MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION 2015

By: Senator(s) Parker, Massey

To: Judiciary, Division A

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 2148

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 93-11-65, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972,
TO PROVIDE THAT CHILD SUPPORT FOR A CHILD WITH A DISABILITY MAY
CONTINUE PAST THE AGE OF MAJORITY; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
SECTION 1. Section 93-11-65, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
amended as follows:

93-11-65. (1) (a) In addition to the right to proceed 7 under Section 93-5-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, and in addition 8 9 to the remedy of habeas corpus in proper cases, and other existing remedies, the chancery court of the proper county shall have 10 jurisdiction to entertain suits for the custody, care, support and 11 12 maintenance of minor children and to hear and determine all such matters, and shall, if need be, require bond, sureties or other 13 14 guarantee to secure any order for periodic payments for the maintenance or support of a child. * * * If a legally responsible 15 16 parent has health insurance available to him or her through an employer or organization that may extend benefits to the 17 dependents of such parent, any order of support issued against 18

S. B. No. 2148	~ OFFICIAL ~	G1/2
15/SS02/R36CS		
PAGE 1		

19 such parent may require him or her to exercise the option of 20 additional coverage in favor of such children as he or she is 21 legally responsible to support. Proceedings may be brought by or 22 against a resident or nonresident of the State of Mississippi, 23 whether or not having the actual custody of minor children, for 24 the purpose of judicially determining the legal custody of a child. All actions herein authorized may be brought in the county 25 26 where the child is actually residing, or in the county of the 27 residence of the party who has actual custody, or of the residence of the defendant. Process shall be had upon the parties as 28 29 provided by law for process in person or by publication, if they 30 be nonresidents of the state or residents of another jurisdiction 31 or are not found therein after diligent search and inquiry or are 32 unknown after diligent search and inquiry; provided that the court or chancellor in vacation may fix a date in termtime or in 33 34 vacation to which process may be returnable and shall have power 35 to proceed in termtime or vacation. * * * However, * * * if the court shall find that both parties are fit and proper persons to 36 37 have custody of the children, and that either party is able to 38 adequately provide for the care and maintenance of the children, 39 the chancellor may consider the preference of a child of twelve 40 (12) years of age or older as to the parent with whom the child 41 would prefer to live in determining what would be in the best 42 interest and welfare of the child. The chancellor shall place on the record the reason or reasons for which the award of custody 43

S. B. No. 2148 15/SS02/R36CS PAGE 2 44 was made and explain in detail why the wishes of any child were or 45 were not honored.

(b) An order of child support shall specify the sum to be paid weekly or otherwise. In addition to providing for support and education, the order shall also provide for the support of the child prior to the making of the order for child support, and such other expenses as the court may deem proper.

(c) The court may require the payment to be made to the custodial parent, or to some person or corporation to be designated by the court as trustee, but if the child or custodial parent is receiving public assistance, the Department of Human Services shall be made the trustee.

(d) The noncustodial parent's liabilities for past education and necessary support and maintenance and other expenses are limited to a period of one (1) year next preceding the commencement of an action.

(2) * * * <u>If</u> the proof shows that both parents have separate
incomes or estates, the court may require that each parent
contribute to the support and maintenance of the children in
proportion to the relative financial ability of each.

(3) Whenever the court has ordered a party to make periodic
payments for the maintenance or support of a child, but no bond,
sureties or other guarantee has been required to secure such
payments, and whenever such payments as have become due remain
unpaid for a period of at least thirty (30) days, the court may,

S. B. No. 2148 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 15/SS02/R36CS PAGE 3 upon petition of the person to whom such payments are owing, or such person's legal representative, enter an order requiring that bond, sureties or other security be given by the person obligated to make such payments, the amount and sufficiency of which shall be approved by the court. The obligor shall, as in other civil actions, be served with process and shall be entitled to a hearing in such case.

76 (4) When a charge of abuse or neglect of a child first 77 arises in the course of a custody or maintenance action pending in 78 the chancery court pursuant to this section, the chancery court 79 may proceed with the investigation, hearing and determination of 80 such abuse or neglect charge as a part of its hearing and 81 determination of the custody or maintenance issue as between the 82 parents, as provided in Section 43-21-151, notwithstanding the 83 other provisions of the Youth Court Law. The proceedings in 84 chancery court on the abuse or neglect charge shall be 85 confidential in the same manner as provided in youth court proceedings, and the chancery court shall appoint a guardian ad 86 87 litem in such cases, as provided under Section 43-21-121 for youth 88 court proceedings, who shall be an attorney. In determining 89 whether any portion of a quardian ad litem's fee shall be assessed 90 against any party or parties as a cost of court for reimbursement 91 to the county, the court shall consider each party's individual 92 ability to pay. Unless the chancery court's jurisdiction has been terminated, all disposition orders in such cases for placement 93

S. B. No. 2148 15/SS02/R36CS PAGE 4 ~ OFFICIAL ~

94 with the Department of Human Services shall be reviewed by the 95 court or designated authority at least annually to determine if 96 continued placement with the department is in the best interest of 97 the child or the public.

98 Each party to a paternity or child support proceeding (5)99 shall notify the other within five (5) days after any change of 100 In addition, the noncustodial and custodial parent shall address. 101 file and update, with the court and with the state case registry, 102 information on that party's location and identity, including 103 social security number, residential and mailing addresses, telephone numbers, photograph, driver's license number, and name, 104 105 address and telephone number of the party's employer. This 106 information shall be required upon entry of an order or within 107 five (5) days of a change of address.

108 (6) In any case subsequently enforced by the Department of
109 Human Services pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act,
110 the court shall have continuing jurisdiction.

(7) In any subsequent child support enforcement action between the parties, upon sufficient showing that diligent effort has been made to ascertain the location of a party, due process requirements for notice and service of process shall be deemed to be met with respect to the party upon delivery of written notice to the most recent residential or employer address filed with the state case registry.

S. B. No. 2148 15/SS02/R36CS PAGE 5 (8) (a) The duty of support of a child terminates upon the emancipation of the child. Unless otherwise provided for in the underlying child support judgment, emancipation shall occur when the child:

122 (i) Attains the age of twenty-one (21) years, or
123 (ii) Marries, or
124 (iii) Joins the military and serves on a full-time

125 basis, or

(iv) Is convicted of a felony and is sentenced to incarceration of two (2) or more years for committing such felony; * * *

(b) Unless otherwise provided for in the underlying child support judgment, the court may determine that emancipation has occurred and no other support obligation exists when the child:

133 (i) Discontinues full-time enrollment in school
134 having attained the age of eighteen (18) years, unless the child
135 is disabled, or

(ii) Voluntarily moves from the home of the custodial parent or guardian, establishes independent living arrangements, obtains full-time employment and discontinues educational endeavors prior to attaining the age of twenty-one (21) years, or

141 (iii) Cohabits with another person without the 142 approval of the parent obligated to pay support; * * *

S. B. No. 2148 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 15/SS02/R36CS PAGE 6 143 (C) The duty of support of a child who is incarcerated but not emancipated shall be suspended for the period of the 144 child's incarceration * * *; 145 146 (d) (i) The court may order, with written findings of 147 fact, that the duty of child support continues past the 148 anticipated age of majority if the minor child has a disability 149 that was present during the child's minority which prevents the 150 child from living independent of a parent or guardian and there is

151 <u>no public program that would better serve the child's needs; the</u> 152 <u>court may also make, modify or leave in place previous orders</u> 153 <u>regarding custody, visitation, payment of medical expenses or any</u> 154 <u>other matters regarding the health, maintenance, education and</u> 155 <u>welfare of the child with a disability;</u>

156 (ii) If public funds are subsequently provided, 157 this will constitute a change in circumstances so that the amount 158 of public funds will offset the parent's support; the court can 159 also find that any other changes in circumstances justify revision 160 of the order of support as for other cases.

(9) A determination of emancipation does not terminate any obligation of the noncustodial parent to satisfy arrearage existing as of the date of emancipation; the total amount of periodic support due prior to the emancipation plus any periodic amounts ordered paid toward the arrearage shall continue to be owed until satisfaction of the arrearage in full, in addition to

S. B. No. 2148 15/SS02/R36CS PAGE 7 167 the right of the person for whom the obligation is owed to execute 168 for collection as may be provided by law.

(10) Upon motion of a party requesting temporary child support pending a determination of parentage, temporary support shall be ordered if there is clear and convincing evidence of paternity on the basis of genetic tests or other evidence, unless the court makes written findings of fact on the record that the award of temporary support would be unjust or inappropriate in a particular case.

(11) Custody and visitation upon military temporary duty,deployment or mobilization shall be governed by Section 93-5-34.

178 **SECTION 2.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 179 and after July 1, 2015, and shall stand repealed on June 30, 2015.