MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Senator(s) Hopson

To: Education

## SENATE BILL NO. 2164

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 37-13-91, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 2 TO PROVIDE THAT THE PROVISIONS OF THE MISSISSIPPI COMPULSORY 3 SCHOOL ATTENDANCE LAW ARE FULLY APPLICABLE TO KINDERGARTEN-AGE 4 CHILDREN; TO REQUIRE SUCH KINDERGARTEN-AGE CHILDREN TO ATTEND 5 LICENSED PUBLIC, PAROCHIAL, NONPUBLIC OR HOMESCHOOL KINDERGARTEN 6 PROGRAMS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 7 8 SECTION 1. Section 37-13-91, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows: 9 37-13-91. (1) This section shall be referred to as the 10 "Mississippi Compulsory School Attendance Law." 11 12 (2) The following terms as used in this section are defined 13 as follows: (a) "Parent" means the father or mother to whom a child 14 15 has been born, or the father or mother by whom a child has been 16 legally adopted. (b) "Guardian" means a guardian of the person of a 17 18 child, other than a parent, who is legally appointed by a court of 19 competent jurisdiction. S. B. No. 2164

S. B. No. 2164 G1/2 17/SS01/R62 PAGE 1 (tb\rc) 20 (c) "Custodian" means any person having the present 21 care or custody of a child, other than a parent or guardian of the 22 child.

(d) "School day" means not less than five and one-half (5-1/2) and not more than eight (8) hours of actual teaching in which both teachers and pupils are in regular attendance for scheduled schoolwork.

(e) "School" means any public school, including a 27 28 charter school, in this state or any nonpublic school in this 29 state which is in session each school year for at least one 30 hundred eighty (180) school days, except that the "nonpublic" school term shall be the number of days that each school shall 31 32 require for promotion from grade to grade. Relative to 33 kindergarten-age children, school shall mean any licensed public, parochial or nonpublic school kindergarten program or legitimate 34 35 homeschool kindergarten program which promotes services that 36 address the cognitive, social and emotional needs of five-year-old 37 children.

(f) "Compulsory-school-age child" means a child who has attained or will attain the age of \* \* \* <u>five (5)</u> years on or before September 1 of the calendar year and who has not attained the age of seventeen (17) years on or before September 1 of the calendar year \* \*.

43 (g) "School attendance officer" means a person employed44 by the State Department of Education pursuant to Section 37-13-89.

S. B. No. 2164 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 17/SS01/R62 PAGE 2 (tb\rc) (h) "Appropriate school official" means the
superintendent of the school district, or his designee, or, in the
case of a nonpublic school, the principal or the headmaster.

(i) "Nonpublic school" means an institution for the
teaching of children, consisting of a physical plant, whether
owned or leased, including a home, instructional staff members and
students, and which is in session each school year. This
definition shall include, but not be limited to, private, church,
parochial and home instruction programs.

(3) A parent, guardian or custodian of a
compulsory-school-age child in this state shall cause the child to
enroll in and attend a public school or legitimate nonpublic
school for the period of time that the child is of compulsory
school age, except under the following circumstances:

(a) When a compulsory-school-age child is physically,
mentally or emotionally incapable of attending school as
determined by the appropriate school official based upon
sufficient medical documentation.

63 (b) When a compulsory-school-age child is enrolled in 64 and pursuing a course of special education, remedial education or 65 education for handicapped or physically or mentally disadvantaged 66 children.

67 (c) When a compulsory-school-age child is being68 educated in a legitimate home instruction program.

S. B. No. 2164 ~ OFFICIAL ~ 17/SS01/R62 PAGE 3 (tb\rc) The parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age child described in this subsection, or the parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age child attending any charter school or nonpublic school, or the appropriate school official for any or all children attending a charter school or nonpublic school shall complete a "certificate of enrollment" in order to facilitate the administration of this section.

The form of the certificate of enrollment shall be prepared by the Office of Compulsory School Attendance Enforcement of the State Department of Education and shall be designed to obtain the following information only:

80 (i) The name, address, telephone number and date81 of birth of the compulsory-school-age child;

(ii) The name, address and telephone number of the
parent, guardian or custodian of the compulsory-school-age child;
(iii) A simple description of the type of
education the compulsory-school-age child is receiving and, if the
child is enrolled in a nonpublic school, the name and address of
the school; and

(iv) The signature of the parent, guardian or custodian of the compulsory-school-age child or, for any or all compulsory-school-age child or children attending a charter school or nonpublic school, the signature of the appropriate school official and the date signed.

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93 The certificate of enrollment shall be returned to the school 94 attendance officer where the child resides on or before September 95 15 of each year. Any parent, guardian or custodian found by the school attendance officer to be in noncompliance with this section 96 97 shall comply, after written notice of the noncompliance by the 98 school attendance officer, with this subsection within ten (10) days after the notice or be in violation of this section. 99 100 However, in the event the child has been enrolled in a public 101 school within fifteen (15) calendar days after the first day of 102 the school year as required in subsection (6), the parent or 103 custodian may, at a later date, enroll the child in a legitimate 104 nonpublic school or legitimate home instruction program and send 105 the certificate of enrollment to the school attendance officer and 106 be in compliance with this subsection.

For the purposes of this subsection, a legitimate nonpublic school or legitimate home instruction program shall be those not operated or instituted for the purpose of avoiding or circumventing the compulsory attendance law.

(4) An "unlawful absence" is an absence for an entire school day or during part of a school day by a compulsory-school-age child, which absence is not due to a valid excuse for temporary nonattendance. For purposes of reporting absenteeism under subsection (6) of this section, if a compulsory-school-age child has an absence that is more than thirty-seven percent (37%) of the instructional day, as fixed by the school board for the school at

S. B. No. 2164 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 17/SS01/R62 PAGE 5 (tb\rc) 118 which the compulsory-school-age child is enrolled, the child must 119 be considered absent the entire school day. Days missed from 120 school due to disciplinary suspension shall not be considered an 121 "excused" absence under this section. This subsection shall not 122 apply to children enrolled in a nonpublic school.

Each of the following shall constitute a valid excuse for temporary nonattendance of a compulsory-school-age child enrolled in a noncharter public school, provided satisfactory evidence of the excuse is provided to the superintendent of the school district, or his designee:

(a) An absence is excused when the absence results from
the compulsory-school-age child's attendance at an authorized
school activity with the prior approval of the superintendent of
the school district, or his designee. These activities may
include field trips, athletic contests, student conventions,
musical festivals and any similar activity.

(b) An absence is excused when the absence results from illness or injury which prevents the compulsory-school-age child from being physically able to attend school.

(c) An absence is excused when isolation of a compulsory-school-age child is ordered by the county health officer, by the State Board of Health or appropriate school official.

141 (d) An absence is excused when it results from the142 death or serious illness of a member of the immediate family of a

143 compulsory-school-age child. The immediate family members of a 144 compulsory-school-age child shall include children, spouse, 145 grandparents, parents, brothers and sisters, including 146 stepbrothers and stepsisters.

147 (e) An absence is excused when it results from a148 medical or dental appointment of a compulsory-school-age child.

(f) An absence is excused when it results from the attendance of a compulsory-school-age child at the proceedings of a court or an administrative tribunal if the child is a party to the action or under subpoena as a witness.

153 (q) An absence may be excused if the religion to which 154 the compulsory-school-age child or the child's parents adheres, 155 requires or suggests the observance of a religious event. The 156 approval of the absence is within the discretion of the 157 superintendent of the school district, or his designee, but 158 approval should be granted unless the religion's observance is of 159 such duration as to interfere with the education of the child.

160 An absence may be excused when it is demonstrated (h) 161 to the satisfaction of the superintendent of the school district, 162 or his designee, that the purpose of the absence is to take 163 advantage of a valid educational opportunity such as travel, 164 including vacations or other family travel. Approval of the 165 absence must be gained from the superintendent of the school 166 district, or his designee, before the absence, but the approval shall not be unreasonably withheld. 167

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(i) An absence may be excused when it is demonstrated
to the satisfaction of the superintendent of the school district,
or his designee, that conditions are sufficient to warrant the
compulsory-school-age child's nonattendance. However, no absences
shall be excused by the school district superintendent, or his
designee, when any student suspensions or expulsions circumvent
the intent and spirit of the compulsory attendance law.

(j) An absence is excused when it results from the attendance of a compulsory-school-age child participating in official organized events sponsored by the 4-H or Future Farmers of America (FFA). The excuse for the 4-H or FFA event must be provided in writing to the appropriate school superintendent by the Extension Agent or High School Agricultural Instructor/FFA Advisor.

(k) An absence is excused when it results from the compulsory-school-age child officially being employed to serve as a page at the State Capitol for the Mississippi House of Representatives or Senate.

(5) Any parent, guardian or custodian of a
compulsory-school-age child subject to this section who refuses or
willfully fails to perform any of the duties imposed upon him or
her under this section or who intentionally falsifies any
information required to be contained in a certificate of
enrollment, shall be guilty of contributing to the neglect of a

192 child and, upon conviction, shall be punished in accordance with 193 Section 97-5-39.

194 Upon prosecution of a parent, quardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age child for violation of this section, the 195 196 presentation of evidence by the prosecutor that shows that the 197 child has not been enrolled in school within eighteen (18) calendar days after the first day of the school year of the public 198 199 school which the child is eligible to attend, or that the child 200 has accumulated twelve (12) unlawful absences during the school year at the public school in which the child has been enrolled, 201 202 shall establish a prima facie case that the child's parent, 203 quardian or custodian is responsible for the absences and has 204 refused or willfully failed to perform the duties imposed upon him 205 or her under this section. However, no proceedings under this 206 section shall be brought against a parent, guardian or custodian 207 of a compulsory-school-age child unless the school attendance 208 officer has contacted promptly the home of the child and has 209 provided written notice to the parent, quardian or custodian of 210 the requirement for the child's enrollment or attendance.

(6) If a compulsory-school-age child has not been enrolled in a school within fifteen (15) calendar days after the first day of the school year of the school which the child is eligible to attend or the child has accumulated five (5) unlawful absences during the school year of the public school in which the child is enrolled, the school district superintendent, or his designee,

S. B. No. 2164 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 17/SS01/R62 PAGE 9 (tb\rc) 217 shall report, within two (2) school days or within five (5) 218 calendar days, whichever is less, the absences to the school 219 attendance officer. The State Department of Education shall 220 prescribe a uniform method for schools to utilize in reporting the 221 unlawful absences to the school attendance officer. The 222 superintendent, or his designee, also shall report any student 223 suspensions or student expulsions to the school attendance officer 224 when they occur.

225 When a school attendance officer has made all attempts (7) 226 to secure enrollment and/or attendance of a compulsory-school-age 227 child and is unable to effect the enrollment and/or attendance, 228 the attendance officer shall file a petition with the youth court under Section 43-21-451 or shall file a petition in a court of 229 230 competent jurisdiction as it pertains to parent or child. Sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and municipal law enforcement officers 231 232 shall be fully authorized to investigate all cases of 233 nonattendance and unlawful absences by compulsory-school-age 234 children, and shall be authorized to file a petition with the 235 youth court under Section 43-21-451 or file a petition or 236 information in the court of competent jurisdiction as it pertains 237 to parent or child for violation of this section. The youth court 238 shall expedite a hearing to make an appropriate adjudication and a 239 disposition to ensure compliance with the Compulsory School 240 Attendance Law, and may order the child to enroll or re-enroll in 241 school. The superintendent of the school district to which the

S. B. No. 2164 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 17/SS01/R62 PAGE 10 (tb\rc) child is ordered may assign, in his discretion, the child to the alternative school program of the school established pursuant to Section 37-13-92.

(8) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules and
regulations for the purpose of reprimanding any school
superintendents who fail to timely report unexcused absences under
the provisions of this section.

249 Notwithstanding any provision or implication herein to (9) 250 the contrary, it is not the intention of this section to impair 251 the primary right and the obligation of the parent or parents, or 252 person or persons in loco parentis to a child, to choose the 253 proper education and training for such child, and nothing in this 254 section shall ever be construed to grant, by implication or 255 otherwise, to the State of Mississippi, any of its officers, 256 agencies or subdivisions any right or authority to control, 257 manage, supervise or make any suggestion as to the control, 258 management or supervision of any private or parochial school or 259 institution for the education or training of children, of any kind 260 whatsoever that is not a public school according to the laws of this state; and this section shall never be construed so as to 261 262 grant, by implication or otherwise, any right or authority to any 263 state agency or other entity to control, manage, supervise, 264 provide for or affect the operation, management, program, 265 curriculum, admissions policy or discipline of any such school or 266 home instruction program.

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267 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from 268 and after July 1, 2017.

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