By: Representatives Franks, Reeves, Rotenberry

To: Ways and Means

## COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 879

AN ACT TO REQUIRE ANY MOTOR VEHICLES PURCHASED BY A STATE AGENCY, DEPARTMENT, INSTITUTION OR AGENCY TO MEET THE FEDERAL 3 CORPORATE AVERAGE FUEL ECONOMY (CAFE) STANDARDS OR TO CONTAIN A 4 HYBRID GAS-ELECTRIC MOTOR OR A MOTOR EQUIPPED FOR USING ALTERNATIVE FUELS; TO REQUIRE A STATE AGENCY, DEPARTMENT 5 6 INSTITUTION OR AGENCY TO PURCHASE A CERTAIN PERCENTAGE OF SUCH 7 VEHICLES BY THE SCHEDULED TIME SPECIFIED IN THIS ACT; TO PROVIDE 8 AN INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR CERTAIN TAXPAYERS WHO PURCHASE NEW HYBRID ELECTRIC VEHICLES; TO LIMIT THE AMOUNT OF THE TAX CREDIT TO 9 FEDERAL LIMITS OR THE AMOUNT OF INCOME TAX IMPOSED UPON THE 10 11 TAXPAYER FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR REDUCED BY THE SUM OF ALL OTHER CREDITS ALLOWABLE TO THE TAXPAYER UNDER THE STATE INCOME TAX LAWS; 12 13 TO PROVIDE THAT ANY UNUSED PORTION OF THE TAX CREDIT MAY BE CARRIED FORWARD FOR THE NEXT FIVE SUCCEEDING TAX YEARS; TO PROVIDE 14 INCOME TAX CREDITS TO THOSE WHO BUILD NEW BUILDINGS OR 15 16 REHABILITATE OLD BUILDINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNITED STATES GREEN BUILDING COUNCIL; TO CLARIFY THAT THE OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY 17 GENERAL IS TO MONITOR PETROLEUM BASED FUEL PRICES THROUGHOUT THE 18 STATE; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 19 20 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 21 SECTION 1. (1) Beginning July 1, 2007, any motor vehicle purchased or leased by any state department, institution or agency 22 shall meet the federal Corporate Average Fuel Economy (CAFE) 23 Standards or contain a hybrid motor powered by a combination of 24 25 gasoline and electricity or a motor equipped for using an alternative fuel. For purposes of this section, the term 26 "alternative fuel" means compressed natural gas, liquefied 27 petroleum gas, reformulated gasoline, methanol, ethanol, 28

31 (2) All state departments, institutions or agencies shall 32 achieve the following percentages of replacement vehicles that 33 exceed twenty-five (25) miles per gallon, contain a hybrid motor 34 powered by a combination of gasoline and electricity, or a motor 35 equipped for using alternative fuels, by the times specified:

electricity, and any other fuel which meet or exceed federal Clean

Air Act standards.

29

- 36 (a) The percentage shall be equal to or greater than
- 37 twenty percent (20%) of the number of the department's,
- 38 institution's or agency's fleet vehicles operated by January 1,
- 39 2009.
- 40 (b) The percentage shall be equal to or greater than
- 41 thirty percent (30%) of the number of the department's,
- 42 institution's or agency's fleet vehicles operated by January 1,
- 43 2010.
- 44 (c) The percentage shall be equal to or greater that
- 45 fifty percent (50%) of the number of the department's,
- 46 institution's or agency's fleet vehicles operated by January 1,
- 47 2012.
- 48 (3) The State Auditor in its annual report to the Senate and
- 49 House Conservation and Water Committees and the Joint Legislative
- 50 Budget Committee shall show the progress in achieving the
- 51 percentage requirements prescribed in paragraph (b).
- 52 **SECTION 2.** (1) For the purposes of this section, the term
- 53 "hybrid electric vehicle" means a private carrier of passengers or
- 54 light carrier of property, as defined in Section 27-51-101, that:
- 55 (a) Meets all applicable federal and state regulatory
- 56 requirements;
- 57 (b) Meets the current vehicle exhaust standard set
- 58 under the National Low-Emission Vehicle Program for gasoline
- 59 powered passenger cars; and
- 60 (c) Draws propulsion energy from the following sources:
- (i) An internal combustion engine or heat engine
- 62 using any combustible fuel; and
- (ii) An onboard rechargeable energy storage
- 64 system.
- 65 (2) Subject to the provisions of this section, any taxpayer
- 66 who purchases a new hybrid electric vehicle without the intent to
- 67 resell the vehicle and who does not resell the vehicle within five
- 68 (5) years from the date of purchase shall be entitled to a credit

- against the taxes imposed by this chapter in an amount equal to 69 70 the amount established by federal law or the amount of income tax 71 imposed upon the taxpayer for the taxable year reduced by the sum 72 of all other credits allowable to the taxpayer under the state 73 income tax laws, except credit for tax payments made by or on 74 behalf of the taxpayer. In the case of married individuals filing 75 separate returns, each person may claim an amount not to exceed one-half (1/2) of the tax credit that would have been allowed for 76 a joint return. The tax credit is available only for the taxable 77 78 year during which the hybrid electric vehicle was purchased, and a 79 hybrid electric vehicle may qualify for the credit only one (1) time. To the extent that the allowable tax credit exceeds the 80 amount of the taxpayer's liability for the taxable year, the 81 82 unused portion of the tax credit may be carried forward for the
- 85 (3) No person who receives a credit under the provisions of 86 this section shall alter the vehicle for which a credit is 87 received in any manner that changes the vehicle to such a 88 condition that the vehicle is no longer a hybrid-electric vehicle.

next five (5) succeeding tax years until the full amount of the

- 89 **SECTION 3.** Section 2 of this act shall be codified as a 90 separate section in Chapter 7, Title 27, Mississippi Code of 1972.
- 91 **SECTION 4.** (1) As used in this section, the following words 92 shall have the meanings ascribed herein unless the context clearly 93 requires otherwise:
- 94 (a) "Department" means the Department of Environmental 95 Quality.
- 96 (b) (i) "Allowable costs" means amounts that are paid
  97 or incurred on or after July 1, 2007, for construction or
  98 rehabilitation, commissioning costs, interest paid or incurred
  99 during the construction or rehabilitation period, architectural,
  100 engineering or other fees able to be allocated to construction or
  101 rehabilitation, closing costs for construction, rehabilitation, or

tax credit has been used.

83

- 102 mortgage loans, recording taxes and filing fees incurred with
- 103 respect to construction or rehabilitation, finishes and
- 104 furnishings consistent with the regulations adopted by the
- 105 department under this section, lighting, plumbing, electrical
- 106 wiring, and ventilation.
- 107 (ii) "Allowable costs" does not include: the cost
- 108 of telephone systems and computers, other than electrical wiring
- 109 costs, legal fees allocable to construction or rehabilitation,
- 110 site costs, including temporary electric wiring, scaffolding,
- 111 demolition costs, and fencing and security facilities, finishes or
- 112 furnishings that are not consistent with the regulations adopted
- 113 by the department under this section, the cost of purchasing or
- 114 installing fuel cells, wind turbines, or photovoltaic module.
- 115 (c) "Applicable energy efficiency standards" means
- 116 ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1-1999, Energy Standard for Buildings
- 117 Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings, published by the American
- 118 Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers
- 119 and the Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) Green
- 120 Building Rating System and any applicable standard established by
- 121 the federal Department of Energy.
- 122 (d) "Base building" means all areas of a building not
- 123 intended for occupancy by a tenant or owner, including the
- 124 structural components of the building, exterior walls, floors,
- 125 windows, roofs, foundations, chimneys and stacks, parking areas,
- 126 mechanical rooms and mechanical systems, and owner-controlled or
- 127 operated service spaces, sidewalks, main lobby, shafts and
- 128 vertical transportation mechanisms, stairways, and corridors.
- (e) "Commissioning" has the following meanings: (i) the
- 130 testing and fine-tuning of heat, ventilating, and air-conditioning
- 131 systems and other systems to assure proper functioning and
- 132 adherence to design criteria; and (ii) the preparation of system
- 133 operation manuals and instruction of maintenance personnel.

```
134
                    "Credit allowance year" means the later of:
                                                                 (i)
135
     the taxable year during which the property, construction,
136
     completion, or rehabilitation on which the credit allowed under
137
     this section is based is originally placed in service; or a fuel
138
     cell, wind turbine, or photovoltaic module constitutes a
139
     qualifying alternate energy source and is fully operational;
     or the earliest taxable year for which the credit may be claimed
140
     under the initial credit certificate issued under subsection (k)
141
     of this section.
142
143
                    "Eligible building" means a building located in the
144
     state that:
145
                    (i)
                         Is a building used primarily for residential
146
     purposes;
                    (ii) 1. Is a building used primarily for
147
     nonresidential purposes if the building contains at least twenty
148
149
     thousand (20,000) square feet of interior space; or 2. Is a
150
     residential multifamily building with at least twelve (12)
     dwelling units that contains at least twenty thousand (20,000)
151
152
     square feet of interior space; or 3. Is any combination of
153
     buildings described in this subparagraph (g);
                    (iii) Is a newly constructed building for which a
154
155
     certificate of occupancy was not issued before the effective date
156
     of this act, and:
                        1. Is located on a qualified brownfields site,
157
     as defined under state law; 2. Is located in a priority funding
158
     area and is not located on wetlands, the alteration of which
     requires a permit under § 404 of the federal Clean Water Act, 33
159
     USCS § 1344; or
160
161
                    (iv) Is a rehabilitated building that is not an
162
     increase of more than twenty-five percent (25%) in the square
163
     footage of the building, meet applicable energy efficiency
```

standards.

165	(h) "Fuel cell" means a device that produces
166	electricity directly from hydrogen or hydrocarbon fuel through a
167	noncombustive electrochemical process.

- 168 (i) "Green base building" means a base building that is 169 part of an eligible building and meets the requirements set out in
- 170 this section.
- (j) "Green whole building" means a building for which
  the base building is a green base building and all space is green
  space.
- 174 (k) "Green tenant space" means tenant space in a
  175 building if the building is an eligible building and the tenant
  176 space meets the requirements of this section.
- 177 (1) "Incremental cost of building-integrated
  178 photovoltaic modules" means:
- (i) The cost of building-integrated photovoltaic modules and any associated inverter, additional wiring or other electrical equipment for the photovoltaic modules, or additional mounting or structural materials, less the cost of spandrel glass or other building material that would have been used if building-integrated photovoltaic modules were not installed;
- (ii) Incremental labor costs properly allocable to on-site preparation, assembly, and original installation of photovoltaic modules; and
- (iii) Incremental costs of architectural and engineering services and designs and plans directly related to the construction or installation of photovoltaic modules.
- 191 (m) "Qualifying alternate energy sources" means

  192 building-integrated and nonbuilding-integrated photovoltaic

  193 modules, wind turbines, and fuel cells installed to serve the base

  194 building or tenant space that:
- 195 (i) Have the capability to monitor their actual 196 power output;

197	(iiˈ	Are f	1111v	commissioned	เมทดท	installation	. and
101	\ <del>_</del> ,	ALC I	. итту	COMMITTOTICA	apon	TIIDCATTACTOIL	, and

- 198 annually thereafter, to ensure that the systems meet their design
- 199 specifications; and
- 200 (iii) In the case of wind turbines, meet any
- 201 applicable noise ordinances.
- 202 (n) "Tenant improvements" means improvements that are
- 203 necessary or appropriate to support or conduct the business of a
- 204 tenant or occupying owner.
- 205 (o) "Tenant space" means the portion of a building
- 206 intended for occupancy by a tenant or occupying owner.
- 207 (2) **Credit authorized.** (a) An individual or a corporation
- 208 may claim a credit against the state income tax as provided under
- 209 this section for green buildings and green building components.
- 210 (b) If the credit allowed under this section exceeds
- 211 the state income tax, any unused credit may be carried forward and
- 212 applied for succeeding taxable years until the earlier of:
- 213 (i) The full amount of the credit is used; or
- 214 (ii) The expiration of the tenth (10th) year after
- 215 the taxable year for which the credit was allowed.
- 216 (c) For each of the credits under this section, the
- 217 credit may not be allowed for any taxable year unless:
- (i) The taxpayer has obtained and filed an initial
- 219 credit certificate and an eligibility certificate issued under
- 220 this section;
- 221 (ii) A certificate of occupancy for the building
- 222 has been issued; and
- 223 (iii) The property with respect to which the
- 224 credit is claimed is in service during the taxable year.
- 225 (d) The total amount allowed in the aggregate for all
- 226 credits under this section may not exceed the maximum set forth in
- 227 the initial credit certificate obtained under this section.

- (e) In determining the amount of the credits under this section, a cost paid or incurred may not be the basis for more than one credit.
- 231 (3) Amount of credit Green whole building. (a) For the
  232 taxable year that is the credit allowance year, an owner or tenant
  233 may claim a credit in an amount equal to ten percent (10%) of the
  234 allowable costs paid or incurred by the owner or tenant for the
  235 construction of a green whole building or the rehabilitation of a
  236 building that is not a green whole building to be a green whole
- 238 (b) The allowable costs used to determine the credit 239 amount allowed under this subsection for a green whole building 240 may not exceed in the aggregate:
- (i) One Hundred Twenty Dollars (\$120) per square foot for that portion of the building that comprises the base building; and
- 244 (ii) Sixty Dollars (\$60) per square foot for that 245 portion of the building that comprises the tenant space.
- 246 (4) Amount of credit Green base building. (a) For the
  247 taxable year that is the credit allowance year, an owner may claim
  248 a credit in an amount equal to ten percent (10%) of the allowable
  249 costs paid or incurred by the owner for the construction of a
  250 green base building or the rehabilitation of a building that is
  251 not a green base building to be a green base building.
- 252 (b) The allowable costs used to determine the credit
  253 amount allowed under this subsection for a green base building may
  254 not exceed, in the aggregate, One Hundred Twenty Dollars (\$120.00)
  255 per square foot.
- 256 (5) Amount of credit Green tenant space. (a) For the
  257 taxable year that is the credit allowance year, an owner or tenant
  258 may claim a credit in an amount equal to six percent (6%) of the
  259 allowable costs for tenant improvements paid or incurred by the
  260 owner or tenant in the construction or completion of green tenant
  H. B. No. 879 \*HR40/R370CS\*

237

building.

- 261 space or the rehabilitation of tenant space that is not green
- 262 tenant space to be green tenant space.
- 263 (b) (i) The allowable costs used to determine the
- 264 credit amount allowed under this subsection for green tenant space
- 265 may not exceed, in the aggregate, Sixty Dollars (\$60) per square
- 266 foot.
- 267 (ii) If an owner and tenant both incur allowable
- 268 costs for tenant improvements under this subsection and the costs
- 269 exceed Sixty Dollars (\$60) per square foot in the aggregate, the
- 270 owner has priority as to costs constituting the basis for the
- 271 green tenant space credit under this subsection.
- 272 (c) The credit under this subsection for green tenant
- 273 space may not be claimed by an owner of a building that occupies
- fewer than ten thousand (10,000) square feet of the building.
- 275 (d) The credit under this subsection for green tenant
- 276 space may not be claimed by a tenant that occupies fewer than five
- thousand (5,000) square feet.
- 278 (6) Amount of credit Fuel cell. (a) For the taxable year
- 279 that is the credit allowance year, an owner or tenant may claim a
- 280 credit in the amount determined under this subsection for the
- 281 installation of a fuel cell that is a qualifying alternate energy
- 282 source and is installed to serve a green whole building, green
- 283 base building, or green tenant space.
- (b) The amount of the credit allowed under this
- 285 subsection is twenty percent (20%) of the sum of the capitalized
- 286 costs paid or incurred by an owner or tenant with respect to each
- 287 fuel cell installed, including the cost of the foundation or
- 288 platform and the labor costs associated with installation.
- (c) The costs used to determine the credit amount
- 290 allowed under this subsection for installation of a fuel cell:
- 291 (i) May not exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000)
- 292 per kilowatt of installed DC rated capacity of the fuel cell; and

293	(ii) Shall be reduced by the amount of any
294	federal, State, or local grant:
295	1. Received by the taxpayer and used for the
296	purchase or installation of the fuel cell; and
297	2. Not included in the federal gross income
298	of the taxpayer.
299	(7) Amount of credit - Photovoltaic modules. (a) For the
300	taxable year that is the credit allowance year, an owner or tenant
301	may claim a credit in the amount determined under this subsection
302	for the installation of photovoltaic modules that constitute a
303	qualifying alternate energy source and are installed to serve a
304	green whole building, green base building, or green tenant space
305	(b) The amount of the credit allowed under this
306	subsection is:
307	(i) Twenty percent (20%) of the incremental cost
308	paid or incurred by an owner or tenant for building-integrated
309	photovoltaic modules; and
310	(ii) Twenty-five (25%) of the cost of
311	nonbuilding-integrated photovoltaic modules, including the cost of
312	the foundation or platform and the labor costs associated with
313	installation.
314	(c) The costs used to determine the credit amount
315	allowed under this subsection for installation of photovoltaic
316	modules:
317	(i) May not exceed the product obtained by
318	multiplying Three Dollars (\$3) times the number of watts included
319	in the DC rated capacity of the photovoltaic modules; and
320	(ii) Shall be reduced by the amount of any
321	federal, state, or local grant:
322	1. Received by the taxpayer and used for the
323	purchase or installation of the photovoltaic equipment; and
324	2. Not included in the federal gross income
325	of the taxpayer.

\* HR40/ R370CS\*

H. B. No. 879 07/HR40/R370CS PAGE 10 (BS\BD)

326		(d)	A cr	edit mag	not not	be	claime	d under	this	subse	ection
327	for the	insta	llatio	n of pho	otovo]	Ltai	c modu	les if	the c	redit	under
328	subtitle	is c	laimed	with re	espect	to:	the pl	hotovol	taic r	$nodul\epsilon$	es.

- (8) Amount of credit Wind turbine. (a) For the taxable year that is the credit allowance year, an owner or tenant may claim a credit in the amount determined under this subsection for the installation of a wind turbine that is a qualifying alternate energy source and is installed to serve a green whole building, green base building, or green tenant space.
- 335 (b) The amount of the credit allowed under this
  336 subsection is twenty-five percent (25%) of the sum of the
  337 capitalized costs paid or incurred by an owner or tenant with
  338 respect to each wind turbine installed, including the cost of the
  339 foundation or platform and the labor costs associated with
  340 installation.
  - (9) Regulations Green base building. (a) By regulation, the department shall adopt applicable energy efficiency standards for a building to qualify as a green base building eligible for the tax credits under this section that are consistent with the criteria for green base buildings set forth by the United States Green Building Council or other similar criteria.
- 347 (b) The regulations adopted under this subsection shall
  348 provide that the energy use shall be no more than sixty-five
  349 percent (65%) for new construction of a base building, or
  350 seventy-five percent (75%) in the case of rehabilitation of a base
  351 building, of the energy use attributable to a reference building
  352 which meets the requirements of applicable energy efficiency
  353 standards.
- 354 (10) Regulations Green tenant. (a) By regulation, the 355 department shall adopt standards for tenant space to qualify as 356 green tenant space eligible for the tax credits under this section 357 that are consistent with the criteria for green tenant space set

329

330

331

332

333

334

341

342

343

344

345

- forth by the United States Green Building Council or other similar criteria.
- 360 (b) The regulations adopted under this subsection shall
- 361 provide that the energy use shall be no more than sixty-five
- 362 percent (65%) for new construction, or seventy-five percent (75%)
- 363 in the case of rehabilitation, of the energy use attributable to a
- 364 reference building which meets the requirements of applicable
- 365 energy efficiency standards.
- 366 (11) Initial credit certificate; eligibility certificate;
- 367 written report. (1) (a) On application by a taxpayer, the
- 368 Department shall issue an initial credit certificate if the
- 369 taxpayer has made a showing that the taxpayer is likely within a
- 370 reasonable time to place in service property for which a credit
- 371 under this section would be allowed.
- 372 (b) The initial credit certificate issued under this
- 373 paragraph:
- 374 (i) Shall state the earliest taxable year for
- 375 which the credit may be claimed and an expiration date; and
- 376 (ii) Shall apply only to property placed in
- 377 service on or before the expiration date.
- 378 (c) To avoid unwarranted hardship, the Department at
- 379 its discretion may extend the expiration date stated under an
- 380 initial credit certificate.
- 381 (d) The initial credit certificate shall state the
- 382 maximum amount of credit allowable in the aggregate for all
- 383 credits allowed under this section.
- 384 (e) The department may not issue initial credit
- 385 certificates during a state fiscal year, in the aggregate, for
- 386 more than Twenty-five Million Dollars (\$25,000,000) worth of
- 387 credits.
- 388 (f) Except as otherwise provided in this section,
- 389 initial credit certificates shall be limited in their
- 390 applicability, as follows:

H. B. No. 879 \* HR40/R370CS\* 07/HR40/R370CS

391	Credits in the aggregate may	With respect to taxable
392	not be allowed for more than:	years beginning:
393	\$1 million	2006
394	\$2 million	2007
395	\$3 million	2008
396	\$4 million	2009
397	\$5 million	2010
398	\$4 million	2011
399	\$3 million	2012
400	\$2 million	2013
401	\$1 million	2014

- for credit amounts totaling less than the amount permitted with
  respect to taxable years beginning in that calendar year have been
  issued, the maximum amount that may be allowed for taxable years
  beginning in the subsequent calendar year shall be increased by
  the amount of the preceding year's shortfall.
- 408 (h) The department may not issue an initial credit 409 certificate after December 31, 2011.
- (i) On January 1, 2008, and each year thereafter, the
  department shall provide to the Tax Commission a list of all
  taxpayers in the prior taxable year that have been issued an
  initial credit certificate and shall specify for each taxpayer the
  earliest taxable year for which the credit may be claimed and the
  maximum amount of the credit allowable in the aggregate for all
  credits allowed under this section.
- (2) (a) For each taxable year for which a taxpayer claims a credit under this section with respect to a green whole building, green base building, green tenant space, fuel cell, photovoltaic module, or wind turbine, the taxpayer shall obtain an eligibility certificate from an architect or professional engineer licensed to practice in this state.

423	(b) An eligibility certificate issued under this
424	paragraph shall consist of a certification, under the seal of the
425	architect or engineer, that the property that is the basis for the
426	credit that is claimed is in service and that:
427	(i) The building, base building, or tenant space
428	with respect to which the credit is claimed is a green whole
429	building, green base building, or green tenant space;
430	(ii) Any fuel cell, photovoltaic module, or wind
431	turbine with respect to which the credit is claimed constitutes a
432	qualifying alternate energy source and is fully operational;
433	(iii) The certification under subparagraph (ii) of
434	this paragraph:
435	1. Shall be made in accordance with the
436	regulations adopted by the department under this section
437	specifying the standards and guidelines for each credit under this
438	section; and
439	2. Shall set forth the specific findings on
440	which the certification was based.
441	(iv) The taxpayer shall file the eligibility
442	certificate and the associated initial credit certificate with the
443	taxpayer's income tax return and shall file duplicate copies of
444	the eligibility certificate with the department; and
445	(v) The eligibility certificate shall include:
446	1. Sufficient information to identify each
447	building or space; and
448	2. Any other information that the department
449	or the Tax Commission requires by regulation.
450	(3) If the department has reason to believe that an
451	architect or professional engineer, in making any certification
452	under this subsection, engaged in professional misconduct, the
453	department shall inform the appropriate professional board of the

suspected misconduct.

455	(	4)	(a)	The	depart	ment	may	adopt	regulations	necessary	to
456	carry	out	the	provi	sions	of t	his	sectior	ı.		

- (b) Regulations adopted under this section shall

  construe the provisions of this section in such a manner as to

  encourage the development of green whole buildings, green base

  buildings, and green tenant space and to maintain high, but

  commercially reasonable, standards for obtaining tax credits under

  this section.
- (5) On or before April 1, 2008, the Tax Commission and the department, jointly and in consultation with the Department of the Environment, shall submit to the Legislature:
- 466 (a) The number of certifications and taxpayers claiming 467 the credit under this section;
- 468 (b) The amount of the credits claimed;
- 469 (c) The geographical distribution of the credits
  470 claimed; and
- 471 (d) Any other available information the department 472 determines to be meaningful and appropriate.
- 473 (6) The Tax Commission shall ensure that the information is 474 presented and classified in a manner consistent with the 475 confidentiality of tax return information.
- 476 **SECTION 5.** (1) The Legislature finds and determines that
  477 the petroleum industry is an essential element of the Mississippi
  478 economy and is therefore of vital importance to the health and
  479 welfare of all Mississippians.
- The Legislature further finds and determines that a complete and thorough understanding of the operations of the petroleum industry is required by state government at all times to enable it to respond to possible shortages, oversupplies or other disruptions and to assess whether all consumers including emergency service agencies, state and local government agencies,
- and agricultural and business consumers of petroleum products have adequate and economic supplies of fuel.

489	based fuel prices throughout the state, using the Oil Price
490	Information Services (OPIS) or any other service, approved by the
491	Attorney General, that monitors petroleum based fuel prices
492	throughout the state. The Attorney General may promulgate such
493	rules and regulations necessary to effectuate only his authority
494	to monitor petroleum based fuel prices.
495	SECTION 6. Nothing in this act shall affect or defeat any
496	claim, assessment, appeal, suit, right or cause of action for
497	taxes due or accrued under the income tax laws before the date on
498	which this act becomes effective, whether those claims,
499	assessments, appeals, suits or actions have been begun before the
500	date on which this act becomes effective or are begun after; and
501	the provisions of the income tax laws are expressly continued in
502	full force, effect and operation for the purpose of the
503	assessment, collection and enrollment of liens for any taxes due
504	or accrued and the execution of any warrant under those laws
505	before the date on which this act becomes effective, and for the
506	imposition of any penalties, forfeitures or claims for failure to
507	comply with those laws.
508	SECTION 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from

(2) The Attorney General is authorized to monitor petroleum

and after July 1, 2007.

488