By: Senator(s) Hopson

To: Public Health and Welfare; Appropriations

SENATE BILL NO. 2054

AN ACT ENTITLED THE "MISSISSIPPI UNIFORM SMOKE-FREE PUBLIC PLACE ACT OF 2015"; TO PROHIBIT SMOKING IN PUBLIC PLACES; TO PROVIDE FOR DEFINITIONS; TO PROHIBIT SMOKING IN CERTAIN PUBLIC PLACES AND AREAS; TO PROHIBIT SMOKING IN ANY INDOOR OR OUTDOOR 5 PUBLIC FACILITY IN MISSISSIPPI DURING ANY TIME THAT PERSONS UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE ARE ENGAGED IN AN ORGANIZED ATHLETIC EVENT IN THE 7 FACILITY; TO PROVIDE FOR EXCEPTIONS; TO PROVIDE FOR POSTING OF SIGNS AND REMOVAL OF ASHTRAYS; TO PROVIDE FOR AN INFORMATIONAL 8 9 PROGRAM; TO PROVIDE FOR ENFORCEMENT BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH; TO PROVIDE THAT VIOLATIONS OF SMOKING PROHIBITION ARE 10 11 PUNISHABLE BY CIVIL PENALTY; TO PROVIDE THAT THIS PROHIBITION 12 SUPERSEDES LOCAL ORDINANCES; TO AMEND SECTIONS 29-5-160, 29-5-161 AND 29-5-163, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT ALL ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTY PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT SHALL BE APPLICABLE 14 15 TO THE STATUTES PROHIBITING SMOKING IN GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS, TO 16 PROVIDE THAT PROHIBITIONS ON SMOKING IN GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS ARE 17 APPLICABLE TO GOVERNMENT-OWNED VEHICLES AND TO PROVIDE THAT PROHIBITIONS ON SMOKING IN UNIVERSITY OR COLLEGE BUILDINGS ARE 18 19 APPLICABLE TO PRIVATE UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES; TO AMEND SECTION 20 97-32-27, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROHIBIT SMOKING IN ALL PRIVATE SCHOOL BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 21 2.2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 23 SECTION 1. Title. This act shall be known as the 24 "Mississippi Uniform Smoke-Free Public Place Act of 2015." 25 SECTION 2. Findings. (1) Information available to the 26 Legislature based upon scientific research data has shown that

- 27 nonsmokers often receive damage to their health from the smoking
- 28 of tobacco by others.
- 29 Direct smoking of tobacco and indirect smoking of
- 30 tobacco through inhaling the smoke of those who are smoking nearby
- 31 are major causes of preventable diseases and death.
- 32 (3) Secondhand smoke is a known cause of lung cancer, heart
- disease, chronic lung ailments such as bronchitis and asthma, 33
- 34 particularly in children, and low-weight births.
- 35 Implementing laws that prohibit tobacco usage in certain
- 36 public areas, buildings and facilities is an effective approach to
- 37 reducing secondhand smoke exposure among nonsmokers.
- 38 It is therefore declared to be the public policy of the (5)
- 39 State of Mississippi that the rights of Mississippians be
- protected in the manner provided in this act. 40
- 41 SECTION 3. Definitions. The following words and phrases
- 42 shall have the meanings ascribed in this section, unless the
- 43 context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 44 "Alcoholic beverage" means any alcoholic beverage (a)
- 45 as defined in Section 67-1-5(a).
- "Bar" means a business that is devoted to the 46 (b)
- 47 serving of light wine or beer for consumption by guests on the
- 48 premises.
- 49 "Business" means any sole proprietorship,
- partnership, joint venture, corporation or other legal entity 50
- 51 formed for profit-making purposes, including retail establishments

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- 52 where goods or services are sold as well as professional
- 53 corporations and other entities where legal, medical, dental,
- 54 engineering, architectural or other professional services are
- 55 delivered.
- (d) "Employee" means any person who is employed by any
- 57 employer in the consideration for direct or indirect monetary
- 58 wages or profit and any person who volunteers his or her services.
- (e) "Employer" means any person, partnership,
- 60 corporation, including a municipal corporation, or nonprofit
- 61 entity, that employs the services of one or more individual
- 62 persons.
- (f) "Enclosed area" means all space between a floor and
- 64 ceiling that is enclosed on all sides by solid walls or windows,
- 65 excluding doors or passageways, that extend from the floor to the
- 66 ceiling, including all space therein screened by partitions that
- 67 do not extend to the ceiling or are not solid, office landscaping
- 68 or similar structures.
- (g) "Place of employment" means an enclosed area under
- 70 the control of a public or private employer that employees
- 71 normally frequent during the course of employment, including, but
- 72 not limited to, work areas, employee lounges and restrooms,
- 73 conference and classrooms, employee cafeterias and hallways. A
- 74 private residence is not a "place of employment" unless it is used
- 75 as a child care facility, as defined in Section 43-20-5, adult day

- 76 care or health care facility that is licensed or regulated by the 77 State Department of Health.
- 78 (h) "Private club" means a facility owned or operated
- 79 by an association or corporation, which does not operate for
- 80 pecuniary gain or have regular employees and which only sells
- 81 alcoholic beverages incidental to its operation. Affairs and
- 82 management of the organization are conducted by a board of
- 83 directors, executive committee, or similar body chosen by the
- 84 members at an annual meeting. The organization has established
- 85 bylaws and/or a constitution to govern its activities. The
- 86 organization has been granted a Section 501 exemption from the
- 87 payment of federal income taxes as a club under 26 USC. Entry
- 88 into and use of a private club is restricted to members only.
- 89 When a private club is open to the public, it does not meet this
- 90 definition. Private club also means an organization, whether
- 91 incorporated or not, which is the owner, lessee, or occupant of a
- 92 building or portion thereof used exclusively for club purposes at
- 93 all times, which is operated solely for a recreational, fraternal,
- 94 social, patriotic, political, benevolent or athletic purposes, but
- 95 not for pecuniary gain.
- 96 (i) "Public conveyance" means buses, taxis, trains,
- 97 trolleys, boats and other means of public transit when used for
- 98 public conveyance.
- 99 (j) "Public place" means any enclosed area to which the
- 100 public is invited or in which the public is permitted, including,

101 but not limited to, banks, educational facilities, health

102 facilities, laundromats, public transportation facilities,

reception areas, restaurants, retail food production and marketing 103

establishments, retail service establishments, retail stores, 104

105 theaters and waiting rooms. A private resident is not a "public

106 place."

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107 "Restaurant" means a place which is regularly and (k) 108 in a bona fide manner used and kept open for the serving of meals 109 to guests for compensation, which has suitable seating facilities

for guests, and which has suitable kitchen facilities connected

111 therewith for cooking an assortment of foods and meals commonly

ordered at various hours of the day; the service of such food as 112

113 sandwiches and salads only shall not be deemed in compliance with

this requirement. No place shall qualify as a restaurant under 114

this act unless twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the revenue 115

116 derived from such place shall be from the preparation, cooking and

117 serving of meals and not from the sale of beverages, or unless the

value of food given to and consumed by customers is equal to 118

119 twenty-five percent (25%) or more of total revenue. The term

"restaurant" does not include a "restaurant bar" as defined in

121 paragraph (1) of this section.

122 "Restaurant bar" means a separate enclosed area of

123 a restaurant that serves alcoholic beverages for consumption by

124 quests of legal age to consume alcoholic beverages on the

125 premises.

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126	(m) "Retail tobacco store" means a retail store
127	utilized primarily for the sale of tobacco products and
128	accessories and in which the sale of other products is merely
129	incidental.

- 130 (n) "Service line" means any indoor line at which one
 131 or more persons are waiting for or receiving service of any kind,
 132 whether or not the service involves the exchange of money.
- 133 (o) "Smoking" means inhaling, exhaling, burning,
 134 carrying or otherwise possessing any lighted cigarette, cigar,
 135 pipe or any other object or device of any form that contains
 136 lighted tobacco or any other smoking product.
- (p) "Sports arena" means sports pavilions, gymnasiums,
 health spas, boxing arenas, swimming pools, roller and ice rinks,
 bowling alleys and other similar places where members of the
 general public assemble either to engage in or witness physical
 exercise, athletic competition or other sports entertainment
 events.
- SECTION 4. Prohibitions on smoking. (1) Smoking is
 prohibited in all enclosed public places in the State of
 Mississippi, including, but not limited to, the following places:
- 146 (a) Elevators;
- 147 (b) Restrooms, lobbies, reception areas, hallways and 148 any other common-use areas;
- 149 (c) Buses, taxicabs and other means of public 150 conveyance;

151	(d)	Service	lines;

- 152 (e) Retail stores;
- (f) All areas available to and customarily used by the
- 154 general public in all businesses and nonprofit entities patronized
- 155 by the public, including, but not limited to, banks, laundromats,
- 156 hotels and motels;
- 157 (g) Restaurants;
- 158 (h) Public areas of aquariums, galleries, libraries and
- 159 museums when open to the public;
- 160 (i) Any facility that is primarily used for exhibiting
- 161 any motion picture, state, drama, lecture, musical recital or
- 162 other similar performance, except performers when smoking is part
- 163 of a stage production;
- 164 (j) Sports arenas and convention centers;
- 165 (k) Waiting rooms, hallways, wards and semiprivate
- 166 rooms of health facilities, including, but not limited to,
- 167 hospitals, clinics, physical therapy facilities, doctors' offices,
- 168 dentists' offices, personal care homes, hospices and birthing
- 169 facilities;
- 170 (1) Indoor lobbies, hallways, and other common areas in
- 171 apartment buildings, condominiums, trailer parks, retirement
- 172 facilities, nursing homes and other multiple-unit residential
- 173 facilities; and
- 174 (m) Polling places during the days and hours of
- 175 operation.

176	(2)	Smoking	shall	not be	allowed	within	twenty	(20)	feet	of
177	any entra	nce to a	buildi	ng or p	passagewa	ay outs:	ide any	enclo	osed	
178	area.									

- 179 (3) No person shall smoke in any indoor or outdoor public 180 facility in Mississippi during any time that persons under 181 eighteen (18) years of age are engaged in an organized athletic 182 event in the facility, except as permitted under subsection (3)(c) 183 of this section. The person, agency or entity having jurisdiction 184 or supervision over a public facility shall not allow smoking in the facility in violation of this section, and shall use 185 186 reasonable efforts to prevent such smoking in the facility, 187 including, but not limited to, the following:
- 188 (a) Posting appropriate signs informing persons that
 189 such smoking is prohibited in the public facility.
- 190 (b) Securing the removal of persons who smoke in the 191 public facility in violation of this section.
- 192 (c) Providing a designated area separate from the 193 fields of activity, to which smoking shall be restricted.
- 194 If the actions of a person violate both this subsection (3) 195 and Section 97-32-29, the person shall be liable only under this 196 subsection (3) or Section 97-32-29, but not under both sections.
- 197 (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to
 198 the contrary, any owner, operator, manager or other person who
 199 controls any establishment or facility may declare that the entire
 200 establishment or facility is a nonsmoking establishment.

201	SECTION 5. Exemptions. (1) Notwithstanding any other
202	provision of this act to the contrary, the following areas shall
203	not be subject to the smoking restrictions of this act:
204	(a) Bars;
205	(b) Private residences, except when used as a licensed
206	child care facility;
207	(c) Hotel and motel rooms;
208	(d) Retail tobacco and convenience stores;
209	(e) Restaurants, hotel and motel conference or meeting
210	rooms and public and private assembly rooms while these places are
211	being used for private functions;
212	(f) Any facility licensed by the Mississippi Gaming
213	Commission;
214	(g) All public schools and campuses within the State of
215	Mississippi regulated under Section 97-32-25 et seq.;
216	(h) Cigar bars;
217	(i) Private clubs;
218	(j) Restaurant bars if secondhand smoke does not
219	infiltrate into areas where smoking is prohibited under this act;
220	(k) Outdoor areas of employment;
221	(1) All workplaces of any manufacturer, importer or
222	wholesaler of tobacco products, of any tobacco leaf dealer or
223	processor, and all tobacco storage facilities.
224	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to

the contrary, any owner, operator, manager or other person who

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226	controls	any es	tablishment	described	d in	this	section	may	declare
227	that the	entire	establishme	ent is a r	nonsr	noking	g establ:	ishme	ent.

- 228 **SECTION 6.** Notice of prohibition of smoking. (1) Every 229 public place where smoking is prohibited by this act shall have 230 posted at every entrance a conspicuous sign clearly stating that 231 smoking is prohibited.
- 232 (2) All ashtrays and other smoking paraphernalia shall be 233 removed from any area where smoking is prohibited by this act by 234 the owner, operator, manager or other person having control of 235 that area.
- 236 (3) An owner, manager or operator of a place where smoking 237 is restricted shall inform any person who is smoking in violation 238 of this act that smoking is not allowed and request that person 239 stop smoking immediately.

SECTION 7. Rules; promulgation and enforcement authority. 240

- 241 The State Board of Health may adopt reasonable rules and 242 regulations that it determines are necessary or useful to carry out the purposes or facilitate enforcement of this act. 243
- 244 (2) The State Department of Health and its authorized agents 245 may enforce compliance with this act and any rules and regulations 246 adopted and promulgated under this act by the board.
- 247 (3) Under rules of the board, the department and its 248 authorized agents may enter upon and inspect the premises of any public place or enclosed area within a place of employment at any 249 reasonable time and in a reasonable manner. 250

- 251 (4) An owner, manager or operator of a place where smoking 252 is prohibited that complies with the provisions set forth in this 253 section will be held harmless and may not be cited for any 254 penalties resulting from an individual's refusal to comply with
- 255 the provisions of this act.
- 256 **SECTION 8. Act supersedes local ordinances.** (1) The
- 257 Mississippi Legislature finds and determines a single statewide
- 258 standard for smoking in enclosed areas that are also public places
- 259 to be a matter of statewide concern. It is declared that this act
- 260 preempts all municipal and county laws, charters, ordinances,
- 261 rules and regulations relating to smoking in the locations set
- 262 forth in Sections 4 and 5 of this act except for those
- 263 municipalities that have enacted laws, charters, ordinances, rules
- 264 and regulations relating to smoking prior to passage of this act.
- 265 (2) This act may not be construed to permit smoking where it
- 266 is otherwise restricted by other applicable laws or employer
- 267 policies.
- 268 **SECTION 9. Civil penalties.** Any person who violates this
- 269 act shall be subject to a civil fine and upon conviction shall be
- 270 liable as follows:
- 271 (a) For a first conviction, a fine of Twenty-five
- 272 Dollars (\$25.00);
- (b) For a second conviction, a fine of Seventy-five
- 274 Dollars (\$75.00); and

- 275 (c) For all subsequent convictions, a fine not to exceed One Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$150.00).
- 277 Anyone convicted under this section shall be recorded as
- 278 being fined for a civil violation of this act and not for
- 279 violating a criminal statute. Any such violation shall be triable
- 280 in any justice court or municipal court with proper jurisdiction.
- It is the responsibility of all law enforcement officers and
- 282 law enforcement agencies of this state to ensure that the
- 283 provisions of this act are enforced.
- 284 **SECTION 10.** A person or employer shall not discharge, refuse
- 285 to hire or in any manner retaliate against any employee, applicant
- 286 for employment or customer because the employee, applicant or
- 287 customer exercises any right to smoke-free environment afforded by
- 288 this act.
- 289 **SECTION 11.** Section 29-5-160, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 290 amended as follows:
- 291 29-5-160. Sections 29-5-160 through 29-5-163 shall be known
- 292 and may be cited as the "Mississippi Clean * * * Air in Government
- 293 Buildings Act."
- 294 **SECTION 12.** Section 29-5-161, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 295 amended as follows:
- 296 29-5-161. (1) As used in this section:
- 297 (a) "Smoke" or "smoking" means inhaling, exhaling,
- 298 burning, carrying or otherwise possessing any lighted cigarette,

299 cigar, pipe or any other object or device of any form that 300 contains lighted tobacco.

301 "Government building" means the New State Capitol 302 Building, the Woolfolk State Office Building, the Carroll Gartin 303 Justice Building, the Walter Sillers Office Building, the Heber 304 Ladner Building, the Department of Transportation Building, the 305 Robert E. Lee Office Building, the Robert G. Clark, Jr. Building, 306 the State Board of Health Building, the Public Employees' 307 Retirement System Building, the Central High Building, the Court of Appeals Building, the War Veterans' Memorial Building, the 308 State Archives Building, the Ike Sanford Veterans Affairs 309 310 Building, the Old State Capitol Building, the Burroughs Building, 311 the Mayfair Building, 101 Capitol Centre and any other facility in 312 the state that is owned or leased by the State of Mississippi or any agency, department or institution of the state and that is 313 314 used for housing state employees during the time of performance of 315 their regular duties for the state; any building owned, rented, leased, occupied or operated by the state, including the 316 317 legislative, executive and judicial branches of state government; 318 any county, municipality or any other political subdivision of the 319 state; any public authority, commission, agency or public benefit 320 corporation; or any other separate corporate instrumentality or unit of state or local government. If only part of a facility is 321 leased by the state or an agency, department or institution of the 322 323 state, or any county, municipality or other political subdivision

324	of the	state	, only	the	leased	part	of	the	facility	y will	be
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- 325 considered to be a government building for the purposes of this
- 326 definition. The term "government building" shall not include any
- 327 building owned or leased by the state institutions of higher
- 328 learning or the public community and junior colleges or any space
- 329 in a government building used by law enforcement officers.
- 330 (c) "University or college classroom building" means
- 331 any building used by the state institutions of higher learning or
- 332 the public community and junior colleges or a privately owned
- 333 university or college exclusively for student instructional
- 334 purposes. The term includes classrooms, auditoriums, theaters,
- 335 laboratories, hallways and restrooms. Smoking policies applicable
- 336 in the private offices of faculty and staff and other "smoking
- 337 permitted" space may be determined by each academic and
- 338 administrative department.
- 339 (2) No person shall smoke in any government building, except
- 340 as follows: The State Veterans Affairs Board may designate
- 341 smoking areas in the state veterans homes operated by the board in
- 342 which smoking will be permitted.
- 343 (3) No person shall smoke in any university or college
- 344 classroom building.
- 345 (4) The person, agency or entity having jurisdiction or
- 346 supervision over a government building or university/college
- 347 classroom building shall not allow smoking in the government or
- 348 university/college classroom building, except in designated

349	smoking areas as authorized in subsection (2) of this section, and
350	shall use reasonable efforts to prevent smoking in such building,
351	including, but not limited to, the following:
352	(a) Posting appropriate signs informing employees,
353	invitees, guests and other persons that smoking is prohibited in
354	the building.
355	(b) Securing the removal of persons who smoke in the
356	building.
357	(5) The provisions of this section relating to the
358	prohibition of smoking in government buildings or university or
359	college classroom buildings shall be fully applicable in all
360	vehicles owned, leased or operated by a state agency or any other
361	entity of state, county, or municipal government or any state
362	institution of higher learning or a public community/junior
363	college.
364	(6) The State Board of Health may adopt reasonable rules and
365	regulations applicable to the prohibition of smoking in government
366	buildings or university or college classroom buildings as provided
367	in this section that it determines are necessary to carry out the
368	purposes or facilitate enforcement of this section and this act
369	relating to the prohibition of smoking in public places. The
370	State Department of Health and its authorized agents may enforce
371	compliance with this section and any rules and regulations adopted
372	and promulgated under this section by the board. Under rules of

the board, the department and its authorized agents may enter upon

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- 374 and inspect the premises of any government building or university
- 375 or college classroom building at any reasonable time and in a
- 376 reasonable manner.
- 377 (7) A person or employer shall not discharge, refuse to hire
- 378 or in any manner retaliate against any employee, applicant for
- 379 employment or customer because the employee, applicant or customer
- 380 <u>exercises any right to smoke-free environment afforded by this</u>
- 381 act.
- 382 **SECTION 13.** Section 29-5-163, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 383 amended as follows:
- 384 29-5-163. Sections 29-5-160 and 29-5-161 shall not be
- interpreted or construed to permit smoking where it is otherwise
- 386 restricted by other applicable laws * * *. It is declared that
- 387 this act preempts all municipal and county laws, charters,
- 388 ordinances, rules and regulations relating to smoking in the
- 389 locations set forth in Sections 4 and 5 of this act except for
- 390 those municipalities that have enacted laws, charters, ordinances,
- 391 rules and regulations relating to smoking prior to passage of this
- 392 act.
- 393 **SECTION 14.** Section 97-32-27, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 394 amended as follows:
- 395 97-32-27. (1) "Adult" means any natural person at least
- 396 eighteen (18) years old.
- 397 (2) "Minor" means any natural person under the age of

398 eighteen (18) years.

399	3) "Person"	means	anv	natural	person.

- 400 (4) "Tobacco product" means any substance that contains
 401 tobacco, including, but not limited to, cigarettes, cigars, pipes,
 402 snuff, smoking tobacco or smokeless tobacco.
- "Educational property" means any public or private 403 (5) 404 school building or bus, public school campus, grounds, 405 recreational area, athletic field or other property owned, used or 406 operated by any local school board, school or directors for the 407 administration of any public or private educational institution or during a school-related activity; provided, however, that the term 408 409 "educational property" shall not include any sixteenth section 410 school land or lieu land on which is not located a public school 411 building, public school campus, public school recreational area or public school athletic field. Educational property shall not 412 413 include property owned or operated by the state institutions of 414 higher learning, the public community and junior colleges, or 415 vocational-technical complexes * * * and privately owned colleges and universities. 416
- SECTION 15. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2015.