REGULAR SESSION 2018

MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Representative Paden

To: Apportionment and Elections

HOUSE BILL NO. 1265

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 23-15-11, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT A PERSON DISQUALIFIED AS AN ELECTOR BY REASON OF CONVICTION OF AN OFFENSE UNDER SECTION 241, MISSISSIPPI

- 4 CONSTITUTION OF 1890, SHALL HAVE HIS RIGHT TO VOTE RESTORED UPON
- 5 COMPLETION OF CERTAIN PRESCRIBED CONDITIONS; AND FOR RELATED
- 6 PURPOSES.
- 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 8 **SECTION 1.** Section 23-15-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 9 amended as follows:
- 10 23-15-11. (1) Every inhabitant of this state, except
- 11 persons adjudicated to be non compos mentis, who is a citizen of
- 12 the United States of America, eighteen (18) years old and upwards,
- 13 who has resided in this state for thirty (30) days and for thirty
- 14 (30) days in the county in which he seeks to vote, and for thirty
- 15 (30) days in the incorporated municipality in which he seeks to
- 16 vote, and who has been duly registered as an elector under Section
- 17 23-15-33, and who has never been convicted of vote fraud or of any
- 18 crime listed in Section 241, Mississippi Constitution of 1890,
- 19 shall be a qualified elector in and for the county, municipality
- 20 and voting precinct of his residence, and shall be entitled to

PAGE 1 (GT\JAB)

22	person who will be eighteen (18) years of age or older on or
23	before the date of the general election and who is duly registered
24	to vote not less than thirty (30) days before the primary election
25	associated with the general election, may vote in the primary
26	election even though the person has not reached his or her
27	eighteenth birthday at the time that the person seeks to vote at
28	the primary election. No others than those specified in this
29	section shall be entitled, or shall be allowed, to vote at any
30	election.
31	(2) (a) Any person convicted of an offense described in
32	Section 241, Mississippi Constitution of 1890, shall have his or
33	her suffrage restored when all of the following conditions are
34	<pre>met:</pre>
35	(i) The person has completed all terms and
36	conditions imposed by the sentencing court, including the service
37	of any period of incarceration, post-release supervision,
38	<pre>probation or parole;</pre>
39	(ii) A period of three (3) years has elapsed since
40	the completion of the terms and conditions described in this
41	paragraph (a), without the person having been convicted
42	subsequently of a felony under the laws of this state, any other
43	state or under federal law;

vote at any election upon compliance with Section 23-15-563. Any

(iii) The person has submitted a sworn petition to

the sentencing court for a certificate of restoration of suffrage,

44

45

21

4 O	indicating that the conditions imposed in paragraphs (a) (i) and
47	(a) (ii) of this subsection have been met and the person has never
48	been convicted of a felony other than that found within the
49	present cause of action subject to the petition; and
50	(iv) A certificate of restoration of suffrage may
51	not be issued until the clerk of the sentencing court verifies
52	that the petitioner has not been convicted of a felony other than
53	the one (1) subject to the sworn petition.
54	(b) If a certificate of restoration of suffrage is
55	issued by the sentencing court to the person, the certificate
56	shall be forwarded by the clerk of the court to the registrar in
57	the county in which the person resides and desires to be a
58	qualified elector. A person who presents a certificate of
59	restoration may not be denied the right to register to vote or to
60	cast a ballot based upon a prior felony conviction.
61	SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from
62	and after July 1, 2018.