MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION 2016

By: Representatives Mims, Eubanks, Dixon, To: Public Health and Human Hopkins, Henley, Crawford, Formby, Gipson Services

HOUSE BILL NO. 519 (As Sent to Governor)

1 AN ACT TO BE KNOWN AS THE MISSISSIPPI UNBORN CHILD PROTECTION 2 FROM DISMEMBERMENT ABORTION ACT; TO DEFINE CERTAIN TERMS; TO 3 PROVIDE THAT IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON TO PURPOSELY PERFORM OR 4 ATTEMPT TO PERFORM A DISMEMBERMENT ABORTION AND THEREBY KILL AN 5 UNBORN CHILD UNLESS NECESSARY TO PREVENT SERIOUS HEALTH RISK TO 6 THE UNBORN CHILD'S MOTHER; TO AUTHORIZE INJUNCTIONS TO PREVENT 7 DISMEMBERMENT ABORTIONS; TO AUTHORIZE A CAUSE OF ACTION FOR CIVIL DAMAGES AGAINST PERSONS WHO HAVE PERFORMED DISMEMBERMENT 8 9 ABORTIONS; TO PROVIDE CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF THIS 10 ACT; TO PROVIDE FOR THE PROTECTION OF PRIVACY IN COURT PROCEEDINGS FOR WOMEN UPON WHOM AN ABORTION HAS BEEN PERFORMED; AND FOR 11 12 RELATED PURPOSES.

13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 14 SECTION 1. Short title. This act may be cited as the 15 "Mississippi Unborn Child Protection from Dismemberment Abortion 16 Act." SECTION 2. Definitions. For the purposes of this act, the 17 18 following terms shall be defined as provided in this section:

19 (a) "Abortion" means the use or prescription of any instrument, medicine, drug, or any other substance or device: 20

21 (i) To purposely kill the unborn child of a woman

22 known to be pregnant; or

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23 (ii) To purposely terminate the pregnancy of a 24 woman known to be pregnant, with a purpose other than: 25 After viability to produce a live birth 1. and preserve the life and health of the child born alive; or 26 27 2. To remove a dead unborn child. 28 (b) "Attempt to perform an abortion" means to do or omit to do anything that, under the circumstances as the actor 29 believes them to be, is an act or omission constituting a 30 31 substantial step in a course of conduct planned to culminate in oneself performing an abortion. Such substantial steps include, 32 but are not limited to: 33 34 Agreeing with an individual to perform an (i) 35 abortion on that individual or on some other person, whether or 36 not the term "abortion" is used in the agreement, and whether or not the agreement is contingent on another factor such as receipt 37 38 of payment or a determination of pregnancy; or 39 Scheduling or planning a time to perform an (ii) abortion on an individual, whether or not the term "abortion" is 40 41 used, and whether or not the performance is contingent on another 42 factor such as receipt of payment or a determination of pregnancy. 43 This definition shall not be construed to require that an 44 abortion procedure actually must be initiated for an attempt to 45 occur. 46 (C) "Dismemberment abortion" means, with the purpose of

47 causing the death of an unborn child, purposely to dismember a

H. B. No. 519 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 16/HR26/R1240SG PAGE 2 (RF\KW) 48 living unborn child and extract him or her one piece at a time 49 from the uterus through use of clamps, grasping forceps, tongs, 50 scissors or similar instruments that, through the convergence of 51 two rigid levers, slice, crush, and/or grasp a portion of the 52 unborn child's body to cut or rip it off.

53 The term "dismemberment abortion" does not include an 54 abortion that uses suction to dismember the body of the unborn 55 child by sucking fetal parts into a collection container, although 56 it does include an abortion in which a dismemberment abortion is 57 used to cause the death of an unborn child but suction is 58 subsequently used to extract fetal parts after the death of the 59 unborn child.

(d) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice
medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery, or
otherwise legally authorized to perform an abortion.

(e) "Purposely" means the following: A person acts
purposely with respect to a material element of an offense when:
(i) If the element involves the nature of his
conduct or a result thereof, it is his conscious object to engage
in conduct of that nature or to cause such a result; and

(ii) If the element involves the attendant
circumstances, he is aware of the existence of those circumstances
or he believes or hopes that they exist.

(f) "Serious health risk to the unborn child's mother" means that in reasonable medical judgment, she has a condition

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81 (g) "Woman" means a female human being whether or not82 she has reached the age of majority.

83 <u>SECTION 3.</u> Dismemberment abortion prohibited. (1) 84 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it shall be unlawful 85 for any person to purposely perform or attempt to perform a 86 dismemberment abortion and thereby kill an unborn child unless 87 necessary to prevent serious health risk to the unborn child's 88 mother.

89 A person accused in any proceeding of unlawful conduct (2)under subsection (1) of this section may seek a hearing before the 90 91 State Board of Medical Licensure on whether the dismemberment 92 abortion was necessary to prevent serious health risk to the 93 unborn child's mother. The board's findings are admissible on 94 that issue at any trial in which the unlawful conduct is alleged. Upon a motion of the person accused, the court shall delay the 95 96 beginning of the trial for not more than thirty (30) days to 97 permit such a hearing to take place.

98 (3) No woman upon whom an abortion is performed or attempted 99 to be performed shall be thereby liable for performing or 100 attempting to perform a dismemberment abortion. No nurse, 101 technician, secretary, receptionist or other employee or agent who 102 is not a physician but who acts at the direction of a physician, 103 and no pharmacist or other individual who is not a physician but 104 who fills a prescription or provides instruments or materials used 105 in an abortion at the direction of or to a physician shall be 106 thereby liable for performing or attempting to perform a 107 dismemberment abortion.

108 (4) This act does not prevent abortion for any reason,109 including rape and incest by any other method.

110 <u>SECTION 4.</u> Remedies - Injunctions against dismemberment 111 abortions. (1) Civil and criminal penalties for violations of 112 this act may be imposed under the following priority:

- 113
- (a) Injunctive relief;
- 114 (b) Civil cause of action; and
- 115 (c) Criminal action.

116 (2) A cause of action for injunctive relief against a person 117 who has performed or attempted to perform a dismemberment abortion 118 in violation of Section 3 of this act may be maintained as a 119 priority action by:

120 (a) A woman upon whom such a dismemberment abortion was121 performed or attempted to be performed;

H. B. No. 519 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 16/HR26/R1240SG PAGE 5 (RF\KW) (b) A person who is the spouse, parent or guardian of, or a current or former licensed health care provider of, a woman upon whom such a dismemberment abortion was performed or attempted to be performed; or

126 (c) A prosecuting attorney with appropriate127 jurisdiction.

(3) The injunction shall prevent the defendant from
performing or attempting to perform further dismemberment
abortions in violation of Section 3 of this act in this state.

131 <u>SECTION 5.</u> Civil remedies. (1) Only in the event a cause 132 of action for injunctive relief under Section 4 has been denied by 133 a court of competent jurisdiction, a cause of action for civil 134 damages against a person who has performed a dismemberment 135 abortion in violation of Section 3 of this act may be maintained 136 by:

137 (a) Any woman upon whom a dismemberment abortion has138 been performed in violation of Section 3 of this act;

(b) The father of the unborn child, if married to the woman at the time the dismemberment abortion was performed; or (c) If the woman had not attained the age of eighteen (18) years at the time of the dismemberment abortion or has died as a result of the abortion, the maternal grandparents of the unborn child.

145 (2) No damages may be awarded a plaintiff if the pregnancy146 resulted from the plaintiff's criminal conduct.

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148 (a) Money damages for all injuries, psychological and149 physical, occasioned by the dismemberment abortion; and

(b) Statutory damages equal to three (3) times the costof the dismemberment abortion.

152 <u>SECTION 6.</u> Attorney's fees. (1) If judgment is rendered in 153 favor of the plaintiff in an action described in Section 4 or 5 of 154 this act, the court shall also render judgment for a reasonable 155 attorney's fee in favor of the plaintiff against the defendant.

(2) If judgment is rendered in favor of the defendant in an action described in Section 4 or 5 of this act and the court finds that the plaintiff's suit was frivolous and brought in bad faith, the court shall render judgment for a reasonable attorney's fee in favor of the defendant against the plaintiff.

161 (3) No attorney's fee may be assessed against the woman upon 162 whom a dismemberment abortion was performed or attempted to be 163 performed except in accordance with subsection (2) of this 164 section.

165 <u>SECTION 7.</u> Criminal penalty. Only in the event a judgment 166 is rendered in favor of the defendant in an action described in 167 Section 4 or 5 of this act, a district attorney with jurisdiction 168 may bring an indictment for criminal punishment under this 169 section. Any person who violates Section 3 of this act is guilty 170 of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine not 171 more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), or commitment to the

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173 years, or both.

174 SECTION 8. Protection of privacy in court proceedings. In every civil, criminal, or administrative proceeding or action 175 176 brought under this act, the court shall rule whether the anonymity 177 of any woman upon whom a dismemberment abortion has been performed or attempted to be performed shall be preserved from public 178 179 disclosure if she does not give her consent to the disclosure. 180 The court, upon motion or sua sponte, shall make such a ruling 181 and, upon determining that her anonymity should be preserved, 182 shall issue orders to the parties, witnesses, and counsel and 183 shall direct the sealing of the record and exclusion of 184 individuals from courtrooms or hearing rooms to the extent 185 necessary to safequard her identity from public disclosure. Each 186 such order shall be accompanied by specific written findings 187 explaining why the anonymity of the woman should be preserved from 188 public disclosure, why the order is essential to that end, how the order is narrowly tailored to serve that interest, and why no 189 190 reasonable less restrictive alternative exists. In the absence of 191 written consent of the woman upon whom a dismemberment abortion 192 has been performed or attempted to be performed, anyone other than 193 a public official who brings an action under Section 4 or 5 of 194 this act shall do so under a pseudonym. This section may not be 195 construed to conceal the identity of the plaintiff or of witnesses from the defendant or from attorneys for the defendant. 196

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200 SECTION 10. Severability. If any one or more provisions, 201 sections, subsections, sentences, clauses, phrases or words of 202 this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance 203 is found to be unconstitutional, the same is declared to be 204 severable and the balance of this act shall remain effective 205 notwithstanding such unconstitutionality. The Legislature 206 declares that it would have passed this act, and each provision, 207 section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or word thereof, 208 irrespective of the fact that any one or more provisions, 209 sections, subsections, sentences, clauses, phrases or words be 210 declared unconstitutional.

211 SECTION 11. This act shall take effect and be in force from 212 and after July 1, 2016.