MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION 2014

By: Senator(s) Simmons (12th)

To: Insurance; Judiciary, Division A

SENATE BILL NO. 2210

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 71-3-13, 71-3-17, 71-3-21 AND 2 71-3-25, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO INCREASE THE MAXIMUM TOTAL 3 COMPENSATION THAT AN EMPLOYEE MAY RECOVER UNDER THE WORKERS' 4 COMPENSATION LAW, AND TO PROVIDE THAT COMPENSATION FOR PERMANENT 5 TOTAL DISABILITY SHALL BE PAID TO THE EMPLOYEE UNTIL HIS DEATH; 6 AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 7 8 SECTION 1. Section 71-3-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows: 9

10 71-3-13. (1) Compensation for disability or in death cases 11 shall not exceed sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the 12 average weekly wage for the state per week, nor shall it be less 13 than Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) per week except in partial 14 dependency cases and in partial disability cases.

15 (2) Maximum recovery: The total recovery of compensation
16 hereunder, exclusive of medical payments under Section 71-3-15,

17 and compensation for permanent total disability under Section

18 $\frac{71-3-17(a)}{a}$, arising from the injury to an employee or the death of 19 an employee, or any combination of such injury or death, shall not

20 exceed the multiple of *** * *** <u>five hundred twenty (520)</u> weeks times

s.	в.	No.	2210	~ OFFICIAL ~	G1/2
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21 sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly 22 wage for the state.

23 SECTION 2. Section 71-3-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 24 amended as follows:

25 71-3-17. Compensation for disability shall be paid to the 26 employee as follows:

27 Permanent total disability: In case of total (a) 28 disability adjudged to be permanent, sixty-six and two-thirds 29 percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly wages of the injured 30 employee * * * shall be paid to the employee * * * until his 31 death. Loss of both hands, or both arms, or both feet, or both legs, or both eyes, or of any two (2) thereof shall constitute 32 permanent total disability. In all other cases, permanent total 33 34 disability shall be determined in accordance with the facts.

35 (b) Temporary total disability: In case of disability, 36 total in character but temporary in quality, sixty-six and 37 two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly wages of the injured employee, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly 38 39 benefits as set up in this chapter, shall be paid to the employee 40 during the continuance of such disability not to exceed four 41 hundred fifty (450) weeks or an amount greater than the multiple 42 of four hundred fifty (450) weeks times sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly wage for the state. 43 Provided, however, if there arises a conflict in medical opinions 44 of whether or not the claimant has reached maximum medical 45

S. B. No. 2210 14/SS01/R388 PAGE 2 (tb\rc) 46 recovery and the claimant's benefits have been terminated by the 47 carrier, then the claimant may demand an immediate hearing before 48 the commissioner upon five (5) days' notice to the carrier for a 49 determination by the commission of whether or not in fact the 50 claimant has reached maximum recovery.

51 (C) Permanent partial disability: In case of 52 disability partial in character but permanent in quality, the compensation shall be sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) 53 54 of the average weekly wages of the injured employee, subject to 55 the maximum limitations as to weekly benefits as set up in this 56 chapter, which shall be paid following compensation for temporary 57 total disability paid in accordance with paragraph (b) of this 58 section, and shall be paid to the employee as follows:

59	Member Lost	Number Weeks Compensation
60	(1) Arm	200
61	(2) Leg	175
62	(3) Hand	150
63	(4) Foot	125
64	(5) Eye	100
65	(6) Thumb	60
66	(7) First finger	35
67	(8) Great toe	30
68	(9) Second finger	30
69	(10) Third finger	20
70	(11) Toe other than g	reat toe 10

S. B. No. 2210	~ OFFICIAL ~
14/SS01/R388	
PAGE 3 (tb\rc)	

71 (12)Fourth finger 15 72 (13)Testicle, one 50 73 Testicle, both 150 (14)74 Breast, female, one 50 (15)75 (16)Breast, female, both 150 76 (17)Loss of hearing: Compensation for loss of 77 hearing of one (1) ear, forty (40) weeks. Compensation for loss 78 of hearing of both ears, one hundred fifty (150) weeks. 79 (18)Phalanges: Compensation for loss of more 80 than one (1) phalange of a digit shall be the same as for loss of 81 the entire digit. Compensation for loss of the first phalange 82 shall be one-half (1/2) of the compensation for loss of the entire 83 digit. 84 (19)Amputated arm or leq: Compensation for an 85 arm or leq, if amputated at or above wrist or ankle, shall be for 86 the loss of the arm or leq. 87 (20)Binocular vision or percent of vision: Compensation for loss of binocular vision or for eighty percent 88 89 (80%) or more of the vision of an eye shall be the same as for 90 loss of the eye. 91 (21)Two (2) or more digits: Compensation for 92 loss of two (2) or more digits, or one (1) or more phalanges of 93 two (2) or more digits, of a hand or foot may be proportioned to 94 the loss of the use of the hand or foot occasioned thereby, but shall not exceed the compensation for loss of a hand or foot. 95

96 (22)Total loss of use: Compensation for 97 permanent total loss of use of a member shall be the same as for 98 loss of the member.

99 Partial loss or partial loss of use: (23)100 Compensation for permanent partial loss or loss of use of a member 101 may be for proportionate loss or loss of use of the member.

102 (24) Disfigurement: The commission, in its 103 discretion, is authorized to award proper and equitable 104 compensation for serious facial or head disfigurements not to 105 exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00). No such award shall be 106 made until a lapse of one (1) year from the date of the injury 107 resulting in such disfigurement.

(25) Other cases: In all other cases in this 108 109 class of disability, the compensation shall be sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the difference between his average 110 111 weekly wages, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly 112 benefits as set up in this chapter, and his wage-earning capacity thereafter in the same employment or otherwise, payable during the 113 114 continuance of such partial disability, but subject to 115 reconsideration of the degree of such impairment by the commission 116 on its own motion or upon application of any party in interest. 117 Such payments shall in no case be made for a longer period than * * * five hundred twenty (520) weeks. 118

119 (26)In any case in which there shall be a loss of, or loss of use of, more than one (1) member or parts of more 120

S. B. No. 2210	~ OFFICIAL ~
14/SS01/R388	
PAGE 5 (tb\rc)	

than one (1) member set forth in subparagraphs (1) through (23) of this paragraph (c), not amounting to permanent total disability, the award of compensation shall be for the loss of, or loss of use of, each such member or parts thereof, which awards shall run consecutively, except that where the injury affects only two (2) or more digits of the same hand or foot, subparagraph (21) of this paragraph (c) shall apply.

SECTION 3. Section 71-3-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

130 71-3-21. In case of temporary partial disability resulting in decrease of earning capacity, there shall be paid to the 131 132 injured employee sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the 133 difference between the injured employee's average weekly wages 134 before the injury and his wage-earning capacity after the injury 135 in the same or other employment, subject to the maximum 136 limitations as to weekly benefits as set up in this chapter, 137 payable during the continuance of such disability but in no case exceeding * * * five hundred twenty (520) weeks or an amount 138 139 greater than the multiple of * * * five hundred twenty (520) weeks 140 times sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average 141 weekly wage for the state.

142 SECTION 4. Section 71-3-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 143 amended as follows:

S. B. No. 2210 14/SS01/R388 PAGE 6 (tb\rc) ~ OFFICIAL ~

144 71-3-25. If the injury causes death, the compensation shall
145 be known as a death benefit and shall be payable in the amount and
146 to or for the benefit of the persons following:

147 (a) An immediate lump-sum payment of One Thousand
148 Dollars (\$1,000.00) to the surviving spouse, in addition to other
149 compensation benefits.

(b) Reasonable funeral expenses not exceeding Five
Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) exclusive of other burial insurance
or benefits.

153 (C) If there be a surviving spouse and no child of the 154 deceased, to such surviving spouse thirty-five percent (35%) of 155 the average wages of the deceased during widowhood or dependent 156 widowhood and, if there be a surviving child or children of the 157 deceased, the additional amount of ten percent (10%) of such wages 158 for each such child. In case of the death or remarriage of such 159 surviving spouse, any surviving child of the deceased employee 160 shall have his compensation increased to fifteen percent (15%) of such wages, provided that the total amount payable shall in no 161 162 case exceed sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of such 163 wages, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly benefits as 164 set up in this chapter. The commission may, in its discretion, 165 require the appointment of a quardian for the purpose of receiving 166 the compensation of a minor dependent. In the absence of such a 167 requirement, the appointment of a guardian for such purposes shall

S. B. No. 2210 14/SS01/R388 PAGE 7 (tb\rc) ~ OFFICIAL ~

168 not be necessary, provided that if no legal guardian be appointed, 169 payment to the natural guardian shall be sufficient.

(d) If there be a surviving child or children of the deceased but no surviving spouse, then for the support of each such child twenty-five percent (25%) of the wages of the deceased, provided that the aggregate shall in no case exceed sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of such wages, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly benefits as set up in this chapter.

176 If there be no surviving spouse or child, or if the (e) amount payable to a surviving spouse and to children shall be less 177 178 in the appregate than sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%)179 of the average wages of the deceased, subject to the maximum 180 limitations as to weekly benefits as set up in this chapter, then 181 for the support of grandchildren or brothers and sisters, if dependent upon the deceased at the time of the injury, fifteen 182 183 percent (15%) of such wages for the support of each such person; 184 and for the support of each parent or grandparent of the deceased, 185 if dependent upon him at the time of injury, fifteen percent (15%) 186 of such wages during such dependency. But in no case shall the 187 aggregate amount payable under this subsection exceed the 188 difference between sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of 189 such wages and the amount payable as hereinbefore provided to 190 surviving spouse and for the support of surviving child or 191 children, subject to the maximum limitations as to weekly benefits 192 as set up in this chapter.

S. B. No. 2210 14/SS01/R388 PAGE 8 (tb\rc)

~ OFFICIAL ~

(f) The total weekly compensation payments to any or all beneficiaries in death cases shall not exceed the weekly benefits as set up in this chapter and shall in no case be paid for a longer period than * * <u>five hundred twenty (520)</u> weeks or for a greater amount than the multiple of * * <u>five hundred</u> <u>twenty (520)</u> weeks times sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the average weekly wage for the state.

(g) All questions of dependency shall be determined as of the time of the injury. A surviving spouse, child or children shall be presumed to be wholly dependent. All other dependents shall be considered on the basis of total or partial dependence as the facts may warrant.

205 **SECTION 5.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 206 and after July 1, 2014.