By: Representatives Aldridge, Holland

To: Judiciary A

HOUSE BILL NO. 1268

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 93-17-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 1 2 REQUIRE A HOME STUDY BEFORE A PERSON MAY BE PLACED IN THE HOME OF 3 PROSPECTIVE ADOPTING PARTIES; TO REQUIRE COMPLIANCE WITH THE INTERSTATE COMPACT FOR PLACEMENT OF CHILDREN AND THE INDIAN CHILD 4 5 WELFARE ACT; TO AMEND SECTION 93-17-6, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY PETITION REQUIREMENTS; TO CREATE SECTION 93-17-18, 6 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REQUIRE TRAINING FOR ATTORNEYS 7 INVOLVED IN ADOPTIONS; TO AMEND SECTION 93-17-19, MISSISSIPPI CODE 8 OF 1972, TO REQUIRE DISCLOSURE OF PAYMENT OF COSTS; TO AMEND 9 SECTION 93-17-205, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE ADOPTION 10 RECORDS REQUIREMENTS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 12 13 SECTION 1. Section 93-17-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 14 amended as follows: 93-17-3. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsections 15 16 (2) and (3), a court of this state has jurisdiction over a 17 proceeding for the adoption of a minor commenced under this chapter if: 18 19 (a) Immediately before commencement of the proceeding, 20 the minor lived in this state with a parent, a guardian, a

21 prospective adoptive parent or another person acting as parent, 22 for at least six (6) consecutive months, excluding periods of 23 temporary absence, or, in the case of a minor under six (6) months 24 of age, lived in this state from soon after birth with any of 25 those individuals and there is available in this state substantial 26 evidence concerning the minor's present or future care;

(b) Immediately before commencement of the proceeding, the prospective adoptive parent lived in this state for at least six (6) consecutive months, excluding periods of temporary absence, and there is available in this state substantial evidence concerning the minor's present or future care;

H. B. No. 1268 12/HR40/R586.1 PAGE 1 (CJR\BD)

G3/5

32 (c) The agency that placed the minor for adoption is 33 licensed in this state and it is in the best interest of the minor 34 that a court of this state assume jurisdiction because:

(i) The minor and the minor's parents, or the minor and the prospective adoptive parent, have a significant connection with this state; and

38 (ii) There is available in this state substantial39 evidence concerning the minor's present or future care;

40 (d) The minor and the prospective adoptive parent are 41 physically present in this state and the minor has been abandoned 42 or it is necessary in an emergency to protect the minor because 43 the minor has been subjected to or threatened with mistreatment or 44 abuse or is otherwise neglected; or

(e) It appears that no other state would have
jurisdiction under prerequisites substantially in accordance with
paragraphs (a) through (d), or another state has declined to
exercise jurisdiction on the ground that this state is the more
appropriate forum to hear a petition for adoption of the minor,
and it is in the best interest of the minor that a court of this
state assume jurisdiction.

(2) A court of this state may not exercise jurisdiction over a proceeding for adoption of a minor if, at the time the petition for adoption is filed, a proceeding concerning the custody or adoption of the minor is pending in a court of another state exercising jurisdiction substantially in conformity with the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction Act or this section unless the proceeding is stayed by the court of the other state.

(3) If a court of another state has issued a decree or order concerning the custody of a minor who may be the subject of a proceeding for adoption in this state, a court of this state may not exercise jurisdiction over a proceeding for adoption of the minor unless:

H. B. No. 1268 12/HR40/R586.1 PAGE 2 (CJR\BD)

64 (a) The court of this state finds that the court of the65 state which issued the decree or order:

66 (i) Does not have continuing jurisdiction to
67 modify the decree or order under jurisdictional prerequisites
68 substantially in accordance with the Uniform Child Custody
69 Jurisdiction Act or has declined to assume jurisdiction to modify
70 the decree or order; or

(ii) Does not have jurisdiction over a proceeding for adoption substantially in conformity with subsection (1)(a) through (d) or has declined to assume jurisdiction over a proceeding for adoption; and

75 (b) The court of this state has jurisdiction over the76 proceeding.

77 Any person may be adopted in accordance with the (4) 78 provisions of this chapter in termtime or in vacation by an 79 unmarried adult or by a married person whose spouse joins in the 80 petition. The adoption shall be by sworn petition filed in the 81 chancery court of the county in which the adopting petitioner or petitioners reside or in which the child to be adopted resides or 82 83 was born, or was found when it was abandoned or deserted, or in 84 which the home is located to which the child has been surrendered 85 by a person authorized to so do. The petition shall be accompanied by a doctor's or nurse practitioner's certificate 86 87 showing the physical and mental condition of the child to be 88 adopted and a sworn statement of all property, if any, owned by the child. In addition, the petition shall be accompanied by 89 90 affidavits of the petitioner or petitioners stating the amount of 91 the service fees charged by any adoption agencies or adoption 92 facilitators used by the petitioner or petitioners and any other expenses paid by the petitioner or petitioners in the adoption 93 process as of the time of filing the petition. 94 If the doctor's or 95 nurse practitioner's certificate indicates any abnormal mental or physical condition or defect, the condition or defect shall not, 96

H. B. No. 1268 12/HR40/R586.1 PAGE 3 (CJR\BD)

in the discretion of the chancellor, bar the adoption of the child 97 98 if the adopting parent or parents file an affidavit stating full and complete knowledge of the condition or defect and stating a 99 100 desire to adopt the child, notwithstanding the condition or 101 defect. The court shall have the power to change the name of the 102 child as a part of the adoption proceedings. The word "child" in 103 this section shall be construed to refer to the person to be 104 adopted, though an adult.

105

(5) Adoption by couples of the same gender is prohibited.

(6) No person may be <u>placed in the home of or adopted by</u> the
prospective adopting parties <u>before a court ordered or voluntary</u>
<u>home study</u> is satisfactorily completed <u>by a licensed adoption</u>
<u>agency or by the Department of Human Services on the prospective</u>
adoptive parties if required by Section 93-17-11.

(7) No person may be adopted by a person or persons who 111 112 reside outside the State of Mississippi unless the provisions of the Interstate Compact for Placement of Children (Section 43-18-1 113 114 et seq.) have been complied with. In such cases Forms 100A, 100B (if applicable) and evidence of Interstate Compact for Placement 115 116 of Children approval shall be added to the permanent adoption record file within one (1) month of the placement, and a minimum 117 118 of three (3) post-placement reports conducted by a licensed child 119 placing agency shall be provided to the Mississippi Department of Human Services Interstate Compact for Placement of Children 120 121 office. (8) No person may be adopted unless the provisions of the 122 123 Indian Child Welfare Act (ICWA) have been complied with, if applicable. When applicable, proof of compliance shall be 124 125 included in the court adoption file prior to finalization of the 126 adoption. If not applicable, a written statement shall be

127 included in the adoption file stating that the provisions of ICWA

128 do not apply prior to finalization.

H. B. No. 1268 12/HR40/R586.1 PAGE 4 (CJR\BD)

SECTION 2. Section 93-17-6, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

131 93-17-6. (1) Any person who would be a necessary party to 132 an adoption proceeding under this chapter and any person alleged 133 or claiming to be the father of a child born out of wedlock who is proposed for adoption or who has been determined to be such by any 134 135 administrative or judicial procedure (the "alleged father") may 136 file a petition for determination of rights as a preliminary 137 pleading to a petition for adoption in any court which would have jurisdiction and venue of an adoption proceeding. A petition for 138 139 determination of rights may be filed at any time after the period 140 ending thirty (30) days after the birth of the child. Should competing petitions be filed in two (2) or more courts having 141 142 jurisdiction and venue, the court in which the first such petition was properly filed shall have jurisdiction over the whole 143 proceeding until its disposition. The prospective adopting 144 parents need not be a party to such petition. Where the child's 145 146 biological mother has surrendered the child to a home for 147 adoption, the home may represent the biological mother and her 148 interests in this proceeding.

149 (2) The court shall set this petition for hearing as 150 expeditiously as possible allowing not less than ten (10) days' 151 notice from the service or completion of process on the parties to 152 be served.

(3) The sole matter for determination under a petition for determination of rights is whether the alleged father has a right to object to an adoption as set out in Section 93-17-5(3).

(4) Proof of an alleged father's full commitment to the
responsibilities of parenthood would be shown by proof that, prior
to the signing of a surrender of parental rights by the child's
natural mother, he filed a paternity action pursuant to the

160 Mississippi Uniform Law on Paternity, and that he either:

H. B. No. 1268 12/HR40/R586.1 PAGE 5 (CJR\BD)

Provided financial support, including, but not 161 (a) limited to, the payment of consistent support to the mother during 162 her pregnancy, contributions to the payment of the medical 163 164 expenses of pregnancy and birth, and contributions of consistent 165 support of the child after birth; that he frequently and consistently visited the child after birth; and that he is now 166 167 willing and able to assume legal and physical care of the child; 168 or

(b) Was willing to provide such support and to visit the child and that he made reasonable attempts to manifest such a parental commitment, but was thwarted in his efforts by the mother or her agents, and that he is now willing and able to assume legal and physical care of the child.

(5) If the court determines that the alleged father has not met his full responsibilities of parenthood, it shall enter an order terminating his parental rights and he shall have no right to object to an adoption under Section 93-17-7.

(6) If the court determines that the alleged father has met his full responsibilities of parenthood and that he objects to the child's adoption, the court shall set the matter as a contested adoption in accord with Section 93-17-8.

(7) A petition for determination of rights may be used to
determine the rights of alleged fathers whose identity is unknown
or uncertain. In such cases the court shall determine what, if
any, notice can be and is to be given such persons.
Determinations of rights under the procedure of this section may

187 also be made under a petition for adoption.

(8) Petitions for determination of rights shall be
considered adoption cases and all subsequent proceedings such as a
contested adoption under Section 93-17-8 and the adoption
proceeding itself shall be portions of the same file.

(9) Service of process in the adoption of a foreign bornchild shall be governed by Section 93-15-105(5).

H. B. No. 1268 12/HR40/R586.1 PAGE 6 (CJR\BD)

194 SECTION 3. The following shall be codified as Section 195 93-17-18, Mississippi Code of 1972:

93-17-18. From and after January 1, 2012, in order to 196 197 represent potential adoptive parents or an adoption agency in an 198 adoption proceeding, attorneys must first have received adoption 199 training provided by or approved by the Mississippi Judicial 200 College within two (2) years immediately preceding the beginning 201 of such representation. The Mississippi Judicial College shall 202 determine the amount of training which shall be satisfactory to fulfill the requirements of this section. The Administrative 203 204 Office of Courts shall maintain a roll of all attorneys eligible 205 to provide such representation in adoption cases and shall enforce 206 the provisions of this section. The training shall include, but 207 shall not be limited to, the Indian Child Welfare Act and the 208 Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children.

209 SECTION 4. Section 93-17-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 210 amended as follows:

211 93-17-19. All costs of the proceeding shall be taxed in the 212 manner that the court may direct, including a reasonable fee as 213 determined, approved, and allowed by the court to be paid for each 214 investigation that may be authorized or required by the 215 chancellor, other than for an investigation and report by a public 216 authority or agency, in which event no such fee shall be allowed. 217 All costs paid to any agency, attorney or any other party related to the adoption of a person, shall be disclosed in 218

219 writing, and documented in the adoption file, prior to filing the 220 adoption.

221 SECTION 5. Section 93-17-205, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 222 amended as follows:

93-17-205. (1) The bureau shall maintain a centralized adoption records file for all adoptions performed in this state after July 1, 2005. All private agencies, attorneys, and other parties authorized/licensed to provide adoption services shall

H. B. No. 1268 12/HR40/R586.1 PAGE 7 (CJR\BD)

227 maintain adoption files permanently, and file a written plan with

228 the bureau detailing the plan. All adoption records files shall

229 include the following information:

(a) The medical and social history of the birth
parents, including information regarding genetically inheritable
diseases or illnesses and any similar information furnished by the
birth parents about the adoptee's grandparents, aunts, uncles,
brothers and sisters;

(b) A report of any medical examination which either
birth parent had within one (1) year before the date of the
petition for adoption, if available;

(c) A report describing the adoptee's prenatal care and
 medical condition at birth, if available; * * *

(d) The medical and social history of the adoptee,
including information regarding genetically inheritable diseases
or illnesses, and any other relevant medical, social and genetic
information;

(e) Adopting parties' commitment to comply with
 post-placement/post-adoption requirements outlined by their state
 of residence, and copies of post-placement or post-adoption

247 reports; and

248 (f) Forms 100A, 100B (if applicable) and evidence of 249 Interstate Compact for Placement of Children approval (if

250 <u>applicable</u>).

251 The Administrative Office of Courts shall assist the bureau 252 in the maintenance of its centralized adoption record by compiling 253 the number of finalized adoptions in each chancery court district 254 on a monthly basis, and submitting this information to the bureau. The bureau shall include these statistics in its centralized 255 256 adoption record. The information in this report shall include the 257 number of adoptions in this state where the adopting parent is a 258 blood relative of the adoptee and the number of adoptions in this 259 state where the adopting parent is not a blood relative of the

H. B. No. 1268 12/HR40/R586.1 PAGE 8 (CJR\BD) adoptee. The report shall not include any individual identifying information. This information shall be updated annually and made available to the public upon request for a reasonable fee.

(2) Any birth parent may file with the bureau at any time any relevant supplemental nonidentifying information about the adoptee or the adoptee's birth parents, and the bureau shall maintain this information in the centralized adoption records file.

268 (3) The bureau shall also maintain as part of the 269 centralized adoption records file the following:

(a) The name, date of birth, social security number
(both original and revised, where applicable) and birth
certificate (both original and revised) of the adoptee;

(b) The names, current addresses and social security numbers of the adoptee's birth parents, guardian and legal custodian;

(c) Any other available information about the birth parent's identity and location.

278 Any birth parent may file with the bureau at any time an (4) 279 affidavit authorizing the bureau to provide the adoptee with his 280 or her original birth certificate and with any other available information about the birth parent's identity and location, or an 281 282 affidavit expressly prohibiting the bureau from providing the adoptee with any information about such birth parent's identity 283 284 and location, and prohibiting any licensed adoption agency from 285 conducting a search for such birth parent under the terms of Sections 93-17-201 through 93-17-223. An affidavit filed under 286 287 this section may be revoked at any time by written notification to 288 the bureau from the birth parent.

(5) Counsel for the adoptive parents in the adoption finalization proceeding shall provide the bureau with the information required in subsections (1) and (3) of this section, and he shall also make such information a part of the adoption

H. B. No. 1268 12/HR40/R586.1 PAGE 9 (CJR\BD)

293 records of the court in which the final decree of adoption is 294 rendered. This information shall be provided on forms prepared by 295 the bureau.

296 (6) (a) If an agency receives a report from a physician 297 stating that a birth parent or another child of the birth parent has acquired or may have a genetically transferable disease or 298 299 illness, the agency shall notify the bureau and the appropriate 300 licensed adoption agency, and the latter agency shall notify the 301 adoptee of the existence of the disease or illness, if he or she is twenty-one (21) years of age or over, or notify the adoptee's 302 303 quardian, custodian or adoptive parent if the adoptee is under age 304 twenty-one (21).

305 (b) If an agency receives a report from a physician 306 that an adoptee has acquired or may have a genetically 307 transferable disease or illness, the agency shall notify the 308 bureau and the appropriate licensed agency, and the latter agency 309 shall notify the adoptee's birth parent of the existence of the 310 disease or illness.

(7) Compliance with the provisions of this section may be waived by the court, in its discretion, in any chancery court proceeding in which one or more of the petitioners for adoption is the natural mother or father of the adoptee.

315 **SECTION 6.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 316 and after July 1, 2012.