By: Representatives Snowden, Baker, Gipson To: Judiciary A

HOUSE BILL NO. 496

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 23-15-974, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REMOVE NONPARTISANSHIP FROM THE NONPARTISAN JUDICIAL ELECTION ACT; TO CREATE A NEW SECTION TO REQUIRE THAT CANDIDATES FOR JUDICIAL OFFICE BE SELECTED THROUGH NOMINATIONS MADE BY THE 5 DIFFERENT PARTIES OF THIS STATE AT PRIMARY ELECTIONS; TO AMEND 6 SECTION 23-15-977, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REQUIRE THE 7 STATEMENT OF INTENT FILED BY JUDICIAL CANDIDATES TO INCLUDE THE PARTY FOR WHICH THE JUDICIAL CANDIDATE IS AFFILIATED; TO AMEND 8 9 SECTION 23-15-978, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REMOVE THE 10 REQUIREMENT THAT JUDICIAL OFFICE CANDIDATES ON THE BALLOT BE GROUPED TOGETHER AS NONPARTISAN; TO REQUIRE THAT THE NAME OF 11 12 JUDICIAL OFFICE CANDIDATES SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON THE BALLOT IN 13 GENERAL ELECTIONS UNLESS THEY WERE NOMINATED THROUGH A PARTY PRIMARY ELECTION; TO AMEND SECTION 23-15-979, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 14 15 1972, TO REQUIRE THAT THE NAME OF THE JUDICIAL CANDIDATE BE LISTED 16 UNDER THE POLITICAL PARTY THAT THE CANDIDATE REPRESENTS; TO AMEND 17 SECTION 23-15-981, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT THE JUDICIAL CANDIDATE WHO RECEIVES THE MAJORITY NUMBER OF VOTES CAST 18 19 FOR THE JUDICIAL OFFICE SHALL BE THE NOMINEE OF HIS OR HER PARTY 20 FOR THAT OFFICE; TO PROVIDE THE PROVISIONS FOR A RUNOFF ELECTION 21 IF NO JUDICIAL OFFICE CANDIDATE RECEIVES A MAJORITY OF THE VOTES; 22 TO AMEND SECTION 23-15-995, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE 23 THAT THE GENERAL LAWS FOR THE ELECTION OF STATE OFFICERS SHALL 24 APPLY TO AND GOVERN THE ELECTIONS OF JUDICIAL OFFICERS; TO AMEND 25 SECTIONS 23-15-1015, 23-15-1021, 23-15-365, 23-15-359, 9-4-5, 26 23-15-291, 23-15-975, 23-15-197 AND 23-15-367, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 27 1972, TO CONFORM TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT; TO REPEAL SECTION 28 23-15-973, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH AUTHORIZES CANDIDATES FOR THE OFFICE OF JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, JUDGES OF THE COURT 29 30 OF APPEALS, CIRCUIT JUDGE AND CHANCELLOR TO ADDRESS THE PEOPLE 31 DURING COURT TERMS AND PROHIBITS THOSE CANDIDATES FROM ALIGNING 32 THEMSELVES WITH A POLITICAL PARTY; TO REPEAL SECTION 23-15-976, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDES THAT A JUDICIAL OFFICE IS 33 34 A NONPARTISAN OFFICE AND PROVIDES THAT A CANDIDATE FOR ELECTION TO

- 35 A JUDICIAL OFFICE IS PROHIBITED FROM CAMPAIGNING OR QUALIFYING FOR 36 THAT OFFICE BASED ON PARTY AFFILIATION; TO REPEAL SECTION
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- 23-15-985, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDES THAT ALL
- 38 QUALIFIED ELECTORS, REGARDLESS OF PARTY AFFILIATION OR LACK OF
- 39 PARTY AFFILIATION, ARE QUALIFIED TO VOTE FOR CANDIDATES FOR
- 40 NOMINATION FOR JUDICIAL OFFICE; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS
- 41 23-15-977.1, 23-15-991, 23-15-993, 23-15-1011, 23-15-1023 AND
- 42 23-15-1025, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH REGULATE THE JUDICIAL
- 43 ELECTIONS ACT, FOR THE PURPOSE OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; TO BRING
- 44 FORWARD SECTIONS 23-15-191 AND 23-15-193, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF
- 45 1972, WHICH PROVIDE FOR PRIMARY ELECTIONS, FOR THE PURPOSE OF
- 46 POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 23-15-293,
- 23-15-295, 23-15-296, 23-15-297, 23-15-299, 23-15-303, 23-15-305, 47
- 48 23-15-307 AND 23-15-317, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH REGULATE
- 49 THE NOMINATION OF CANDIDATES FOR PRIMARY ELECTIONS, FOR THE
- 50 PURPOSE OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS
- 23-15-331, 23-15-333 AND 23-15-363, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 51
- 52 WHICH PROVIDE FOR THE PREPARATION OF BALLOTS IN PRIMARY ELECTIONS
- 53 AND OTHER ELECTIONS, FOR THE PURPOSE OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; TO
- 54 BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 23-15-597, 23-15-599, 23-15-605 AND
- 55 23-15-607, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDE FOR THE
- 56 DETERMINATION OF THE RESULTS OF THE ELECTION, FOR THE PURPOSE OF
- 57 POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 23-15-833,
- 58 23-15-837, 23-15-839, 23-15-841 AND 23-15-849, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF
- 59 1972, WHICH PROVIDE FOR FILLING VACANCIES IN CERTAIN OFFICES, FOR
- 60 THE PURPOSE OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS
- 61 23-15-921, 23-15-923, 23-15-927, 23-15-929, 23-15-931, 23-15-933,
- 23-15-935, 23-15-937, 23-15-941, 23-15-951, 23-15-953, 23-15-961, 62
- 63 23-15-963 AND 23-15-980, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDE
- 64 THE PROCEDURES FOR ELECTION CONTESTS, FOR THE PURPOSE OF POSSIBLE
- 65 AMENDMENT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTION 23-15-1051, MISSISSIPPI CODE
- OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDES THE DUTIES OF THE STATE EXECUTIVE 66
- 67 COMMITTEE, FOR THE PURPOSE OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED
- 68 PURPOSES.
- 69 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 70 SECTION 1. Section 23-15-974, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 71 amended as follows:
- 72 23-15-974. Sections 23-15-974 through * * * 23-15-981 of
- 73 this subarticle shall be known as the" * * * Judicial Election

- 74 Act."
- 75 SECTION 2. Section 23-15-975, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 76 amended as follows:

- 77 23-15-975. As used in Sections 23-15-974 through * * *
- 78 23-15-981 of this subarticle, the term "judicial office" includes
- 79 the office of justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of
- 80 Appeals, circuit judge, chancellor, county court judge and family
- 81 court judge. All such justices and judges shall be full-time
- 82 positions and such justices and judges shall not engage in the
- 83 practice of law before any court, administrative agency or other
- 84 judicial or quasi-judicial forum except as provided by law for
- 85 finalizing pending cases after election to judicial office.
- 86 **SECTION 3.** Candidates for judicial office shall be selected
- 87 through nominations made by the different parties of this state at
- 88 primary elections. All primary elections shall be governed and
- 89 regulated by the election laws of the state in force at the time
- 90 the primary election is held.
- 91 SECTION 4. Section 23-15-977, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 92 amended as follows:
- 93 23-15-977. (1) * * * All candidates for judicial office as
- 94 defined in Section 23-15-975 * * * upon entering the race for
- 95 party nominations for office shall file their intent to be a
- 96 candidate with the proper officials not later than 5:00 p.m. on
- 97 the first Friday after the first Monday in May * * * before the
- 98 general election for judicial office and shall pay to the proper
- 99 officials the following amounts:
- 100 (a) Candidates for Supreme Court judge and Court of
- 101 Appeals, the sum of Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00).

102		((b) Cand	didates	for	circuit	judge	and	chancellor,	the
103	sum of	One	Hundred	Dollars	s (\$1	100.00).				

- 104 (c) Candidates for county judge and family court judge, 105 the sum of Fifteen Dollars (\$15.00).
- 106 Candidates for judicial office may not file their intent to
 107 be a candidate and pay the proper assessment before January 1 of
 108 the year in which the election for the judicial office is held.
- 109 (2) Candidates for judicial offices listed in paragraphs (a)
 110 and (b) of subsection (1) of this section shall file their intent
 111 to be a candidate with, and pay the proper assessment made
 112 pursuant to subsection (1) of this section to, the State Board of
 113 Election Commissioners. The statement of intent shall include the
 114 name and address of the candidate and the party for which he or

115 she is affiliated.

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(3) Candidates for judicial offices listed in paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of this section shall file their intent to be a candidate with, and pay the proper assessment made pursuant to subsection (1) of this section to, the circuit clerk of the proper county. The statement of intent shall include the name and address of the candidate and the party for which he or she is affiliated. The circuit clerk shall notify the county election commissioners * * * of all persons who have filed their intent to be a candidate with, and paid the proper assessment to, such

clerk. Such notification shall occur within two (2) business days

and shall contain all necessary information.

- 127 If only one (1) person files his or her intent to be a 128 candidate for a judicial office and that person * * * later dies, resigns or is otherwise disqualified from holding the judicial 129 office after the deadline provided for in subsection (1) of this 130 131 section but more than seventy (70) days before the date of the 132 general election, the Governor, upon notification of the death, resignation or disqualification of the person, shall issue a 133 proclamation authorizing candidates to file their intent to be a 134 135 candidate for that judicial office for a period of not less than seven (7) nor more than ten (10) days from the date of the 136 137 proclamation.
- 138 (5) If only one (1) person qualifies as a candidate for a
 139 judicial office and that person * * * later dies, resigns or is
 140 otherwise disqualified from holding the judicial office within
 141 seventy (70) days before the date of the general election, the
 142 judicial office shall be considered vacant for the new term and
 143 the vacancy shall be filled as provided in by law.
- SECTION 5. Section 23-15-978, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 23-15-978. The names of candidates for judicial office which
 appear on the ballot at the general election shall be grouped
 together * * *. The name of any candidate for judicial office
 shall not be placed upon the official ballot in general elections
 as a party nominee who is not nominated as herein provided.

131	SECTION 6. Section 23-15-9/9, Mississippi Code of 19/2, is
L52	amended as follows:
L53	23-15-979. The names of all candidates for judicial office
L54	shall be listed in alphabetical order on any ballot * * * $\frac{*}{and}$
L55	listed under the name of the political party that judicial
L56	candidate represents as provided by law and as certified to the
L57	circuit clerk by the state executive committee of that party.
L58	SECTION 7. Section 23-15-981, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
L59	amended as follows:
L60	23-15-981. * * * The judicial candidate who receives the
L61	majority number of votes cast for the judicial office which he of
L62	she seeks shall become the nominee of his or her party for that
L63	office. No person shall be declared as the nominee of his or he
L64	party until he or she received a majority of the votes cast for
L65	that judicial office, except as hereinafter provided. If no
L66	candidate received the majority of the votes cast in the first
L67	primary, then the two (2) candidates who receive the highest
L68	number of votes cast for that judicial office shall have their
L69	names submitted as such candidates to the second primary and the
L70	candidate who leads in the second primary shall be nominated for
L71	the judicial office.
L72	If the candidate who received the second highest number of
L73	votes cast for that office for any reason declines to enter the
L74	second primary, then in that event the candidate who received the
L75	third highest shall have his or her name submitted to the second

176	primary,	together	with	the	candidate	who	received	the	highest
177	number o	f votes c	ast fo	or th	ne indicia	l of	fice.		

- If the candidate who received the third highest number of
 votes cast for the judicial office for any reason declines to
 enter the second primary, then in that event the candidate who
 received the fourth highest shall have his or her name submitted
 to the second primary, together with the candidate who received
 the highest number of votes cast for the judicial office.
- If no candidate will enter the second primary with the

 candidate who received the highest number of votes cast, then the

 candidate who received the highest number of votes cast in the

 first primary shall be declared the nominee of his or her party

 for the judicial office.
- SECTION 8. Section 23-15-995, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 191 23-15-995. * * * The general laws for the election of state 192 officers shall apply to and govern the election of * * * $\frac{1}{2}$ judicial 193 officers.
- 194 **SECTION 9.** Section 23-15-1015, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 195 amended as follows:
- 23-15-1015. On Tuesday after the first Monday in November
 197 1986, and every four (4) years thereafter and concurrently with
 198 the election for representatives in Congress, there shall be held
 199 an election in every county for judges of the several circuit and
 200 chancery court districts. The laws regulating the general

- 201 elections shall * * * apply to and govern elections of judges of 202 the circuit and chancery courts.
- 203 **SECTION 10.** Section 23-15-1021, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 204 amended as follows:
- 205 23-15-1021. It shall be unlawful for any individual or
- 206 political action committee * * * to give, donate, appropriate or
- 207 furnish directly or indirectly, any money, security, funds or
- 208 property in excess of Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars
- 209 (\$2,500.00) for the purpose of aiding any candidate or candidate's
- 210 political committee for judge of a county, circuit or chancery
- 211 court or in excess of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for the
- 212 purpose of aiding any candidate or candidate's political committee
- 213 for judge of the Court of Appeals or justice of the Supreme Court,
- 214 or to give, donate, appropriate or furnish directly or indirectly,
- 215 any money, security, funds or property in excess of Two Thousand
- 216 Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) to any candidate or the
- 217 candidate's political committee for judge of a county, circuit or
- 218 chancery court or in excess of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00)
- 219 for the purpose of aiding any candidate or candidate's political
- 220 committee for judge of the Court of Appeals or justice of the
- 221 Supreme Court, as a contribution to the expense of a candidate for
- 222 judicial office.
- 223 **SECTION 11.** Section 23-15-365, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 224 amended as follows:

- 225 23-15-365. * * * There shall be left on each ballot one (1)
- 226 blank space under the title of each office to be voted for, and in
- 227 the event of the death, resignation, withdrawal or removal of any
- 228 candidate whose name shall have been printed on the official
- 229 ballot, the name of the candidate duly substituted in the place of
- 230 such candidate may be written in such blank space by the voter.
- 231 * * *
- 232 **SECTION 12.** Section 23-15-359, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 233 amended as follows:
- 234 23-15-359. (1) Except as provided in this section, the
- 235 ballot shall contain the names of all party nominees certified by
- 236 the appropriate executive committee, and independent and special
- 237 election candidates who have timely filed petitions containing the
- 238 required signatures and assessments that must be paid pursuant to
- 239 Section 23-15-297. A petition requesting that an independent or
- 240 special election candidate's name be placed on the ballot for any
- 241 office shall be filed as provided for in subsection (3) or (4) of
- 242 this section, as appropriate, and shall be signed by not less than
- 243 the following number of qualified electors:
- 244 (a) For an office elected by the state at large, not
- 245 less than one thousand (1,000) qualified electors.
- 246 (b) For an office elected by the qualified electors of
- 247 a Supreme Court district, not less than three hundred (300)
- 248 qualified electors.

249		(C)	For	an d	offic	9 €	electe	ed by	the	qualifie	d electors	of
250	a congress:	ional	dis	trio	ct, no	ot	less	than	two	hundred	(200)	
251	qualified e	elect	ors.									

- 252 (d) For an office elected by the qualified electors of 253 a circuit or chancery court district, not less than one hundred 254 (100) qualified electors.
- (e) For an office elected by the qualified electors of a senatorial or representative district, not less than fifty (50) qualified electors.
- 258 (f) For an office elected by the qualified electors of a county, not less than fifty (50) qualified electors.
- 260 (g) For an office elected by the qualified electors of 261 a supervisors district or justice court district, not less than 262 fifteen (15) qualified electors.
- 263 (h) For the Office of President of the United States, a
 264 party nominee or independent candidate shall pay an assessment in
 265 the amount of Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00).
- 266 Unless the petition or fee, whichever is (2) (a) 267 applicable, required above shall be filed as provided for in 268 subsection (3), (4) or (5) of this section, as appropriate, the 269 name of the person requested to be a candidate, unless nominated 270 by a political party, shall not be placed upon the ballot. ballot shall contain the names of each candidate for each office, 271 272 and such names shall be listed under the name of the political party such candidate represents as provided by law and as 273

- 274 certified to the circuit clerk by the state executive committee of
- 275 such political party. In the event such candidate qualifies as an
- 276 independent as provided in this section, he shall be listed on the
- 277 ballot as an independent candidate.
- 278 The name of an independent or special election
- 279 candidate who dies before the printing of the ballots, shall not
- 280 be placed on the ballots.
- 281 Petitions for offices described in paragraphs (a), (b), (3)
- 282 (c), (d) and (e) of subsection (1) of this section shall be filed
- with the Secretary of State by no later than 5:00 p.m. on the same 283
- 284 date by which candidates are required to pay the fee provided for
- 285 in Section 23-15-297 * * *; however, no petition may be filed
- 286 before January 1 of the year in which the election for the office
- 287 is held.
- 288 Petitions for offices described in paragraphs (f) and
- 289 (g) of subsection (1) of this section shall be filed with the
- 290 proper circuit clerk by no later than 5:00 p.m. on the same date
- 291 by which candidates are required to pay the fee provided for in
- 292 Section 23-15-297; however, no petition may be filed before
- 293 January 1 of the year in which the election for the office is
- 294 held. The circuit clerk shall notify the county commissioners of
- 295 election of all persons who have filed petitions with such clerk.
- 296 Such notification shall occur within two (2) business days and
- 297 shall contain all necessary information.

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- (5) The assessment for the office described in paragraph (h) of subsection (1) of this section shall be paid to the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall deposit any qualifying fees received from candidates into the Elections Support Fund established in Section 23-15-5.
- 303 (6) The commissioners may also have printed upon the ballot
 304 any local issue election matter that is authorized to be held on
 305 the same date as the regular or general election pursuant to
 306 Section 23-15-375; however, the ballot form of such local issue
 307 must be filed with the commissioners of election by the
 308 appropriate governing authority not less than sixty (60) days
 309 previous to the date of the election.
- 310 (7) The provisions of this section shall not apply to 311 municipal elections * * *.
- 312 Nothing in this section shall prohibit special elections 313 to fill vacancies in either house of the Legislature from being 314 held as provided in Section 23-15-851. In all elections conducted under the provisions of Section 23-15-851, there shall be printed 315 316 on the ballot the name of any candidate who, not having been 317 nominated by a political party, shall have been requested to be a candidate for any office by a petition filed with the Secretary of 318 319 State and signed by not less than fifty (50) qualified electors.
- 320 (9) The appropriate election commission shall determine 321 whether each candidate is a qualified elector of the state, state 322 district, county or county district they seek to serve, and

323	whether each candidate meets all other qualifications to hold the
324	office he is seeking or presents absolute proof that he or she
325	will, subject to no contingencies, meet all qualifications on or
326	before the date of the general or special election at which he or
327	she could be elected to office. The election commission shall
328	determine whether the candidate has taken the steps necessary to
329	qualify for more than one (1) office at the election. The
330	election commission also shall determine whether any candidate has
331	been convicted of any felony in a court of this state, or has been
332	convicted on or after December 8, 1992, of any offense in another
333	state which is a felony under the laws of this state, or has been
334	convicted of any felony in a federal court on or after December 8,
335	1992. Excepted from the above are convictions of manslaughter and
336	violations of the United States Internal Revenue Code or any
337	violations of the tax laws of this state, unless the offense also
338	involved misuse or abuse of his office or money coming into his
339	hands by virtue of his office. If the appropriate election
340	commission finds that a candidate either (a) is not a qualified
341	elector, (b) does not meet all qualifications to hold the office
342	he seeks and fails to provide absolute proof, subject to no
343	contingencies, that he or she will meet the qualifications on or
344	before the date of the general or special election at which he or
345	she could be elected, or (c) has been convicted of a felony as
346	described in this subsection, and not pardoned, then the name of
347	such candidate shall not be placed upon the ballot. If the

- appropriate election commission determines that the candidate has taken the steps necessary to qualify for more than one (1) office at the election, the action required by Section 23-15-905, shall be taken.
- 352 If after the deadline to qualify as a candidate for an 353 office or after the time for holding any party primary for an 354 office, there shall be only one (1) person who has duly qualified to be a candidate for the office in the general election, the name 355 356 of such person shall be placed on the ballot; provided, however, 357 that if there shall be not more than one (1) person duly qualified 358 to be a candidate for each office on the general election ballot, 359 the election for all offices on the ballot shall be dispensed with 360 and the appropriate election commission shall declare each 361 candidate elected without opposition if the candidate meets all 362 the qualifications to hold the office as determined pursuant to a 363 review by the commission in accordance with the provisions of 364 subsection (9) of this section and if the candidate has filed all required campaign finance disclosure reports as required by 365 366 Section 23-15-807.
- 367 (11) The petition required by this section may not be filed 368 by using the Internet.
- 369 **SECTION 13.** Section 9-4-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 370 amended as follows:
- 371 9-4-5. (1) The term of office of judges of the Court of 372 Appeals shall be eight (8) years. An election shall be held on

373 the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 1994, to 374 elect the ten (10) judges of the Court of Appeals, two (2) from 375 each congressional district; provided, however, judges of the 376 Court of Appeals who are elected to take office after the first 377 Monday of January 2002, shall be elected from the Court of Appeals 378 Districts described in subsection (5) of this section. The judges 379 of the Court of Appeals shall begin service on the first Monday of 380 January 1995.

381 In order to provide that the offices of not more (2) (a) than a majority of the judges of said court shall become vacant at 382 383 any one (1) time, the terms of office of six (6) of the judges 384 first to be elected shall expire in less than eight (8) years. 385 For the purpose of all elections of members of the court, each of 386 the ten (10) judges of the Court of Appeals shall be considered a 387 separate office. The two (2) offices in each of the five (5) 388 districts shall be designated Position Number 1 and Position 389 Number 2, and in qualifying for office as a candidate for any 390 office of judge of the Court of Appeals each candidate shall state 391 the position number of the office to which he aspires and the 392 election ballots shall so indicate.

(i) In Congressional District Number 1, the judge
of the Court of Appeals for Position Number 1 shall be that office
for which the term ends January 1, 1999, and the judge of the
Court of Appeals for Position Number 2 shall be that office for
which the term ends January 1, 2003.

- 398 (ii) In Congressional District Number 2, the judge
- 399 of the Court of Appeals for Position Number 1 shall be that office
- 400 for which the term ends on January 1, 2003, and the judge of the
- 401 Court of Appeals for Position Number 2 shall be that office for
- 402 which the term ends January 1, 2001.
- 403 (iii) In Congressional District Number 3, the
- 404 judge of the Court of Appeals for Position Number 1 shall be that
- 405 office for which the term ends on January 1, 2001, and the judge
- 406 of the Court of Appeals for Position Number 2 shall be that office
- 407 for which the term ends January 1, 1999.
- 408 (iv) In Congressional District Number 4, the judge
- 409 of the Court of Appeals for Position Number 1 shall be that office
- 410 for which the term ends on January 1, 1999, and the judge of the
- 411 Court of Appeals for Position Number 2 shall be that office for
- 412 which the term ends January 1, 2003.
- 413 (v) In Congressional District Number 5, the judge
- 414 of the Court of Appeals for Position Number 1 shall be that office
- 415 for which the term ends on January 1, 2003, and the judge of the
- 416 Court of Appeals for Position Number 2 shall be that office for
- 417 which the term ends January 1, 2001.
- 418 (b) The laws regulating the general elections shall
- 419 apply to and govern the elections of judges of the Court of
- 420 Appeals * * *.
- 421 (c) In the year prior to the expiration of the term of
- 422 an incumbent, and likewise each eighth year thereafter, an

- 423 election shall be held in the manner provided in this section in
- 424 the district from which the incumbent Court of Appeals judge was
- 425 elected at which there shall be elected a successor to the
- 426 incumbent, whose term of office shall thereafter begin on the
- 427 first Monday of January of the year in which the term of the
- 428 incumbent he succeeds expires.
- 429 (3) No person shall be eligible for the office of judge of
- 430 the Court of Appeals who has not attained the age of thirty (30)
- 431 years at the time of his election and who has not been a
- 432 practicing attorney and citizen of the state for five (5) years
- 433 immediately preceding such election.
- 434 (4) Any vacancy on the Court of Appeals shall be filled by
- 435 appointment of the Governor for that portion of the unexpired term
- 436 prior to the election to fill the remainder of said term according
- 437 to provisions of Section 23-15-849, Mississippi Code of 1972.
- 438 (5) (a) The State of Mississippi is hereby divided into
- 439 five (5) Court of Appeals Districts as follows:
- 440 FIRST DISTRICT. The First Court of Appeals District shall be
- 441 composed of the following counties and portions of counties:
- 442 Alcorn, Benton, Calhoun, Chickasaw, Choctaw, DeSoto, Itawamba,
- 443 Lafayette, Lee, Marshall, Monroe, Pontotoc, Prentiss, Tate,
- 444 Tippah, Tishomingo, Union, Webster and Yalobusha; in Grenada
- 445 County the precincts of Providence, Mt. Nebo, Hardy and Pea Ridge;
- 446 in Montgomery County the precincts of North Winona, Lodi, Stewart,
- 447 Nations and Poplar Creek; in Panola County the precincts of East

- 448 Sardis, South Curtis, Tocowa, Pope, Courtland, Cole's Point, North
- 449 Springport, South Springport, Eureka, Williamson, East Batesville
- 450 4, West Batesville 4, Fern Hill, North Batesville A, East
- 451 Batesville 5 and West Batesville 5; and in Tallahatchie County the
- 452 precincts of Teasdale, Enid, Springhill, Charleston Beat 1,
- 453 Charleston Beat 2, Charleston Beat 3, Paynes, Leverette, Cascilla,
- 454 Murphreesboro and Rosebloom.
- 455 SECOND DISTRICT. The Second Court of Appeals District shall
- 456 be composed of the following counties and portions of counties:
- 457 Bolivar, Carroll, Claiborne, Coahoma, Holmes, Humphreys,
- 458 Issaquena, Jefferson, Leflore, Quitman, Sharkey, Sunflower,
- 459 Tunica, Warren, Washington and Yazoo; in Attala County the
- 460 precincts of Northeast, Hesterville, Possomneck, North Central,
- 461 McAdams, Newport, Sallis and Southwest; that portion of Grenada
- 462 County not included in the First Court of Appeals District; in
- 463 Hinds County Precincts 11, 12, 13, 22, 23, 27, 28, 29, 30, 40, 41,
- 464 83, 84 and 85, and the precincts of Bolton, Brownsville, Cayuga,
- Chapel Hill, Cynthia, Edwards, Learned, Pine Haven, Pocahontas, 465
- 466 St. Thomas, Tinnin, Utica 1 and Utica 2; in Leake County the
- 467 precincts of Conway, West Carthage, Wiggins, Thomastown and
- 468 Ofahoma; in Madison County the precincts of Farmhaven, Canton
- 469 Precinct 2, Canton Precinct 3, Cameron Street, Canton Precinct 6,
- 470 Bear Creek, Gluckstadt, Smith School, Magnolia Heights, Flora,
- 471 Virlilia, Canton Precinct 5, Cameron, Couparle, Camden, Sharon,
- Canton Precinct 1 and Canton Precinct 4; that portion of 472

- 473 Montgomery County not included in the First Court of Appeals
- 474 District; that portion of Panola County not included in the First
- 475 Court of Appeals District; and that portion of Tallahatchie County
- 476 not included in the First Court of Appeals District.
- 477 THIRD DISTRICT. The Third Court of Appeals District shall be
- 478 composed of the following counties and portions of counties:
- 479 Clarke, Clay, Jasper, Kemper, Lauderdale, Lowndes, Neshoba,
- 480 Newton, Noxubee, Oktibbeha, Rankin, Scott, Smith and Winston; that
- 481 portion of Attala County not included in the Second Court of
- 482 Appeals District; in Jones County the precincts of Northwest High
- 483 School, Shady Grove, Sharon, Erata, Glade, Myrick School,
- 484 Northeast High School, Rustin, Sandersville Civic Center, Tuckers,
- 485 Antioch and Landrum; that portion of Leake County not included in
- 486 the Second Court of Appeals District; that portion of Madison
- 487 County not included in the Second Court of Appeals District; and
- 488 in Wayne County the precincts of Big Rock, Yellow Creek, Hiwannee,
- 489 Diamond, Chaparral, Matherville, Coit and Eucutta.
- 490 **FOURTH DISTRICT.** The Fourth Court of Appeals District shall
- 491 be composed of the following counties and portions of counties:
- 492 Adams, Amite, Copiah, Covington, Franklin, Jefferson Davis,
- 493 Lawrence, Lincoln, Marion, Pike, Simpson, Walthall and Wilkinson;
- 494 that portion of Hinds County not included in the Second Court of
- 495 Appeals District; and that portion of Jones county not included in
- 496 the Third Court of Appeals District.

- 497 **FIFTH DISTRICT.** The Fifth Court of Appeals District shall be
- 498 composed of the following counties and portions of counties:
- 499 Forrest, George, Greene, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Lamar, Pearl
- 500 River, Perry and Stone; and that portion of Wayne County not
- 501 included in the Third Court of Appeals District.
- 502 (b) The boundaries of the Court of Appeals Districts
- 503 described in paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be the
- 504 boundaries of the counties and precincts listed in paragraph (a)
- of this subsection as such boundaries existed on October 1, 1990.
- 506 **SECTION 14.** Section 23-15-291, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 507 amended as follows:
- 508 23-15-291. All nominations for state, district,
- 509 county * * *, county district, and judicial officers made by the
- 510 different parties of this state shall be made by primary
- 511 elections. All primary elections shall be governed and regulated
- 512 by the election laws of the state in force at the time the primary
- 513 election is held.
- **SECTION 15.** Section 23-15-197, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 515 amended as follows:
- 23-15-197. (1) Times for holding primary and general
- 517 elections for congressional offices shall be as prescribed in
- 518 Sections 23-15-1031, 23-15-1033 and 23-15-1041.
- 519 (2) Times for holding elections for the office of judge of
- 520 the Supreme Court shall be as prescribed in Section 23-15-991 and
- 521 Sections 23-15-974 through * * * 23-15-981.

522	(3) Times for holding elections for the office of circuit
523	court judge and the office of chancery court judge shall be as
524	prescribed in Sections 23-15-974 through * * * $\frac{23-15-981}{}$, and
525	Section 23-15-1015.
526	(4) Times for holding elections for the office of county
527	election commissioners shall be as prescribed in Section
528	23-15-213.
529	SECTION 16. Section 23-15-367, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
530	amended as follows:
531	23-15-367. (1) Except as otherwise provided by Sections
532	23-15-974 through * * * $\frac{23-15-981}{}$ and subsection (2) of this
533	section, the arrangement of the names of the candidates, and the
534	order in which the titles of the various offices shall be printed,
535	and the size, print and quality of paper of the official ballot is
536	left to the discretion of the officer charged with printing the
537	official ballot; but the arrangement need not be uniform.
538	(2) The titles for the various offices shall be listed in
539	the following order:

Candidates for national office;

Candidates for statewide office;

Candidates for state district office;

Candidates for county district office.

Candidates for legislative office;

Candidates for countywide office;

(a)

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(C)

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(e)

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546	The order in which the titles for the various offices are
547	listed within each of the categories listed in this subsection is
548	left to the discretion of the officer charged with printing the
549	official ballot.

- 3) It is the duty of the Secretary of State, with the approval of the Governor, to furnish the designated commissioner of each county a sample of the official ballot, not less than fifty-five (55) days prior to the election, the general form of which shall be followed as nearly as practicable.
- SECTION 17. Section 23-15-973, Mississippi Code of 1972,
 which authorizes candidates for the office of judge of the Supreme
 Court, judges of the Court of Appeals, circuit judge and
 chancellor to address the people during court terms and prohibits
 those candidates from aligning themselves with a political party,
 is repealed.
- SECTION 18. Section 23-15-976, Mississippi Code of 1972, which provides that a judicial office is a nonpartisan office and provides that a candidate for election to a judicial office is prohibited from campaigning or qualifying for that office based on party affiliation, is repealed.
- SECTION 19. Section 23-15-985, Mississippi Code of 1972, which provides that all qualified electors, regardless of party affiliation or lack of party affiliation, are qualified to vote for candidates for nomination for judicial office, is repealed.

570	SECTION 20. Section 23-15-977.1, Mississippi Code of 1972,
571	is brought forward as follows:
572	23-15-977.1. Simultaneously with filing the required
573	documents to seek election for a judicial office, the candidate
574	shall sign the following pledge under oath and under penalty of
575	perjury:
576	"State of Mississippi
577	County of
578	I, <u>(name of candidate)</u> , do solemnly swear or affirm under
579	penalty of perjury that I will faithfully abide by all laws,
580	canons and regulations applicable to elections for judicial
581	office, understanding that a campaign for a judicial office should
582	reflect the dignity, responsibility and professional character
583	that a person chosen for a judicial office should possess.
584	(signature of candidate)
585	(name of candidate)
586	Sworn to and subscribed before me, this the day of
587	·
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589	Notary Public or other official
590	authorized to administer oaths"
591	SECTION 21. Section 23-15-980, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
592	brought forward as follows:
593	23-15-980. The name of an unopposed candidate for judicial
594	office shall be placed on the general election ballot.

595 **SECTION 22.** Section 23-15-991, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 596 brought forward as follows: 597 23-15-991. The term of office of judges of the Supreme Court

598 shall be eight (8) years. Concurrently with the regular election 599 for representatives in Congress, held next preceding the 600 expiration of the term of an incumbent, and likewise each eighth 601 year thereafter, an election shall be held in the Supreme Court 602 district from which such incumbent was elected at which there 603 shall be elected a successor to the incumbent, whose term of 604 office shall thereafter begin on the first Monday of January of 605 the year in which the term of the incumbent he succeeds expires.

SECTION 23. Section 23-15-993, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

23-15-993. For the purpose of all elections, each of the nine (9) judgeships of the Supreme Court shall be considered a separate office. The three (3) offices in each of the three (3) Supreme Court districts shall be designated Position Number 1, Position Number 2 and Position Number 3, and in qualifying for office as a candidate for any office of judge of the Supreme Court each candidate shall state the position number of the office to which he aspires and the regular election ballots shall so indicate. In Supreme Court District Number 1: Position Number 1 shall be that office for which the term ends in January 1966; Position Number 2 shall be that office for which the term ends in

January 1965; and Position Number 3 shall be that office for which

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- 620 the term ends in January 1969. In District Number 2: Position
- 621 Number 1 shall be that office for which the term ends in January
- 622 1972; Position Number 2 shall be that office for which the term
- 623 ends in January 1969; and Position Number 3 shall be for that
- 624 office for which the term ends in January 1973. In District
- 625 Number 3: Position Number 1 shall be that office for which the
- 626 term ends in January 1969; Position Number 2 shall be that office
- 627 for which the term ends in January 1969; and Position Number 3
- 628 shall be that office for which the term ends in January 1965.
- 629 **SECTION 24.** Section 23-15-1011, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 630 brought forward as follows:
- 631 23-15-1011. Circuit court judges and chancery court judges
- 632 so elected shall take office at the time, and hold office for the
- 633 term, provided in Sections 9-5-1 and 9-7-1, Mississippi Code of
- 634 1972.
- 635 **SECTION 25.** Section 23-15-1023, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 636 brought forward as follows:
- 637 23-15-1023. Judicial candidates shall disclose the identity
- 638 of any individual or entity from which the candidate or the
- 639 candidate's committee receives a loan or other extension of credit
- 640 for use in his campaign and any cosigners for a loan or extension
- 641 of credit. The candidate or the candidate's committee shall
- 642 disclose how the loan or other extension of credit was used, and
- 643 how and when the loan or other extension of credit is to be repaid
- and the method of repayment. The candidate or the candidate's

- 645 committee shall disclose all loan documents related to such loans 646 or extensions of credit.
- SECTION 26. Section 23-15-1025, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 23-15-1025. If any material is distributed by a judicial
 candidate or his campaign committee or any other person or entity,
 or at the request of the candidate, his campaign committee or any
 other person or entity distributing the material shall state that
 it is distributed by the candidate or that it is being distributed
 with the candidate's approval. All such material shall
- distributing the material. The identifying language shall state whether or not the material has been submitted to and approved by

conspicuously identify who has prepared the material and who is

- 658 the candidate. If the candidate has not approved the material,
- 659 the material shall so state. The identity of organizations or
- 660 committees shall state the names of all officers of the
- organizations or committees. Any person, who violates the
- 662 provisions of this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and
- upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of One Thousand
- Dollars (\$1,000.00) or by imprisonment for six (6) months or both
- 665 fine and imprisonment.

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- **SECTION 27.** Section 23-15-191, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 667 brought forward as follows:
- 668 23-15-191. The first primary shall be held on the first

669 Tuesday after the first Monday of August preceding any regular or

- 670 general election; and the second primary shall be held three (3) 671 weeks thereafter. Any candidate who receives the highest popular 672 vote cast for the office which he seeks in the first primary shall 673 thereby become the nominee of the party for such office; provided 674 also it be a majority of all the votes cast for that office. 675 no candidate receive such majority of popular votes in the first 676 primary, then the two (2) candidates who receive the highest popular vote for such office shall have their names submitted as 677 678 such candidates to a second primary, and the candidate who leads 679 in such second primary shall be nominated to the office. 680 there is a tie in the first primary of those receiving next 681 highest vote, these two (2) and the one (1) receiving the highest 682 vote, none having received a majority, shall go into the second 683 primary, and whoever leads in such second primary shall be 684 entitled to the nomination.
- SECTION 28. Section 23-15-193, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 687 23-15-193. At the election in 1995, and every four (4) years
- 688 thereafter, there shall be elected a Governor, Lieutenant
- 689 Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, State
- 690 Treasurer, Attorney General, three (3) public service
- 691 commissioners, three (3) Mississippi Transportation Commissioners,
- 692 Commissioner of Insurance, Commissioner of Agriculture and
- 693 Commerce, Senators and members of the House of Representatives in
- 694 the Legislature, district attorneys for the several districts,

- 695 clerks of the circuit and chancery courts of the several counties, 696 as well as sheriffs, coroners, assessors, surveyors and members of 697 the boards of supervisors, justice court judges and constables, 698 and all other officers to be elected by the people at the general 699 state election. All such officers shall hold their offices for a 700 term of four (4) years, and until their successors are elected and 701 qualified. The state officers shall be elected in the manner 702 prescribed in Section 140 of the Constitution.
- 703 **SECTION 29.** Section 23-15-293, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 704 brought forward as follows:
- 705 23-15-293. Candidates for state and state district office, 706 and candidates for legislative offices for districts composed of 707 more than one (1) county or parts of more than one (1) county, 708 shall be voted for and nominated by all the counties or parts of 709 counties within their respective districts, and all said district 710 nominations shall be under the supervision and control of the 711 state executive committee of the respective political parties, 712 which committees shall discharge in respect to such state district 713 nominations all the powers and duties imposed upon them in connection with nominations of candidates for other state 714 715 officers.
- 716 **SECTION 30.** Section 23-15-295, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 717 brought forward as follows:
- 718 23-15-295. When any person has qualified in the manner 719 provided by law as a candidate for party nomination in any primary

720 election, such person shall have the right to withdraw his name as 721 a candidate by giving notice of his withdrawal in writing to the 722 secretary of the proper executive committee at any time prior to 723 the printing of the official ballots, and in the event of such withdrawal the name of such candidate shall not be printed on the 724 725 ballot. When a candidate for party nomination for a state or 726 district office who has qualified with the state executive 727 committee withdraws as a candidate as is herein set forth after 728 the sample of the official ballot has been approved and certified 729 by the state executive committee the secretary or chairman of the 730 state executive committee shall forthwith notify the county 731 executive committee of each county affected or involved of the 732 fact of such withdrawal and such notification shall authorize said 733 county executive committees to omit the name of the withdrawn 734 candidate from the ballot if such notification is received prior 735 to the printing of the ballot. In the case of the withdrawal of 736 any candidate, the fee paid by such candidate shall be retained by 737 the state or county executive committee, as the case may be. 738 SECTION 31. Section 23-15-296, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 739 brought forward as follows: 740 23-15-296. All political parties registered with the

Secretary of State shall notify the Secretary of State in writing

within two (2) working days of each qualifying deadline of the

name, mailing address and office sought of all candidates for

statewide, state district and legislative office who have

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- 745 submitted qualifying papers to the political party on or before
- 746 the qualifying deadline, and all political parties shall notify
- 747 the Secretary of State of any such candidate who withdraws his
- 748 candidacy within two (2) working days of receiving written notice
- 749 of the withdrawal.
- 750 **SECTION 32.** Section 23-15-297, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 751 brought forward as follows:
- 752 23-15-297. All candidates upon entering the race for party
- 753 nominations for office shall first pay to the proper officer as
- 754 provided for in Section 23-15-299 for each primary election and
- 755 all independent candidates and special election candidates shall
- 756 pay to the proper officer as provided for in Section 23-15-299 the
- 757 following amounts:
- 758 (a) Candidates for Governor, One Thousand Dollars
- 759 (\$1,000.00).
- 760 (b) Candidates for Lieutenant Governor, Attorney
- 761 General, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Auditor of Public
- 762 Accounts, Commissioner of Insurance, Commissioner of Agriculture
- 763 and Commerce, State Highway Commissioner and State Public Service
- 764 Commissioner, Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00).
- 765 (c) Candidates for district attorney, State Senator and
- 766 State Representative, Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00).
- 767 (d) Candidates for sheriff, chancery clerk, circuit
- 768 clerk, tax assessor, tax collector, county attorney, county

- 769 superintendent of education and board of supervisors, One Hundred
- 770 Dollars (\$100.00).
- 771 (e) Candidates for county surveyor, county coroner,
- 772 justice court judge and constable, One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00).
- 773 (f) Candidates for United States Senator, One Thousand
- 774 Dollars (\$1,000.00).
- 775 (g) Candidates for United States Representative, Five
- 776 Hundred Dollars (\$500.00).
- 777 **SECTION 33.** Section 23-15-299, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 778 brought forward as follows:
- 779 23-15-299. (1) (a) Assessments made pursuant to paragraphs
- 780 (a), (b) and (c) of Section 23-15-297 shall be paid by each
- 781 candidate who seeks a nomination in the political party election
- 782 to the secretary of the state executive committee with which the
- 783 candidate is affiliated by 5:00 p.m. on March 1 of the year in
- 784 which the primary election for the office is held or on the date
- 785 of the qualifying deadline provided by statute for the office,
- 786 whichever is earlier; however, no such assessments may be paid
- 787 before January 1 of the year in which the primary election for the
- 788 office is held.
- 789 (b) Assessments made pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b)
- 790 and (c) of Section 23-15-297 shall be paid by each independent
- 791 candidate or special election candidate to the Secretary of State
- 792 by 5:00 p.m. on March 1 of the year in which the primary election
- 793 for the office is held or on the date of the qualifying deadline

- provided by statute for the office, whichever is earlier; however, no such assessments may be paid before January 1 of the year in which the primary election for the office is held.
- 797 (2) (a) Assessments made pursuant to paragraphs (d) and (e) of Section 23-15-297, shall be paid by each candidate who seeks a 798 799 nomination in the political party election to the circuit clerk of 800 such candidate's county of residence by 5:00 p.m. on March 1 of the year in which the primary election for the office is held or 801 802 on the date of the qualifying deadline provided by statute for the office, whichever is earlier; however, no such assessments may be 803 804 paid before January 1 of the year in which the election for the 805 office is held. The circuit clerk shall forward the fee and all 806 necessary information to the secretary of the proper county 807 executive committee within two (2) business days.
- 808 Assessments made pursuant to paragraphs (d) and (e) 809 of Section 23-15-297 shall be paid by each independent candidate 810 or special election candidate to the circuit clerk of such candidate's county of residence by 5:00 p.m. on March 1 of the 811 812 year in which the primary election for the office is held or on 813 the date of the qualifying deadline provided by statute for the 814 office, whichever is earlier; however, no such assessments may be 815 paid before January 1 of the year in which the primary election 816 for the office is held. The circuit clerk shall forward the fee 817 and all necessary information to the secretary of the proper county election commission within two (2) business days. 818

819	(3) (a) Assessments made pursuant to paragraphs (f) and (g)
820	of Section 23-15-297 must be paid by each candidate who seeks a
821	nomination in the political party election to the secretary of the
822	state executive committee with which the candidate is affiliated
823	by 5:00 p.m. sixty (60) days before the presidential preference
824	primary in years in which a presidential preference primary is
825	held; however, no such assessments may be paid before January 1 of
826	the year in which the primary election for the office is held.
827	Assessments made pursuant to paragraphs (f) and (g) of Section
828	23-15-297, in years when a presidential preference primary is not
829	being held, shall be paid by each candidate who seeks a nomination
830	in the political party election to the secretary of the state
831	executive committee with which the candidate is affiliated by 5:00
832	p.m. on March 1 of the year in which the primary election for the
833	office is held; however, no such assessments may be paid before
834	January 1 of the year in which the primary election for the office
835	is held.

(b) Assessments made pursuant to paragraphs (f) and (g) of Section 23-15-297 must be paid by each independent candidate or special election candidate to the Secretary of State by 5:00 p.m. sixty (60) days before the presidential preference primary in years in which a presidential preference primary is held; however, no such assessments may be paid before January 1 of the year in which the primary election for the office is held. Assessments made pursuant to paragraphs (f) and (g) of Section 23-15-297, in

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years when a presidential preference primary is not being held,
shall be paid by each independent candidate or special election
candidate to the Secretary of State by 5:00 p.m. on March 1 of the
year in which the primary election for the office is held;
however, no such assessments may be paid before January 1 of the
year in which the primary election for the office is held.

- (4) (a) The fees paid pursuant to subsections (1), (2) and (3) of this section shall be accompanied by a written statement containing the name and address of the candidate, the party with which he or she is affiliated, if applicable, and the office for which he or she is a candidate.
- (b) The state executive committee shall transmit to the Secretary of State a copy of the written statements accompanying the fees paid pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this section. All copies must be received by the Office of the Secretary of State by not later than 6:00 p.m. on the date of the qualifying deadline; provided, however, the failure of the Office of the Secretary of State to receive such copies by 6:00 p.m. on the date of the qualifying deadline shall not affect the qualification of a person who pays the required fee and files the required statement by 5:00 p.m. on the date of the qualifying deadline. The name of any person who pays the required fee and files the required statement after 5:00 p.m. on the date of the qualifying deadline shall not be placed on the primary election ballot or the general election ballot.

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869	(5) The Secretary of State or the secretary or circuit clerk
870	to whom such payments are made shall promptly receipt for same
871	stating the office for which such candidate making payment is
872	running and the political party with which he or she is
873	affiliated, if applicable, and he or she shall keep an itemized
874	account in detail showing the exact time and date of the receipt
875	of each payment received by him or her and, where applicable, the
876	date of the postmark on the envelope containing the fee and from
877	whom, and for what office the party paying same is a candidate.

- (6) The secretaries of the proper executive committee shall hold said funds to be finally disposed of by order of their respective executive committees. Such funds may be used or disbursed by the executive committee receiving same to pay all necessary traveling or other necessary expenses of the members of the executive committee incurred in discharging their duties as committeemen, and of their secretary and may pay the secretary such salary as may be reasonable. The Secretary of State shall deposit any qualifying fees received from candidates into the Elections Support Fund established in Section 23-15-5.
- (7) Upon receipt of the proper fee and all necessary information, the proper executive committee or the Secretary of State, whichever is applicable, shall then determine whether each candidate is a qualified elector of the state, state district, county or county district which they seek to serve, and whether each candidate meets all other qualifications to hold the office

894	he is seeking or presents absolute proof that he or she will,
895	subject to no contingencies, meet all qualifications on or before
896	the date of the general or special election at which he could be
897	elected to office. The proper executive committee or the
898	Secretary of State, whichever is applicable, shall determine
899	whether the candidate has taken the steps necessary to qualify for
900	more than one (1) office at the election. The committee or the
901	Secretary of State, whichever is applicable, shall also determine
902	whether any candidate has been convicted of any felony in a court
903	of this state, or has been convicted on or after December 8, 1992,
904	of any offense in another state which is a felony under the laws
905	of this state, or has been convicted of any felony in a federal
906	court on or after December 8, 1992. Excepted from the above are
907	convictions of manslaughter and violations of the United States
908	Internal Revenue Code or any violations of the tax laws of this
909	state unless the offense also involved misuse or abuse of his
910	office or money coming into his hands by virtue of his office. If
911	the proper executive committee or the Secretary of State,
912	whichever is applicable, finds that a candidate either (a) is not
913	a qualified elector, (b) does not meet all qualifications to hold
914	the office he seeks and fails to provide absolute proof, subject
915	to no contingencies, that he or she will meet the qualifications
916	on or before the date of the general or special election at which
917	he or she could be elected, or (c) has been convicted of a felony
918	as described in this subsection, and not pardoned, then the name

919	οf	such	candidate	shall	not	be	placed	upon	the	ballot.	Ιf	the

- 920 proper executive committee or the Secretary of State, whichever is
- 921 applicable, determines that the candidate has taken the steps
- 922 necessary to qualify for more than one (1) office at the election,
- 923 the action required by Section 23-15-905, shall be taken.
- 924 Where there is but one (1) candidate for each office
- 925 contested at the primary election, the proper executive committee
- 926 or the Secretary of State, whichever is applicable, when the time
- 927 has expired within which the names of candidates shall be
- 928 furnished shall declare such candidates the nominees.
- 929 (8) No candidate may qualify by filing the information
- 930 required by this section by using the Internet.
- 931 **SECTION 34.** Section 23-15-303, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 932 brought forward as follows:
- 933 23-15-303. When two (2) or more political parties or
- 934 political organizations are holding primary elections, each shall
- 935 be conducted entirely independent of the other but at the same
- 936 time.
- 937 The board of supervisors or the supervisor of the district in
- 938 which the voting precinct is located shall have authority, and it
- 939 is made its and his duty when requested, to specifically designate
- 940 the respective places where the precinct election of each party
- 941 shall be held where there may be a dispute as to the room or exact
- 942 place for holding such precinct elections.

943	SECTION 35.	Section 23-15-305,	Mississippi	Code of	1972,	is
944	brought forward a	s follows:				

945 23-15-305. The candidate who received the majority number of votes cast for the office which he seeks shall thereby become the 946 947 nominee of his party for such office and no person shall be 948 declared to be the nominee of his party unless and until he has 949 received a majority of the votes cast for such office, except as 950 hereinafter provided. If no candidate received such majority of 951 the votes cast in the first primary, then the two (2) candidates who receive the highest number of votes cast for such office shall 952 have their names submitted as such candidates to the second 953 954 primary and the candidate who leads in such second primary shall 955 be nominated for the office.

If the candidate who received the second highest number of votes cast for such office for any reason declines to enter the second primary, then in that event the candidate who received the third highest shall have his name submitted to the second primary, together with the candidate who received the highest number of votes cast for such office.

If the candidate who received the third highest number of votes cast for such office for any reason declines to enter the second primary, then in that event the candidate who received the fourth highest shall have his name submitted to the second primary, together with the candidate who received the highest number of votes cast for such office.

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968	If no candidate will enter the second primary with the
969	candidate who received the highest number of votes cast, then the
970	candidate who received the highest number of votes cast in the
971	first primary shall be declared the nominee of his party for such
972	office.

- 973 **SECTION 36.** Section 23-15-307, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 974 brought forward as follows:
- 975 23-15-307. The name of any candidate shall not be placed 976 upon the official ballot in general elections as a party nominee who is not nominated as herein provided, and the election of any 977 978 party nominee who shall be nominated otherwise than as provided in 979 this chapter shall be void and he shall not be entitled to hold 980 the office to which he may have been elected. No political party 981 shall be entitled to recognition, as such, in the appointment of 982 the county or precinct election officers, unless it has made its 983 nominations as herein provided.
- 984 **SECTION 37.** Section 23-15-317, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 985 brought forward as follows:
 - 23-15-317. If any person nominated for office in a primary election shall die, be removed after his nomination or withdraw or resign from his candidacy for a legitimate nonpolitical reason as defined in this section, and such vacancy in nomination shall occur between the primary election and the ensuing general election, then the municipal, county or state executive committee with which the original nominee qualified as a candidate in the

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993	primary election shall nominate a nominee for such office. Where
994	such a party nominee is unopposed each political party registered
995	with the State Board of Election Commissioners shall have the
996	privilege of nominating a candidate for the office involved. Such
997	nominee shall be duly certified by the respective executive
998	committee chairman. Within two (2) days after such nomination is
999	made by the appropriate executive committee, such committee shall
1000	formally notify the Secretary of State of the name of the nominee.
1001	The Secretary of State shall thereupon officially notify the
1002	appropriate officials charged with conducting the election for the
1003	office wherein the vacancy occurred of the name of the nominee.
1004	All nominations made pursuant to the provisions of this section
1005	shall have the same force and effect and shall entitle the
1006	nominees to all rights and privileges that would accrue to them as
1007	if they had been nominated in the regular primary election.
1008	"Legitimate nonpolitical reason" as used in this section
1009	shall be limited to the following:

- 1010 (a) Reasons of health, which shall include any health 1011 condition which, in the written opinion of a medical doctor, would 1012 be harmful to the health of the candidate if he continued.
- 1013 Family crises, which shall include circumstances 1014 which would substantially alter the duties and responsibilities of 1015 the candidate to the family or to a family business.
- 1016 Substantial business conflict, which shall include the policy of an employer prohibiting employees being candidates 1017

H. B. No. 496

17/HR26/R1149 PAGE 40 (ENK\KW)

1018	for public offices and an employment change which would result in
1019	the ineligibility of the candidate or which would impair his
1020	capability to properly carry out the functions of the office being
1021	sought.

- 1022 Any candidate who withdraws based upon a "legitimate 1023 nonpolitical reason" which is not covered by the above definition 1024 shall have the strict burden of proof for his reason.
- A candidate who wishes to withdraw for a legitimate 1026 nonpolitical reason shall submit his reason by sworn affidavit. 1027 Such affidavit shall be filed with the state party chairman of the 1028 nominee's party and the State Board of Election Commissioners. 1029 substitution of candidates shall be authorized, except for death or disqualification, unless the State Board of Election 1030 Commissioners approves the affidavit as constituting a "legitimate 1031 1032 nonpolitical reason" for the candidate's resignation within five
- 1034 Immediately upon approval or disapproval of such affidavit, the State Board of Election Commissioners shall notify the 1035 1036 respective executive committee of same.

(5) days of the date the affidavit is submitted to the board.

- 1037 SECTION 38. Section 23-15-331, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1038 brought forward as follows:
- 1039 23-15-331. It shall be the duty of the state executive 1040 committee of each political party to furnish to each county executive committee, not less than fifty (50) days prior to the 1041 election, the names of all state and state district candidates and 1042

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all candidates for legislative districts composed of more than one county or parts of more than one county who have qualified as provided by law, and in accordance with the requirements of Section 23-15-333 a sample of the official ballot to be used in the primary, the general form of which shall be followed as nearly as practicable.

SECTION 39. Section 23-15-333, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

23-15-333. The county executive committee shall have (1)printed all necessary ballots, for use in primary elections. county executive committee shall have printed all necessary absentee ballots forty-five (45) days prior to the election as required by law. The ballots shall contain the names of all the candidates to be voted for at such election, and there shall be left on each ballot one (1) blank space under the title of each office for which a nominee is to be elected; and in the event of the death of any candidate whose name shall have been printed on the ballot, the name of the candidate duly substituted in the place of the deceased candidate may be written in such blank space by the voter. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section, the order in which the titles to the various offices shall be printed, and the size, print and quality of the paper of the ballot is left to the discretion of the county executive committee. Provided, however, that in all cases the arrangement

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L067	of the names	of the	candidates	for each	office	shall	be
L068	alphabetical	. No b	allot shall	be used	except	those s	so printed.

- 1069 (2) The titles for the various offices shall be listed in 1070 the following order:
- 1071 (a) Candidates for national office;
- 1072 (b) Candidates for statewide office;
- 1073 (c) Candidates for state district office;
- 1074 (d) Candidates for legislative office;
- 1075 (e) Candidates for countywide office;
- 1076 (f) Candidates for county district office.
- The order in which the titles for the various offices are listed within each of the categories listed in this subsection is left to the discretion of the county executive committee.
- 1080 (3) The county executive committee shall also prepare full
 1081 instructions for the guidance of electors at elections as to
 1082 obtaining ballots, the manner of marking them, and the mode of
- 1083 obtaining new ballots in the place of those spoiled by accident.
- 1084 The instructions shall be printed in large, clear type on "Cards
- 1085 of Instruction," and the county executive committee shall furnish
- 1086 the same in sufficient numbers for the use of electors. The cards
- 1087 shall be preserved by the officers of election and returned by
- 1088 them to the county executive committee and they may be used, if
- 1089 applicable, in subsequent elections.
- 1090 (4) (a) If it is eligible under Section 23-15-266, the
 1091 county executive committee may enter into a written agreement with

1092 the circuit clerk or the county election commission authorizing 1093 the circuit clerk or the county election commission to perform any of the duties required of the county executive committee pursuant 1094 1095 to this section. Any agreement entered into pursuant to this 1096 subsection shall be signed by the chairman of the county executive 1097 committee and the circuit clerk or the chairman of the county election commission, as appropriate. The county executive 1098 1099 committee shall notify the state executive committee and the 1100 Secretary of State of the existence of such agreement.

- (b) If it is eligible under Section 23-15-266, the municipal executive committee may enter into a written agreement with the municipal clerk or the municipal election commission authorizing the municipal clerk or the municipal election commission to perform any of the duties required of the municipal executive committee pursuant to this section. Any agreement entered into pursuant to this subsection shall be signed by the chairman of the municipal executive committee and the municipal clerk or the chairman of the municipal election commission, as appropriate. The municipal executive committee shall notify the state executive committee and the Secretary of State of the existence of such agreement.
- SECTION 40. Section 23-15-363, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1114 brought forward as follows:
- 1115 23-15-363. After the proper officer has knowledge of or has
 1116 been notified of the nomination, as provided, of any candidate for

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1117 office, the officer shall not omit his name from the ballot, unless upon the written request of the candidate nominated, made 1118 1119 at least ten (10) days before the election, and in no case after 1120 such ballot has been printed; and every ballot shall contain the 1121 names of all candidates nominated as specified, and not duly 1122 withdrawn.

Section 23-15-597, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1123 SECTION 41. 1124 brought forward as follows:

23-15-597. The county executive committee shall meet on (1)1126 the first or second day after each primary election, shall receive 1127 and canvass the returns which must be made within the time fixed 1128 by law for returns of general elections and declare the result, 1129 and announce the name of the nominees for county and county district offices and the names of those candidates to be submitted 1130 1131 to the second primary. The vote for state, state district offices 1132 and legislative offices shall be tabulated by precincts and 1133 certified to and returned to the state executive committee, such returns to be mailed by registered letter or any safe mode of 1135 transmission within thirty-six (36) hours after the returns are 1136 canvassed and the result ascertained. The state executive 1137 committee shall meet a week from the day following the first primary election held for state, state district offices and 1138 1139 legislative offices, and shall proceed to canvass the returns and to declare the result, and announce the names of those nominated 1140 1141 for the different offices in the first primary and the names of

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1142 those candidates whose names are to be submitted to the second primary election. The state executive committee shall also meet a 1143 week from the day on which the second primary election was held 1144 and receive and canvass the returns for state and district 1145 1146 offices, if any, and legislative offices, if any, voted on in such 1147 second primary. An exact and full duplicate of all tabulations by precincts as certified under this section shall be filed with the 1148 1149 circuit clerk of the county who shall safely preserve the same in 1150 his office.

- (2) (a) If it is eligible under Section 23-15-266, the county executive committee may enter into a written agreement with the circuit clerk or the county election commission authorizing the circuit clerk or the county election commission to perform any of the duties required of the county executive committee pursuant to this section. Any agreement entered into pursuant to this subsection shall be signed by the chairman of the county executive committee and the circuit clerk or the chairman of the county election commission, as appropriate. The county executive committee shall notify the state executive committee and the Secretary of State of the existence of such agreement.
- (b) If it is eligible under Section 23-15-266, the
 municipal executive committee may enter into a written agreement
 with the municipal clerk or the municipal election commission
 authorizing the municipal clerk or the municipal election
 commission to perform any of the duties required of the municipal

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executive committee pursuant to this section. Any agreement
entered into pursuant to this subsection shall be signed by the
chairman of the municipal executive committee and the municipal
clerk or the chairman of the municipal election commission, as
appropriate. The municipal executive committee shall notify the
state executive committee and the Secretary of State of the
existence of such agreement.

1174 **SECTION 42.** Section 23-15-599, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1175 brought forward as follows:

23-15-599. (1) 1176 (a) Within ten (10) days after the first 1177 primary election and within ten (10) days after the second primary election, if any, the chairman of the state executive committee 1178 1179 shall transmit to the Secretary of State a tabulated statement of 1180 the party vote cast in each county and precinct in each county in 1181 each state and state district election, and each legislative 1182 election for districts consisting of more than one (1) county or 1183 parts of more than one (1) county. The statement shall be transmitted by the state executive committee on such forms and by 1184 1185 such methods as may be required by rules and regulations 1186 promulgated by the Secretary of State. The statement shall be 1187 filed by the Secretary of State and preserved among the records of 1188 his office.

1189 (b) The statement provided for in paragraph (a) of this 1190 subsection shall contain a certification signed and dated by the

1191	chairman of the state executive committee, which shall read as
1192	follows:
1193	"I, Chairman of the Party
1194	State Executive Committee, do hereby certify that, on a
1195	majority vote of the Party State Executive
1196	Committee, these vote totals for each county and for each
1197	candidate are the official vote totals for the election
1198	reflected therein."
1199	(2) (a) Within ten (10) days after the first primary
1200	election and within ten (10) days after the second primary
1201	election, if any, the county executive committee shall transmit to
1202	the Secretary of State a tabulated statement of the party vote
1203	cast in their county and each precinct in their county in each
1204	election for county and county district office and each election
1205	for legislative office for districts containing one (1) county or
1206	less. The statement shall be transmitted by the county executive
1207	committee on such forms and by such methods as may be required by
1208	rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of State. The
1209	statement shall be filed by the Secretary of State and preserved
1210	among the records of his office.
1211	(b) The statement provided for in paragraph (a) of this
1212	subsection shall contain a certification signed and dated by the
1213	majority of the members of the county executive committee, which
1214	shall read as follows:

1215	"We, the undersigned members of the county executive
1216	committee, do hereby certify that these vote totals for each
1217	candidate are the official vote totals for the election
1218	reflected therein."
1219	SECTION 43. Section 23-15-605, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1220	brought forward as follows:
1221	23-15-605. The Secretary of State, immediately after
1222	receiving the returns of an election, not longer than thirty (30)
1223	days after the election, shall sum up the whole number of votes
1224	given for each candidate other than candidates for state offices,
1225	legislative offices composed of one (1) county or less, county
1226	offices and county district offices, according to the statements
1227	of the votes certified to him and ascertain the person or persons
1228	having the largest number of votes for each office, and declare
1229	such person or persons to be duly elected; and thereupon all
1230	persons chosen to any office at the election shall be commissioned
1231	by the Governor; but if it appears that two (2) or more candidates
1232	for any district office where the district is composed of two (2)
1233	or more counties, standing highest on the list, and not elected,
1234	have an equal number of votes, the election shall be forthwith
1235	decided between the candidates having an equal number of votes by
1236	lot, fairly and publicly drawn, under the direction of the
1237	Governor and Secretary of State.
1238	SECTION 44. Section 23-15-607, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

brought forward as follows:

1240	23-15-607. (1) The commissioners of election shall, within
1241	ten (10) days after an election for judges of the Supreme Court or
1242	Court of Appeals, transmit to the Secretary of State, to be filed
1243	in his office, a statement of the whole number of votes given in
1244	their county, and the whole number of votes given in each precinct
1245	in their county, for each candidate for the Office of Judge of the
1246	Supreme Court or Court of Appeals, and the Secretary of State
1247	shall immediately notify each member of the State Board of
1248	Election Commissioners in writing to assemble at his office on a
1249	day to be fixed by him, to be within ten (10) days after the
1250	receipt by him of such statement, and when assembled pursuant to
1251	such notice the State Board of Election Commissioners shall sum up
1252	the whole number of votes given for each candidate for judge of
1253	the Supreme Court or Court of Appeals according to the total
1254	number of votes in each county for each candidate as certified to
1255	the Secretary of State, ascertain the person or persons to be
1256	elected; and thereupon all persons chosen to such office at the
1257	election shall be commissioned by the Governor; but if it appears
1258	that two (2) or more candidates for judge of the Supreme Court or
1259	Court of Appeals standing highest on the list, and not elected,
1260	have an equal number of votes, the election shall be forthwith
1261	decided between the candidates having an equal number of votes by
1262	lots, fairly and publicly drawn under the direction of the State
1263	Board of Election Commissioners.

1264	(2) The statements required by this section shall contain	n a
1265	certification, signed and dated by a majority of the commission	ners
1266	of election, which shall read as follows:	

"We, the undersigned commissioners of election, do

hereby certify that this statement of the whole number of

votes contain the official vote for the election reflected

therein."

- 1271 (3) The statements required by this section shall be
 1272 transmitted to the Secretary of State on such forms and by such
 1273 methods as may be required by rules and regulations promulgated by
 1274 the Secretary of State.
- 1275 **SECTION 45.** Section 23-15-833, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1276 brought forward as follows:
- 23-15-833. Except as otherwise provided by law, the first
 Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each year shall be
 designated the regular special election day, and on that day an
 election shall be held to fill any vacancy in county, county
 district, and district attorney elective offices, and any vacancy
 in the office of circuit judge or chancellor.
- All special elections, or elections to fill vacancies, shall
 in all respects be held, conducted and returned in the same manner
 as general elections, except that where no candidate receives a
 majority of the votes cast in such election, then a runoff
 election shall be held three (3) weeks after such election and the
 two (2) candidates who receive the highest popular votes for such

1289	office shall have their names submitted as such candidates to the
1290	said runoff and the candidate who leads in such runoff election
1291	shall be elected to the office. When there is a tie in the first
1292	election of those receiving the next highest vote, these two (2)
1293	and the one receiving the highest vote, none having received a
1294	majority, shall go into the runoff election and whoever leads in
1295	such runoff election shall be entitled to the office.

In those years when the regular special election day shall occur on the same day as the general election, the names of candidates in any special election and the general election shall be placed on the same ballot, but shall be clearly distinguished as general election candidates or special election candidates.

At any time a special election is held on the same day as a party primary election, the names of the candidates in the special election may be placed on the same ballot, but shall be clearly distinguished as special election candidates or primary election candidates.

SECTION 46. Section 23-15-837, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1307 brought forward as follows:

23-15-837. (1) When a special election shall have been called to fill any state district office and where only one (1) person has duly qualified with the State Board of Election Commissioners to be a candidate in such special election within the time prescribed by law for qualifying as such candidate, the

1313	State Board	of	Electic	n Cor	mmissi	oners s	shall	make	a	finding	g and
1314	determination	n c	of such	fact	dulv	entered	d upon	its	of	ficial	minutes.

- 1315 (2) A finding and determination and certification to office 1316 by the State Board of Election Commissioners, as herein provided, 1317 shall dispense with the holding of the special election.
- 1318 (3) A certified copy of the finding and determination of the
 1319 State Board of Election Commissioners shall be forthwith filed
 1320 with the Governor, and the Governor shall appoint the candidate so
 1321 certified to fill the unexpired term.
- SECTION 47. Section 23-15-839, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 1324 When a vacancy shall occur in any county or 23-15-839. (1)1325 county district office, the same shall be filled by appointment by the board of supervisors of the county, by order entered upon its 1326 1327 minutes, where the vacancy occurs, or by appointment of the 1328 president of the board of supervisors, by and with the consent of 1329 the majority of the board of supervisors, if such vacancy occurs when said board is not in session, and the clerk of the board 1330 1331 shall certify to the Secretary of State the fact of the 1332 appointment, and the person so appointed shall be commissioned by 1333 the Governor; and if the unexpired term be longer than six (6) 1334 months, such appointee shall serve until a successor is elected as 1335 hereinafter provided, unless the regular special election day on 1336 which the vacancy should be filled occurs in a year in which an election would normally be held for that office as provided by 1337

1338 law, in which case the person so appointed shall serve the 1339 unexpired portion of the term. Such vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired term by the qualified electors at the next regular 1340 special election day occurring more than ninety (90) days after 1341 1342 the occurrence of the vacancy. The board of supervisors of the 1343 county shall, within ten (10) days after the happening of the vacancy, make an order, in writing, directed to the commissioners 1344 1345 of election, commanding an election to be held on the next regular 1346 special election day to fill the vacancy. The election 1347 commissioners shall require each candidate to qualify at least 1348 sixty (60) days before the date of the election, and shall give a certificate of election to the person elected, and shall return to 1349 1350 the Secretary of State a copy of the order of holding the election, showing the results thereof, certified by the clerk of 1351 1352 the board of supervisors. The person elected shall be 1353 commissioned by the Governor.

1354 In any election ordered pursuant to this section where (2) only one (1) person shall have qualified with the commissioners of 1355 1356 election to be a candidate within the time provided by law, the 1357 commissioners of election shall certify to the board of 1358 supervisors that there is but one (1) candidate. Thereupon, the 1359 board of supervisors shall dispense with the election and shall appoint the candidate so certified to fill the unexpired term. 1360 1361 The clerk of the board shall certify to the Secretary of State the 1362 candidate so appointed to serve in said office and that candidate

1363 shall be commissioned by the Governor. In the event that no person shall have qualified by 5:00 p.m. sixty (60) days prior to 1364 the date of the election, the commissioners of election shall 1365 certify that fact to the board of supervisors which shall dispense 1366 1367 with the election and fill the vacancy by appointment. The clerk 1368 of the board of supervisors shall certify to the Secretary of State the fact of the appointment, and the person so appointed 1369 1370 shall be commissioned by the Governor.

SECTION 48. Section 23-15-841, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

1373 23-15-841. Nominations for candidates to fill vacancies in 1374 county or county district offices shall be made upon dates to be 1375 fixed by the county executive committee for county or county district offices. The first and second primaries shall be held on 1376 1377 the dates to be fixed by such executive committees, which 1378 committees shall also fix the dates when the returns are to be 1379 made of the results of such primaries. If there is not sufficient time, after the election is ordered, for the holding of second 1380 1381 primary to fill such vacancies, on account of the nearness of the 1382 election, from the date at which it is ordered, the executive 1383 committee having such nomination in charge, may submit the result 1384 to the first primary election, the nomination going to the 1385 candidate receiving the highest popular vote. Such special 1386 primary election shall be conducted, as far as applicable, under the laws governing other primary elections. 1387

1388 **SECTION 49.** Section 23-15-849, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1389 brought forward as follows:

23-15-849. (1) Vacancies in the office of circuit judge or 1390 1391 chancellor shall be filled for the unexpired term by the qualified 1392 electors at the next regular special election occurring more than 1393 nine (9) months after the existence of the vacancy to be filled, 1394 and the term of office of the person elected to fill a vacancy 1395 shall commence on the first Monday in January following his 1396 election. Upon the occurring of such a vacancy, the Governor 1397 shall appoint a qualified person from the district in which the 1398 vacancy exists to hold the office and discharge the duties thereof 1399 until the vacancy shall be filled by election as provided in this 1400 subsection.

(2) (a) If half or more than half of the term remains, vacancies in the office of judge of the Supreme Court or Court of Appeals shall be filled for the unexpired term by the qualified electors at the next regular election for state officers or for representatives in Congress occurring more than nine (9) months after the existence of the vacancy to be filled, and the term of office of the person elected to fill a vacancy shall commence on the first Monday in January following his election. If less than half of the term remains, vacancies in the office of judge of the Supreme Court or Court of Appeals shall be filled for the remaining unexpired term solely by appointment as provided in this subsection.

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1413	(b) Upon occurrence of a vacancy, the Governor	shall
1414	appoint a qualified person from the district in which the	vacancy
1415	exists to hold the office and discharge the duties thereo	f as
1416	follows:	

- 1417 (i) If less than half of the term remains, the 1418 appointee shall serve until expiration of the term;
- 1419 If half or more than half of the term (ii) 1420 remains, the appointee shall serve until the vacancy shall be 1421 filled by election as provided in subsection (1) of this section 1422 for judges of the circuit and chancery courts. Elections to fill 1423 vacancies in the office of judge of the Supreme Court or Court of 1424 Appeals shall be held, conducted, returned and the persons elected 1425 commissioned in accordance with the law governing regular 1426 elections for judges of the Supreme Court or Court of Appeals 1427 insofar as they may be applicable.
- 1428 (c) This subsection (2) shall apply to all
 1429 gubernatorial appointees to the Supreme Court or Court of Appeals
 1430 who have not stood for special election as of July 2, 2002, as if
 1431 Laws of 2002, Chapter 586, were in full force and effect on the
 1432 day of each of their appointments.
- SECTION 50. Section 23-15-921, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 23-15-921. Except as otherwise provided by Section
 23-15-961, a person desiring to contest the election of another
 person returned as the nominee of the party to any county or

1438 county district office, or as the nominee of a legislative 1439 district composed of one (1) county or less, may, within twenty (20) days after the primary election, file a petition with the 1440 1441 secretary, or any member of the county executive committee in the 1442 county in which the election was held, setting forth the grounds 1443 upon which the primary election is contested; and it shall be the duty of the executive committee to assemble by call of the 1444 chairman or three (3) members of said committee, notice of which 1445 1446 contest shall be served five (5) days before said meeting, and 1447 after notifying all parties concerned proceed to investigate the 1448 grounds upon which the election is contested and, by majority vote 1449 of members present, declare the true results of such primary. 1450 SECTION 51. Section 23-15-923, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows: 1451 23-15-923. Except as otherwise provided in Section 1452 1453 23-15-961, a person desiring to contest the election of another 1454 returned as the nominee in state, congressional and judicial districts, and in legislative districts composed of more than one 1455 1456 (1) county or parts of more than one (1) county, upon complaint 1457 filed with the chairman of the state executive committee, by 1458 petition, reciting the grounds upon which the election is 1459 contested. If necessary and with the advice of four (4) members of said committee, the chairman shall issue his fiat to the 1460 chairman of the appropriate county executive committee, and in 1461 like manner as in the county office, the county committee shall 1462

investigate the complaint and return their findings to the

chairman of the state committee. The state executive committee by

majority vote of members present shall declare the true results of

such primary.

1467 **SECTION 52.** Section 23-15-927, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1468 brought forward as follows:

1469 23-15-927. When and after any contest has been filed with 1470 the county executive committee, or complaint with the State 1471 Executive Committee, and the executive committee having 1472 jurisdiction fails to promptly meet or, having met, fails or 1473 unreasonably delays to fully act upon the contest or complaint or 1474 fails to give with reasonable promptness the full relief required by the facts and the law, the contestant shall have the right 1475 1476 forthwith to file in the circuit court of the county in which the 1477 irregularities are charged to have occurred, or, if more than one 1478 (1) county is involved, then in one (1) of the counties, a sworn 1479 copy of his protest or complaint, together with a sworn petition, setting forth with particularity how the executive committee has 1480 1481 wrongfully failed to act or to fully and promptly investigate or 1482 has wrongfully denied the relief prayed by the contest, with a 1483 prayer for a judicial review thereof. A petition for judicial 1484 review must be filed within ten (10) days after any contest or complaint has been filed with an executive committee. 1485 petition for a judicial review shall not be filed unless it bears 1486 the certificate of two (2) practicing attorneys stating that they 1487

1488 have each fully made an independent investigation into the matters 1489 of fact and of law upon which the protest and petition are based, and that after the investigation they believe that the protest and 1490 petition should be sustained and that the relief prayed in the 1491 1492 protest and petitions should be granted; the two (2) attorneys may 1493 not be practicing in the same law firm. The petitioner shall give a cost bond in the sum of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00), with 1494 1495 two (2) or more sufficient sureties conditioned to pay all costs 1496 in case his petition be dismissed, and an additional bond may be 1497 required, by the judge, if necessary, at any subsequent stage of 1498 the proceedings. The filing of the petition for judicial review 1499 in the manner set forth in this section shall automatically 1500 supersede and suspend the operation and effect of the order, ruling or judgment of the executive committee appealed from. 1501 1502 no event shall a prayer for relief be filed in any court other 1503 than the appropriate circuit court as authorized in this section. 1504 SECTION 53. Section 23-15-929, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows: 1505 1506 23-15-929. Upon the filing of the petition and bond as 1507 provided for in Section 23-15-927, the circuit clerk shall

23-15-929. Upon the filing of the petition and bond as
1507 provided for in Section 23-15-927, the circuit clerk shall
1508 immediately, by registered letter or by telegraph or telephone, or
1509 personally, notify the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, or, in
1510 his absence, or disability, some other judge of the Supreme Court,
1511 who shall forthwith designate and notify a circuit judge or a
1512 retired judge on senior status of a district other than that which

embraces the county or any of the counties, involved in the contest or complaint, to proceed to the county in which the contest or complaint has been filed to hear and determine the contest or complaint, and it shall be the official duty of the trial judge to proceed to the discharge of the designated duty at the earliest possible date to be fixed by the judge and of which the contestant and contestee shall have reasonable notice, to be served in such reasonable manner as the judge may direct, in response to which notice the contestee shall promptly file his answer, and also his cross-complaint if he has one to prefer.

SECTION 54. Section 23-15-931, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

23-15-931. When the day for the hearing has been set, the circuit clerk shall issue subpoenas for witnesses as in other litigated cases, and he shall also issue a summons to each of the five (5) election commissioners of the county, unless they waive summons, requiring them to attend the hearing, throughout which the commissioners shall sit with the judge as advisors or assistants in the trial and determination of the facts, and as assistants in counts, calculations and inspections, and in seeing to it that ballots, papers, documents, books and the like are diligently secured against misplacement, alteration, concealment or loss both in the sessions and during recesses or adjournments. The judge is, however, the controlling judge both of the facts and the law, and has all the power in every respect of a circuit judge

1538	in termtime. The tribunal shall be attended by the sheriff, and
1539	clerk, each with sufficient deputies, and by a court reporter.
1540	The special tribunal so constituted shall fully hear the contest
1541	or complaint de novo, and the original contestant before the party
1542	executive committee shall have the burden of proof and the burden
1543	of going forward with the evidence in the hearing before the
1544	special tribunal. The special tribunal, after the contest or
1545	complaint has been fully heard anew, shall make a finding dictated
1546	to the reporter covering all controverted material issues of fact,
1547	together with any dissents of any commissioner, and thereupon, the
1548	trial judge shall enter the judgment which the county executive
1549	committee should have entered, of which the election commissioners
1550	shall take judicial notice, or if the matter be one within the
1551	jurisdiction of the State Executive Committee, the judgment shall
1552	be certified and promptly forwarded to the Secretary of the State
1553	Executive Committee, and, in the absence of an appeal, it shall be
1554	the duty of the State Executive Committee forthwith to reassemble
1555	and revise any decision theretofore made by it so as to conform to
1556	the judicial judgment; that when the contest is upon a complaint
1557	filed with the State Executive Committee and the petition to the
1558	court avers that the wrong or irregularity is one which occurred
1559	wholly within the proceedings of the state committee, the petition
1560	to the court shall be filed in the Circuit Court of Hinds County
1561	and, after notice served, shall be promptly heard by the circuit
1562	judge of that county, without the attendance of commissioners.

SECTION 55. Section 23-15-933, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

1565 23-15-933. The contestant or contestee, or both, may file an 1566 appeal in the Supreme Court within the time and under such 1567 conditions and procedures as are established by the Supreme Court 1568 for other appeals. If the findings of fact have been concurred in by all the commissioners in attendance, provided as many as three 1569 1570 (3) commissioners are and have been in attendance, the facts shall 1571 not be subject to appellate review. But if not so many as three 1572 (3) of the commissioners are or have been in attendance, or if one 1573 or more commissioners dissent, upon review, the Supreme Court may 1574 make such findings as the evidence requires.

1575 **SECTION 56.** Section 23-15-935, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1576 brought forward as follows:

1577 23-15-935. The trial judge shall have the same power to 1578 compel the attendance of the election commissioners upon and 1579 throughout the hearings as is given to the judge of a circuit court to compel the attendance of jurors, and the commissioners 1580 1581 must attend unless physically unable so to do. But if any one or 1582 more or all of the commissioners are absent so as to not be served 1583 with notice, or is or are physically unable to attend, the trial 1584 judge shall proceed without them or any of them, so that the hearing shall not be delayed on their account or on account of any 1585 1586 one or more of them. When, under Section 23-15-937, the hearing is transferred in whole or in part to another county or counties, 1587

the election commissioners of the county or counties to which the hearing is transferred shall attend the hearings in their respective counties, subject to foregoing provisions in respect to absent or disabled commissioners.

1592 **SECTION 57.** Section 23-15-937, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1593 brought forward as follows:

1594 23-15-937. If more than one (1) county is involved in a 1595 contest or complaint, the judge shall have the authority to 1596 transfer the hearing to a more convenient county within the 1597 district, if the contest or complaint involves a district office, 1598 or within the state if the contest or complaint involves a state 1599 office; or the judge may proceed to any county or counties in 1600 which the facts complained of are charged to have transpired, and there hear the evidence and make a finding of facts relating to 1601 1602 that county and any convenient neighboring county or counties, 1603 but, in any event, if possible with due diligence to do so, the 1604 hearing must be completed and final judgment rendered in time to permit the printing and distribution of the official ballots at 1605 the election for which the contested nomination is made. 1606 1607 judge lawfully designated to hear a contest or complaint shall not 1608 promptly and diligently proceed with the hearing and final 1609 determination of the contest or complaint, he shall be quilty of a 1610 high misdemeanor in office unless excused by actual illness, or by an equivalent excuse. When no final decision has been made by the 1611 1612 time the official ballots are required to be printed, the name of

1614 printed on the official ballots as the party nominee, but the contest or complaint shall not thereby be dismissed but the cause 1615 shall nevertheless proceed to final judgment and if the judgment 1616 1617 is in favor of the contestant, the election of the contestee shall 1618 thereby be vacated and the Governor, or the Lieutenant Governor, in case the Governor is a party to the contest, shall call a 1619 1620 special election for the office or offices involved. If the 1621 contestee has already entered upon the term he shall vacate the 1622 office upon the qualification of the person elected at the special 1623 election, and may be removed by quo warranto if he fail so to do. 1624 SECTION 58. Section 23-15-941, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1625 brought forward as follows: 1626 If upon the hearing of a primary election contest or complaint, under Section 23-15-931, it shall distinctly appear 1627 1628 to the trial judge that any person, including a candidate or 1629 election officer, has willfully and corruptly violated any primary election statute and such violation is by said statute made a 1630 1631 criminal offense, whether a misdemeanor or a felony, it shall be 1632 the duty of the trial judge to issue immediately his warrant for 1633 the arrest of the quilty party, reciting in his order therefor, in 1634 brief, the grounds or causes for the arrest. Such warrant and a 1635 certified copy of the order shall be forthwith placed in the hands 1636 of the sheriff of the county wherein the offense occurred, and the sheriff shall at once, upon receipt of the warrant, arrest the 1637

the nominee declared by the party executive committee shall be

1638 party and commit him to prison, unless and until the party give 1639 bond in the sum of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) with two (2) or more good and sufficient sureties conditioned for his appearance 1640 at the next term of the circuit court and from term to term until 1641 1642 discharged by law. When the arrest has been made and the bond, if 1643 any, given, the sheriff shall deliver all the papers therein with his return thereon to the circuit clerk who shall file, and 1644 1645 thereafter personally deliver, the same to the foreman of the next 1646 grand jury.

SECTION 59. Section 23-15-951, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

1649 23-15-951. Except as otherwise provided by Section 23-15-955 1650 or 23-15-961, a person desiring to contest the election of another person returned as elected to any office within any county, may, 1651 within twenty (20) days after the election, file a petition in the 1652 1653 office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county, setting 1654 forth the grounds upon which the election is contested. When such a petition is filed, the circuit clerk shall immediately notify, 1655 1656 by registered letter, telegraph, telephone, or personally the 1657 Chief Justice of the Supreme Court or in his absence, or 1658 disability, some other Justice of the Supreme Court, who shall 1659 forthwith designate and notify a circuit judge or chancellor of a district other than that which embraces the district, subdistrict, 1660 county or any of the counties, involved in the contest or 1661 1662 complaint, to proceed to the county in which the contest or

1663 complaint has been filed to hear and determine the contest or 1664 complaint. The circuit clerk shall also cause a copy of such 1665 petition to be served upon the contestee, which shall serve as 1666 notice to such contestee.

1667 The Supreme Court shall compile a list of judges throughout 1668 the state to hear such disputes before an election. It shall be the official duty of the designated circuit judge or chancellor to 1669 1670 proceed to discharge the duty of hearing the contest at the 1671 earliest possible date. The date of the contest shall be fixed by the judge or chancellor, and the judge or chancellor shall provide 1672 1673 reasonable notice to the contestant and the contestee of the date 1674 and time fixed for the contest. The judge or chancellor shall 1675 cause the contestant and contestee to be served in a reasonable 1676 When the contestee is served, such contestee shall 1677 promptly file his answer, and cross-complaint, if the contestee 1678 has a cross-complaint.

1679 The court shall, at the first term, cause an issue to be made up and tried by a jury, and the verdict of the jury shall find the 1681 person having the greatest number of legal votes at the election. 1682 If the jury shall find against the person returned elected, the 1683 clerk shall issue a certificate thereof; and the person in whose 1684 favor the jury shall find shall be commissioned by the Governor, 1685 and shall qualify and enter upon the duties of his office. 1686 party shall be allowed ten (10) peremptory challenges, and new 1687 trials shall be granted and costs awarded as in other cases.

1688	case the election of district attorney or other state district
1689	election be contested, the petition may be filed in any county of
1690	the district or in any county of an adjoining district within
1691	twenty (20) days after the election, and like proceedings shall be
1692	had thereon as in the case of county officers, and the person
1693	found to be entitled to the office shall qualify as required by
1694	law and enter upon the duties of his office.

A person desiring to contest the election of another person returned as elected to any seat in the Mississippi Legislature shall comply with the provisions of Section 23-15-955. A person desiring to contest the qualifications of a candidate for nomination in a political party primary election shall comply with the provisions of Section 23-15-961.

SECTION 60. Section 23-15-953, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1702 brought forward as follows:

23-15-953. If the petition shall be filed more than forty

(40) days before the term of the circuit court next after the election which is contested, the summons may be made returnable, and a trial of the issue be had in vacation, in the manner prescribed for a trial in vacation of an information in the nature of a quo warranto; and all of the provisions in reference to a trial in vacation of such proceedings shall apply to the trial of issues as to contested elections in the state of case herein mentioned; but this section shall not be held to include a contest

- 1712 of the election of a justice court judge, constable, coroner,
- 1713 surveyor, or member of a board of supervisors.
- 1714 **SECTION 61.** Section 23-15-961, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 1715 brought forward as follows:
- 1716 23-15-961. (1) Any person desiring to contest the
- 1717 qualifications of another person as a candidate for nomination in
- 1718 a political party primary election shall file a petition
- 1719 specifically setting forth the grounds of the challenge within ten
- 1720 (10) days after the qualifying deadline for the office in
- 1721 question. The petition shall be filed with the executive
- 1722 committee with whom the candidate in question qualified.
- 1723 (2) Within ten (10) days of receipt of the petition
- 1724 described in subsection (1) of this section, the appropriate
- 1725 executive committee shall meet and rule upon the petition. At
- 1726 least two (2) days before the hearing to consider the petition,
- 1727 the appropriate executive committee shall give notice to both the
- 1728 petitioner and the contested candidate of the time and place of
- 1729 the hearing on the petition. Each party shall be given an
- 1730 opportunity to be heard at that meeting and present evidence in
- 1731 support of his position.
- 1732 (3) If the appropriate executive committee fails to rule
- 1733 upon the petition within the time required in subsection (2) of
- 1734 this section, that inaction shall be interpreted as a denial of
- 1735 the request for relief contained in the petition.

- (4) Any party aggrieved by the action or inaction of the appropriate executive committee may file a petition for judicial review to the circuit court of the county in which the executive committee whose decision is being reviewed sits. The petition must be filed no later than fifteen (15) days after the date the petition was originally filed with the appropriate executive committee. The person filing for judicial review shall give a cost bond in the sum of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) with two (2) or more sufficient sureties conditioned to pay all costs in case his petition be dismissed, and an additional bond may be required, by the court, if necessary, at any subsequent stage of the proceedings.
- 1748 Upon the filing of the petition and bond, the circuit clerk shall immediately, by registered letter or by telegraph or 1749 by telephone, or personally, notify the Chief Justice of the 1750 1751 Supreme Court, or in his absence, or disability, some other judge 1752 of the Supreme Court, who shall forthwith designate and notify a circuit judge or retired judge on senior status of a district 1753 1754 other than that which embraces the district, subdistrict, county 1755 or any of the counties, involved in the contest or complaint, to 1756 proceed to the county in which the contest or complaint has been 1757 filed to hear and determine the contest or complaint. It shall be 1758 the official duty of the trial judge to proceed to the discharge 1759 of the designated duty at the earliest possible date to be fixed 1760 by the judge and of which the contestant and contestee shall have

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reasonable notice. The contestant and contestee are to be served in a reasonable manner as the judge may direct, in response to which notice the contestee shall promptly file his answer, and also his cross-complaint if he has a cross-complaint. The hearing before the trial court shall be de novo. The matter shall be tried to the trial judge, without a jury. After hearing the evidence, the trial judge shall determine whether the candidate whose qualifications have been challenged is legally qualified to have his name placed upon the ballot in question. The trial judge may, upon disqualification of any such candidate, order that such candidate shall bear the court costs of the proceedings.

(6) Within three (3) days after judgment is rendered by the circuit court, the contestant or contestee, or both, may file an appeal in the Supreme Court upon giving a cost bond in the sum of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00), together with a bill of exceptions which shall state the point or points of law at issue with a sufficient synopsis of the facts to fully disclose the bearing and relevancy of such points of law. The bill of exceptions shall be signed by the trial judge, or in case of his absence, refusal or disability, by two (2) disinterested attorneys, as is provided by law in other cases of bills of exception. The filing of such appeals shall automatically suspend the decision of the circuit court and the appropriate executive committee is entitled to proceed based upon their decision unless and until the Supreme Court, in its discretion, stays further

1786 proceedings in the matter. The appeal shall be immediately 1787 docketed in the Supreme Court and referred to the court en banc upon briefs without oral argument unless the court shall call for 1788 1789 oral argument, and shall be decided at the earliest possible date, 1790 as a preference case over all others. The Supreme Court shall 1791 have the authority to grant such relief as is appropriate under 1792 the circumstances.

The procedure set forth in this section shall be the 1793 (7) 1794 sole and only manner in which the qualifications of a candidate 1795 seeking public office as a party nominee may be challenged prior 1796 to the time of his nomination or election. After a party nominee 1797 has been elected to public office, the election may be challenged 1798 as otherwise provided by law. After a party nominee assumes an elective office, his qualifications to hold that office may be 1799 contested as otherwise provided by law. 1800

1801 SECTION 62. Section 23-15-963, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1802 brought forward as follows:

23-15-963. (1) Any person desiring to contest the qualifications of another person who has qualified pursuant to the provisions of Section 23-15-359, Mississippi Code of 1972, as a candidate for any office elected at a general election, shall file a petition specifically setting forth the grounds of the challenge not later than thirty-one (31) days after the date of the first primary election set forth in Section 23-15-191, Mississippi Code of 1972. Such petition shall be filed with the same body with

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H. B. No. 17/HR26/R1149 PAGE 72 (ENK\KW)

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- 1811 whom the candidate in question qualified pursuant to Section 1812 23-15-359, Mississippi Code of 1972.
- Any person desiring to contest the qualifications of 1813 another person who has qualified pursuant to the provisions of 1814 1815 Section 23-15-213, Mississippi Code of 1972, as a candidate for 1816 county election commissioner elected at a general election, shall file a petition specifically setting forth the grounds of the 1817 1818 challenge no later than sixty (60) days prior to the general 1819 election. Such petition shall be filed with the county board of 1820 supervisors, being the same body with whom the candidate in 1821 question qualified pursuant to Section 23-15-213, Mississippi Code 1822 of 1972.
- Any person desiring to contest the qualifications of 1823 another person who has qualified pursuant to the provisions of 1824 Section 23-15-361, Mississippi Code of 1972, as a candidate for 1825 1826 municipal office elected on the date designated by law for regular 1827 municipal elections, shall file a petition specifically setting forth the grounds of the challenge no later than thirty-one (31) 1828 1829 days after the date of the first primary election set forth in 1830 Section 23-15-309, Mississippi Code of 1972. Such petition shall 1831 be filed with the municipal commissioners of election, being the 1832 same body with whom the candidate in question qualified pursuant to Section 23-15-361, Mississippi Code of 1972. 1833
- 1834 Within ten (10) days of receipt of the petition described in subsections (1), (2) and (3) of this section, the 1835

H. B. No.

17/HR26/R1149 PAGE 73 (ENK\KW)

- appropriate election officials shall meet and rule upon the
 petition. At least two (2) days before the hearing to consider
 the petition, the appropriate election officials shall give notice
 to both the petitioner and the contested candidate of the time and
 place of the hearing on the petition. Each party shall be given
 an opportunity to be heard at such meeting and present evidence in
 support of his position.
- 1843 (5) If the appropriate election officials fail to rule upon 1844 the petition within the time required above, such inaction shall 1845 be interpreted as a denial of the request for relief contained in 1846 the petition.
- 1847 Any party aggrieved by the action or inaction of the 1848 appropriate election officials may file a petition for judicial review to the circuit court of the county in which the election 1849 officials whose decision is being reviewed sits. Such petition 1850 1851 must be filed no later than fifteen (15) days after the date the 1852 petition was originally filed with the appropriate election officials. Such person filing for judicial review shall give a 1853 1854 cost bond in the sum of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) with two 1855 (2) or more sufficient sureties conditioned to pay all costs in 1856 case his petition be dismissed, and an additional bond may be 1857 required, by the court, if necessary, at any subsequent stage of 1858 the proceedings.
- 1859 (7) The circuit court with whom such a petition for judicial review has been filed shall at the earliest possible date set the

1861 matter for hearing. Notice shall be given the interested parties 1862 of the time set for hearing by the circuit clerk. The hearing before the circuit court shall be de novo. 1863 The matter shall be 1864 tried to the circuit judge, without a jury. After hearing the 1865 evidence, the circuit judge shall determine whether the candidate 1866 whose qualifications have been challenged is legally qualified to 1867 have his name placed upon the ballot in question. The circuit 1868 judge may, upon disqualification of any such candidate, order that 1869 such candidate shall bear the court costs of the proceedings.

(8) Within three (3) days after judgment is rendered by the circuit court, the contestant or contestee, or both, may file an appeal in the Supreme Court upon giving a cost bond in the sum of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00), together with a bill of exceptions which shall state the point or points of law at issue with a sufficient synopsis of the facts to fully disclose the bearing and relevancy of such points of law. The bill of exceptions shall be signed by the trial judge, or in case of his absence, refusal or disability, by two (2) disinterested attorneys, as is provided by law in other cases of bills of exception. The filing of such appeals shall automatically suspend the decision of the circuit court and the appropriate election officials are entitled to proceed based upon their decision unless and until the Supreme Court, in its discretion, stays further proceedings in the matter. The appeal shall be immediately docketed in the Supreme Court and referred to the court en banc

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1886	upon briefs without oral argument unless the court shall call for
1887	oral argument, and shall be decided at the earliest possible date,
1888	as a preference case over all others. The Supreme Court shall
1889	have the authority to grant such relief as is appropriate under
1890	the circumstances.

- 1891 (9) The procedure set forth above shall be the sole and only manner in which the qualifications of a candidate seeking public 1892 1893 office who qualified pursuant to the provisions of Sections 1894 23-15-359, 23-15-213 and 23-15-361, Mississippi Code of 1972, may 1895 be challenged prior to the time of his election. After any such 1896 person has been elected to public office, the election may be 1897 challenged as otherwise provided by law. After any person assumes 1898 an elective office, his qualifications to hold that office may be contested as otherwise provided by law. 1899
- 1900 **SECTION 63.** Section 23-15-1051, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1901 brought forward as follows:
- 23-15-1051. All duties in regard to senatorial or other
 districts of more than one (1) county shall be performed by the
 State Executive Committee; and candidates for any office from such
 district shall qualify with the State Executive Committee as the
 law provides.
- 1907 **SECTION 64.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 1908 and after July 1, 2017.