By: Senator(s) McDaniel

To: Judiciary, Division B

SENATE BILL NO. 2807

1 2 3 4 5	AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 89-7-31, 89-7-41 AND 89-8-13, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT AFTER A SEVEN-DAY WAITING PERIOD, A LANDLORD MAY DISPOSE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY ABANDONED BY AN EVICTED TENANT IN A DWELLING UNIT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
6	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
7	SECTION 1. Section 89-7-31, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
8	amended as follows:
9	89-7-31. (1) On receiving such affidavit, the county judge,
10	justice, mayor, or other officer shall issue a summons, directed
11	to the sheriff or any constable of the county, or the marshal of
12	the city, town, or village wherein the premises, or some part
13	thereof, are situated, describing the premises, and commanding him
14	to require the person in possession of the same or claiming the
15	possession thereof, forthwith to remove therefrom, or to show
16	cause before the justice or other officer, on a day to be named
17	not less than three (3) nor more than five (5) days from the date
18	of the summons, why possession of the premises should not be
19	delivered to the applicant.
20	(2) In addition to subsection (1) of this section, the
21	summons shall include the following statement:
22	At the hearing, a judge will decide if the landlord will
23	be granted exclusive possession of the premises. If the
24	judge grants possession of the premises to the landlord,
25	you must remove all articles of personal property owned
26	by you from the premises before the date and time
27	ordered by the judge. If you do not remove your
28	nersonal property then the landlord may remove and

29	store your property for a period of seven (7) days at
30	your expense. If you fail to claim the property and to
31	reimburse the landlord before the seven-day period ends,
32	then the landlord may dispose of your property without
33	any further notice or obligation to you.
34	SECTION 2. Section 89-7-41, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
35	amended as follows:
36	89-7-41. $\underline{(1)}$ If the decision be in favor of the landlord or
37	other person claiming the possession of the premises, the
38	magistrate shall issue his warrant to the sheriff, constable, or
39	other officer, commanding him forthwith to put such landlord or
40	other person into possession of the premises, and to levy the
41	costs of the proceedings of the goods and chattels, lands and
42	tenements, of the tenant or person in possession of the premises
43	who shall have controverted the right of the landlord or other
44	person.
45	(2) If the judge rules in favor of the landlord or other
46	person claiming possession of the premises, the judge shall decide
47	a day and time before which the tenant must remove the personal
48	property that the tenant owns from the premises. If the tenant
49	fails to remove his personal property by such time, then the
50	landlord may remove and store the tenant's property for a period
51	of seven (7) days at the tenant's expense. If the tenant fails to
52	claim the property and to reimburse the landlord before the
53	seven-day period ends, the property shall be deemed abandoned.
54	The landlord may dispose of the abandoned property without further
55	notice or obligation to the tenant.
56	SECTION 3. Section 89-8-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
57	amended as follows:
58	89-8-13. (1) If there is a material noncompliance by the

tenant with the rental agreement or the obligations imposed by

Section 89-8-25, the landlord may terminate the tenancy as set out

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- 61 in subsection (3) of this section or resort to any other remedy at
- 62 law or in equity except as prohibited by this chapter.
- 63 (2) If there is a material noncompliance by the landlord
- 64 with the rental agreement or the obligations imposed by Section
- 65 89-8-23, the tenant may terminate the tenancy as set out in
- 66 subsection (3) of this section or resort to any other remedy at
- 67 law or in equity except as prohibited by this chapter.
- 68 (3) The nonbreaching party may deliver a written notice to
- 69 the party in breach specifying the acts and omissions constituting
- 70 the breach and that the rental agreement will terminate upon a
- 71 date not less than thirty (30) days after receipt of the notice if
- 72 the breach is not remedied within a reasonable time not in excess
- 73 of thirty (30) days; and the rental agreement shall terminate and
- 74 the tenant shall surrender possession as provided in the notice
- 75 subject to the following:
- 76 (a) If the breach is remediable by repairs, the payment
- 77 of damages, or otherwise, and the breaching party adequately
- 78 remedies the breach prior to the date specified in the notice, the
- 79 rental agreement shall not terminate;
- 80 (b) In the absence of a showing of due care by the
- 81 breaching party, if substantially the same act or omission which
- 82 constituted a prior noncompliance of which notice was given recurs
- 83 within six (6) months, the nonbreaching party may terminate the
- 84 rental agreement upon at least fourteen (14) days' written notice
- 85 specifying the breach and the date of termination of the rental
- 86 agreement;
- 87 (c) Neither party may terminate for a condition caused
- 88 by his own deliberate or negligent act or omission or that of a
- 89 member of his family or other person on the premises with his
- 90 consent.
- 91 (4) If the rental agreement is terminated, the landlord
- 92 shall return all prepaid and unearned rent and security
- 93 recoverable by the tenant under Section 89-8-21.

94	(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or any
95	other provisions of this chapter to the contrary, if the material
96	noncompliance by the tenant is the nonpayment of rent pursuant to
97	the rental agreement, the landlord shall not be required to
98	deliver thirty (30) days' written notice as provided by subsection
99	(3) of this section. In such event, the landlord may seek removal
100	of the tenant and the tenant's personal property from the premises
101	in the manner and with the notice prescribed by Chapter 7, Title
102	89, Mississippi Code of 1972.
103	SECTION 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from

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and after July 1, 2012.