## Adopted COMMITTEE AMENDMENT NO 1 PROPOSED TO

Senate Bill No. 3036

## **BY: Committee**

## Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

26 SECTION 1. Section 19-5-319, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 27 amended as follows:

28 19-5-319. (1) Automatic number identification (ANI), 29 automatic location identification (ALI) and geographic automatic location identification (GeoALI) information that consist of the 30 name, address and telephone number of telephone or wireless 31 32 subscribers shall be confidential, and the dissemination of the information contained in the 911 automatic number and location 33 34 data base is prohibited except for the following purpose: the 35 information will be provided to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) on a call-by-call basis only for the purpose of handling 36 37 emergency calls or for training, and any permanent record of the information shall be secured by the Public Safety Answering Point 38 39 (PSAP) and disposed of in a manner which will retain that security, except upon court order or subpoena from a court of 40 41 competent jurisdiction or as otherwise provided by law. 42 All emergency telephone calls and telephone call (2)

43 transmissions received pursuant to Section 19-5-301 et seq., and 44 all recordings of the emergency telephone calls, shall remain

07/HR07/SB3036A.J	* HR07/ SB3036A. J*
PAGE 1	
(CJR)	

45 confidential and shall be used only for the purposes as may be 46 needed for <u>the prosecution or defense of criminal offenses</u>, law 47 enforcement, fire, medical rescue or other emergency services. 48 These recordings shall not be released to any other parties 49 without court order or subpoena from a court of competent 50 jurisdiction.

51 (3) PSAP and emergency response entities shall maintain and, upon request, release a record of the date of call, time of call, 52 the time the emergency response entity was notified, and the 53 54 identity of the emergency response entity. The emergency response entity shall maintain and, upon request, release a record of the 55 56 date and time the call was received by the emergency response 57 entity and the time the emergency response entity arrived on the scene. Requests for release of records must be made in writing 58 59 and must specify the information desired. Requestors shall pay 60 the cost of providing the information requested in accordance with 61 the Mississippi Public Records Act of 1983, Section 25-61-1 et seq. The identity of any caller or person or persons who are the 62 subject of any call, or the address, phone number or other 63 64 identifying information about any such person, shall not be 65 released except as provided in subsection (2) of this section.

66 SECTION 2. Section 93-21-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
67 amended as follows:

68 93-21-3. As used in this chapter, unless the context69 otherwise requires:

70 (a) "Abuse" means the occurrence of one or more of the 71 following acts between family or household members who reside 72 together or who formerly resided together or between individuals 73 who have a current dating relationship:

74 (i) Attempting to cause or intentionally,
75 knowingly or recklessly causing bodily injury or serious bodily
76 injury with or without a deadly weapon;

07/HR07/SB3036A.J \* HR07/SB3036A.J\* PAGE 2 (CJR)

77 (ii) Placing, by physical menace or threat, another in fear of imminent serious bodily injury; \* \* \* 78 (iii) Criminal sexual conduct committed against a 79 80 minor within the meaning of Section 97-5-23; (iv) Stalking within the meaning of Section 81 82 97-3-107; or (v) Sexual offenses within the meaning of Sections 83 97-3-65 or 97-3-95. 84 "Adult" means any person eighteen (18) years of age 85 (b) 86 or older, or any person under eighteen (18) years of age who has 87 been emancipated by marriage. "Court" means the chancery court, circuit court or 88 (C) 89 county court. "Dating relationship" means a social relationship 90 (d) of a romantic or intimate nature. 91 92 (e) "Family or household member" means spouses, former 93 spouses, persons living as spouses, parents and children, or other persons related by consanguinity or affinity. 94 95 SECTION 3. Section 93-21-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 96 amended as follows: Any person may seek relief under this chapter 97 93-21-7. (1) 98 for himself by filing a petition with the court alleging abuse by 99 the respondent. Any parent, adult household member, or next 100 friend of the abused person may seek relief under this chapter on behalf of any minor children or any person alleged to be 101 102 incompetent by filing a petition with the court alleging abuse by the respondent. Cases seeking relief under this chapter shall be 103 104 priority cases on the court's docket and the judge shall be immediately notified when a case is filed in order to provide for 105 106 expedited proceedings. 107 (2) The petitioner in an action brought pursuant to this 108 chapter shall not bear the costs associated with its filing or the 109 costs associated with the issuance or service of any notice of a hearing to the respondent, issuance or service of an order of 110 protection on the respondent, or issuance or service of a warrant 111 112 or witness subpoena. If the court finds that the petitioner is 113 entitled to an order protecting the petitioner from abuse, the court shall be authorized to assess all costs including attorney's 114 fees of the proceedings to the respondent. The court may assess 115 costs <u>including attor</u>ney's fees to the petitioner if the 116 allegations of abuse are determined to be without merit and the 117 118 court finds that the petitioner is not a victim of abuse as 119 defined by Section 93-21-3.

(3) Costs assessed pursuant to this chapter shall include a
 One Dollar (\$1.00) fee on every order of protection that is
 issued, which shall be collected by the court and payable to the
 Attorney General for expenses in providing forms to the courts.

124 SECTION 4. Section 93-21-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 125 amended as follows:

93-21-11. (1) Within ten (10) days of filing of a petition under the provisions of this act, the court shall hold a hearing, at which time the petitioner must prove the allegation of abuse by a preponderance of the evidence. The <u>respondent</u> shall be given notice by service of process as otherwise provided by law.

131 (2) Upon showing of immediate and present danger in an ex 132 parte proceeding, and upon specific request by the petitioner, the 133 court may, prior to the date set for the hearing, enter such 134 temporary ex parte order as it deems necessary to protect from abuse the petitioner, any minor children, or any person alleged to 135 be incompetent. Immediate and present danger of abuse to the 136 petitioner, any minor children, or any person alleged to be 137 138 incompetent, shall constitute good cause for issuance of a temporary ex parte order. A temporary ex parte order shall last 139 140 no longer than ten (10) days and upon issuance of a temporary ex

07/HR07/SB3036A.J PAGE 4 (CJR)

parte order, the respondent shall be served with a copy of the 141 order and given notice of a hearing to be held within ten (10) 142 143 days as provided in subsection (1). If a hearing under subsection (1) of this section is 144 (3) 145 continued, the court may make or extend such temporary ex parte orders under subsection (2) of this section as it deems necessary. 146 A continuance under this subsection shall last no longer than 147 twenty (20) days. 148 149 (4) Any temporary ex parte protective order to bring about a 150 cessation of abuse of the petitioner, any minor children, or any 151 person alleged to be incompetent, may include the following 152 relief: 153 (a) Directing the defendant to refrain from abusing the 154 petitioner, any minor children, or any person alleged to be 155 incompetent; 156 (b) Granting possession to the petitioner of the 157 residence or household to the exclusion of the defendant by evicting the defendant and/or restoring possession to the 158 159 petitioner; 160 (c) Prohibiting or limiting respondent's physical proximity to the abused, including residence and place of work; 161 (d) Prohibiting or limiting contact with the abused by 162 163 the respondent, whether in person, by telephone or by electronic 164 communication; and (e) Prohibiting the transferring, encumbering or 165 166 otherwise disposing of property mutually owned or leased by the 167 parties, except when in the ordinary course of business. 168 (5) The court may amend its order or agreement at any time upon subsequent petition by either party. 169 170 (6) No temporary ex parte protective order shall be issued 171 unless supported by an independent petition requesting relief 172 pursuant to this chapter. Every order granting a temporary ex

173 parte protective order pursuant to this section shall set forth 174 the reasons for its issuance, shall contain specific findings of 175 fact regarding the existence of abuse, shall be specific in its 176 terms and shall describe in reasonable detail the act or acts to 177 be restrained.

178 (7) In issuing temporary ex parte protective orders pursuant
 179 to this section, the court shall utilize the uniform form
 180 developed, approved and distributed by the Attorney General.

181 SECTION 5. Section 93-21-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 182 amended as follows:

183 93-21-15. (1) <u>Upon petition</u> the chancery, circuit or county 184 court shall be empowered to grant any protective order or approve 185 any consent agreement to bring about a cessation of abuse of the 186 petitioner, any minor children, or any person alleged to be 187 incompetent, which relief may include:

(a) Directing the defendant to refrain from abusing the
petitioner, any minor children, or any person alleged to be
incompetent;

(b) Granting possession to the petitioner of the residence or household to the exclusion of the defendant by evicting the defendant and/or restoring possession to the petitioner;

195 (c) When the defendant has a duty to support the 196 petitioner, any minor children, or any person alleged to be 197 incompetent living in the residence or household and the defendant 198 is the sole owner or lessee, granting possession to the petitioner of the residence or household to the exclusion of the defendant by 199 200 evicting the defendant and/or restoring possession to the petitioner, or by consent agreement allowing the defendant to 201 202 provide suitable, alternate housing;

203 (d) Awarding temporary custody of and/or establishing 204 temporary visitation rights with regard to any minor children or 205 any person alleged to be incompetent;

(e) If the defendant is legally obligated to support the petitioner, any minor children, or any person alleged to be incompetent, ordering the defendant to pay temporary support for the petitioner, any minor children, or any person alleged to be incompetent;

211 (f) Ordering the defendant to pay to the abused person 212 monetary compensation for losses suffered as a direct result of 213 the abuse, including, but not limited to, medical expenses resulting from such abuse, loss of earnings or support, 214 215 out-of-pocket losses for injuries sustained, moving expenses, a 216 reasonable attorney's fee, and/or ordering counseling or 217 professional medical treatment for the defendant and/or the abused person; \* \* \* 218

(g) Prohibiting the transferring, encumbering, or otherwise disposing of property mutually owned or leased by the parties, except when in the ordinary course of business<u>;</u>

222 (h) Prohibiting or limiting respondent's physical 223 proximity to the abused, including residence and place of work; 224 and

(i) Prohibiting or limiting contact with the abused by the respondent, whether in person, by telephone or by electronic communication.

(2) No protective order shall be issued unless supported by
an independent petition requesting relief pursuant to this
chapter. Every order granting a protective order pursuant to this
section shall set forth the reasons for its issuance, shall
contain specific findings of fact regarding the existence of
abuse, shall be specific in its terms and shall describe in
reasonable detail the act or acts to be prohibited.

07/HR07/SB3036A.J \* HR07/SB3036A.J\* PAGE 7 (CJR) 235 (3) In issuing protective orders pursuant to this section,

236 the court shall utilize the uniform form developed, approved and 237 distributed by the Attorney General.

(4) Upon issuance of any protective order by the court, the
 order shall be forwarded to the sheriff for enforcement and entry
 into the National Criminal Information Center's Protection Order
 File.

242 **SECTION 6.** Section 93-21-16, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 243 amended as follows:

93-21-16. (1) A protective order from another jurisdiction
issued to protect the applicant from <u>abuse</u> as defined in Section
<u>93-21-3</u>, or a protection order as defined in Section 93-22-3,
issued by a tribunal of another state shall be accorded full faith
and credit by the courts of this state and enforced in this state
as provided for in the Uniform Interstate Enforcement of Domestic
Violence Protection Orders Act.

(2) For purposes of enforcement by Mississippi law
enforcement officers, a protective order from another
jurisdiction, or a protection order as defined in Section 93-22-3
and issued by a tribunal of another state, is presumed to be valid
if it meets the requirements of Section 93-22-7.

256 (3) For purposes of judicial enforcement of a protective 257 order issued in another jurisdiction, or a protection order as 258 defined in Section 93-22-3 and issued by a tribunal of another 259 state, an order is presumed valid if it meets the requirements of 260 Section 93-22-5(4). It is an affirmative defense in any action 261 seeking enforcement of a protective order issued in another 262 jurisdiction, or a protection order as defined in Section 93-22-3 and issued by a tribunal of another state, that any criteria for 263 264 the validity of the order is absent.

265 **SECTION 7.** Section 93-21-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 266 amended as follows:

07/HR07/SB3036A.J \* HR07/SB3036A.J\* PAGE 8 (CJR)

93-21-17. (1) The granting of any relief authorized under 267 268 this chapter shall not preclude any other relief provided by law. 269 \* \* \* The court may amend its order or agreement at any (2) time upon subsequent petition filed by either party. Protective 270 271 orders issued under the provisions of this chapter may only be amended by approval of the court. 272 (3) No order or agreement under this chapter shall in any 273 274 manner affect title to any real property. 275 SECTION 8. Section 93-21-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 276 amended as follows: 277 93-21-25. (1) In order to provide a statewide registry for protective orders and to aid law enforcement, prosecutors and 278 279 courts in handling such matters, there is created a Mississippi 280 Protective Order Registry administered by the Office of the Attorney General. The Attorney General's Office shall collect the 281 282 data transmitted to it from the courts and enter it into the 283 Mississippi Protective Order Registry. 284 (2) All orders issued pursuant to this chapter will be 285 maintained in the Mississippi Protective Order Registry. 286 (3) The clerk of the issuing court shall send a copy of the 287 order or any modification thereof to the Mississippi Protection 288 Order Registry as expeditiously as possible but no later than by 289 the end of the next business day after the order is filed with the 290 clerk of the court. Transmittal of the order may be by facsimile 291 transmission, mail or email. 292 (4) Upon formation, the registry shall immediately implement a daily process for the entry of newly issued protective orders 293 294 and removal of records and names of the parties in all cases in which a protective order expires by its own terms or is modified 295 296 or rescinded by the court.

07/HR07/SB3036A.J PAGE 9 (CJR)

297 (5) The Mississippi Protective Order Registry shall be a

298 public record and the Attorney General's Office shall make such 299 registry available to the public.

300 SECTION 9. Section 93-21-28, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
301 amended as follows:

302 93-21-28. (1) A person who alleges that he or she or a 303 minor child has been the victim of domestic violence may request 304 the assistance of a local law enforcement agency. The local law 305 enforcement agency shall respond to the request for assistance 306 with all deliberate speed. The local law enforcement officer 307 responding to the request for assistance shall take whatever steps are reasonably necessary to protect the complainant from harm and 308 309 shall advise the complainant of sources of shelter, medical care, 310 counseling and other services. Upon request by the complainant 311 and where feasible, the law enforcement officer shall transport 312 the complainant to appropriate facilities such as hospitals or 313 public or private facilities for shelter and accompany the complainant to his or her residence, within the jurisdiction in 314 315 which the request for assistance was made, so that the complainant 316 may remove food, clothing, medication and such other personal 317 property as is reasonably necessary to enable the complainant and 318 any minor children who are presently in the care of the 319 complainant to remain elsewhere pending further proceedings.

320 (2) In providing the assistance authorized by subsection
321 (1), no officer may be held criminally or civilly liable on
322 account of reasonable measures taken under authority of subsection
323 (1).

324 **SECTION 10.** Section 93-21-113, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 325 amended as follows:

326 93-21-113. Domestic violence shelters through their 327 employees and officials shall, on every occasion other than the 328 initial request for assistance, report to the district attorney,

07/HR07/SB3036A.J	* HR07/ SB3036A. J*
PAGE 10	
(CJR)	

the county attorney, or the appropriate law enforcement official or other state agencies any occurrence or instance coming to their attention which would involve the commission of a crime or the failure to perform or render a service or assistance to a victim of domestic violence when required by law to do so.

334 Every municipal prosecutor, county attorney, district 335 attorney or other appropriate law enforcement official who, having had reported to him a case of domestic violence, if the facts 336 337 submitted be sufficient, shall immediately file charges against 338 the offender on the behalf of the victim. Such prosecutor may in 339 plea bargaining with the offender enter into an agreement whereby the offender shall receive counseling in lieu of further 340 341 prosecution, and if the offender shall successfully attend 342 counseling as agreed upon for the period of time agreed upon, the municipal prosecutor, county attorney or district attorney, as the 343 344 case may be, shall pass such case to the file.

No <u>municipal prosecutor</u>, county attorney or district attorney shall grant such right in plea bargaining to the same offender more than once.

348 **SECTION 11.** Section 97-3-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 349 amended as follows:

350 97-3-7. (1) A person is guilty of simple assault if he (a) 351 attempts to cause or purposely, knowingly or recklessly causes 352 bodily injury to another; or (b) negligently causes bodily injury 353 to another with a deadly weapon or other means likely to produce 354 death or serious bodily harm; or (c) attempts by physical menace 355 to put another in fear of imminent serious bodily harm; and, upon 356 conviction, he shall be punished by a fine of not more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) or by imprisonment in the county jail 357 358 for not more than six (6) months, or both. However, a person convicted of simple assault (a) upon a statewide elected official, 359 360 law enforcement officer, fireman, emergency medical personnel,

07/HR07/SB3036A.J PAGE 11 (CJR)

public health personnel, social worker or family protection 361 362 specialist or family protection worker employed by the Department 363 of Human Services or another agency, superintendent, principal, 364 teacher or other instructional personnel, school attendance 365 officer, school bus driver, or a judge of a circuit, chancery, 366 county, justice, municipal or youth court or a judge of the Court 367 of Appeals or a justice of the Supreme Court, district attorney, 368 legal assistant to a district attorney, county prosecutor, 369 municipal prosecutor, court reporter employed by a court, court 370 administrator, clerk or deputy clerk of the court, or public 371 defender, while such statewide elected official, judge or justice, 372 law enforcement officer, fireman, emergency medical personnel, public health personnel, social worker, family protection 373 374 specialist, family protection worker, superintendent, principal, 375 teacher or other instructional personnel, school attendance 376 officer, school bus driver, district attorney, legal assistant to 377 a district attorney, county prosecutor, municipal prosecutor, 378 court reporter employed by a court, court administrator, clerk or 379 deputy clerk of the court, or public defender is acting within the 380 scope of his duty, office or employment, or (b) upon a legislator 381 while the Legislature is in regular or extraordinary session or 382 while otherwise acting within the scope of his duty, office or 383 employment, shall be punished by a fine of not more than One 384 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or by imprisonment for not more than 385 five (5) years, or both.

(2) A person is guilty of aggravated assault if he (a)
attempts to cause serious bodily injury to another, or causes such
injury purposely, knowingly or recklessly under circumstances
manifesting extreme indifference to the value of human life; or
(b) attempts to cause or purposely or knowingly causes bodily
injury to another with a deadly weapon or other means likely to
produce death or serious bodily harm; and, upon conviction, he

07/HR07/SB3036A.J PAGE 12 (CJR)

393 shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not more 394 than one (1) year or in the Penitentiary for not more than twenty 395 (20) years. However, a person convicted of aggravated assault (a) 396 upon a statewide elected official, law enforcement officer, 397 fireman, emergency medical personnel, public health personnel, 398 social worker, family protection specialist, family protection worker employed by the Department of Human Services or another 399 agency, superintendent, principal, teacher or other instructional 400 401 personnel, school attendance officer, school bus driver, or a 402 judge of a circuit, chancery, county, justice, municipal or youth 403 court or a judge of the Court of Appeals or a justice of the 404 Supreme Court, district attorney, legal assistant to a district 405 attorney, county prosecutor, municipal prosecutor, court reporter 406 employed by a court, court administrator, clerk or deputy clerk of 407 the court, or public defender, while such statewide elected 408 official, judge or justice, law enforcement officer, fireman, 409 emergency medical personnel, public health personnel, social worker, family protection specialist, family protection worker, 410 411 superintendent, principal, teacher or other instructional 412 personnel, school attendance officer, school bus driver, district 413 attorney, legal assistant to a district attorney, county 414 prosecutor, municipal prosecutor, court reporter employed by a 415 court, court administrator, clerk or deputy clerk of the court, or 416 public defender is acting within the scope of his duty, office or 417 employment, or (b) upon a legislator while the Legislature is in 418 regular or extraordinary session or while otherwise acting within 419 the scope of his duty, office or employment, shall be punished by 420 a fine of not more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) or by 421 imprisonment for not more than thirty (30) years, or both. 422 A person is guilty of simple domestic violence who (3)

423 commits simple assault as described in subsection (1) of this 424 section against a family or household member who resides with the

defendant or who formerly resided with the defendant, a current or 425 426 former spouse, a person who has a current dating relationship with 427 the defendant, or a person with whom the defendant has had a 428 biological or legally adopted child and upon conviction, the 429 defendant shall be punished as provided under subsection (1) of 430 this section; however, upon a third or subsequent conviction of 431 simple domestic violence, whether against the same or another victim and within five (5) years, the defendant shall be guilty of 432 433 a felony and sentenced to a term of imprisonment not less than 434 five (5) nor more than ten (10) years. In sentencing, the court 435 shall consider as an aggravating factor whether the crime was 436 committed in the physical presence or hearing of a child under 437 sixteen (16) years of age who was, at the time of the offense, 438 living within either the residence of the victim, the residence of 439 the perpetrator, or the residence where the offense occurred.

440 A person is guilty of aggravated domestic violence who (4) 441 commits appravated assault as described in subsection (2) of this section against a family or household member who resides with the 442 443 defendant or who formerly resided with the defendant, or a current 444 or former spouse, a person who has a current dating relationship 445 with the defendant, or a person with whom the defendant has had a 446 biological or legally adopted child and upon conviction, the 447 defendant shall be punished as provided under subsection (2) of 448 this section; however, upon a third or subsequent offense of 449 aggravated domestic violence, whether against the same or another 450 victim and within five (5) years, the defendant shall be guilty of a felony and sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 451 452 five (5) nor more than twenty (20) years. In sentencing, the court shall consider as an aggravating factor whether the crime 453 454 was committed in the physical presence or hearing of a child under 455 sixteen (16) years of age who was, at the time of the offense, 456 living within either the residence of the victim, the residence of

07/HR07/SB3036A.J PAGE 14 (CJR)

457 the perpetrator, or the residence where the offense occurred.
458 Reasonable discipline of a child, such as spanking, is not an
459 offense under this subsection (4).

460 (5) "Dating relationship" means a social relationship of a461 romantic or intimate nature.

(6) Every conviction of domestic violence may require as a condition of any suspended sentence that the defendant participate in counseling or treatment to bring about the cessation of domestic abuse. The defendant may be required to pay all or part of the cost of the counseling or treatment, in the discretion of the court.

468 (7) When investigating allegations of a violation of
469 subsections (3) and (4) of this section, law enforcement officers
470 shall utilize the form prescribed by the Office of the Attorney
471 General in consultation with the Sheriff's and Police Chief's
472 Associations for such purposes. In cases in which the
473 investigation results in an arrest, a copy of the offense report
474 shall be provided to the Office of the Attorney General.

475 (8) In any conviction of assault as described in any 476 subsection of this section which arises from an incident of 477 domestic violence, the sentencing order shall include the 478 designation "domestic violence." <u>The court shall forward a copy</u> 479 <u>of each sentencing order bearing the designation "domestic</u>

480 violence" to the Office of the Attorney General.

481 SECTION 12. Section 99-5-37, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 482 amended as follows:

99-5-37. In any arrest for a misdemeanor which is an act of domestic violence, as defined in Section <u>99-3-7(5)</u>, no bail shall be granted until the person arrested has appeared before a judge of the court of competent jurisdiction. The defendant shall be brought before a judge at the first reasonable opportunity, not to exceed twenty-four (24) hours from the time of the arrest. In

07/HR07/SB3036A.J PAGE 15 (CJR)

calculating the twenty-four (24) hours, weekends and holidays 489 490 shall be included. The appearance may be by telephone. Upon 491 setting bail in any case involving a misdemeanor which is an act 492 of domestic violence, the judge shall give particular 493 consideration to the exigencies of the case, including, but not 494 limited to, (a) the potential for further violence, (b) the past 495 history, if any, of violence between the defendant and alleged victim, (c) the level of violence of the instant offense, (d) any 496 497 threats of further violence and (e) the existence of a domestic violence protection order prohibiting the defendant from engaging 498 499 in abusive behavior, and shall impose any specific conditions as 500 he or she may deem necessary. Specific conditions which may be imposed by the judge may include the issuance of an order 501 502 prohibiting the defendant from contacting the alleged victim prior to trial, prohibiting the defendant from abusing or threatening 503 504 the alleged victim, requiring defendant to refrain from drug or 505 alcohol use, or requiring the defendant to relinquish possession 506 of any firearms or other weapons to the law enforcement agency 507 making the arrest. All such orders shall be reduced to writing 508 using the form developed by the Attorney General or a form 509 substantially similar to the form developed by the Attorney 510 General. 511 SECTION 13. Section 93-21-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, which provides for ex parte proceedings, temporary relief and 512 513 enforcement of orders in abuse cases, is repealed. 514 SECTION 14. This act shall take effect and be in force from

515 and after July 1, 2007.

## Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

AN ACT TO REVISE VARIOUS PROVISIONS OF THE LAW DEALING WITH DOMESTIC VIOLENCE; TO AMEND SECTION 19-5-319, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO ALLOW RECORDINGS OF EMERGENCY CALLS TO BE USED TO PROSECUTE CRIMINAL OFFENSES; TO AMEND SECTION 93-21-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE DEFINITIONS; TO AMEND SECTION 93-21-7,

б MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE PETITION PROVISIONS; TO AMEND SECTION 93-21-11, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE NOTICE AND TEMPORARY ORDERS; TO AMEND SECTION 93-21-15, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 7 8 1972, TO REVISE PROTECTIVE ORDERS; TO AMEND SECTION 93-21-16, 9 10 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT; TO 11 AMEND SECTION 93-21-17, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY THAT 12 ONLY THE COURT MAY AMEND PROTECTIVE ORDERS; TO AMEND SECTION  $93-21-25\,,$  MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CREATE A PROTECTIVE ORDER REGISTRY; TO AMEND SECTION  $93-21-28\,,$  MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 13 14 15 REVISE EMERGENCY LAW ENFORCEMENT RESPONSE; TO AMEND SECTION 93-21-113, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO INCLUDE MUNICIPAL PROSECUTORS AS A PROSECUTOR REQUIRED TO FILE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE 16 17 CHARGES; TO AMEND SECTION 97-3-7, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 18 REVISE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROVISIONS; TO AMEND SECTION 99-5-37, 19 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE CONDITIONS TO BE CONSIDERED IN DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CASES; TO REPEAL SECTION 93-21-13, MISSISSIPPI 20 21 22 CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDES FOR EX PARTE PROCEEDINGS, TEMPORARY RELIEF AND ENFORCEMENT OF ORDERS IN ABUSE CASES; AND FOR RELATED 23 24 PURPOSES.