By: Representatives Mims, Eubanks, Dixon, To: Public Health and Human Hopkins, Henley, Crawford, Formby, Gipson Services

## HOUSE BILL NO. 519

1 AN ACT TO BE KNOWN AS THE MISSISSIPPI UNBORN CHILD PROTECTION FROM DISMEMBERMENT ABORTION ACT; TO DEFINE CERTAIN TERMS; TO PROVIDE THAT IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON TO PURPOSELY PERFORM OR ATTEMPT TO PERFORM A DISMEMBERMENT ABORTION AND THEREBY KILL AN 5 UNBORN CHILD UNLESS NECESSARY TO PREVENT SERIOUS HEALTH RISK TO 6 THE UNBORN CHILD'S MOTHER; TO AUTHORIZE INJUNCTIONS TO PREVENT 7 DISMEMBERMENT ABORTIONS; TO AUTHORIZE A CAUSE OF ACTION FOR CIVIL DAMAGES AGAINST PERSONS WHO HAVE PERFORMED DISMEMBERMENT 8 9 ABORTIONS; TO PROVIDE CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF THIS 10 ACT; TO PROVIDE FOR THE PROTECTION OF PRIVACY IN COURT PROCEEDINGS 11 FOR WOMEN UPON WHOM AN ABORTION HAS BEEN PERFORMED; AND FOR 12 RELATED PURPOSES. 13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 14 SECTION 1. Short title. This act may be cited as the "Mississippi Unborn Child Protection from Dismemberment Abortion 15 16 Act." 17 SECTION 2. Definitions. For the purposes of this act, the 18 following terms shall be defined as provided in this section: 19 (a) "Abortion" means the use or prescription of any instrument, medicine, drug, or any other substance or device: 20

(i) To purposely kill the unborn child of a woman

known to be pregnant; or

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24	woman known to be pregnant, with a purpose other than:
25	1. After viability to produce a live birth
26	and preserve the life and health of the child born alive; or
27	2. To remove a dead unborn child.
28	(b) "Attempt to perform an abortion" means to do or
29	omit to do anything that, under the circumstances as the actor
30	believes them to be, is an act or omission constituting a
31	substantial step in a course of conduct planned to culminate in
32	oneself performing an abortion. Such substantial steps include,
33	but are not limited to:
34	(i) Agreeing with an individual to perform an
35	abortion on that individual or on some other person, whether or
36	not the term "abortion" is used in the agreement, and whether or
37	not the agreement is contingent on another factor such as receipt
38	of payment or a determination of pregnancy; or
39	(ii) Scheduling or planning a time to perform an
40	abortion on an individual, whether or not the term "abortion" is
41	used, and whether or not the performance is contingent on another

To purposely terminate the pregnancy of a

(ii)

This definition shall not be construed to require that an abortion procedure actually must be initiated for an attempt to occur.

factor such as receipt of payment or a determination of pregnancy.

46 (c) "Dismemberment abortion" means, with the purpose of 47 causing the death of an unborn child, purposely to dismember a

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- 48 living unborn child and extract him or her one piece at a time
- 49 from the uterus through use of clamps, grasping forceps, tongs,
- 50 scissors or similar instruments that, through the convergence of
- 51 two rigid levers, slice, crush, and/or grasp a portion of the
- 52 unborn child's body to cut or rip it off.
- The term "dismemberment abortion" does not include an
- 54 abortion that uses suction to dismember the body of the unborn
- 55 child by sucking fetal parts into a collection container, although
- 56 it does include an abortion in which a dismemberment abortion is
- 57 used to cause the death of an unborn child but suction is
- 58 subsequently used to extract fetal parts after the death of the
- 59 unborn child.
- (d) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice
- 61 medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery, or
- 62 otherwise legally authorized to perform an abortion.
- (e) "Purposely" means the following: A person acts
- 64 purposely with respect to a material element of an offense when:
- (i) If the element involves the nature of his
- 66 conduct or a result thereof, it is his conscious object to engage
- 67 in conduct of that nature or to cause such a result; and
- 68 (ii) If the element involves the attendant
- 69 circumstances, he is aware of the existence of those circumstances
- 70 or he believes or hopes that they exist.
- 71 (f) "Serious health risk to the unborn child's mother"
- 72 means that in reasonable medical judgment, she has a condition

- 73 that so complicates her medical condition that it necessitates the
- 74 abortion of her pregnancy to avert her death or to avert serious
- 75 risk of substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a
- 76 major bodily function, not including psychological or emotional
- 77 conditions. No such condition may be determined to exist if it is
- 78 based on a claim or diagnosis that the woman will engage in
- 79 conduct that she intends to result in her death or in substantial
- 80 and irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily function.
- 81 (g) "Woman" means a female human being whether or not
- 82 she has reached the age of majority.
- SECTION 3. Dismemberment abortion prohibited. (1)
- 84 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it shall be unlawful
- 85 for any person to purposely perform or attempt to perform a
- 86 dismemberment abortion and thereby kill an unborn child unless
- 87 necessary to prevent serious health risk to the unborn child's
- 88 mother.
- 89 (2) A person accused in any proceeding of unlawful conduct
- 90 under subsection (1) of this section may seek a hearing before the
- 91 State Board of Medical Licensure on whether the dismemberment
- 92 abortion was necessary to prevent serious health risk to the
- 93 unborn child's mother. The board's findings are admissible on
- 94 that issue at any trial in which the unlawful conduct is alleged.
- 95 Upon a motion of the person accused, the court shall delay the
- 96 beginning of the trial for not more than thirty (30) days to
- 97 permit such a hearing to take place.

98	(3) No woman upon whom an abortion is performed or attempted
99	to be performed shall be thereby liable for performing or
100	attempting to perform a dismemberment abortion. No nurse,
101	technician, secretary, receptionist or other employee or agent who
102	is not a physician but who acts at the direction of a physician,
103	and no pharmacist or other individual who is not a physician but
104	who fills a prescription or provides instruments or materials used
105	in an abortion at the direction of or to a physician shall be
106	thereby liable for performing or attempting to perform a
107	dismemberment abortion.

- 108 (4) This act does not prevent abortion for any reason, 109 including rape and incest by any other method.
- SECTION 4. Injunctions against dismemberment abortions. (1)

  A cause of action for injunctive relief against a person who has

  performed or attempted to perform a dismemberment abortion in

  violation of Section 3 of this act may be maintained by:
- 114 (a) A woman upon whom such a dismemberment abortion was
  115 performed or attempted to be performed;
- (b) A person who is the spouse, parent or guardian of,
  or a current or former licensed health care provider of, a woman
  upon whom such a dismemberment abortion was performed or attempted
  to be performed; or
- 120 (c) A prosecuting attorney with appropriate
  121 jurisdiction.

122	(2)	The	injunctio	n sh	all pr	ever	nt th	ne d	defer	ndar	nt fro	om
123	performin	g or	attemptin	g to	perfo	rm i	furth	ner	disn	nemb	permen	nt
124	abortions	in v	violation	of S	ection	. 3 (	of th	nis	act	in	this	state.

- 25 <u>SECTION 5.</u> Civil remedies. (1) A cause of action for civil damages against a person who has performed a dismemberment abortion in violation of Section 3 of this act may be maintained by:
- 129 (a) Any woman upon whom a dismemberment abortion has
  130 been performed in violation of Section 3 of this act;
- 131 (b) The father of the unborn child, if married to the 132 woman at the time the dismemberment abortion was performed; or
- (c) If the woman had not attained the age of eighteen (18) years at the time of the dismemberment abortion or has died as a result of the abortion, the maternal grandparents of the unborn child.
- 137 (2) No damages may be awarded a plaintiff if the pregnancy
  138 resulted from the plaintiff's criminal conduct.
- 139 (3) Damages awarded in such an action shall include:
- 140 (a) Money damages for all injuries, psychological and 141 physical, occasioned by the dismemberment abortion; and
- 142 (b) Statutory damages equal to three (3) times the cost 143 of the dismemberment abortion.
- 144 <u>SECTION 6.</u> Attorney's fees. (1) If judgment is rendered in 145 favor of the plaintiff in an action described in Section 4 or 5 of

146	this act,	the	court	shall	also	render	judgment	for a	reasonable
147	attorney':	s fee	in fa	avor of	f the	plainti	iff agains	st the	defendant.

- 148 (2) If judgment is rendered in favor of the defendant in an 149 action described in Section 4 or 5 of this act and the court finds 150 that the plaintiff's suit was frivolous and brought in bad faith, 151 the court shall render judgment for a reasonable attorney's fee in 152 favor of the defendant against the plaintiff.
- 153 (3) No attorney's fee may be assessed against the woman upon
  154 whom a dismemberment abortion was performed or attempted to be
  155 performed except in accordance with subsection (2) of this
  156 section.
- SECTION 7. Criminal penalty. Any person who violates

  Section 3 of this act is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction,

  shall be punished by a fine not more than Ten Thousand Dollars

  (\$10,000.00), or commitment to the custody of the Department of

  Corrections for not more than two (2) years, or both.
- 162 SECTION 8. Protection of privacy in court proceedings. every civil, criminal, or administrative proceeding or action 163 164 brought under this act, the court shall rule whether the anonymity 165 of any woman upon whom a dismemberment abortion has been performed 166 or attempted to be performed shall be preserved from public 167 disclosure if she does not give her consent to the disclosure. The court, upon motion or sua sponte, shall make such a ruling 168 and, upon determining that her anonymity should be preserved, 169 shall issue orders to the parties, witnesses, and counsel and 170

171 shall direct the sealing of the record and exclusion of 172 individuals from courtrooms or hearing rooms to the extent necessary to safequard her identity from public disclosure. 173 174 such order shall be accompanied by specific written findings 175 explaining why the anonymity of the woman should be preserved from 176 public disclosure, why the order is essential to that end, how the order is narrowly tailored to serve that interest, and why no 177 178 reasonable less restrictive alternative exists. In the absence of 179 written consent of the woman upon whom a dismemberment abortion 180 has been performed or attempted to be performed, anyone other than 181 a public official who brings an action under Section 4 or 5 of 182 this act shall do so under a pseudonym. This section may not be 183 construed to conceal the identity of the plaintiff or of witnesses from the defendant or from attorneys for the defendant. 184

SECTION 9. Construction. Nothing in this act shall be construed as creating or recognizing a right to abortion, nor a right to a particular method of abortion.

SECTION 10. Severability. If any one or more provisions, sections, subsections, sentences, clauses, phrases or words of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is found to be unconstitutional, the same is declared to be severable and the balance of this act shall remain effective notwithstanding such unconstitutionality. The Legislature declares that it would have passed this act, and each provision, section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or word thereof,

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- 196 irrespective of the fact that any one or more provisions,
- 197 sections, subsections, sentences, clauses, phrases or words be
- 198 declared unconstitutional.
- 199 **SECTION 11.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 200 and after July 1, 2016.