REPORT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

MR. PRESIDENT AND MR. SPEAKER:

We, the undersigned conferees, have had under consideration the amendments to the following entitled BILL:

S. B. No. 2680: Abused and neglected children; clarify alternative of relative care.

We, therefore, respectfully submit the following report and recommendation:

1. That the House recede from its Amendment No. 1.

2. That the Senate and House adopt the following amendment:

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

21 SECTION 1. Section 43-15-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 22 amended as follows:

43-15-13. (1) For purposes of this section, "children" means persons found within the state who are under the age of twenty-one (21) years, and who were placed in the custody of the Department of * * * <u>Child Protection</u> Services by the youth court of the appropriate county.

(2) The Department of * * * <u>Child Protection</u> Services shall
establish a foster care placement program for children whose
custody lies with the department, with the following objectives:
(a) Protecting and promoting the health, safety and

32 welfare of children;

33 (b) Preventing the unnecessary separation of children 34 from their families by identifying family problems, assisting 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S) JA (H) JB PAGE 1 G1/2 35 families in resolving their problems and preventing the breakup of 36 the family where the prevention of child removal is desirable and 37 possible when the child can be cared for at home without 38 endangering the child's health and safety;

39 (c) Remedying or assisting in the solution of problems 40 that may result in the neglect, abuse, exploitation or delinquency 41 of children;

(d) Restoring to their families children who have been
removed, by the provision of services to the child and the
families when the child can be cared for at home without
endangering the child's health and safety;

46 (e) Placing children in suitable adoptive homes
47 approved by a licensed adoption agency or family protection
48 specialist, in cases where restoration to the biological family is
49 not safe, possible or appropriate;

50 (f) Assuring safe and adequate care of children away 51 from their homes, in cases where the child cannot be returned home or cannot be placed for adoption, including temporary or emergency 52 53 placement with a relative or fictive kin pending youth court 54 action on the case. At the time of placement, the department 55 shall implement concurrent planning, as described in subsection 56 (8) of this section, so that permanency may occur at the earliest opportunity. Consideration of possible failure or delay of 57 58 reunification should be given, to the end that the placement made

17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J ***SS26/OSB2680CR.4J*** (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 2 G1/2 59 is the best available placement to provide permanency for the 60 child; and

Providing a family protection specialist or worker 61 (q) or team of such specialists or workers for a family and child 62 63 throughout the implementation of their permanent living 64 arrangement plan. Wherever feasible, the same family protection specialist or worker or team shall remain on the case until the 65 66 child is no longer under the jurisdiction of the youth court. 67 The Department of * * * Child Protection Services shall (3)68 administer a system of individualized plans and reviews once every 69 six (6) months for each child under its custody within the State 70 of Mississippi, each child who has been adjudged a neglected, 71 abandoned or abused child and whose custody was changed by court 72 order as a result of that adjudication, and each public or private 73 facility licensed by the department. The Department of * * * 74 Child Protection Services' administrative review shall be 75 completed on each child within the first three (3) months and a 76 relative placement, fictive kin placement, or foster care review 77 once every six (6) months after the child's initial 78 forty-eight-hour shelter hearing. That system shall be for the 79 purpose of enhancing potential family life for the child by the 80 development of individual plans to return the child to * * * the 81 child's natural parent or parents, or to refer the child to the 82 appropriate court for termination of parental rights and placement in a permanent relative's home, adoptive home or foster/adoptive 83 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 3 G1/2

The goal of the Department of * * * Child Protection 84 home. 85 Services shall be to return the child to * * * the child's natural parent(s) or refer the child to the appropriate court for 86 87 termination of parental rights and placement in a permanent 88 relative's home, adoptive home or foster/adoptive home within the 89 time periods specified in this subsection or in subsection (4) of 90 this section. In furthering this goal, the department shall 91 establish policy and procedures designed to appropriately place 92 children in permanent homes, the policy to include a system of reviews for all children in foster care, as follows: 93 foster care 94 counselors in the department shall make all possible contact with 95 the child's natural parent(s), custodial parent(s) of all siblings 96 of the child, and any interested relative for the first two (2) 97 months following the child's entry into the foster care system. 98 For purposes of contacting custodial parent(s) of a sibling, 99 siblings include those who are considered a sibling under state 100 law, and those who would have been considered a sibling under state law, except for termination or disruption of parental 101 102 rights. For any child who has been in foster care for fifteen 103 (15) of the last twenty-two (22) months regardless of whether the 104 foster care was continuous for all of those twenty-two (22) 105 months, the department shall file a petition to terminate the 106 parental rights of the child's parents. The time period starts to 107 run from the date the court makes a finding of abuse and/or neglect or sixty (60) days from when the child was removed from 108 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 4 G1/2

109 his or her home, whichever is earlier. The department can choose 110 not to file a termination of parental rights petition if the 111 following apply:

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(a) The child is being cared for by a relative; and/or 113 The department has documented compelling and (b) 114 extraordinary reasons why termination of parental rights would not be in the best interests of the child. Before granting or denying 115 116 a request by the department for an extension of time for filing a 117 termination of parental rights action, the court shall receive a 118 written report on the progress which a parent of the child has 119 made in treatment, to be made to the court in writing by a mental 120 health/substance abuse therapist or counselor.

121 In the case of any child who is placed in foster care on (4) 122 or after July 1, 1998, except in cases of aggravated circumstances 123 prescribed in Section 43-21-603(7)(c), the child's natural 124 parent(s) will have a reasonable time to be determined by the 125 court, which shall not exceed a six-month period of time, in which to meet the service agreement with the department for the benefit 126 127 of the child unless the department has documented extraordinary 128 and compelling reasons for extending the time period in the best 129 interest of the child. If this agreement has not been 130 satisfactorily met, simultaneously the child will be referred to 131 the appropriate court for termination of parental rights and 132 placement in a permanent relative's home, adoptive home or a foster/adoptive home. For children under the age of three (3) 133 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 5 G1/2

134 years, termination of parental rights shall be initiated within 135 six (6) months, unless the department has documented compelling 136 and extraordinary circumstances, and placement in a permanent 137 relative's home, adoptive home or foster/adoptive home within two (2) months. For children who have been abandoned under the 138 139 provisions of Section 97-5-1, termination of parental rights shall be initiated within thirty (30) days and placement in an adoptive 140 141 home shall be initiated without necessity for placement in a 142 foster home. The department need not initiate termination of 143 parental rights proceedings where the child has been placed in 144 durable legal custody, durable legal relative guardianship, or 145 long-term or formalized foster care by a court of competent 146 jurisdiction.

(5) The foster care review once every six (6) months shall be conducted by the youth court or its designee(s), and/or by personnel within the Department of * * * <u>Child Protection</u> Services or by a designee or designees of the department and may include others appointed by the department, and the review shall include at a minimum an evaluation of the child based on the following:

(a) The extent of the care and support provided by the
parents or parent * * * while the child is in temporary custody;
(b) The extent of communication with the child by
parents, parent or guardian;

157 (c) The degree of compliance by the agency and the 158 parents with the social service plan established;

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159 (d) The methods of achieving the goal and the plan 160 establishing a permanent home for the child;

Social services offered and/or utilized to 161 (e) 162 facilitate plans for establishing a permanent home for the child; 163 and

164 (f) Relevant testimony and recommendations from the 165 foster parent of the child, the grandparents of the child, the 166 guardian ad litem of the child, representatives of any private 167 care agency that has cared for the child, the family protection 168 worker or family protection specialist assigned to the case, and 169 any other relevant testimony pertaining to the case.

170 Each child's review plan once every six (6) months shall be 171 filed with the court which awarded custody and shall be made 172 available to natural parents or foster parents upon approval of the court. The court shall make a finding as to the degree of 173 174 compliance by the agency and the parent(s) with the child's social 175 service plan. The court also shall find that the child's health and safety are the paramount concern. In the interest of the 176 177 child, the court shall, where appropriate, initiate proceedings on 178 its own motion. The Department of * * * Child Protection Services 179 shall report to the Legislature as to the number of those 180 children, the findings of the foster care review board and relevant statistical information in foster care in a semiannual 181 182 report to the Legislature to be submitted to the Joint Oversight Committee of the Department of * * * Child Protection Services. 183 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 7

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184 The report shall not refer to the specific name of any child in 185 foster care.

186 The Department of * * * Child Protection Services, (6) (a) with the cooperation and assistance of the State Department of 187 188 Health, shall develop and implement a training program for foster 189 care parents to indoctrinate them as to their proper 190 responsibilities upon a child's entry into their foster care. The 191 program shall provide a minimum of twelve (12) clock hours of 192 training. The foster care training program shall be 193 satisfactorily completed by such foster care parents before or 194 within ninety (90) days after child placement with the parent. 195 Record of the foster care parent's training program participation 196 shall be filed with the court as part of a child's foster 197 care * * * review plan once every six (6) months. 198 (b) (i) The court may waive foster care training for 199 an appropriate relative placement. 200 (ii) A relative exempted from foster care training 201 is not eligible for board payments, foster care payments, kinship 202 care payments, therapeutic care payments, or any other monthly 203 payments from the department to assist in the care of the child. 204 (7)When the Department of * * * Child Protection Services 205 is considering placement of a child in a foster home and when the 206 department deems it to be in the best interest of the child, the 207 department shall give first priority to placing the child in the

208 home of one (1) of the child's relatives within the third degree,209 as computed by the civil law rule.

(a) In placing the child in a relative's home, the department may waive any rule, regulation or policy applicable to placement in foster care that would otherwise require the child to have a separate bed or bedroom or have a bedroom of a certain size, if placing the child in a relative's home would be in the best interest of the child and those requirements cannot be met in the relative's home.

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(b) The court may waive foster care training for a relative only when appropriate.

219 The Legislature recognizes that the best interests of (8) 220 the child require that the child be placed in the most permanent 221 living arrangement as soon as is practicably possible. To achieve 222 this goal, the Department of *** * *** Child Protection Services is 223 directed to conduct concurrent planning so that a permanent living 224 arrangement may occur at the earliest opportunity. Permanent 225 living arrangements may include prevention of placement of a child 226 outside the home of the family when the child can be cared for at 227 home without endangering the child's health or safety; 228 reunification with the family, when safe and appropriate, if 229 temporary placement is necessary; or movement of the child toward 230 the most permanent living arrangement and permanent legal status. 231 When a child is placed in foster care or relative care, the 232 department shall first ensure and document that reasonable 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S)JA (H)JB

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233 efforts, as defined in Section 43-21-105, were made to prevent or 234 eliminate the need to remove the child from the child's home. The 235 department's first priority shall be to make reasonable efforts to 236 reunify the family when temporary placement of the child occurs or 237 shall request a finding from the court that reasonable efforts are 238 not appropriate or have been unsuccessful. A decision to place a 239 child in foster care or relative care shall be made with 240 consideration of the child's health, safety and best interests. 241 At the time of placement, consideration should also be given so 242 that if reunification fails or is delayed, the placement made is 243 the best available placement to provide a permanent living 244 arrangement for the child. The department shall adopt rules 245 addressing concurrent planning for reunification and a permanent 246 living arrangement. The department shall consider the following 247 factors when determining appropriateness of concurrent planning: 248 (a) The likelihood of prompt reunification; 249 The past history of the family; (b) 250 The barriers to reunification being addressed by (C) 251 the family; 252 The level of cooperation of the family; (d) 253 (e) The foster parents' willingness to work with the 254 family to reunite; 255 The willingness and ability of the foster family or (f) 256 relative placement to provide an adoptive home or long-term 257 placement; *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 10 G1/2

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- (g) The age of the child; and
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(h) Placement of siblings.

260 If the department has placed a child in foster care or (9) 261 relative care under a court order, the department may not change 262 the child's placement unless the department specifically documents 263 to the court that the current placement is unsafe or unsuitable or 264 that another placement is in the child's best interests unless the 265 new placement is in an adoptive home or other permanent placement. 266 Except in emergency circumstances as determined by the department 267 or where the court orders placement of the child under Section 268 43-21-303, the foster parents, grandparents or other relatives of 269 the child shall be given an opportunity to contest the specific 270 reasons documented by the department at least seventy-two (72) 271 hours before any such departure, and the court may conduct a 272 review of that placement unless the new placement is in an 273 adoptive home or other permanent placement. When a child is 274 returned to foster care or relative care, the former foster 275 parents or relative placement shall be given the prior right of 276 return placement in order to eliminate additional trauma to the 277 child.

278 (10)The Department of * * * Child Protection Services shall 279 provide the foster parents, grandparents or other relatives with 280 at least a seventy-two-hour notice of departure for any child 281 placed in their foster care or relative care, except in emergency 282 circumstances as determined by the department or where the court 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 11 G1/2

283 orders placement of the child under Section 43-21-303. The 284 parent/legal guardian, grandparents of the child, guardian ad 285 litem and the court exercising jurisdiction shall be notified in 286 writing when the child leaves foster care or relative care 287 placement, regardless of whether the child's departure was planned 288 or unplanned. The only exceptions to giving a written notice to 289 the parent(s) are when a parent has voluntarily released the child for adoption or the parent's legal rights to the child have been 290 291 terminated through the appropriate court with jurisdiction.

(11) The Department of * * * <u>Child Protection</u> Services shall extend the following rights to persons who provide foster care and relative care:

(a) A clear understanding of their role while providing care and the roles of the birth parent(s) and the placement agency in respect to the child in care;

(b) Respect, consideration, trust and value as a family
who is making an important contribution to the agency's
objectives;

301 (c) Involvement in all the agency's crucial decisions 302 regarding the child as team members who have pertinent information 303 based on their day-to-day knowledge of the child in care;

(d) Support from the family protection worker or the family protection specialist in efforts to do a better day-to-day job in caring for the child and in working to achieve the agency's 307 objectives for the child and the birth family through provision 308 of:

309 (i) Pertinent information about the child and the 310 birth family;

311 (ii) Help in using appropriate resources to meet 312 the child's needs;

(iii) Direct interviews between the family protection worker or specialist and the child, previously discussed and understood by the foster parents;

316 (e) The opportunity to develop confidence in making 317 day-to-day decisions in regard to the child;

318 (f) The opportunity to learn and grow in their vocation 319 through planned education in caring for the child;

320 (g) The opportunity to be heard regarding agency 321 practices that they may question;

322 (h) Reimbursement for costs of the child's care in the 323 form of a board payment based on the age of the child as 324 prescribed in Section 43-15-17 unless the relative is exempt from 325 foster care training and chooses to exercise the exemption; and 326 Reimbursement for property damages caused by (i) 327 children in the custody of the Department of * * * Child 328 Protection Services in an amount not to exceed Five Hundred 329 Dollars (\$500.00), as evidenced by written documentation. The 330 Department of * * * Child Protection Services shall not incur

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333 (12) The Department of * * * <u>Child Protection</u> Services shall 334 require the following responsibilities from participating persons 335 who provide foster care and relative care:

(a) Understanding the department's function in regard
 to the foster care and relative care program and related social
 service programs;

339 (b) Sharing with the department any information which 340 may contribute to the care of children;

341 (c) Functioning within the established goals and342 objectives to improve the general welfare of the child;

343 (d) Recognizing the problems in home placement that 344 will require professional advice and assistance and that such help 345 should be utilized to its full potential;

(e) Recognizing that the family who cares for the child
will be one of the primary resources for preparing a child for any
future plans that are made, including return to birth parent(s),
termination of parental rights or reinstitutionalization;

350 (f) Expressing their views of agency practices which 351 relate to the child with the appropriate staff member;

(g) Understanding that all information shared with the persons who provide foster care or relative care about the child and his/her birth parent(s) must be held in the strictest of

355 confidence;

17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J ***SS26/OSB2680CR.4J*** (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 14 G1/2 (h) Cooperating with any plan to reunite the child with his birth family and work with the birth family to achieve this goal; and

(i) Attending dispositional review hearings and
 termination of parental rights hearings conducted by a court of
 competent jurisdiction, or providing their recommendations to the
 court in writing.

363 **SECTION 2.** Section 43-15-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 364 amended as follows:

365 43-15-17. (1) The Department of * * * Child Protection 366 Services is authorized to make such payments as may be appropriate 367 for supportive services to facilitate either the return of 368 children to their natural parents or their adoption, depending 369 upon and contingent upon the availability of the Department 370 of * * * Child Protection Services securing or having sufficient 371 funds to render this supportive service. Upon court order, the 372 parent(s) shall be responsible for reimbursing the department for any foster care or kinship care payments made on behalf of his or 373 374 her child, based upon financial ability to pay, until such time as 375 there is a termination of parental rights regarding the child, or 376 the child is adopted.

 377 (2) For those children placed in foster care by the state or
 378 county departments of human services, the department shall make
 379 monthly payments for the support of these children's room and
 380 board, clothing, allowance and personal needs. From and after
 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S) JA (H) JB 9AGE 15 381 July 1, 1998, and subject to the availability of funds 382 specifically appropriated therefor, the Department of * * * Child 383 Protection Services' foster care and therapeutic care monthly 384 payment schedule in effect before that date shall be increased by 385 One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) per month, with that minimum payment 386 not to preclude the department from increasing payments in later 387 years as funds become available. From and after July 1, 1998, in 388 order for foster parents to receive the monthly payments 389 authorized under this subsection (2), the Department of \star \star 390 Child Protection Services shall require foster care placements to 391 be licensed as foster care homes and shall require prospective 392 foster parents to satisfactorily complete an appropriate training 393 program that emphasizes the goal of the foster care program to 394 provide stable foster placement until a permanency outcome is 395 achieved.

396 (3) For a child placed in the care of the child's relative 397 within the third degree by the state or county departments of 398 human services, unless a child is placed in the care of a relative 399 who is exempt from foster care training requirements, the 400 department shall make monthly payments to defray the relative's 401 expense of furnishing room and board. The department's relative 402 care payment shall be in an amount up to one hundred percent 403 (100%) of the amount of the foster care board payment. The 404 department may continue to make those payments to the relative 405 after the department relinquishes legal custody of the child to 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 16 G1/2

406 the relative if the relative has complied with foster care

407 <u>training requirements</u>. Any such payments for relative care shall 408 be subject to specific appropriation therefor by the Legislature. 409 **SECTION 3.** Section 43-21-105, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 410 amended as follows:

411 43-21-105. The following words and phrases, for purposes of 412 this chapter, shall have the meanings ascribed herein unless the 413 context clearly otherwise requires:

414 (a) "Youth court" means the Youth Court Division.

415 (b) "Judge" means the judge of the Youth Court416 Division.

(c) "Designee" means any person that the judge appoints to perform a duty which this chapter requires to be done by the judge or his designee. The judge may not appoint a person who is involved in law enforcement or who is an employee of the Mississippi Department of Human Services to be his designee.

(d) "Child" and "youth" are synonymous, and each means a person who has not reached his eighteenth birthday. A child who has not reached his eighteenth birthday and is on active duty for a branch of the armed services or is married is not considered a "child" or "youth" for the purposes of this chapter.

427 (e) "Parent" means the father or mother to whom the
428 child has been born, or the father or mother by whom the child has
429 been legally adopted.

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430 (f) "Guardian" means a court-appointed guardian of the431 person of a child.

(g) "Custodian" means any person having the present
care or custody of a child whether such person be a parent or
otherwise.

435 (h) "Legal custodian" means a court-appointed custodian436 of the child.

437 (i) "Delinquent child" means a child who has reached438 his tenth birthday and who has committed a delinquent act.

(j) "Delinquent act" is any act, which if committed by an adult, is designated as a crime under state or federal law, or municipal or county ordinance other than offenses punishable by life imprisonment or death. A delinquent act includes escape from lawful detention and violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Law and violent behavior.

(k) "Child in need of supervision" means a child who has reached his seventh birthday and is in need of treatment or rehabilitation because the child:

(i) Is habitually disobedient of reasonable and lawful commands of his parent, guardian or custodian and is ungovernable; or

451 (ii) While being required to attend school,
452 willfully and habitually violates the rules thereof or willfully
453 and habitually absents himself therefrom; or

454 (iii) Runs away from home without good cause; or 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J ***SS26/OSB2680CR.4J*** (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 18 (S)JA (H)JB 455 (iv) Has committed a delinquent act or acts.456 (1) "Neglected child" means a child:

457 Whose parent, guardian or custodian or any (i) 458 person responsible for his care or support, neglects or refuses, 459 when able so to do, to provide for him proper and necessary care 460 or support, or education as required by law, or medical, surgical, 461 or other care necessary for his well-being; however, a parent who 462 withholds medical treatment from any child who in good faith is 463 under treatment by spiritual means alone through prayer in 464 accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or 465 religious denomination by a duly accredited practitioner thereof 466 shall not, for that reason alone, be considered to be neglectful 467 under any provision of this chapter; or

468 (ii) Who is otherwise without proper care, 469 custody, supervision or support; or

(iii) Who, for any reason, lacks the special care made necessary for him by reason of his mental condition, whether the mental condition is having mental illness or having an intellectual disability; or

474 (iv) Who, for any reason, lacks the care necessary475 for his health, morals or well-being.

(m) "Abused child" means a child whose parent, guardian or custodian or any person responsible for his care or support, whether legally obligated to do so or not, has caused or allowed to be caused, upon the child, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S)JA (H)JB

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480 emotional abuse, mental injury, nonaccidental physical injury or 481 other maltreatment. However, physical discipline, including 482 spanking, performed on a child by a parent, guardian or custodian 483 in a reasonable manner shall not be deemed abuse under this section. "Abused child" also means a child who is or has been 484 485 trafficked within the meaning of the Mississippi Human Trafficking 486 Act by any person, without regard to the relationship of the 487 person to the child.

(n) "Sexual abuse" means obscene or pornographic photographing, filming or depiction of children for commercial purposes, or the rape, molestation, incest, prostitution or other such forms of sexual exploitation of children under circumstances which indicate that the child's health or welfare is harmed or threatened.

(o) "A child in need of special care" means a child with any mental or physical illness that cannot be treated with the dispositional alternatives ordinarily available to the youth court.

(p) A "dependent child" means any child who is not a child in need of supervision, a delinquent child, an abused child or a neglected child, and which child has been voluntarily placed in the custody of the Department of Human Services by his parent, guardian or custodian.

503 (q) "Custody" means the physical possession of the 504 child by any person.

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(r) "Legal custody" means the legal status created by a court order which gives the legal custodian the responsibilities of physical possession of the child and the duty to provide him with food, shelter, education and reasonable medical care, all subject to residual rights and responsibilities of the parent or guardian of the person.

511 (s) "Detention" means the care of children in 512 physically restrictive facilities.

513 (t) "Shelter" means care of children in physically 514 nonrestrictive facilities.

515 (u) "Records involving children" means any of the 516 following from which the child can be identified:

517 (i) All youth court records as defined in Section 518 43-21-251;

519 (ii) All social records as defined in Section 520 43-21-253;

521 (iii) All law enforcement records as defined in 522 Section 43-21-255;

523 (iv) All agency records as defined in Section 524 43-21-257; and

(v) All other documents maintained by any representative of the state, county, municipality or other public agency insofar as they relate to the apprehension, custody, adjudication or disposition of a child who is the subject of a youth court cause.

17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J ***SS26/OSB2680CR.4J*** (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 21 G1/2 530 "Any person responsible for care or support" means (v) 531 the person who is providing for the child at a given time. This term shall include, but is not limited to, stepparents, foster 532 533 parents, relatives, nonlicensed babysitters or other similar 534 persons responsible for a child and staff of residential care 535 facilities and group homes that are licensed by the Department of 536 Human Services.

537 (w) The singular includes the plural, the plural the 538 singular and the masculine the feminine when consistent with the 539 intent of this chapter.

540 (x) "Out-of-home" setting means the temporary 541 supervision or care of children by the staff of licensed day care 542 centers, the staff of public, private and state schools, the staff 543 of juvenile detention facilities, the staff of unlicensed 544 residential care facilities and group homes and the staff of, or 545 individuals representing, churches, civic or social organizations.

(y) "Durable legal custody" means the legal status created by a court order which gives the durable legal custodian the responsibilities of physical possession of the child and the duty to provide him with care, nurture, welfare, food, shelter, education and reasonable medical care. All these duties as enumerated are subject to the residual rights and responsibilities of the natural parent(s) or guardian(s) of the child or children. (z) "Status offense" means conduct subject to adjudication by the youth court that would not be a crime if committed by an adult.

(aa) "Financially able" means a parent or child who isineligible for a court-appointed attorney.

"Assessment" means an individualized examination 558 (bb) 559 of a child to determine the child's psychosocial needs and 560 problems, including the type and extent of any mental health, 561 substance abuse or co-occurring mental health and substance abuse disorders and recommendations for treatment. The term includes, 562 563 but is not limited to, a drug and alcohol, psychological or 564 psychiatric evaluation, records review, clinical interview or the 565 administration of a formal test and instrument.

(cc) "Screening" means a process, with or without the administration of a formal instrument, that is designed to identify a child who is at increased risk of having mental health, substance abuse or co-occurring mental health and substance abuse disorders that warrant immediate attention, intervention or more comprehensive assessment.

572 <u>(dd) "Durable legal relative guardianship" means the</u> 573 <u>legal status created by a youth court order that conveys the</u> 574 <u>physical and legal custody of a child or children by durable legal</u> 575 <u>guardianship to a relative or fictive kin who is licensed as a</u>

576 foster or resource parent.

577 "Relative" means a person related to the child by (ee) 578 affinity or consanguinity within the third degree. 579 (ff) "Fictive kin" means a person not related to the 580 child legally or biologically but who is considered a relative due 581 to a significant, familial-like and ongoing relationship with the 582 child and family. 583 (gg) "Reasonable efforts" means the exercise of 584 reasonable care and due diligence by the Department of Human 585 Services, the Department of Child Protection Services, or any 586 other appropriate entity or person to use appropriate and 587 available services to prevent the unnecessary removal of the child 588 from the home or provide other services related to meeting the 589 needs of the child and the parents. 590 SECTION 4. Section 43-21-609, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 591 amended as follows: 592 43-21-609. In neglect and abuse cases, the disposition order 593 may include any of the following alternatives, giving precedence 594 in the following sequence: 595 Release the child without further action; (a) 596 Place the child in the custody of his parents, a (b) 597 relative or other person subject to any conditions and limitations 598 as the court may prescribe. If the court finds that temporary 599 relative placement, adoption or foster care placement is 600 inappropriate, unavailable or otherwise not in the best interest of the child, durable legal custody may be granted by the court to 601 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 24 G1/2

602 any person subject to any limitations and conditions the court may 603 prescribe; such durable legal custody will not take effect unless 604 the child or children have been in the physical custody of the 605 proposed durable custodians for at least * * * six (6) months 606 under the supervision of the Department of Human Services. The 607 requirements of Section 43-21-613 as to disposition review 608 hearings * * * do not apply to those matters in which the court 609 has granted durable legal custody. In such cases, the Department 610 of Human Services shall be released from any oversight or 611 monitoring responsibilities;

612 (C) (i) Grant durable legal relative guardianship to a 613 relative or fictive kin licensed as a foster parent if the 614 licensed relative foster parent or licensed fictive kin foster 615 parent exercised physical custody of the child for at least six 616 (6) months before the grant of durable legal relative guardianship 617 and the Department of Child Protection Services had legal custody 618 or exercised supervision of the child for at least six (6) months. 619 In order to establish durable legal relative guardianship, the 620 youth court must find the following: 621 1. That both reunification and adoption have been determined to be inappropriate; 622 623 2. That the relative guardian or fictive kin 624 guardian shows full commitment to the care, shelter, education, 625 nurture, and reasonable medical care of the child; and

626 3. That the youth court consulted with any 627 child twelve (12) years of age or older before granting durable 628 legal relative guardianship. 629 (ii) The requirements of Section 43-21-613 as to 630 disposition review hearings do not apply to a hearing concerning 631 durable legal relative guardianship. However, the Department of 632 Child Protection Services must conduct an annual review and 633 recertification of the durable legal relative guardianship to 634 determine whether it remains in the best interest of the child. If a material change in circumstances occurs adverse to the best 635 636 interest of the child, the parent, relative guardian, fictive kin 637 guardian, or Department of Child Protection Services may petition 638 the court to review the durable legal relative guardianship; 639 (* * *d) Order terms of treatment calculated to assist 640 the child and the child's parent, guardian or custodian which are 641 within the ability of the parent, guardian or custodian to 642 perform; (* * *e) Order youth court personnel, the Department 643 644 of * * * Child Protection Services or child care agencies to 645 assist the child and the child's parent, quardian or custodian to 646 secure social or medical services to provide proper supervision 647 and care of the child; 648 (* * *f) Give legal custody of the child to any of the 649 following but in no event to any state training school:

650 (i) The Department of * * * Child Protection
651 Services for appropriate placement; or

(ii) Any private or public organization,
preferably community-based, able to assume the education, care and
maintenance of the child, which has been found suitable by the
court. Prior to assigning the custody of any child to any private
institution or agency, the youth court through its designee shall
first inspect the physical facilities to determine that they
provide a reasonable standard of health and safety for the child;

659 (* * *g) If the court makes a finding that custody is 660 necessary as defined in Section 43-21-301(3)(b), and that the 661 child, in the action pending before the youth court had not previously been taken into custody, the disposition order shall 662 663 recite that the effect of the continuation of the child's residing 664 within his or her own home would be contrary to the welfare of the 665 child, that the placement of the child in foster care is in the 666 best interests of the child, and unless the reasonable efforts requirement is bypassed under Section 43-21-603(7)(c), the order 667 668 also must state:

(i) That reasonable efforts have been made to
maintain the child within his or her own home, but that the
circumstances warrant his or her removal, and there is no
reasonable alternative to custody; or

(ii) The circumstances are of such an emergency
 nature that no reasonable efforts have been made to maintain the
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675 child within his or her own home, and there is no reasonable 676 alternative to custody; or

677 (iii) If the court makes a finding in accordance 678 with (ii) of this paragraph, the court shall order that reasonable 679 efforts be made towards the reunification of the child with his or 680 her family * * *; or

 $(* * *\underline{h})$ If the court had, before the disposition hearing in the action pending before the court, taken the child into custody, the judge or referee shall determine, and the youth court order shall recite that reasonable efforts were made by the Department of * * * <u>Child Protection</u> Services to finalize the child's permanency plan that was in effect on the date of the disposition hearing.

688 SECTION 5. Section 43-21-613, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 689 amended as follows:

690 43-21-613. (1) If the youth court finds, after a hearing 691 which complies with the sections governing adjudicatory hearings, 692 that the terms of a delinquency or child in need of supervision 693 disposition order, probation or parole have been violated, the 694 youth court may, in its discretion, revoke the original 695 disposition and make any disposition which it could have 696 originally ordered. The hearing shall be initiated by the filing 697 of a petition that complies with the sections governing petitions in this chapter and that includes a statement of the youth court's 698 original disposition order, probation or parole, the alleged 699 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S)JA (H)JB

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violation of that order, probation or parole, and the facts which show the violation of that order, probation or parole. Summons shall be served in the same manner as summons for an adjudicatory hearing.

704 (2) On motion of a child or a child's parent, guardian or 705 custodian, the youth court may, in its discretion, conduct an 706 informal hearing to review the disposition order. If the youth 707 court finds a material change of circumstances relating to the 708 disposition of the child, the youth court may modify the 709 disposition order to any appropriate disposition of equal or 710 greater precedence which the youth court could have originally 711 ordered.

712 (3) Unless the youth court's jurisdiction has been (a) 713 terminated, all disposition orders for supervision, probation or 714 placement of a child with an individual or an agency shall be 715 reviewed by the youth court judge or referee at least annually to 716 determine if continued placement, probation or supervision is in 717 the best interest of the child or the public. For children who 718 have been adjudicated abused or neglected, the youth court shall 719 conduct a permanency hearing within twelve (12) months after the 720 earlier of:

(i) An adjudication that the child has been abusedor neglected; or

723 (ii) The date of the child's removal from the 724 allegedly abusive or neglectful custodian/parent. Notice of such 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S) JA (H) JB PAGE 29 G1/2 725 hearing shall be given in accordance with the provisions of 726 Section 43-21-505(5). In conducting the hearing, the judge or 727 referee shall require a written report and may require information 728 or statements from the child's youth court counselor, parent, 729 guardian or custodian, which includes, but is not limited to, an 730 evaluation of the child's progress and recommendations for further 731 supervision or treatment. The judge or referee shall, at the 732 permanency hearing determine the future status of the child, 733 including, but not limited to, whether the child should be 734 returned to the parent(s) or placed with suitable relatives, 735 placed for adoption, placed for the purpose of establishing 736 durable legal custody or should, because of the child's special 737 needs or circumstances, be continued in foster care on a permanent 738 or long-term basis. If the child is in an out-of-state placement, 739 the hearing shall determine whether the out-of-state placement 740 continues to be appropriate and in the best interest of the child. 741 At the permanency hearing the judge or referee shall determine, 742 and the youth court order shall recite that reasonable efforts 743 were made by the Department of Human Services to finalize the 744 child's permanency plan that was in effect on the date of the 745 permanency hearing. The judge or referee may find that reasonable 746 efforts to maintain the child within his home shall not be required in accordance with Section 43-21-603(7)(c), and that the 747 748 youth court shall continue to conduct permanency hearings for a child who has been adjudicated abused or neglected, at least 749 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 30 G1/2

750 annually thereafter, for as long as the child remains in the 751 custody of the Mississippi Department of Human Services.

(b) The court may find that the filing of a termination of parental rights petition is not in the child's best interest if:

755 (i) The child is being cared for by a relative;756 and/or

(ii) The Department of Human Services has documented compelling and extraordinary reasons why termination of parental rights would not be in the best interests of the child.

760 (C) The provisions of this subsection shall also apply 761 to review of cases involving a dependent child; however, such 762 reviews shall take place not less frequently than once each one 763 hundred eighty (180) days. A dependent child shall be ordered by 764 the youth court judge or referee to be returned to the custody and 765 home of the child's parent, guardian or custodian unless the judge 766 or referee, upon such review, makes a written finding that the 767 return of the child to the home would be contrary to the child's 768 best interests.

(d) Reviews are not to be conducted unless explicitly ordered by the youth court concerning those cases in which the court has granted durable legal custody. In such cases, the Department of Human Services shall be released from any oversight or monitoring responsibilities, and relieved of physical and legal custody and supervision of the child.

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775	(4) The provisions of this section do not apply to
776	proceedings concerning durable legal relative guardianship.
777	SECTION 6. Section 93-5-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
778	amended as follows:
779	93-5-1. Divorces from the bonds of matrimony may be decreed
780	to the injured party for any one or more of the following twelve
781	(12) causes:
782	First. Natural impotency.
783	Second. Adultery, unless it should appear that it was
784	committed by collusion of the parties for the purpose of procuring
785	a divorce, or unless the parties cohabited after a knowledge by
786	complainant of the adultery.
787	Third. Being sentenced to any penitentiary, and not pardoned
788	before being sent there.
789	Fourth. Willful, continued and obstinate desertion for the
790	space of one (1) year.
791	Fifth. Habitual drunkenness.
792	Sixth. Habitual and excessive use of opium, morphine or
793	other like drug.
794	Seventh. Habitual Cruel and inhuman treatment, including
795	spousal domestic abuse.
796	Spousal domestic abuse may be established through the
797	reliable testimony of a single credible witness, who may be the
798	injured party, and includes, but is not limited to:

799 That the injured party's spouse attempted to cause, or 800 purposely, knowingly or recklessly caused bodily injury to the 801 injured party, or that the injured party's spouse attempted by 802 physical menace to put the injured party in fear of imminent 803 serious bodily harm; or 804 That the injured party's spouse engaged in a pattern of 805 behavior against the injured party of threats or intimidation, 806 emotional or verbal abuse, forced isolation, sexual extortion or 807 sexual abuse, or stalking or aggravated stalking as defined in 808 Section 97-3-107, if the pattern of behavior rises above the level 809 of unkindness or rudeness or incompatibility or want of affection. 810 Eighth. Having mental illness or an intellectual disability 811 at the time of marriage, if the party complaining did not know of 812 that infirmity. 813 Ninth. Marriage to some other person at the time of the 814 pretended marriage between the parties. 815 Tenth. Pregnancy of the wife by another person at the time of the marriage, if the husband did not know of the pregnancy. 816 817 Eleventh. Either party may have a divorce if they are 818 related to each other within the degrees of kindred between whom 819 marriage is prohibited by law. 820 Twelfth. Incurable mental illness. However, no divorce 821 shall be granted upon this ground unless the party with mental 822 illness has been under regular treatment for mental illness and 823 causes thereof, confined in an institution for persons with mental 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 33 G1/2

824 illness for a period of at least three (3) years immediately 825 preceding the commencement of the action. However, transfer of a 826 party with mental illness to his or her home for treatment or a 827 trial visit on prescription or recommendation of a licensed 828 physician, which treatment or trial visit proves unsuccessful 829 after a bona fide effort by the complaining party to effect a 830 cure, upon the reconfinement of the party with mental illness in 831 an institution for persons with mental illness, shall be regular 832 treatment for mental illness and causes thereof, and the period of time so consumed in seeking to effect a cure or while on a trial 833 834 visit home shall be added to the period of actual confinement in 835 an institution for persons with mental illness in computing the 836 required period of three (3) years confinement immediately 837 preceding the beginning of the action. No divorce shall be 838 granted because of mental illness until after a thorough 839 examination of the person with mental illness by two (2) 840 physicians who are recognized authorities on mental diseases. One 841 (1) of those physicians shall be either the superintendent of a 842 state psychiatric hospital or institution or a veterans hospital 843 for persons with mental illness in which the patient is confined, 844 or a member of the medical staff of that hospital or institution 845 who has had the patient in charge. Before incurable mental 846 illness can be successfully proven as a ground for divorce, it 847 shall be necessary that both of those physicians make affidavit that the patient is a person with mental illness at the time of 848 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 34 G1/2

849 the examination, and both affidavits shall be made a part of the 850 permanent record of the divorce proceedings and shall create the 851 prima facie presumption of incurable mental illness, such as would 852 justify a divorce based on that ground. Service of process shall 853 be made on the superintendent of the hospital or institution in 854 which the defendant is a patient. If the patient is in a hospital 855 or institution outside the state, process shall be served by 856 publication, as in other cases of service by publication, together 857 with the sending of a copy by registered mail to the superintendent of the hospital or institution. In addition, 858 859 process shall be served upon the next blood relative and quardian, 860 If there is no legal guardian, the court shall appoint a if any. 861 guardian ad litem to represent the interest of the person with 862 mental illness. The relative or guardian and superintendent of 863 the hospital or institution shall be entitled to appear and be 864 heard upon any and all issues. The status of the parties as to 865 the support and maintenance of the person with mental illness 866 shall not be altered in any way by the granting of the divorce.

867 However, in the discretion of the chancery court, and in 868 those cases as the court may deem it necessary and proper, before 869 any such decree is granted on the ground of incurable mental 870 illness, the complainant, when ordered by the court, shall enter into bond, to be approved by the court, in such an amount as the 871 872 court may think just and proper, conditioned for the care and keeping of the person with mental illness during the remainder of 873 17/SS26/SB2680CR.4J *SS26/OSB2680CR.4J* (S)JA (H)JB PAGE 35 G1/2

his or her natural life, unless the person with mental illness has a sufficient estate in his or her own right for that purpose.

876 SECTION 7. Section 93-17-303, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 877 amended as follows:

93-17-303. (1) A child who has automatically acquired United States citizenship following a foreign adoption and who possesses a Certificate of Citizenship in accordance with the Child Citizenship Act, Public Law 106-395, may be issued a Mississippi birth certificate upon compliance with this article and the requirements for adoptions under this chapter to the extent not superseded by this article.

(2) A parent shall not proceed under this article if the
foreign adoption has been registered or otherwise finalized by a
court of this or any other state.

(3) A parent who is eligible to obtain a decree of

889 registration of a foreign adoption under this article may proceed 890 pro se.

891 SECTION 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from 892 and after July 1, 2017.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 43-15-13, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 2 TO CLARIFY THAT RELATIVE CARE IS A LEGAL PLACEMENT OPTION FOR 3 ABUSED AND NEGLECTED CHILDREN; TO AMEND SECTION 43-15-17, 4 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM REFERENCES TO CHILD 5 PROTECTION SERVICES; TO AMEND SECTION 43-21-105, MISSISSIPPI CODE 6 OF 1972, TO ENACT DEFINITIONS IN THE YOUTH COURT ACT CONCERNING

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7 FICTIVE KIN, DURABLE LEGAL RELATIVE GUARDIANSHIP; AND REASONABLE EFFORTS; TO AMEND SECTION 43-21-609, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 8 9 CLARIFY THAT GIVING CUSTODY TO A RELATIVE AND WAIVING ANY REOUIREMENT FOR THE RELATIVE TO PARTICIPATE IN FOSTER PARENT 10 TRAINING IS WITHIN THE DISCRETION OF THE COURT AND TO CREATE A 11 12 DURABLE LEGAL RELATIVE GUARDIANSHIP ALTERNATIVE; TO AMEND SECTION 13 43-21-613, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM; TO AMEND SECTION 93-5-1, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY THE STATUS OF SPOUSAL 14 15 DOMESTIC ABUSE AS A FAULT GROUND FOR DIVORCE; TO AMEND SECTION 16 93-17-303, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY THE RIGHT OF 17 ADOPTIVE PARENTS, UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, TO PROCEED PRO SE 18 IN THE MATTER OF REGISTRATION OF A FOREIGN ADOPTION; AND FOR 19 RELATED PURPOSES.

CONFEREES FOR THE SENATE	CONFEREES FOR THE HOUSE
X (SIGNED)	X (SIGNED)
Tindell	Gipson
X (SIGNED)	X (SIGNED)
Parker	Cockerham
X (SIGNED)	(NOT SIGNED)
Hopson	Arnold