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That each private and public high 53 school, college and university shall educate current and entering 54 students on the recommendation to receive meningococcal vaccines 55 in accordance with current Advisory Committee on Immunization 56 Practices (ACIP) guidelines.

57 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That this resolution be transmitted 58 to the Mississippi State Department of Education and the 59 Mississippi State Department of Health, and made available to the 60 Capitol Press Corps.