MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

**REGULAR SESSION 2018** 

By: Representatives Hines, Gibbs (72nd) To: Insurance; Judiciary A

HOUSE BILL NO. 77

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 71-3-13, 71-3-17, 71-3-21 AND 71-3-25, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO INCREASE THE MAXIMUM TOTAL 2 3 COMPENSATION THAT A PERSON MAY RECOVER UNDER THE WORKERS' 4 COMPENSATION LAW TO 520 WEEKS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 5 SECTION 1. Section 71-3-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 6 7 amended as follows: 8 71-3-13. (1) Compensation for disability or in death cases 9 shall not exceed sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the 10 average weekly wage for the state per week, nor shall it be less than Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) per week except in partial 11 12 dependency cases and in partial disability cases. (2) Maximum recovery: The total recovery of compensation 13 14 hereunder, exclusive of medical payments under Section 71-3-15, arising from the injury to an employee or the death of an 15 employee, or any combination of such injury or death, shall not 16 17 exceed the multiple of \* \* \* five hundred twenty (520) weeks times sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly 18 19 wage for the state.

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SECTION 2. Section 71-3-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

22 71-3-17. Compensation for disability shall be paid to the 23 employee as follows:

24 Permanent total disability: In case of total (a) 25 disability adjudged to be permanent, sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly wages of the injured 26 27 employee, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly benefits 28 as set up in this chapter, shall be paid to the employee not to 29 exceed \* \* \* five hundred twenty (520) weeks or an amount greater than the multiple of \* \* \* five hundred twenty (520) weeks times 30 sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly 31 32 wage for the state. Loss of both hands, or both arms, or both feet, or both legs, or both eyes, or of any two (2) thereof shall 33 34 constitute permanent total disability. In all other cases, 35 permanent total disability shall be determined in accordance with 36 the facts.

Temporary total disability: In case of disability, 37 (b) 38 total in character but temporary in quality, sixty-six and 39 two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly wages of the 40 injured employee, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly benefits as set up in this chapter, shall be paid to the employee 41 during the continuance of such disability not to exceed \* \* \* five 42 43 hundred twenty (520) weeks or an amount greater than the multiple of **\* \* \*** five hundred twenty (520) weeks times sixty-six and 44

45 two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly wage for the state. Provided, however, if there arises a conflict in medical 46 47 opinions of whether or not the claimant has reached maximum medical recovery and the claimant's benefits have been terminated 48 49 by the carrier, then the claimant may demand an immediate hearing 50 before the commissioner upon five (5) days' notice to the carrier 51 for a determination by the commission of whether or not in fact 52 the claimant has reached maximum recovery.

53 Permanent partial disability: In case of (C) 54 disability partial in character but permanent in quality, the 55 compensation shall be sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%)56 of the average weekly wages of the injured employee, subject to 57 the maximum limitations as to weekly benefits as set up in this 58 chapter, which shall be paid following compensation for temporary total disability paid in accordance with paragraph (b) of this 59 60 section, and shall be paid to the employee as follows:

61	Member Lost	Number Weeks Compensation
62	(1) Arm	200
63	(2) Leg	175
64	(3) Hand	150
65	(4) Foot	125
66	(5) Eye	100
67	(6) Thumb	60
68	(7) First finger	35
69	(8) Great toe	30

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70 (9) Second finger 30 71 (10)Third finger 20 72 Toe other than great toe (11)10 73 Fourth finger (12)15 74 (13)Testicle, one 50 75 (14)Testicle, both 150 76 Breast, female, one 50 (15)77 (16)Breast, female, both 150 78 Loss of hearing: Compensation for loss of (17)79 hearing of one (1) ear, forty (40) weeks. Compensation for loss 80 of hearing of both ears, one hundred fifty (150) weeks. 81 Phalanges: Compensation for loss of more (18)82 than one (1) phalange of a digit shall be the same as for loss of 83 the entire digit. Compensation for loss of the first phalange shall be one-half (1/2) of the compensation for loss of the entire 84 85 digit. 86 (19)Amputated arm or leq: Compensation for an arm or leg, if amputated at or above wrist or ankle, shall be for 87 88 the loss of the arm or leq. 89 (20) Binocular vision or percent of vision: 90 Compensation for loss of binocular vision or for eighty percent 91 (80%) or more of the vision of an eye shall be the same as for 92 loss of the eye. 93 (21)Two (2) or more digits: Compensation for loss of two (2) or more digits, or one \* \* \* or more phalanges of 94

95 two (2) or more digits, of a hand or foot may be proportioned to 96 the loss of the use of the hand or foot occasioned thereby, but 97 shall not exceed the compensation for loss of a hand or foot.

98 (22) Total loss of use: Compensation for
99 permanent total loss of use of a member shall be the same as for
100 loss of the member.

101 (23) Partial loss or partial loss of use:
102 Compensation for permanent partial loss or loss of use of a member
103 may be for proportionate loss or loss of use of the member.

104 (24) Disfigurement: The commission, in its
105 discretion, is authorized to award proper and equitable
106 compensation for serious facial or head disfigurements not to
107 exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00). No such award shall be
108 made until a lapse of one (1) year from the date of the injury
109 resulting in such disfigurement.

110 (25) Other cases: In all other cases in this 111 class of disability, the compensation shall be sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the difference between his average 112 113 weekly wages, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly 114 benefits as set up in this chapter, and his wage-earning capacity 115 thereafter in the same employment or otherwise, payable during the 116 continuance of such partial disability, but subject to reconsideration of the degree of such impairment by the commission 117 on its own motion or upon application of any party in interest. 118

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Such payments shall in no case be made for a longer period than \* \* \* five hundred twenty (520) weeks.

121 In any case in which there shall be a loss (26)122 of, or loss of use of, more than one (1) member or parts of more 123 than one (1) member set forth in subparagraphs (1) through (23) of 124 this paragraph (c), not amounting to permanent total disability, 125 the award of compensation shall be for the loss of, or loss of use 126 of, each such member or parts thereof, which awards shall run 127 consecutively, except that where the injury affects only two (2) 128 or more digits of the same hand or foot, subparagraph (21) of this 129 paragraph (c) shall apply.

130 SECTION 3. Section 71-3-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 131 amended as follows:

132 In case of temporary partial disability resulting 71-3-21. in decrease of earning capacity, there shall be paid to the 133 134 injured employee sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the 135 difference between the injured employee's average weekly wages before the injury and his wage-earning capacity after the injury 136 137 in the same or other employment, subject to the maximum 138 limitations as to weekly benefits as set up in this chapter, 139 payable during the continuance of such disability but in no case 140 exceeding \* \* \* five hundred twenty (520) weeks or an amount greater than the multiple of \* \* \* five hundred twenty (520) weeks 141 times sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average 142 weekly wage for the state. 143

144 SECTION 4. Section 71-3-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 145 amended as follows:

146 71-3-25. If the injury causes death, the compensation shall
147 be known as a death benefit and shall be payable in the amount and
148 to or for the benefit of the persons following:

(a) An immediate lump-sum payment of One Thousand
Dollars (\$1,000.00) to the surviving spouse, in addition to other
compensation benefits.

(b) Reasonable funeral expenses not exceeding Five
Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) exclusive of other burial insurance
or benefits.

155 If there be a surviving spouse and no child of the (C)156 deceased, to such surviving spouse thirty-five percent (35%) of 157 the average wages of the deceased during widowhood or dependent widowhood and, if there be a surviving child or children of the 158 159 deceased, the additional amount of ten percent (10%) of such wages 160 for each such child. In case of the death or remarriage of such surviving spouse, any surviving child of the deceased employee 161 162 shall have his compensation increased to fifteen percent (15%) of 163 such wages, provided that the total amount payable shall in no 164 case exceed sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of such 165 wages, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly benefits as set up in this chapter. The commission may, in its discretion, 166 167 require the appointment of a guardian for the purpose of receiving the compensation of a minor dependent. In the absence of such a 168

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H. B. No. 77 18/HR43/R348 PAGE 7 (CAA\EW) requirement, the appointment of a guardian for such purposes shall not be necessary, provided that if no legal guardian be appointed, payment to the natural guardian shall be sufficient.

(d) If there be a surviving child or children of the deceased but no surviving spouse, then for the support of each such child twenty-five percent (25%) of the wages of the deceased, provided that the aggregate shall in no case exceed sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of such wages, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly benefits as set up in this chapter.

178 (e) If there be no surviving spouse or child, or if the 179 amount payable to a surviving spouse and to children shall be less 180 in the appregate than sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%)of the average wages of the deceased, subject to the maximum 181 182 limitations as to weekly benefits as set up in this chapter, then for the support of grandchildren or brothers and sisters, if 183 184 dependent upon the deceased at the time of the injury, fifteen 185 percent (15%) of such wages for the support of each such person; 186 and for the support of each parent or grandparent of the deceased, 187 if dependent upon him at the time of injury, fifteen percent (15%) 188 of such wages during such dependency. But in no case shall the 189 aggregate amount payable under this subsection exceed the 190 difference between sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of such wages and the amount payable as hereinbefore provided to 191 192 surviving spouse and for the support of surviving child or

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193 children, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly benefits 194 as set up in this chapter.

(f) The total weekly compensation payments to any or all beneficiaries in death cases shall not exceed the weekly benefits as set up in this chapter and shall in no case be paid for a longer period than \* \* <u>five hundred twenty (520)</u> weeks or for a greater amount than the multiple of \* \* <u>five hundred</u> <u>twenty (520)</u> weeks times sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly wage for the state.

(g) All questions of dependency shall be determined as of the time of the injury. A surviving spouse, child or children shall be presumed to be wholly dependent. All other dependents shall be considered on the basis of total or partial dependence as the facts may warrant.

207 SECTION 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from 208 and after July 1, 2018.