MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Representative Scott

REGULAR SESSION 2014

To: Education; Appropriations

## HOUSE BILL NO. 234

1 AN ACT TO BE KNOWN AS "VISION 2020: AN EDUCATION BLUEPRINT 2 FOR TWO THOUSAND TWENTY"; TO REQUIRE THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION 3 TO ADOPT A RULE THAT INCLUDES GOALS, OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES, 4 INDICATORS AND BENCHMARKS; TO ESTABLISH GOALS FOR HIGHER EDUCATION 5 IN THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI; TO CREATE AN EDUCATION PARTNERSHIP TO 6 ACHIEVE STATE GOALS AND OBJECTIVES; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 8 SECTION 1. (1) This act shall be known and may be cited as "Vision 2020: An Education Blueprint for Two Thousand Twenty." 9 10 (2) The Legislature finds that: 11 (a) Because the State of Mississippi faces obstacles 12 such as lower family income levels and lower parent education 13 levels, the state must do even more to compete with other states to increase student achievement and ensure that high school 14 15 graduates are prepared fully for postsecondary education or 16 gainful employment; 17 (b) A clear plan that includes goals, objectives, 18 strategies, indicators and benchmarks is needed in order to keep 19 the state's education system on track for success; and

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(c) In order to eliminate any confusion, these goals,
objectives, strategies, indicators and benchmarks for public
education should be set forth in one (1) rule that is promulgated
by the State Board of Education pursuant to this section and which
meets the requirements of this section.

(3) The purpose of this act is to require that this clear
plan be established as part of Vision 2020: An Education
Blueprint for Two Thousand Twenty.

28 <u>SECTION 2.</u> The following words and phrases have the meanings 29 ascribed in this section unless the context clearly indicates 30 otherwise:

31 (a) "Goals" means those long-term public purposes which 32 are the desired and expected end result and may include only those 33 items listed in Section 3.

34 (b) "Objectives" means the ends to be accomplished or 35 attained within a specified period of time for the purpose of 36 meeting the established goals.

37 (c) "Strategies" means specific activities carried out
38 by the public education system which are directed toward
39 accomplishing specific objectives.

40 <u>SECTION 3.</u> (1) The State Board of Education shall
41 promulgate a rule that includes the following:

42

(a) The goals set forth in this act and no other goals;

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43 (b) At least those objectives set forth in this section
44 and specified periods of time for achieving those objectives and
45 any other objectives that may be included in the rule;
46 (c) Strategies for achieving the specific objectives;

47 (d) Indicators for measuring progress toward the goals48 and objectives established in this section; and

49 (e) Benchmarks for determining when the goals and50 objectives have been achieved.

51 (2) The rule must include the following list of exclusive 52 goals for the public education system in Mississippi:

(a) Academic achievement according to national and
international measures will exceed national and international
averages. These national and international measures should
include scores on assessments such as the National Assessment of
Educational Progress (NAEP), the ACT and the SAT;

(b) The public education system will prepare fully all
students for postsecondary education or gainful employment;
(c) All working-age adults will be functionally

61 literate;

(d) The public education system will maintain and
promote the health and safety of all students and will develop and
promote responsibility, citizenship and strong character in all
students; and

(e) The public education system will provide equitableeducation opportunities to all students.

H. B. No. 234 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 14/HR12/R338 PAGE 3 (RKM\DO) 68 (3) The rule also must include at least the following69 policy-oriented objectives:

70 Rigorous twenty-first century curriculum and (a) 71 engaging instruction for all students. All students in 72 Mississippi public schools should have access to and benefit from 73 a rigorous twenty-first century curriculum that develops 74 proficiency in core subjects, twenty-first century content, 75 learning skills and technology tools. These students also should 76 have that curriculum delivered through engaging, research-based 77 instructional strategies that develop deep understanding and the 78 ability to apply content to real-world situations.

79 A twenty-first century accountability and (b) 80 accreditation system. The prekindergarten through Grade 12 81 education system should have a public accrediting system that: holds local school districts accountable for the student outcomes 82 83 that the state values; and provides the public with understandable 84 accountability data for judging the quality of local schools. The outcomes on which the system is based should be rigorous and 85 86 should align with national and international standards such as the 87 National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), the ACT and 88 the SAT. The broad standards established for these outcomes 89 should include a focus on mastery of basic skills by all students, 90 closing the achievement gap among student subgroups, and high 91 levels of proficiency in a wide range of desired twenty-first century measures and processes. The system for determining school 92

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93 and district accreditation should include school and district 94 self-analysis and generate appropriate research-based strategies for improvement. It also should allow opportunities to create 95 96 innovative approaches to instructional delivery and design. The 97 system will incorporate processes for encouraging innovation, 98 including financial support for successful initiatives and recognition of those practices that can be brought to a district 99 100 or statewide scale. Although the primary goal of the 101 accreditation system is to drive school improvement, it also will serve as a basis for rewards, sanctions and interventions. 102

103 (c) A statewide balanced assessment process that 104 includes an individualized student data management system. State, 105 district, school and classroom decisionmaking should be grounded 106 in twenty-first century balanced assessment processes that reflect 107 national and international rigorous performance standards and 108 examine student proficiency in twenty-first century content, 109 skills and technology tools. A balanced assessment system includes statewide summative assessments, local benchmark 110 111 assessments and classroom assessments for learning. Mississippi's 112 assessment system also should include international benchmarking 113 processes that allow comparison of Mississippi's performance to 114 international performance. To effectively use assessment data, principals and teachers should be provided ready access to results 115 116 through student digital data profiles that individually track student performance and provide educators with diagnostic 117

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118 information necessary to make appropriate instructional decisions
119 on behalf of students.

120 A personnel allocation, licensure and funding (d) process that aligns with the needs of twenty-first century school 121 122 systems and is supported by a quality coordinated professional 123 development delivery system. Increased accountability demands, as 124 well as the focus on twenty-first century learning, require a 125 reexamination of traditional approaches to personnel allocation, 126 licensure and funding. Creating schools of the twenty-first 127 century requires new staffing roles and staffing patterns. It 128 also requires ongoing professional development activities focused 129 on enhancing student achievement and achieving specific goals of 130 the school and district strategic plans. Thus, schools should 131 have the ability to access, organize and deliver high quality 132 embedded professional development that provides staff with 133 in-depth sustained and supported learning. Effective school 134 improvement should be supported by a flexible school calendar that allows opportunity for staff to collectively learn, plan and 135 136 implement curricular and instructional improvements on behalf of 137 the students they serve.

(e) School environments that promote safe, healthy and
responsible behavior and provide an integrated system of student
support services. Each school should create an environment
focused on student learning and one where students know they are
valued, respected and safe. Furthermore, the school should

H. B. No. 234 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 14/HR12/R338 PAGE 6 (RKM\DO) 143 incorporate programs and processes that instill healthy, safe and 144 responsible behaviors and prepare students for interactions with 145 individuals of diverse racial, ethnic and social backgrounds. School and district processes should include a focus on developing 146 147 ethical and responsible character, personal dispositions that 148 promote personal wellness through planned daily physical activity and healthy eating habits consistent with high nutritional 149 150 guidelines and multicultural experiences that develop an 151 appreciation of and respect for diversity. The school and school 152 district also should address the needs of students who arrive at 153 school with social, emotional and physical needs that require specialized and diverse services. School districts should have 154 155 the capability to access, manage and deliver services to these 156 students in an organized integrated system that taps the resources 157 of both the school and the broader community.

158 (f) A leadership recruitment, development and support 159 continuum. Mississippi should have an aliqned leadership professional development continuum that attracts, develops and 160 161 supports educational leadership at the classroom, school and 162 district level. This leadership development continuum should 163 focus on creating: (i) learning-centered schools and school 164 systems; (ii) collaborative processes for staff learning and 165 continuous improvement; and (iii) accountability measures for 166 student achievement.

H. B. No. 234 14/HR12/R338 PAGE 7 (RKM\DO) 167 Equitable access to twenty-first century technology (q) 168 and education resources and school facilities conducive to twenty-first century teaching and learning. A quality educational 169 170 system of the twenty-first century should have access to 171 technology tools and processes that enhance effective and 172 efficient operation. Administrators should have the digital resources to monitor student performance, manage a variety of data 173 174 and communicate effectively. In the classroom, every teacher in 175 every school should be provided with the instructional resources and educational technology necessary to deliver the Mississippi 176 177 content standard and objectives. Schools of the twenty-first 178 century require facilities that accommodate changing technologies, 179 twenty-first century instructional processes and twenty-first 180 century staffing needs and patterns. These school facilities 181 should mirror the best in green construction and must be 182 environmentally and educationally responsive to the communities in 183 which they are located.

184 Aligned public school with postsecondary and (h) 185 workplace readiness programs and standards. An educational system 186 in the twenty-first century should be seen as a continuum from the 187 public school (prekindergarten through Grade 12 program) through 188 postsecondary education. In order to be successful in a global 189 competitive marketplace, learning should be an ongoing, lifelong 190 experience. Thus, the public schools and the state institutions of higher learning in Mississippi should create a system of common 191

H. B. No. 234 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 14/HR12/R338 PAGE 8 (RKM\DO) 192 standards, expectations and accountability to enhance

193 opportunities for success and assure a seamless educational 194 process for Mississippi students.

195 (i) A universal prekindergarten system. Every eligible 196 student should be enrolled in a high quality, universal 197 prekindergarten system. The system should promote oral language and preliteracy skills in order to reduce the deficit of these 198 199 foundational skills through proactive, early intervention. Local 200 school districts should create the supports and provide the 201 resources to assure a quality prekindergarten foundation is 202 available to all eligible students.

(4) In addition to the policy-oriented objectives set forth in subsection (3) of this section, the rule established pursuant to this section also must include at least the following performance oriented objectives:

207 (a) All children entering the first grade will be ready208 for the first grade;

(b) The performance of students falling in the lowest quartile on national and international measures of student performance will improve by fifty percent (50%);

212 (c) Ninety percent (90%) of ninth graders will graduate 213 from high school;

(d) By the year 2018, the ten (10) counties with the lowest college-attendance rates as of July 1, 2014, will increase their college-attendance rate to the 2018 state average and the

H. B. No. 234 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 14/HR12/R338 PAGE 9 (RKM\DO) 217 college-attendance rate of the state will equal the

218 college-attendance rate of the member states of the Southern 219 Regional Education Board; and

(e) By the year 2020, the ten (10) counties with the lowest college-attendance rates as of July 1, 2014, will increase their college-attendance rate to the 2020 college-attendance rate of the member states of the Southern Regional Education Board, and the college-attendance rate of the state will exceed the college-attendance rate of the member states of the Southern Regional Education Board by five (5) percentage points.

227 <u>SECTION 4.</u> (1) It is the intent of the Legislature in 228 enacting this section to establish state goals for public higher 229 education which benefit the citizens of the State of Mississippi.

(2) It is further the intent of the Legislature that this
section be read and implemented in conjunction with the
accountability system established in Section 5 of this act.

233 The Legislature finds that postsecondary education is (3) 234 vital to the future of Mississippi. For the state to realize its 235 considerable potential in the twenty-first century, it must have a 236 system for the delivery of postsecondary education which is 237 competitive in the changing national and global environment, is 238 affordable for the state and its citizenry and has the capacity to 239 deliver the programs and services necessary to meet regional and 240 statewide needs.

H. B. No. 234 14/HR12/R338 PAGE 10 (RKM\DO) 241 The Legislature further finds that it is vitally important 242 for young people entering the workforce to have the education and skills to succeed in today's high-technology, knowledge-based 243 economy. It is equally important for working-age adults who are 244 245 the majority of the current and potential workforce also to 246 possess the requisite education and skills to compete successfully 247 in the workplace and to have the opportunity to continue learning 248 throughout their lives. The future of the state rests not only on 249 how well its youth are educated, but also on how well it educates 250 its entire population of any age.

251 The Legislature further finds that providing access to a 252 high-quality and affordable postsecondary education is a state 253 responsibility and that states are not maximizing their investment 254 in higher education. The Legislature recognizes the efforts of 255 the National Conference of State Legislatures' Blue Ribbon 256 Commission on Higher Education in producing a report to assist the 257 states in higher education policymaking. The Legislature 258 acknowledges that according to the commission report, 259 "Transforming Higher Education: National Imperative -- State 260 Responsibility," the United States is losing its competitive 261 advantage in a new, high-tech, highly mobile global economy and 262 that this lack of competitiveness is a matter of the highest 263 urgency for federal and state policymakers. The report goes on to 264 add that "higher education is both the problem and the solution" 265 because the nation has failed to focus on how higher education

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H. B. No. 234 14/HR12/R338 PAGE 11 (RKM\DO) 266 energizes American competitiveness and revitalizes the states.
267 Pursuant to these findings, the commission made some specific
268 recommendations addressed to the states, which include the
269 following:

270 (a) Define clear state goals;

(b) Identify your state's strengths and weaknesses;
(c) Know your state demographic trends for the next ten
(10) to thirty (30) years;

(d) Identify a place or structure to sustain the publicpolicy agenda;

276 (e) Hold institutions accountable for their 277 performance;

(f) Rethink funding formulas and student aid;(g) Make a commitment to access, success and

- 280 innovation;
- 281 (h) Encourage partnerships;
- 282 (i) Give special attention to adult learners; and

283 (j) Focus on productivity.

The Legislature declares that all of these recommendations are useful in providing policy guidance and have been given careful consideration in the development of this section.

287 <u>SECTION 5.</u> In recognition of its importance to the citizens 288 of Mississippi, the Legislature establishes the following goals 289 for public higher education in the state:

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(a) The ultimate goal of public education is to enhancethe quality of life for citizens of the State of Mississippi.

(b) The overall focus of public education is on developing and maintaining a process of lifelong learning which is as seamless as possible at all levels, encourages citizens of all ages to increase their knowledge and skills and provides ample opportunities for them to participate in public higher education.

297 (c) Higher education collaborates with public education298 and other providers to offer education opportunities:

299 (i) To individuals of all ages and socioeconomic300 backgrounds in all areas of the state; and

301 (ii) To overcome financial barriers to302 participation for both traditional and nontraditional students.

303 (d) Higher education seeks to enhance state efforts to 304 diversify and expand the economy by focusing available resources 305 on programs and courses that best serve students, provide the 306 greatest opportunity for job creation and retention and are most 307 supportive of emerging high-technology and knowledge-based 308 businesses and industries.

309 (e) Higher education creates a learning environment 310 that is student-friendly and which encourages and assists students 311 in the completion of degree requirements, certifications or skill 312 sets within a reasonable period of time.

H. B. No. 234 14/HR12/R338 PAGE 13 (RKM\DO) (f) The learning environment expands participation for the increasingly diverse student population and responds to the needs of the current workforce and other nontraditional students.

(g) Through the establishment of innovative curricula and assessment efforts, state institutions of higher learning ensure that students graduate from nationally recognized and accredited programs and meet or exceed national and international standards for performance in their chosen fields as evidenced through placement and professional licensure examinations.

322 (h) Higher education promotes academic research and 323 innovation to achieve measurable growth in Mississippi's 324 knowledge-based economic sector.

(i) State institutions of higher learning emphasize
productivity and strive to exceed the performance and productivity
levels of peer institutions. In return, and within the
constraints of fiscal responsibility, the state seeks to invest in
institutions so that they may adequately compensate faculty,
classified employees and other employees at a competitive level to
attract and retain high quality personnel.

(j) State institutions of higher learning are committed to a shared responsibility with faculty, staff, students and their communities to provide access to the knowledge and to promote acquisition of the skills and abilities necessary to establish and maintain physical fitness and wellness.

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337 (i) Programs that encourage healthy lifestyles are
338 essential for the vibrancy of the institutions of higher learning,
339 for the well-being of the communities they serve and for the state
340 as a whole.

(ii) Increasing the fitness levels of adults on college and university campuses is critically important for the people of Mississippi, not only for disease prevention, but also, and perhaps most importantly, to enhance the overall quality of life.

346 While individuals must bear the primary (iii) 347 responsibility for their own health, it is imperative that the 348 institutions provide appropriate education and support focused on 349 enriching and expanding the short and longterm views and attitudes 350 toward physical activity, understanding the principles of wellness 351 and their application to a healthy lifestyle, understanding what 352 components are a necessary part of an all-round healthy lifestyle 353 and learning how to set and achieve realistic goals aimed at 354 establishing healthy habits for the benefit of long-term health 355 and well-being.

356 <u>SECTION 6.</u> (1) The State of Mississippi must create and 357 participate in a partnership across various education 358 organizations which recognizes the valuable contributions each 359 member of the group can make. In addition to public education in 360 Mississippi, and in addition to the State of Mississippi, key 361 members of this partnership must include the state institutions of

H. B. No. 234 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 14/HR12/R338 PAGE 15 (RKM\DO) 362 higher learning, community and junior colleges, the State Board 363 for Community and Junior Colleges and the Board of Trustees of 364 State Institutions of Higher Learning.

365 (2) The state institutions of higher learning and community 366 and junior colleges must serve as the cornerstone of efforts to 367 provide higher education services that meet the needs of state 368 citizens. To varying degrees, and depending upon their missions, 369 these institutions must serve the state in three (3) major ways:

(a) Instruction. By providing direct instruction to
 students along with the student services necessary to support the
 instructional mission. These services have two (2) primary goals:

(i) To produce college graduates who have the knowledge, skills and desire to make valuable contributions to society; and

376 (ii) To provide opportunities for citizens to 377 engage in lifelong learning to enhance their employability and 378 their overall quality of life.

379 Public service. By providing an occupational home (b) 380 for experts in a variety of fields and by serving as the 381 educational home for students. In these capacities, institutions shall create a large and varied pool of high quality human 382 383 resources capable of making valuable contributions to business and 384 industry, local and state governments and communities. The 385 following are examples of the types of public service that higher 386 education institutions must offer:

H. B. No. 234 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 14/HR12/R338 PAGE 16 (RKM\DO) 387 (i) Workforce development, primarily through
 388 community and junior colleges, to meet the immediate and long-term
 389 needs of employers and employees;

(ii) Technical assistance to state and local
policymakers as they work to address challenges as diverse as
ensuring that Mississippi's citizens receive quality health care,
assisting in the development of a solid transportation
infrastructure and ensuring that public school teachers have
enriching professional development opportunities; and

(iii) Opportunities to learn and serve in local communities, to teach civic responsibility and to encourage civic engagement.

399 (c) Research. By conducting research at state 400 institutions of higher learning, to enhance the quality of life in 401 Mississippi in the following ways:

402 (i) Targeting cutting-edge research toward solving403 pressing societal problems;

404 (ii) Promoting economic development by raising the
405 level of education and specialization among the population; and
406 (iii) Creating jobs through development of new

407 products and services.

408 (3) In their role as state-level coordinating boards, the 409 State Board for Community Colleges and the Board of Trustees of 410 State Institutions of Higher Learning must function as important 411 partners with state policy leaders in providing higher education

412 that meets state needs. The boards shall provide service to the 413 state in the following ways:

414 (a) By developing a public policy agenda for various
415 aspects of higher education which is aligned with state goals and
416 objectives and by defining the role and responsibilities of each
417 coordinating board;

(b) By ensuring that institutional missions and goals are aligned with relevant parts of the public policy agenda and that institutions maximize the resources available to them to fulfill their missions and make reasonable progress toward meeting established state goals;

423 (c) By evaluating and reporting on progress in424 implementing the public policy agenda;

425 (d) By promoting system efficiencies through
426 collaboration and cooperation across institutions and through
427 focusing institutional missions as appropriate; and

428 (e) By conducting research, collecting data and
429 providing objective recommendations to aid elected state officials
430 in making policy decisions.

431 (4) Elected state-level policymakers shall serve the state432 in the following ways:

433 (a) By establishing goals, objectives and priorities
434 for higher education based on a thoughtful, systematic
435 determination of state needs;

H. B. No. 234 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 14/HR12/R338 PAGE 18 (RKM\DO) (b) By providing resources necessary to address state
goals, objectives and priorities for higher education; and
(c) By providing incentives for and removing barriers
to the achievement of state goals, objectives and priorities.
SECTION 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from
and after July 1, 2014.