MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION 2018

By: Representative Holland

To: Agriculture; Judiciary B

HOUSE BILL NO. 6

AN ACT TO PRESCRIBE CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PENALTIES UPON OWNERS 1 2 FOR LIVESTOCK THAT TRESPASS ONTO THE PROPERTY OF ANOTHER AND 3 CAUSES PERSONAL INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE ON SAID PROPERTY AS A RESULT OF THE TRESPASS; TO REQUIRE THE LANDOWNER TO ATTEMPT TO 4 5 CONTACT THE OWNER OF THE TRESPASSING LIVESTOCK WITHIN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS OF THE TRESPASS; TO PERMIT THE LANDOWNER TO CONTAIN THE 6 7 LIVESTOCK AND RECOUP THE COST OF CONTAINMENT FROM THE OWNER OF THE LIVESTOCK; TO REQUIRE THE SHERIFF TO TAKE POSSESSION OF THE 8 9 LIVESTOCK IF OWNERSHIP CANNOT BE DETERMINED OR THE LIVESTOCK IS 10 RECOVERED WITHIN TEN DAYS OF NOTIFICATION; TO AUTHORIZE THE 11 SHERIFF TO SELL THE LIVESTOCK AFTER PUBLISHING LEGAL NOTICE AND TO 12 PROVIDE FOR THE DISBURSEMENT OF THE PROCEEDS OF THE SALE; AND FOR 13 RELATED PURPOSES.

14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

15 <u>SECTION 1.</u> (1) If livestock enters the property of a 16 landowner without that landowner's consent, the owner of the

17 livestock is liable for damages for personal injury or property

18 damage in a civil action in county or circuit court.

19 (2) The landowner must attempt to contact the owner of the20 trespassing livestock within forty-eight (48) hours of the

21 trespass. If the owner cannot be contacted within forty-eight

22 (48) hours, the landowner shall notify the county sheriff.

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(3) The landowner may contain the trespassing livestock on
his or her property, but is not required to do so. If the
landowner is able to contact the owner of the trespassing
livestock pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, he or she
shall also inform the owner of the costs of containment.

28 (4) The owner of the trespassing livestock and the landowner shall attempt to mutually agree upon a fair cost for any 29 containment. A fair cost for containment is an amount which would 30 31 be allowed for the sheriff for containing similar livestock. Ιf 32 the negotiation fails, or if the landowner is not otherwise 33 reimbursed for the costs for containment, the landowner may seek 34 monetary damages in a civil action for these costs.

35 <u>SECTION 2.</u> (1) If the owner of trespassing livestock cannot 36 be determined, or if the trespassing livestock has not been 37 recovered within ten (10) days of notifying the owner, the county 38 sheriff shall take possession of the trespassing livestock.

39 (2) The county sheriff may return the livestock to its owner 40 and seek reimbursement for containment costs. If attempts to 41 return the livestock to the owner fails, the sheriff may, after 42 publishing notice as a legal advertisement, sell the livestock to 43 the highest bidder at a public livestock auction.

44 (3) The proceeds of the livestock sale shall be distributed45 in the following order:

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(a) Costs incident to the sale;

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49 (c) Any remaining amount to the owner of the50 trespassing livestock; and

51 (d) If the owner is unknown or does not claim the 52 amount remaining within ninety (90) days, that amount shall be 53 deposited into the county treasury.

54 <u>SECTION 3.</u> (1) While livestock may escape enclosures due to 55 accident or unforeseen circumstances, it is unlawful for the owner 56 of livestock to negligently permit livestock to run at large and 57 trespass on the property of other landowners.

(2) (a) If livestock injures a person or destroys the
property of another person while negligently trespassing, the
owner of the livestock shall be given an oral or written warning
for the first offense in addition to being held civilly liable for
damages for personal injury or property damage.

(b) For a second offense within six (6) months of the first, the owner is both civilly liable and guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) nor more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), or by imprisonment in the county jail for a term of not less than ten (10) days nor more than thirty (30) days, or both, in the discretion of the court.

70 (c) For a third or subsequent offense within six (6)
71 months of the second or subsequent offense, the owner is both

H. B. No. 6 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 18/HR43/R62 PAGE 3 (DJ\EW) 72 civilly liable and guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 73 thereof, shall be fined not less than Five Hundred Dollars 74 (\$500.00) nor more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), or by 75 imprisonment in the county jail for a term of not less than thirty 76 (30) days nor more than one hundred (100) days, or both, in the 77 discretion of the court.

78 SECTION 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from 79 and after July 1, 2018.

H. B. No. 6 18/HR43/R62 PAGE 4 (DJ\EW) ST: Estrayed livestock; impose civil and criminal penalties upon owners of for damage caused by trespass onto property of another.