By: Representatives Cockerham, Bain, Brown To: Public Health and Human (20th), Byrd, Chism, Evans (43rd), Hamilton, Services; Education Zuber

HOUSE BILL NO. 953

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 41-23-37, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT A CHILD WILL BE EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENT TO HAVE ANY SPECIFIC VACCINATION IN ORDER TO ATTEND A SCHOOL IF THE CHILD'S PARENT OR GUARDIAN SUBMITS TO THE SCHOOL A LETTER OR 5 AFFIDAVIT THAT DOCUMENTS WHICH REQUIRED VACCINATIONS HAVE BEEN GIVEN, AND WHICH VACCINATIONS HAVE NOT BEEN GIVEN ON THE BASIS 7 THAT THEY ARE CONTRARY TO HIS OR HER BELIEFS; TO PROVIDE THAT BEGINNING WITH THE 2013-2014 SCHOOL YEAR, A FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE 8 STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SHALL ACCOMPANY THE LETTER OR AFFIDAVIT 9 10 SUBMITTED BY THE PARENT OR GUARDIAN, WHICH INCLUDES BOTH A SIGNED ATTESTATION FROM A HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONER THAT THE HEALTH CARE 11 12 PRACTITIONER PROVIDED THE PARENT OR GUARDIAN WITH INFORMATION REGARDING THE BENEFITS AND RISKS OF THE VACCINATIONS AND THE HEALTH RISKS TO THE CHILD AND TO THE COMMUNITY OF THOSE DISEASES 14 15 SPECIFIED FOR VACCINATION, AND A WRITTEN STATEMENT SIGNED BY THE 16 PARENT OR GUARDIAN THAT INDICATES THAT THE SIGNER HAS RECEIVED THE 17 INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONER; TO AMEND 18 SECTION 37-13-91, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE SCHOOL 19 ADMINISTRATORS, WHEN THERE IS GOOD CAUSE TO BELIEVE THAT A CHILD 20 HAS BEEN EXPOSED TO ANY DISEASE SPECIFIED FOR VACCINATION AND THE 21 CHILD IS NOT VACCINATED AGAINST THAT DISEASE UNDER THE EXEMPTION AUTHORIZED UNDER THIS ACT, TO TEMPORARILY EXCLUDE THAT CHILD FROM 22 23 ATTENDANCE UNTIL THE LOCAL HEALTH OFFICER IS SATISFIED THAT THE 24 CHILD IS NO LONGER AT RISK OF DEVELOPING THE DISEASE; AND FOR 25 RELATED PURPOSES.

- 26 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 27 **SECTION 1.** Section 41-23-37, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 28 amended as follows:

29	41-23-37. $\underline{\text{(1)}}$ Whenever indicated, the State Health Officer
30	shall specify such immunization practices as may be considered
31	best for the control of vaccine preventable diseases. A listing
32	shall be promulgated annually or more often, if necessary.
33	(2) Except as provided hereinafter, it shall be unlawful for
34	any child to attend any school, kindergarten or similar type
35	facility intended for the instruction of children (hereinafter
36	called "schools"), either public or private, with the exception of
37	any legitimate home instruction program as defined in Section
38	37-13-91, * * * for ten (10) or * * * <u>fewer</u> children who are
39	related within the third degree computed according to the civil
40	law to the operator, unless they $\;\star\;\star\;$ first have been vaccinated
41	against those diseases specified by the State Health Officer.
42	(3) A certificate of exemption from vaccination for medical
43	reasons may be offered on behalf of a child by a duly licensed
44	physician and may be accepted by the local health officer when, in
45	his opinion, such exemption will not cause undue risk to the
46	community.
17	(1) (2) No shild sooking to attend any school shall be

47 (4) (a) No child seeking to attend any school shall be
48 required to comply with the requirements of this section for any
49 specific vaccination in order to attend the school if the parent
50 or guardian or adult who has assumed responsibility for the
51 child's care and custody in the case of a minor, or the child
52 seeking admission if an emancipated minor, submits to the school a
53 letter or affidavit that documents which required vaccinations

54	have been given, and which vaccinations have not been given on the
55	basis that they are contrary to his or her beliefs.
56	(b) Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year, a form
57	prescribed by the State Department of Health shall accompany the
58	letter or affidavit filed under paragragh (a) of this subsection.
59	The form shall include both of the following:
60	(i) A signed attestation from a health care
61	practitioner that indicates that the health care practitioner
62	provided the parent or guardian of the child who is subject to the
63	vaccination requirements of this section, the adult who has
64	assumed responsibility for the care and custody of the child, or
65	the child if an emancipated minor, with information regarding the
66	benefits and risks of the vaccinations and the health risks to the
67	child and to the community of those diseases specified by the
68	State Health Officer for vaccination. This attestation shall be
69	signed not more than six (6) months before the date when the child
70	first becomes subject to the vaccination requirements for which
71	exemption is being sought.
72	(ii) A written statement signed by the parent or
73	guardian of the child who is subject to the vaccination
74	requirements of this section, the adult who has assumed
75	responsibility for the care and custody of the child, or the child
76	if an emancipated minor, that indicates that the signer has
77	received the information provided by the health care practitioner

under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (b). This statement

78

79	shall be signed not more than six (6) months before the date when
80	the child first becomes subject to the vaccination requirements
81	for which exemption is being sought.
82	(c) The following shall be accepted in lieu of the
83	original form:
84	(i) A photocopy of the signed form.
85	(ii) A letter signed by a health care practitioner
86	that includes all information and attestations included on the
87	form.
88	(d) For the purposes of this subsection, the term
89	"health care practitioner" means a physician, nurse practitioner
90	or physician assistant who is licensed to practice in Mississippi.
91	(5) Certificates of vaccination shall be issued by local
92	health officers or physicians on forms specified by the
93	Mississippi State Board of Health. These forms shall be the only
94	acceptable means for showing compliance with these immunization
95	requirements, and the responsible school officials shall file the
96	form with the child's record.
97	(6) If a child who is not exempt under subsection (3) or (4)
98	of this section * * * offers to enroll at a school without having
99	completed the required vaccinations, the local health officer may
100	grant a period of time up to ninety (90) days for such completion
101	when, in the opinion of the health officer, such delay will not

cause undue risk to the child, the school or the community. No

- 103 child shall be enrolled without having had at least one (1) dose 104 of each specified vaccine.
- 105 (7) Within thirty (30) days after the opening of the fall term of school (on or before October 1 of each year) the person in 106 107 charge of each school shall report to the county or local health 108 officer, on forms provided by the Mississippi State Board of 109 Health, the number of children enrolled by age or grade or both, 110 the number fully vaccinated, the number in process of completing 111 vaccination requirements, and the number exempt from vaccination 112 by reason for such exemption.
- 113 (8) Within one hundred twenty (120) days after the opening
 114 of the fall term (on or before December 31), the person in charge
 115 of each school shall certify to the local or county health officer
 116 that all children enrolled who are not exempt under subsection (3)
 117 or (4) of this section are in compliance with immunization
 118 requirements.
- 119 (9) For the purpose of assisting in supervising the
 120 immunization status of the children the local health officer, or
 121 his designee, may inspect the children's records or be furnished
 122 certificates of immunization compliance by the school.
- 123 (10) It shall be the responsibility of the person in charge
 124 of each school to enforce the requirements for immunization. Any
 125 child not exempt under subsection (3) or (4) of this section who
 126 is not in compliance at the end of ninety (90) days from the
 127 opening of the fall term must be suspended until in compliance,

- 128 unless the health officer * * * attributes the delay to lack of
- 129 supply of vaccine or some other such factor clearly making
- 130 compliance impossible.
- 131 (11) Failure to enforce provisions of this act shall
- 132 constitute a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, be punishable by
- 133 fine or imprisonment or both.
- SECTION 2. Section 37-13-91, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 135 amended as follows:
- 37-13-91. (1) This section shall be referred to as the
- 137 "Mississippi Compulsory School Attendance Law."
- 138 (2) The following terms as used in this section are defined
- 139 as follows:
- 140 (a) "Parent" means the father or mother to whom a child
- 141 has been born, or the father or mother by whom a child has been
- 142 legally adopted.
- 143 (b) "Guardian" means a guardian of the person of a
- 144 child, other than a parent, who is legally appointed by a court of
- 145 competent jurisdiction.
- 146 (c) "Custodian" means any person having the present
- 147 care or custody of a child, other than a parent or guardian of the
- 148 child.
- 149 (d) "School day" means not less than five (5) and not
- 150 more than eight (8) hours of actual teaching in which both
- 151 teachers and pupils are in regular attendance for scheduled
- 152 schoolwork.

153	(e) "School" means any public school in this state or
154	any nonpublic school in this state which is in session each school
155	year for at least one hundred eighty (180) school days, except
156	that the "nonpublic" school term shall be the number of days that
157	each school shall require for promotion from grade to grade.

- (f) "Compulsory-school-age child" means a child who has attained or will attain the age of six (6) years on or before September 1 of the calendar year and who has not attained the age of seventeen (17) years on or before September 1 of the calendar year; and shall include any child who has attained or will attain the age of five (5) years on or before September 1 and has enrolled in a full-day public school kindergarten program.

 Provided, however, that the parent or guardian of any child enrolled in a full-day public school kindergarten program shall be allowed to disenroll the child from the program on a one-time basis, and such child shall not be deemed a compulsory-school-age
- 170 (g) "School attendance officer" means a person employed 171 by the State Department of Education pursuant to Section 37-13-89.

child until the child attains the age of six (6) years.

- 172 (h) "Appropriate school official" means the
 173 superintendent of the school district, or his designee, or, in the
 174 case of a nonpublic school, the principal or the headmaster.
- 175 (i) "Nonpublic school" means an institution for the
 176 teaching of children, consisting of a physical plant, whether
 177 owned or leased, including a home, instructional staff members and

158

159

160

161

162

163

164

165

166

167

168

178	students,	and whic	h is in	session	each	school	year	. This	
179	definition	shall i	nclude,	but not	be la	imited	to, p	rivate,	church,
180	parochial	and home	instru	ction pro	ogram	s.			

- (3) A parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age child in this state shall cause the child to enroll in and attend a public school or legitimate nonpublic school for the period of time that the child is of compulsory school age, except under the following circumstances:
- 186 (a) When a compulsory-school-age child is physically,
 187 mentally or emotionally incapable of attending school as
 188 determined by the appropriate school official based upon
 189 sufficient medical documentation.
- 190 (b) When a compulsory-school-age child is enrolled in
 191 and pursuing a course of special education, remedial education or
 192 education for handicapped or physically or mentally disadvantaged
 193 children.
- 194 (c) When a compulsory-school-age child is being 195 educated in a legitimate home instruction program.

The parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age child described in this subsection, or the parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age child attending any nonpublic school, or the appropriate school official for any or all children attending a nonpublic school shall complete a "certificate of enrollment" in order to facilitate the administration of this section.

203	The form of the certificate of enrollment shall be prepared
204	by the Office of Compulsory School Attendance Enforcement of the
205	State Department of Education and shall be designed to obtain the
206	following information only:
207	(i) The name, address, telephone number and date
208	of birth of the compulsory-school-age child;
209	(ii) The name, address and telephone number of the
210	parent, guardian or custodian of the compulsory-school-age child;
211	(iii) A simple description of the type of
212	education the compulsory-school-age child is receiving and, if the
213	child is enrolled in a nonpublic school, the name and address of
214	the school; and
215	(iv) The signature of the parent, guardian or
216	custodian of the compulsory-school-age child or, for any or all
217	compulsory-school-age child or children attending a nonpublic
218	school, the signature of the appropriate school official and the
219	date signed.
220	The certificate of enrollment shall be returned to the school
221	attendance officer where the child resides on or before September
222	15 of each year. Any parent, guardian or custodian found by the
223	school attendance officer to be in noncompliance with this section
224	shall comply, after written notice of the noncompliance by the
225	school attendance officer, with this subsection within ten (10)
226	days after the notice or be in violation of this section.

However, in the event the child has been enrolled in a public

227

228	school within fifteen (15) calendar days after the first day of
229	the school year as required in subsection (6), the parent or
230	custodian may, at a later date, enroll the child in a legitimate
231	nonpublic school or legitimate home instruction program and send
232	the certificate of enrollment to the school attendance officer and

For the purposes of this subsection, a legitimate nonpublic school or legitimate home instruction program shall be those not operated or instituted for the purpose of avoiding or circumventing the compulsory attendance law.

be in compliance with this subsection.

238 (4) An "unlawful absence" is an absence during a school day
239 by a compulsory-school-age child, which absence is not due to a
240 valid excuse for temporary nonattendance. Days missed from school
241 due to disciplinary suspension shall not be considered an
242 "excused" absence under this section. This subsection shall not
243 apply to children enrolled in a nonpublic school.

Each of the following shall constitute a valid excuse for temporary nonattendance of a compulsory-school-age child enrolled in a public school, provided satisfactory evidence of the excuse is provided to the superintendent of the school district, or his designee:

249 (a) An absence is excused when the absence results from 250 the compulsory-school-age child's attendance at an authorized 251 school activity with the prior approval of the superintendent of 252 the school district, or his designee. These activities may

233

244

245

246

247

253	include	field	trips,	athletic	contests,	student	conventions,
	T110 T G G	T T C T C		G CIII C C I C		DCGGGIIC	

- 254 musical festivals and any similar activity.
- 255 (b) An absence is excused when the absence results from
- 256 illness or injury which prevents the compulsory-school-age child
- 257 from being physically able to attend school.
- 258 (c) An absence is excused when isolation of a
- 259 compulsory-school-age child is ordered by the county health
- 260 officer, by the State Board of Health or appropriate school
- 261 official. When there is good cause to believe that a child has
- 262 been exposed to any disease specified by the State Health Officer
- 263 for vaccination and the child is not vaccinated against that
- 264 disease under the authority of Section 41-23-37(4), that child may
- 265 be temporarily excluded from the school until the local health
- 266 officer is satisfied that the child is no longer at risk of
- 267 developing the disease.
- 268 (d) An absence is excused when it results from the
- 269 death or serious illness of a member of the immediate family of a
- 270 compulsory-school-age child. The immediate family members of a
- 271 compulsory-school-age child shall include children, spouse,
- 272 grandparents, parents, brothers and sisters, including

- 273 stepbrothers and stepsisters.
- (e) An absence is excused when it results from a
- 275 medical or dental appointment of a compulsory-school-age child.
- 276 (f) An absence is excused when it results from the
- 277 attendance of a compulsory-school-age child at the proceedings of

- a court or an administrative tribunal if the child is a party to the action or under subpoena as a witness.
- the compulsory-school-age child or the child's parents adheres,
 requires or suggests the observance of a religious event. The
 approval of the absence is within the discretion of the
 superintendent of the school district, or his designee, but
 approval should be granted unless the religion's observance is of
 such duration as to interfere with the education of the child.
 - (h) An absence may be excused when it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the superintendent of the school district, or his designee, that the purpose of the absence is to take advantage of a valid educational opportunity such as travel, including vacations or other family travel. Approval of the absence must be gained from the superintendent of the school district, or his designee, before the absence, but the approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 295 (i) An absence may be excused when it is demonstrated
 296 to the satisfaction of the superintendent of the school district,
 297 or his designee, that conditions are sufficient to warrant the
 298 compulsory-school-age child's nonattendance. However, no absences
 299 shall be excused by the school district superintendent, or his
 300 designee, when any student suspensions or expulsions circumvent
 301 the intent and spirit of the compulsory attendance law.

287

288

289

290

291

292

293

302	(5) Any parent, guardian or custodian of a
303	compulsory-school-age child subject to this section who refuses or
304	willfully fails to perform any of the duties imposed upon him or
305	her under this section or who intentionally falsifies any
306	information required to be contained in a certificate of
307	enrollment, shall be guilty of contributing to the neglect of a
308	child and, upon conviction, shall be punished in accordance with
309	Section 97-5-39.

Upon prosecution of a parent, quardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age child for violation of this section, the presentation of evidence by the prosecutor that shows that the child has not been enrolled in school within eighteen (18) calendar days after the first day of the school year of the public school which the child is eligible to attend, or that the child has accumulated twelve (12) unlawful absences during the school year at the public school in which the child has been enrolled, shall establish a prima facie case that the child's parent, quardian or custodian is responsible for the absences and has refused or willfully failed to perform the duties imposed upon him or her under this section. However, no proceedings under this section shall be brought against a parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age child unless the school attendance officer has contacted promptly the home of the child and has provided written notice to the parent, guardian or custodian of the requirement for the child's enrollment or attendance.

310

311

312

313

314

315

316

317

318

319

320

321

322

323

324

325

327	(6) If a compulsory-school-age child has not been enrolled
328	in a school within fifteen (15) calendar days after the first day
329	of the school year of the school which the child is eligible to
330	attend or the child has accumulated five (5) unlawful absences
331	during the school year of the public school in which the child is
332	enrolled, the school district superintendent or his designee shall
333	report, within two (2) school days or within five (5) calendar
334	days, whichever is less, the absences to the school attendance
335	officer. The State Department of Education shall prescribe a
336	uniform method for schools to utilize in reporting the unlawful
337	absences to the school attendance officer. The superintendent, or
338	his designee, also shall report any student suspensions or student
339	expulsions to the school attendance officer when they occur.
340	(7) When a school attendance officer has made all attempts
341	to secure enrollment and/or attendance of a compulsory-school-age

342 child and is unable to effect the enrollment and/or attendance, 343 the attendance officer shall file a petition with the youth court 344 under Section 43-21-451 or shall file a petition in a court of 345 competent jurisdiction as it pertains to parent or child. Sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and municipal law enforcement officers 346 347 shall be fully authorized to investigate all cases of 348 nonattendance and unlawful absences by compulsory-school-age 349 children, and shall be authorized to file a petition with the 350 youth court under Section 43-21-451 or file a petition or 351 information in the court of competent jurisdiction as it pertains

- 352 to parent or child for violation of this section. The youth court 353 shall expedite a hearing to make an appropriate adjudication and a 354 disposition to ensure compliance with the Compulsory School 355 Attendance Law, and may order the child to enroll or re-enroll in 356 school. The superintendent of the school district to which the 357 child is ordered may assign, in his discretion, the child to the 358 alternative school program of the school established pursuant to 359 Section 37-13-92.
- 360 (8) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules and
 361 regulations for the purpose of reprimanding any school
 362 superintendents who fail to timely report unexcused absences under
 363 the provisions of this section.
- 364 Notwithstanding any provision or implication herein to 365 the contrary, it is not the intention of this section to impair the primary right and the obligation of the parent or parents, or 366 367 person or persons in loco parentis to a child, to choose the 368 proper education and training for such child, and nothing in this 369 section shall ever be construed to grant, by implication or 370 otherwise, to the State of Mississippi, any of its officers, 371 agencies or subdivisions any right or authority to control, 372 manage, supervise or make any suggestion as to the control, 373 management or supervision of any private or parochial school or 374 institution for the education or training of children, of any kind 375 whatsoever that is not a public school according to the laws of 376 this state; and this section shall never be construed so as to

377	grant, by implication or otherwise, any right or authority to any
378	state agency or other entity to control, manage, supervise,
379	provide for or affect the operation, management, program,
380	curriculum, admissions policy or discipline of any such school or
381	home instruction program.
382	SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from

383

and after July 1, 2013.