REGULAR SESSION 2018

MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Senator(s) Dawkins

To: Business and Financial Institutions

SENATE BILL NO. 2819

1 AN ACT TO DECLARE LEGISLATIVE INTENT TO PROHIBIT ACTIVITIES 2 COMMONLY REFERRED TO AS PAYDAY LENDING, DEFERRED PRESENTMENT 3 SERVICES, ADVANCE CASH SERVICES AND OTHER SIMILAR ACTIVITIES; TO PROVIDE THAT IT SHALL BE UNLAWFUL TO ENGAGE IN THE BUSINESS OF 5 MAKING CERTAIN SMALL LOANS; TO PROVIDE CRIMINAL PENALTIES 6 THEREFOR; TO PROVIDE FOR COLLECTION OF CIVIL PENALTIES IN ACTIONS 7 BY THE STATE OR BY PRIVATE PARTIES ON BEHALF OF THE STATE; TO DECLARE THE SITE OR LOCATION OF A PLACE OF BUSINESS WHERE PAYDAY 8 LENDING TAKES PLACE IN THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI AS A PUBLIC 9 10 NUISANCE; TO REPEAL SECTIONS 75-67-401 THROUGH 75-67-449, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH CREATE THE MISSISSIPPI TITLE 11 12 PLEDGE ACT; TO REPEAL SECTIONS 75-67-501 THROUGH 75-67-539, 13 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH CREATE THE MISSISSIPPI CHECK 14 CASHERS ACT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 15 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: SECTION 1. (1) Without limiting in any manner the scope of 16 17 this chapter, the Legislature declares that it is the general 18 intent of this act to reiterate that in the State of Mississippi 19 the practice of engaging in activities commonly referred to as payday lending, deferred presentment services or advance cash 20 services and other similar activities are currently illegal and to 21 22 strengthen the penalties for those engaging in such activities. 23 This act in no way impairs or restricts the authority 24 granted to the Commissioner of Banking and Finance or any other

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- 25 regulatory authority with concurrent jurisdiction over the matters
- 26 stated in this act.
- 27 **SECTION 2.** (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to
- 28 engage in any business, in whatever form transacted, including,
- 29 but not limited to, by mail, electronic means, the Internet or
- 30 telephonic means, which consists in whole or in part of making,
- 31 offering, arranging or acting as an agent in the making of loans
- 32 of Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00) or less unless:
- 33 (a) Such person is engaging in financial transactions
- 34 permitted pursuant to:
- 35 (i) Title 81, Mississippi Code of 1972;
- 36 (ii) The laws regulating the sale of checks,
- 37 Section 75-15-1 et seq.;
- 38 (iii) Chapter 17 of Title 75, relating to interest
- 39 and usury, and revolving charge agreements;
- 40 (b) Such loans are lawful under the terms of:
- 41 (i) Chapter 19 of Title 63, the "Motor Vehicle
- 42 Sales Finance Law";
- 43 (ii) Articles 3 and 5 of Chapter 67 of Title 75,
- 44 relating to small loan companies; or
- 45 (iii) Article 7 of Chapter 67 of Title 75,
- 46 relating to pawnbrokers;
- 47 (c) Such person is a bank or thrift chartered under the
- 48 laws of the United States, a bank chartered under the laws of
- 49 another state and insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance

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- 51 violation of the federal and state laws applicable to its charter;
- 52 or
- 53 (d) Such loan is made as a tax refund anticipation
- 10an. In order to be exempt under this paragraph, the tax refund
- 55 anticipation loan must be issued using a borrower's filed tax
- 56 return and the loan cannot be for more than the amount of the
- 57 borrower's anticipated tax refund. Tax returns that are prepared
- 58 but not filed with the proper government agency will not qualify
- 59 for a loan exemption under this paragraph.
- 60 (2) Subject to the exceptions in subsection (1) of this
- 61 section, this section shall apply with respect to all transactions
- 62 in which funds are advanced to be repaid at a later date,
- 63 notwithstanding the fact that the transaction contains one or more
- 64 other elements. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing,
- 65 the advance of funds to be repaid at a later date shall be subject
- 66 to this section, notwithstanding the fact that the transaction
- 67 also involves:
- 68 (a) The cashing or deferred presentment of a check or
- 69 other instrument;
- 70 (b) The selling or providing of an item, service, or
- 71 commodity incidental to the advance of funds;
- 72 (c) Any other element introduced to disguise the true
- 73 nature of the transaction as an extension of credit; or

74	(d) Any arrangement by which a de facto lender purports
75	to act as the agent for an exempt entity. A purported agent shall
76	be considered a de facto lender if the entire circumstances of the
77	transaction show that the purported agent holds, acquires or
78	maintains a predominant economic interest in the revenues
79	generated by the loan.

- (3) (a) A payday lender shall not include in any loan contract made with a resident of this state any provision by which the laws of a state other than Mississippi shall govern the terms and enforcement of the contract, nor shall the loan contract designate a court for the resolution of disputes concerning the contract other than a court of competent jurisdiction in and for the county in which the borrower resides or the loan office is located.
- An arbitration clause in a payday loan contract (b) shall not be enforceable if the contract is unconscionable. determining whether the contract is unconscionable, the court shall consider the circumstances of the transaction as a whole, including, but not limited to:
- 93 The relative bargaining power of the parties; (i)
- 94 (ii) Whether arbitration would be prohibitively 95 expensive to the borrower in view of the amounts in controversy;
- 96 Whether the contract restricts or excludes (iii) 97 damages or remedies that would be available to the borrower in court, including the right to participate in a class action; 98

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99	(iv) Whether the arbitration would take place
100	outside the county in which the loan office is located or any
101	other place that would be unduly inconvenient or expensive in view
102	of the amounts in controversy; and

- 103 (v) Any other circumstance that might render the contract oppressive.
- 105 Any person who violates subsection (1) or (2) of this 106 section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of a high and aggravated 107 nature and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by 108 imprisonment for not more than one (1) year or by a fine not to exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), or both fine and 109 110 imprisonment. Each loan transaction shall be deemed a separate 111 violation of this section. Any person who aids or abets such a violation, including any arbiter or arbitration company, shall 112 113 likewise be quilty of a misdemeanor of a high and aggravated 114 nature and shall be punished as set forth in this subsection. 115 a person has been convicted of violations of subsection (1) or (2) of this section on three (3) prior occasions, then all subsequent 116 117 convictions shall be considered felonies punishable by a fine of 118 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) or five (5) years imprisonment, 119 or both.
- SECTION 3. Any person who violates Section 2(1) or (2) of
 this act shall be barred from the collection of any indebtedness
 created by said loan transaction and said transaction shall be
 void ab initio, and any person violating the provisions of Section

- 124 2(1) or (2) of this act shall in addition be liable to the
- 125 borrower in each unlawful transaction for three (3) times the
- 126 amount of any interest or other charges to the borrower. A civil
- 127 action under Section 2 of this act may be brought on behalf of an
- 128 individual borrower or on behalf of an ascertainable class of
- 129 borrowers. In a successful action to enforce the provisions of
- 130 this chapter, a court shall award a borrower, or class of
- 131 borrowers, costs including reasonable attorneys' fees.
- SECTION 4. (1) Any person who violates Section 2(1) or (2)
- 133 of this act shall be liable to the state for a civil penalty equal
- 134 to three (3) times the amount of any interest or charges to the
- 135 borrowers in the unlawful transactions.
- 136 (2) A civil action under this section may be brought by the
- 137 Attorney General, any district attorney, or a private party.
- 138 Where a successful civil action is brought by a district attorney,
- one-half (1/2) of the damages recovered on behalf of the state
- 140 shall be distributed to the counties comprising the judicial
- 141 district of such district attorney, pro rata according to the
- 142 population of the counties.
- 143 **SECTION 5.** In regard to any loan transaction that is alleged
- 144 to be in violation of Section 2(1) of this act, the trial court
- 145 shall be authorized to review the terms of the transaction in
- 146 their entirety in order to determine if there has been any
- 147 contrivance, device or scheme used by the lender in order to avoid
- 148 the provisions of Section 2(1) of this act. The trial court shall

149	not be bound in making such determination by the parole evidence
150	rule or by any written contract but shall be authorized to
151	determine exactly whether the loan transaction includes the use of
152	a scheme, device or contrivance and whether in reality the loan is
153	in violation of the provisions of Section 2(1) of this act based
154	upon the facts and evidence relating to that transaction and
155	similar transactions being made in the State of Mississippi. If
156	any entity involved in soliciting or facilitating the making of
157	payday loans purports to be acting as an agent of a bank or
158	thrift, then the court shall be authorized to determine whether
159	the entity claiming to act as agent is in fact the lender. Such
160	entity shall be presumed to be the lender if, under the totality
161	of the circumstances, it holds, acquires or maintains a
162	predominant economic interest in the revenues generated by the
163	loan. Furthermore, the trial court shall further be authorized to
164	investigate all transactions involving gift cards, telephone
165	cards, the sale of goods or services, computer services or the
166	like which may be tied to such loan transactions and are an
167	integral part thereof in order to determine whether any such
168	transaction is in fact a contrivance, scheme or device used by the
169	payday lender in order to evade the provisions of Section 2(1) of
170	this act.

SECTION 6. The site or location of a place of business where

payday lending takes place in the State of Mississippi is declared

a public nuisance.

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- 174 **SECTION 7.** Sections 75-67-401, 75-67-403, 75-67-405,
- 175 75-67-407, 75-67-409, 75-67-411, 75-67-413, 75-67-415, 75-67-417,
- 176 75-67-419, 75-67-421, 75-67-423, 75-67-425, 75-67-427, 75-67-429,
- 177 75-67-431, 75-67-433, 75-67-435, 75-67-437, 75-67-439, 75-67-441,
- 178 75-67-443, 75-67-445, 75-67-447 and 75-67-449, Mississippi Code of
- 179 1972, which create the Mississippi Title Pledge Act, are hereby
- 180 repealed.
- 181 **SECTION 8.** Sections 75-67-501, 75-67-503, 75-67-505,
- 182 75-67-507, 75-67-509, 75-67-511, 75-67-513, 75-67-515, 75-67-516,
- 183 75-67-517, 75-67-519, 75-67-521, 75-67-523, 75-67-525, 75-67-527,
- 184 75-67-529, 75-67-531, 75-67-533, 75-67-535, and 75-67-537,
- 185 Mississippi Code of 1972, which create the Mississippi Check
- 186 Cashers Act, are hereby repealed.
- 187 **SECTION 9.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 188 and after July 1, 2018.