MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE  
By: Representatives Woods, Baker (8th), Hamilton (6th), Mayhall  
To: Public Health and Human Services  

HOUSE BILL NO. 629  

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 41-7-173, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REMOVE ALL HOSPITALS OTHER THAN SPECIALTY HOSPITALS FROM THE APPLICATION OF THE HEALTH CARE CERTIFICATE OF NEED LAW; TO AMEND SECTIONS 41-7-190, 41-7-191, 41-7-201, 41-7-202, 41-9-210 AND 41-63-4, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM TO THE PRECEDING PROVISION; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.  

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:  

SECTION 1. Section 41-7-173, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:  

41-7-173. For the purposes of Section 41-7-171 et seq., the following words shall have the meanings ascribed in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:  

(a) "Affected person" means (i) the applicant; (ii) a person residing within the geographic area to be served by the applicant's proposal; (iii) a person who regularly uses health care facilities or HMO's located in the geographic area of the proposal which provide similar service to that which is proposed; (iv) health care facilities and HMO's which have, prior to receipt of the application under review, formally indicated an intention to provide service similar to that of the proposal being considered at a future date; (v) third-party payers who reimburse health care facilities located in the geographical area of the proposal; or (vi) any agency that establishes rates for health care services or HMO's located in the geographic area of the proposal.  

(b) "Certificate of need" means a written order of the State Department of Health setting forth the affirmative finding that a proposal in prescribed application form, sufficiently satisfies the plans, standards and criteria prescribed for such
service or other project by Section 41-7-171 et seq., and by rules and regulations promulgated thereunder by the State Department of Health.

(c) (i) "Capital expenditure" when pertaining to defined major medical equipment, shall mean an expenditure which, under generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied, is not properly chargeable as an expense of operation and maintenance and which exceeds One Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars ($1,500,000.00).

(ii) "Capital expenditure," when pertaining to other than major medical equipment, shall mean any expenditure which under generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied is not properly chargeable as an expense of operation and maintenance and which exceeds Two Million Dollars ($2,000,000.00).

(iii) A "capital expenditure" shall include the acquisition, whether by lease, sufferance, gift, devise, legacy, settlement of a trust or other means, of any facility or part thereof, or equipment for a facility, the expenditure for which would have been considered a capital expenditure if acquired by purchase. Transactions which are separated in time but are planned to be undertaken within twelve (12) months of each other and are components of an overall plan for meeting patient care objectives shall, for purposes of this definition, be viewed in their entirety without regard to their timing.

(iv) In those instances where a health care facility or other provider of health services proposes to provide a service in which the capital expenditure for major medical equipment or other than major medical equipment or a combination of the two (2) may have been split between separate parties, the total capital expenditure required to provide the proposed service shall be considered in determining the necessity of certificate of need review and in determining the appropriate certificate of need review fee to be paid. The capital expenditure associated with
facilities and equipment to provide services in Mississippi shall be considered regardless of where the capital expenditure was made, in state or out of state, and regardless of the domicile of the party making the capital expenditure, in state or out of state.

(d) "Change of ownership" includes, but is not limited to, inter vivos gifts, purchases, transfers, lease arrangements, cash and/or stock transactions or other comparable arrangements whenever any person or entity acquires or controls a majority interest of the facility or service. Changes of ownership from partnerships, single proprietorships or corporations to another form of ownership are specifically included. However, "change of ownership" shall not include any inherited interest acquired as a result of a testamentary instrument or under the laws of descent and distribution of the State of Mississippi.

(e) "Commencement of construction" means that all of the following have been completed with respect to a proposal or project proposing construction, renovating, remodeling or alteration:

(i) A legally binding written contract has been consummated by the proponent and a lawfully licensed contractor to construct and/or complete the intent of the proposal within a specified period of time in accordance with final architectural plans which have been approved by the licensing authority of the State Department of Health;

(ii) Any and all permits and/or approvals deemed lawfully necessary by all authorities with responsibility for such have been secured; and

(iii) Actual bona fide undertaking of the subject proposal has commenced, and a progress payment of at least one percent (1%) of the total cost price of the contract has been paid to the contractor by the proponent, and the requirements of this
paragraph (e) have been certified to in writing by the State Department of Health.

Force account expenditures, such as deposits, securities, bonds, et cetera, may, in the discretion of the State Department of Health, be excluded from any or all of the provisions of defined commencement of construction.

(f) "Consumer" means an individual who is not a provider of health care as defined in paragraph (q) of this section.

(g) "Develop," when used in connection with health services, means to undertake those activities which, on their completion, will result in the offering of a new institutional health service or the incurring of a financial obligation as defined under applicable state law in relation to the offering of such services.

(h) "Health care facility" includes psychiatric hospitals, chemical dependency hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, end stage renal disease (ESRD) facilities, including freestanding hemodialysis units, intermediate care facilities, ambulatory surgical facilities, intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded, home health agencies, psychiatric residential treatment facilities, pediatric skilled nursing facilities, long-term care hospitals, comprehensive medical rehabilitation facilities, including facilities owned or operated by the state or a political subdivision or instrumentality of the state, but does not include Christian Science sanatoriums operated or listed and certified by the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts, and does not include hospitals other than those types of hospitals defined in this paragraph (h). This definition shall not apply to facilities for the private practice, either independently or by incorporated medical groups, of physicians, dentists or health care professionals except where those facilities are an integral part of an institutional health
service. The various health care facilities listed in this paragraph shall be defined as follows:

(i) "Psychiatric hospital" means an institution that is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the supervision of a physician, psychiatric services for the diagnosis and treatment of mentally ill persons.

(ii) "Chemical dependency hospital" means an institution that is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the supervision of a physician, medical and related services for the diagnosis and treatment of chemical dependency such as alcohol and drug abuse.

(iii) "Skilled nursing facility" means an institution or a distinct part of an institution that is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients skilled nursing care and related services for patients who require medical or nursing care or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled or sick persons.

(iv) "End stage renal disease (ESRD) facilities" means kidney disease treatment centers, which includes freestanding hemodialysis units and limited care facilities. The term "limited care facility" generally refers to an off-hospital-premises facility, regardless of whether it is provider or nonprovider operated, that is engaged primarily in furnishing maintenance hemodialysis services to stabilized patients.

(v) "Intermediate care facility" means an institution that provides, on a regular basis, health related care and services to individuals who do not require the degree of care and treatment that a hospital or skilled nursing facility is designed to provide, but who, because of their mental or physical condition, require health related care and services (above the level of room and board).
(vi) "Ambulatory surgical facility" means a facility primarily organized or established for the purpose of performing surgery for outpatients and is a separate identifiable legal entity from any other health care facility. This term does not include the offices of private physicians or dentists, whether for individual or group practice, and does not include any abortion facility as defined in Section 41-75-1(e).

(vii) "Intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded" means an intermediate care facility that provides health or rehabilitative services in a planned program of activities to the mentally retarded, also including, but not limited to, cerebral palsy and other conditions covered by the Federal Developmentally Disabled Assistance and Bill of Rights Act, Public Law 94-103.

(viii) "Home health agency" means a public or privately owned agency or organization, or a subdivision of such an agency or organization, properly authorized to conduct business in Mississippi, that is primarily engaged in providing to individuals at the written direction of a licensed physician, in the individual's place of residence, skilled nursing services provided by or under the supervision of a registered nurse licensed to practice in Mississippi, and one or more of the following services or items:

1. Physical, occupational or speech therapy;
2. Medical social services;
3. Part-time or intermittent services of a home health aide;
4. Other services as approved by the licensing agency for home health agencies;
5. Medical supplies, other than drugs and biologicals, and the use of medical appliances; or
6. Medical services provided by an intern or resident-in-training at a hospital under a teaching program of the hospital.

Further, all skilled nursing services and those services listed in items 1. through 4. of this subparagraph (viii) must be provided directly by the licensed home health agency. For purposes of this subparagraph, "directly" means either through an agency employee or by an arrangement with another individual not defined as a health care facility.

This subparagraph (viii) shall not apply to health care facilities that had contracts for the above services with a home health agency on January 1, 1990.

(ix) "Psychiatric residential treatment facility" means any nonhospital establishment with permanent licensed facilities that provides a twenty-four-hour program of care by qualified therapists including, but not limited to, duly licensed mental health professionals, psychiatrists, psychologists, psychotherapists and licensed certified social workers, for emotionally disturbed children and adolescents referred to the facility by a court, local school district or by the Department of Human Services, who are not in an acute phase of illness requiring the services of a psychiatric hospital, and are in need of those restorative treatment services. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "emotionally disturbed" means a condition exhibiting one or more of the following characteristics over a long period of time and to a marked degree, that adversely affects educational performance:

1. An inability to learn that cannot be explained by intellectual, sensory or health factors;

2. An inability to build or maintain satisfactory relationships with peers and teachers;

3. Inappropriate types of behavior or feelings under normal circumstances;
4. A general pervasive mood of unhappiness or depression; or
5. A tendency to develop physical symptoms or fears associated with personal or school problems. An establishment furnishing primarily domiciliary care is not within this definition.

(x) "Pediatric skilled nursing facility" means an institution or a distinct part of an institution that is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients skilled nursing care and related services for persons under twenty-one (21) years of age who require medical or nursing care or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled or sick persons.

(xi) "Long-term care hospital" means a freestanding, Medicare-certified hospital that has an average length of inpatient stay greater than twenty-five (25) days, that is primarily engaged in providing chronic or long-term medical care to patients who do not require more than three (3) hours of rehabilitation or comprehensive rehabilitation per day, and has a transfer agreement with an acute care medical center and a comprehensive medical rehabilitation facility. Long-term care hospitals shall not use rehabilitation, comprehensive medical rehabilitation, medical rehabilitation, sub-acute rehabilitation, nursing home, skilled nursing facility, or sub-acute care facility in association with its name.

(xii) "Comprehensive medical rehabilitation facility" means a hospital or hospital unit that is licensed and/or certified as a comprehensive medical rehabilitation facility that provides specialized programs that are accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities and supervised by a physician board certified or board eligible in Physiatry or other doctor of medicine or osteopathy with at least two (2) years of training in the medical direction of a comprehensive rehabilitation program that:
1. Includes evaluation and treatment of individuals with physical disabilities;

2. Emphasizes education and training of individuals with disabilities;

3. Incorporates at least the following core disciplines:
   (i) Physical Therapy;
   (ii) Occupational Therapy;
   (iii) Speech and Language Therapy;
   (iv) Rehabilitation Nursing; and

4. Incorporates at least three (3) of the following disciplines:
   (i) Psychology;
   (ii) Audiology;
   (iii) Respiratory Therapy;
   (iv) Therapeutic Recreation;
   (v) Orthotics;
   (vi) Prosthetics;
   (vii) Special Education;
   (viii) Vocational Rehabilitation;
   (ix) Psychotherapy;
   (x) Social Work;
   (xi) Rehabilitation Engineering.

These specialized programs include, but are not limited to:
spinal cord injury programs, head injury programs and infant and early childhood development programs.

(i) "Health maintenance organization" or "HMO" means a public or private organization organized under the laws of this state or the federal government which:

(i) Provides or otherwise makes available to enrolled participants health care services, including substantially the following basic health care services: usual
physician services, hospitalization, laboratory, x-ray, emergency
and preventive services, and out-of-area coverage;

(ii) Is compensated (except for copayments) for
the provision of the basic health care services listed in
subparagraph (i) of this paragraph to enrolled participants on a
predetermined basis; and

(iii) Provides physician services primarily:

1. Directly through physicians who are either
employees or partners of such organization; or

2. Through arrangements with individual
physicians or one or more groups of physicians (organized on a
group practice or individual practice basis).

(j) "Health service area" means a geographic area of
the state designated in the State Health Plan as the area to be
used in planning for specified health facilities and services and
to be used when considering certificate of need applications to
provide health facilities and services.

(k) "Health services" means clinically related (i.e.,
diagnostic, treatment or rehabilitative) services and includes
alcohol, drug abuse, mental health and home health care services.

(l) "Institutional health services" shall mean health
services provided in or through health care facilities and shall
include the entities in or through which such services are
provided.

(m) "Major medical equipment" means medical equipment
designed for providing medical or any health related service which
costs in excess of One Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars
($1,500,000.00). However, this definition shall not be applicable
to clinical laboratories if they are determined by the State
Department of Health to be independent of any physician's office,
hospital or other health care facility or otherwise not so defined
by federal or state law, or rules and regulations promulgated
thereunder.
(n) "State Department of Health" shall mean the state agency created under Section 41-3-15, which shall be considered to be the State Health Planning and Development Agency, as defined in paragraph (t) of this section.

(o) "Offer," when used in connection with health services, means that it has been determined by the State Department of Health that the health care facility is capable of providing specified health services.

(p) "Person" means an individual, a trust or estate, partnership, corporation (including associations, joint stock companies and insurance companies), the state or a political subdivision or instrumentality of the state.

(q) "Provider" shall mean any person who is a provider or representative of a provider of health care services requiring a certificate of need under Section 41-7-171 et seq., or who has any financial or indirect interest in any provider of services.

(r) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and any officer or employee of the Department of Health and Human Services to whom the authority involved has been delegated.

(s) "State Health Plan" means the sole and official statewide health plan for Mississippi which identifies priority state health needs and establishes standards and criteria for health-related activities which require certificate of need review in compliance with Section 41-7-191.

(t) "State Health Planning and Development Agency" means the agency of state government designated to perform health planning and resource development programs for the State of Mississippi.

SECTION 2. Section 41-7-190, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

41-7-190. No corporation, foreign or domestic, partnership, individual(s) or association of those entities or of persons
whatsoever, or any combination thereof, shall own, possess or
eexercise control over, in any manner, more than twenty percent
(20%) of the beds in health care facilities defined in Section
41-7-173(h)(iii) and (v) in the defined health service area of the
State of Mississippi.

Health care facilities owned, operated or under control of
the United States government, the state government or political
subdivision of either are excluded from the limitation of this
section.

SECTION 3. Section 41-7-191, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
amended as follows:

41-7-191. (1) No person shall engage in any of the
following activities without obtaining the required certificate of
need:

(a) The construction, development or other
establishment of a new health care facility, which establishment
shall include the reopening of a health care facility that has
ceased to operate for a period of sixty (60) months or more;

(b) The relocation of a health care facility or portion
thereof, or major medical equipment, unless such relocation of a
health care facility or portion thereof, or major medical
equipment, which does not involve a capital expenditure by or on
behalf of a health care facility, is within five thousand two
hundred eighty (5,280) feet from the main entrance of the health
care facility;

(c) Any change in the existing bed complement of any
health care facility through the addition or conversion of any
beds or the alteration, modernizing or refurbishing of any unit or
department in which the beds may be located; however, if a health
care facility has voluntarily delicensed some of its existing bed
complement, it may later relicense some or all of its delicensed
beds without the necessity of having to acquire a certificate of
need. The State Department of Health shall maintain a record of

H. B. No. 629  "HR40/ R107"
07/HR40/R107
PAGE 12 (RF\BD)
the delicensing health care facility and its voluntarily delicensed beds and continue counting those beds as part of the state's total bed count for health care planning purposes. If a health care facility that has voluntarily delicensed some of its beds later desires to relicense some or all of its voluntarily delicensed beds, it shall notify the State Department of Health of its intent to increase the number of its licensed beds. The State Department of Health shall survey the health care facility within thirty (30) days of that notice and, if appropriate, issue the health care facility a new license reflecting the new contingent of beds. However, in no event may a health care facility that has voluntarily delicensed some of its beds be reissued a license to operate beds in excess of its bed count before the voluntary delicensure of some of its beds without seeking certificate of need approval;

(d) Offering of the following health services if those services have not been provided on a regular basis by the proposed provider of such services within the period of twelve (12) months prior to the time such services would be offered:

(i) Open heart surgery services;

(ii) Cardiac catheterization services;

(iii) Comprehensive inpatient rehabilitation services;

(iv) Licensed psychiatric services;

(v) Licensed chemical dependency services;

(vi) Radiation therapy services;

(vii) Diagnostic imaging services of an invasive nature, i.e. invasive digital angiography;

(viii) Nursing home care as defined in subparagraphs (iii), (v) and (vii) of Section 41-7-173(h);

(ix) Home health services;

(x) Swing-bed services;

(xi) Ambulatory surgical services;
(xii) Magnetic resonance imaging services;

(xiii) [Deleted]

(xiv) Long-term care hospital services;

(xv) Positron Emission Tomography (PET) services;

(e) The relocation of one or more health services from one physical facility or site to another physical facility or site, unless such relocation, which does not involve a capital expenditure by or on behalf of a health care facility, (i) is to a physical facility or site within five thousand two hundred eighty (5,280) feet from the main entrance of the health care facility where the health care service is located, or (ii) is the result of an order of a court of appropriate jurisdiction or a result of pending litigation in such court, or by order of the State Department of Health, or by order of any other agency or legal entity of the state, the federal government, or any political subdivision of either, whose order is also approved by the State Department of Health;

(f) The acquisition or otherwise control of any major medical equipment for the provision of medical services; however, (i) the acquisition of any major medical equipment used only for research purposes, and (ii) the acquisition of major medical equipment to replace medical equipment for which a facility is already providing medical services and for which the State Department of Health has been notified before the date of such acquisition shall be exempt from this paragraph; an acquisition for less than fair market value must be reviewed, if the acquisition at fair market value would be subject to review;

(g) Changes of ownership of existing health care facilities in which a notice of intent is not filed with the State Department of Health at least thirty (30) days prior to the date such change of ownership occurs, or a change in services or bed capacity as prescribed in paragraph (c) or (d) of this subsection as a result of the change of ownership; an acquisition for less
than fair market value must be reviewed, if the acquisition at
fair market value would be subject to review;

(h) The change of ownership of any health care facility
defined in subparagraphs (iii), (v) and (vii) of Section
41-7-173(h), in which a notice of intent as described in paragraph
(g) has not been filed and if the Executive Director, Division of
Medicaid, Office of the Governor, has not certified in writing
that there will be no increase in allowable costs to Medicaid from
revaluation of the assets or from increased interest and
depreciation as a result of the proposed change of ownership;

(i) Any activity described in paragraphs (a) through
(h) if undertaken by any person if that same activity would
require certificate of need approval if undertaken by a health
care facility;

(j) Any capital expenditure or deferred capital
expenditure by or on behalf of a health care facility not covered
by paragraphs (a) through (h);

(k) The contracting of a health care facility as
defined in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of Section 41-7-173(h)
to establish a home office, subunit, or branch office in the space
operated as a health care facility through a formal arrangement
with an existing health care facility as defined in subparagraph
(viii) of Section 41-7-173(h);

(l) The replacement or relocation of a health care
facility designated as a critical access hospital shall be exempt
from this Section 41-7-191(l) so long as the critical access
hospital complies with all applicable federal law and regulations
regarding such replacement or relocation;

(m) Reopening a health care facility that has ceased to
operate for a period of sixty (60) months or more, which reopening
requires a certificate of need for the establishment of a new
health care facility.
(2) The State Department of Health shall not grant approval for or issue a certificate of need to any person proposing the new construction of, addition to, or expansion of any health care facility defined in subparagraphs (iii) (skilled nursing facility) and (v) (intermediate care facility) of Section 41-7-173(h) or the conversion of vacant hospital beds to provide skilled or intermediate nursing home care, except as hereinafter authorized:

(a) The department may issue a certificate of need to any person proposing the new construction of any health care facility defined in subparagraphs (iii) and (v) of Section 41-7-173(h) as part of a life care retirement facility, in any county bordering on the Gulf of Mexico in which is located a National Aeronautics and Space Administration facility, not to exceed forty (40) beds. From and after July 1, 1999, there shall be no prohibition or restrictions on participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) for the beds in the health care facility that were authorized under this paragraph (a).

(b) The department may issue certificates of need in Harrison County to provide skilled nursing home care for Alzheimer's disease patients and other patients, not to exceed one hundred fifty (150) beds. From and after July 1, 1999, there shall be no prohibition or restrictions on participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) for the beds in the nursing facilities that were authorized under this paragraph (b).

(c) The department may issue a certificate of need for the addition to or expansion of any skilled nursing facility that is part of an existing continuing care retirement community located in Madison County, provided that the recipient of the certificate of need agrees in writing that the skilled nursing facility will not at any time participate in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) or admit or keep any patients in the skilled nursing facility who are participating in the Medicaid program. This written agreement by the recipient of the
certificate of need shall be fully binding on any subsequent owner
of the skilled nursing facility, if the ownership of the facility
is transferred at any time after the issuance of the certificate
of need. Agreement that the skilled nursing facility will not
participate in the Medicaid program shall be a condition of the
issuance of a certificate of need to any person under this
paragraph (c), and if such skilled nursing facility at any time
after the issuance of the certificate of need, regardless of the
ownership of the facility, participates in the Medicaid program or
admits or keeps any patients in the facility who are participating
in the Medicaid program, the State Department of Health shall
revoke the certificate of need, if it is still outstanding, and
shall deny or revoke the license of the skilled nursing facility,
at the time that the department determines, after a hearing
complying with due process, that the facility has failed to comply
with any of the conditions upon which the certificate of need was
issued, as provided in this paragraph and in the written agreement
by the recipient of the certificate of need. The total number of
beds that may be authorized under the authority of this paragraph
(c) shall not exceed sixty (60) beds.

(d) The State Department of Health may issue a
certificate of need to any hospital located in DeSoto County for
the new construction of a skilled nursing facility, not to exceed
one hundred twenty (120) beds, in DeSoto County. From and after
July 1, 1999, there shall be no prohibition or restrictions on
participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.)
for the beds in the nursing facility that were authorized under
this paragraph (d).

(e) The State Department of Health may issue a
certificate of need for the construction of a nursing facility or
the conversion of beds to nursing facility beds at a personal care
facility for the elderly in Lowndes County that is owned and
operated by a Mississippi nonprofit corporation, not to exceed
sixty (60) beds. From and after July 1, 1999, there shall be no prohibition or restrictions on participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) for the beds in the nursing facility that were authorized under this paragraph (e).

(f) The State Department of Health may issue a certificate of need for conversion of a county hospital facility in Itawamba County to a nursing facility, not to exceed sixty (60) beds, including any necessary construction, renovation or expansion. From and after July 1, 1999, there shall be no prohibition or restrictions on participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) for the beds in the nursing facility that were authorized under this paragraph (f).

(g) The State Department of Health may issue a certificate of need for the construction or expansion of nursing facility beds or the conversion of other beds to nursing facility beds in either Hinds, Madison or Rankin County, not to exceed sixty (60) beds. From and after July 1, 1999, there shall be no prohibition or restrictions on participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) for the beds in the nursing facility that were authorized under this paragraph (g).

(h) The State Department of Health may issue a certificate of need for the construction or expansion of nursing facility beds or the conversion of other beds to nursing facility beds in either Hancock, Harrison or Jackson County, not to exceed sixty (60) beds. From and after July 1, 1999, there shall be no prohibition or restrictions on participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) for the beds in the facility that were authorized under this paragraph (h).

(i) The department may issue a certificate of need for the new construction of a skilled nursing facility in Leake County, provided that the recipient of the certificate of need agrees in writing that the skilled nursing facility will not at any time participate in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.).
seq.) or admit or keep any patients in the skilled nursing facility who are participating in the Medicaid program. This written agreement by the recipient of the certificate of need shall be fully binding on any subsequent owner of the skilled nursing facility, if the ownership of the facility is transferred at any time after the issuance of the certificate of need.

Agreement that the skilled nursing facility will not participate in the Medicaid program shall be a condition of the issuance of a certificate of need to any person under this paragraph (i), and if such skilled nursing facility at any time after the issuance of the certificate of need, regardless of the ownership of the facility, participates in the Medicaid program or admits or keeps any patients in the facility who are participating in the Medicaid program, the State Department of Health shall revoke the certificate of need, if it is still outstanding, and shall deny or revoke the license of the skilled nursing facility, at the time that the department determines, after a hearing complying with due process, that the facility has failed to comply with any of the conditions upon which the certificate of need was issued, as provided in this paragraph and in the written agreement by the recipient of the certificate of need. The provision of Section 43-7-193(1) regarding substantial compliance of the projection of need as reported in the current State Health Plan is waived for the purposes of this paragraph. The total number of nursing facility beds that may be authorized by any certificate of need issued under this paragraph (i) shall not exceed sixty (60) beds.

If the skilled nursing facility authorized by the certificate of need issued under this paragraph is not constructed and fully operational within eighteen (18) months after July 1, 1994, the State Department of Health, after a hearing complying with due process, shall revoke the certificate of need, if it is still outstanding, and shall not issue a license for the skilled nursing facility.
facility at any time after the expiration of the eighteen-month period.

(j) The department may issue certificates of need to allow any existing freestanding long-term care facility in Tishomingo County and Hancock County that on July 1, 1995, is licensed with fewer than sixty (60) beds. For the purposes of this paragraph (j), the provision of Section 41-7-193(1) requiring substantial compliance with the projection of need as reported in the current State Health Plan is waived. From and after July 1, 1999, there shall be no prohibition or restrictions on participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) for the beds in the long-term care facilities that were authorized under this paragraph (j).

(k) The department may issue a certificate of need for the construction of a nursing facility at a continuing care retirement community in Lowndes County. The total number of beds that may be authorized under the authority of this paragraph (k) shall not exceed sixty (60) beds. From and after July 1, 2001, the prohibition on the facility participating in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) that was a condition of issuance of the certificate of need under this paragraph (k) shall be revised as follows: The nursing facility may participate in the Medicaid program from and after July 1, 2001, if the owner of the facility on July 1, 2001, agrees in writing that no more than thirty (30) of the beds at the facility will be certified for participation in the Medicaid program, and that no claim will be submitted for Medicaid reimbursement for more than thirty (30) patients in the facility in any month or for any patient in the facility who is in a bed that is not Medicaid-certified. This written agreement by the owner of the facility shall be a condition of licensure of the facility, and the agreement shall be fully binding on any subsequent owner of the facility if the ownership of the facility is transferred at any time after July 1,
2001. After this written agreement is executed, the Division of Medicaid and the State Department of Health shall not certify more than thirty (30) of the beds in the facility for participation in the Medicaid program. If the facility violates the terms of the written agreement by admitting or keeping in the facility on a regular or continuing basis more than thirty (30) patients who are participating in the Medicaid program, the State Department of Health shall revoke the license of the facility, at the time that the department determines, after a hearing complying with due process, that the facility has violated the written agreement.

(l) Provided that funds are specifically appropriated therefor by the Legislature, the department may issue a certificate of need to a rehabilitation hospital in Hinds County for the construction of a sixty-bed long-term care nursing facility dedicated to the care and treatment of persons with severe disabilities including persons with spinal cord and closed-head injuries and ventilator-dependent patients. The provision of Section 41-7-193(1) regarding substantial compliance with projection of need as reported in the current State Health Plan is *** waived for the purpose of this paragraph.

(m) The State Department of Health may issue a certificate of need to a county-owned hospital in the Second Judicial District of Panola County for the conversion of not more than seventy-two (72) hospital beds to nursing facility beds, provided that the recipient of the certificate of need agrees in writing that none of the beds at the nursing facility will be certified for participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.), and that no claim will be submitted for Medicaid reimbursement in the nursing facility in any day or for any patient in the nursing facility. This written agreement by the recipient of the certificate of need shall be a condition of the issuance of the certificate of need under this paragraph, and the agreement shall be fully binding on any subsequent owner of...
the nursing facility if the ownership of the nursing facility is transferred at any time after the issuance of the certificate of need. After this written agreement is executed, the Division of Medicaid and the State Department of Health shall not certify any of the beds in the nursing facility for participation in the Medicaid program. If the nursing facility violates the terms of the written agreement by admitting or keeping in the nursing facility on a regular or continuing basis any patients who are participating in the Medicaid program, the State Department of Health shall revoke the license of the nursing facility, at the time that the department determines, after a hearing complying with due process, that the nursing facility has violated the condition upon which the certificate of need was issued, as provided in this paragraph and in the written agreement. If the certificate of need authorized under this paragraph is not issued within twelve (12) months after July 1, 2001, the department shall deny the application for the certificate of need and shall not issue the certificate of need at any time after the twelve-month period, unless the issuance is contested. If the certificate of need is issued and substantial construction of the nursing facility beds has not commenced within eighteen (18) months after July 1, 2001, the State Department of Health, after a hearing complying with due process, shall revoke the certificate of need if it is still outstanding, and the department shall not issue a license for the nursing facility at any time after the eighteen-month period. ** However, ** if the issuance of the certificate of need is contested, the department shall require substantial construction of the nursing facility beds within six (6) months after final adjudication on the issuance of the certificate of need.

(n) The department may issue a certificate of need for the new construction, addition or conversion of skilled nursing facility beds in Madison County, provided that the recipient of

H. B. No. 629  *HR40/ R107*  
07/HR40/R107  
PAGE 22 (RF\BD)
the certificate of need agrees in writing that the skilled nursing facility will not at any time participate in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) or admit or keep any patients in the skilled nursing facility who are participating in the Medicaid program. This written agreement by the recipient of the certificate of need shall be fully binding on any subsequent owner of the skilled nursing facility, if the ownership of the facility is transferred at any time after the issuance of the certificate of need. Agreement that the skilled nursing facility will not participate in the Medicaid program shall be a condition of the issuance of a certificate of need to any person under this paragraph (n), and if such skilled nursing facility at any time after the issuance of the certificate of need, regardless of the ownership of the facility, participates in the Medicaid program or admits or keeps any patients in the facility who are participating in the Medicaid program, the State Department of Health shall revoke the certificate of need, if it is still outstanding, and shall deny or revoke the license of the skilled nursing facility, at the time that the department determines, after a hearing complying with due process, that the facility has failed to comply with any of the conditions upon which the certificate of need was issued, as provided in this paragraph and in the written agreement by the recipient of the certificate of need. The total number of nursing facility beds that may be authorized by any certificate of need issued under this paragraph (n) shall not exceed sixty (60) beds. If the certificate of need authorized under this paragraph is not issued within twelve (12) months after July 1, 1998, the department shall deny the application for the certificate of need and shall not issue the certificate of need at any time after the twelve-month period, unless the issuance is contested. If the certificate of need is issued and substantial construction of the nursing facility beds has not commenced within eighteen (18) months after the effective date of July 1, 1998, the State
Department of Health, after a hearing complying with due process, shall revoke the certificate of need if it is still outstanding, and the department shall not issue a license for the nursing facility at any time after the eighteen-month period. However, if the issuance of the certificate of need is contested, the department shall require substantial construction of the nursing facility beds within six (6) months after final adjudication on the issuance of the certificate of need.

(o) The department may issue a certificate of need for the new construction, addition or conversion of skilled nursing facility beds in Leake County, provided that the recipient of the certificate of need agrees in writing that the skilled nursing facility will not at any time participate in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) or admit or keep any patients in the skilled nursing facility who are participating in the Medicaid program. This written agreement by the recipient of the certificate of need shall be fully binding on any subsequent owner of the skilled nursing facility, if the ownership of the facility is transferred at any time after the issuance of the certificate of need. Agreement that the skilled nursing facility will not participate in the Medicaid program shall be a condition of the issuance of a certificate of need to any person under this paragraph (o), and if such skilled nursing facility at any time after the issuance of the certificate of need, regardless of the ownership of the facility, participates in the Medicaid program or admits or keeps any patients in the facility who are participating in the Medicaid program, the State Department of Health shall revoke the certificate of need, if it is still outstanding, and shall deny or revoke the license of the skilled nursing facility, at the time that the department determines, after a hearing complying with due process, that the facility has failed to comply with any of the conditions upon which the certificate of need was issued, as provided in this paragraph and in the written agreement.
by the recipient of the certificate of need. The total number of nursing facility beds that may be authorized by any certificate of need issued under this paragraph (o) shall not exceed sixty (60) beds. If the certificate of need authorized under this paragraph is not issued within twelve (12) months after July 1, 2001, the department shall deny the application for the certificate of need and shall not issue the certificate of need at any time after the twelve-month period, unless the issuance is contested. If the certificate of need is issued and substantial construction of the nursing facility beds has not commenced within eighteen (18) months after the effective date of July 1, 2001, the State Department of Health, after a hearing complying with due process, shall revoke the certificate of need if it is still outstanding, and the department shall not issue a license for the nursing facility at any time after the eighteen-month period. ** **

However, ** ** if the issuance of the certificate of need is contested, the department shall require substantial construction of the nursing facility beds within six (6) months after final adjudication on the issuance of the certificate of need.

(p) The department may issue a certificate of need for the construction of a municipally owned nursing facility within the Town of Belmont in Tishomingo County, not to exceed sixty (60) beds, provided that the recipient of the certificate of need agrees in writing that the skilled nursing facility will not at any time participate in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) or admit or keep any patients in the skilled nursing facility who are participating in the Medicaid program. This written agreement by the recipient of the certificate of need shall be fully binding on any subsequent owner of the skilled nursing facility, if the ownership of the facility is transferred at any time after the issuance of the certificate of need.

Agreement that the skilled nursing facility will not participate in the Medicaid program shall be a condition of the issuance of a

H. B. No. 629   *HR40/ R107*
07/HR40/R107
PAGE 25 (RF\BD)
certificate of need to any person under this paragraph (p), and if such skilled nursing facility at any time after the issuance of the certificate of need, regardless of the ownership of the facility, participates in the Medicaid program or admits or keeps any patients in the facility who are participating in the Medicaid program, the State Department of Health shall revoke the certificate of need, if it is still outstanding, and shall deny or revoke the license of the skilled nursing facility, at the time that the department determines, after a hearing complying with due process, that the facility has failed to comply with any of the conditions upon which the certificate of need was issued, as provided in this paragraph and in the written agreement by the recipient of the certificate of need. The provision of Section 43-7-193(1) regarding substantial compliance of the projection of need as reported in the current State Health Plan is waived for the purposes of this paragraph. If the certificate of need authorized under this paragraph is not issued within twelve (12) months after July 1, 1998, the department shall deny the application for the certificate of need and shall not issue the certificate of need at any time after the twelve-month period, unless the issuance is contested. If the certificate of need is issued and substantial construction of the nursing facility beds has not commenced within eighteen (18) months after July 1, 1998, the State Department of Health, after a hearing complying with due process, shall revoke the certificate of need if it is still outstanding, and the department shall not issue a license for the nursing facility at any time after the eighteen-month period.

*** However, *** if the issuance of the certificate of need is contested, the department shall require substantial construction of the nursing facility beds within six (6) months after final adjudication on the issuance of the certificate of need.
(q) (i) Beginning on July 1, 1999, the State Department of Health shall issue certificates of need during each of the next four (4) fiscal years for the construction or expansion of nursing facility beds or the conversion of other beds to nursing facility beds in each county in the state having a need for fifty (50) or more additional nursing facility beds, as shown in the fiscal year 1999 State Health Plan, in the manner provided in this paragraph (q). The total number of nursing facility beds that may be authorized by any certificate of need authorized under this paragraph (q) shall not exceed sixty (60) beds.

(ii) Subject to the provisions of subparagraph (v), during each of the next four (4) fiscal years, the department shall issue six (6) certificates of need for new nursing facility beds, as follows: During fiscal years 2000, 2001 and 2002, one (1) certificate of need shall be issued for new nursing facility beds in the county in each of the four (4) Long-Term Care Planning Districts designated in the fiscal year 1999 State Health Plan that has the highest need in the district for those beds; and two (2) certificates of need shall be issued for new nursing facility beds in the two (2) counties from the state at large that have the highest need in the state for those beds, when considering the need on a statewide basis and without regard to the Long-Term Care Planning Districts in which the counties are located. During fiscal year 2003, one (1) certificate of need shall be issued for new nursing facility beds in any county having a need for fifty (50) or more additional nursing facility beds, as shown in the fiscal year 1999 State Health Plan, that has not received a certificate of need under this paragraph (q) during the three (3) previous fiscal years. During fiscal year 2000, in addition to the six (6) certificates of need authorized in this subparagraph, the department also shall issue a certificate of need for new nursing facility beds in Amite County and a certificate of need for new nursing facility beds in Carroll County.
(iii) Subject to the provisions of subparagraph (v), the certificate of need issued under subparagraph (ii) for nursing facility beds in each Long-Term Care Planning District during each fiscal year shall first be available for nursing facility beds in the county in the district having the highest need for those beds, as shown in the fiscal year 1999 State Health Plan. If there are no applications for a certificate of need for nursing facility beds in the county having the highest need for those beds by the date specified by the department, then the certificate of need shall be available for nursing facility beds in other counties in the district in descending order of the need for those beds, from the county with the second highest need to the county with the lowest need, until an application is received for nursing facility beds in an eligible county in the district.

(iv) Subject to the provisions of subparagraph (v), the certificate of need issued under subparagraph (ii) for nursing facility beds in the two (2) counties from the state at large during each fiscal year shall first be available for nursing facility beds in the two (2) counties that have the highest need in the state for those beds, as shown in the fiscal year 1999 State Health Plan, when considering the need on a statewide basis and without regard to the Long-Term Care Planning Districts in which the counties are located. If there are no applications for a certificate of need for nursing facility beds in either of the two (2) counties having the highest need for those beds on a statewide basis by the date specified by the department, then the certificate of need shall be available for nursing facility beds in other counties from the state at large in descending order of the need for those beds on a statewide basis, from the county with the second highest need to the county with the lowest need, until an application is received for nursing facility beds in an eligible county from the state at large.
(v) If a certificate of need is authorized to be issued under this paragraph (q) for nursing facility beds in a county on the basis of the need in the Long-Term Care Planning District during any fiscal year of the four-year period, a certificate of need shall not also be available under this paragraph (q) for additional nursing facility beds in that county on the basis of the need in the state at large, and that county shall be excluded in determining which counties have the highest need for nursing facility beds in the state at large for that fiscal year. After a certificate of need has been issued under this paragraph (q) for nursing facility beds in a county during any fiscal year of the four-year period, a certificate of need shall not be available again under this paragraph (q) for additional nursing facility beds in that county during the four-year period, and that county shall be excluded in determining which counties have the highest need for nursing facility beds in succeeding fiscal years.

(vi) If more than one (1) application is made for a certificate of need for nursing home facility beds available under this paragraph (q), in Yalobusha, Newton or Tallahatchie County, and one (1) of the applicants is a county-owned hospital located in the county where the nursing facility beds are available, the department shall give priority to the county-owned hospital in granting the certificate of need if the following conditions are met:

1. The county-owned hospital fully meets all applicable criteria and standards required to obtain a certificate of need for the nursing facility beds; and

2. The county-owned hospital's qualifications for the certificate of need, as shown in its application and as determined by the department, are at least equal to the qualifications of the other applicants for the certificate of need.
(r) (i) Beginning on July 1, 1999, the State Department of Health shall issue certificates of need during each of the next two (2) fiscal years for the construction or expansion of nursing facility beds or the conversion of other beds to nursing facility beds in each of the four (4) Long-Term Care Planning Districts designated in the fiscal year 1999 State Health Plan, to provide care exclusively to patients with Alzheimer's disease.

(ii) Not more than twenty (20) beds may be authorized by any certificate of need issued under this paragraph (r), and not more than a total of sixty (60) beds may be authorized in any Long-Term Care Planning District by all certificates of need issued under this paragraph (r). However, the total number of beds that may be authorized by all certificates of need issued under this paragraph (r) during any fiscal year shall not exceed one hundred twenty (120) beds, and the total number of beds that may be authorized in any Long-Term Care Planning District during any fiscal year shall not exceed forty (40) beds. Of the certificates of need that are issued for each Long-Term Care Planning District during the next two (2) fiscal years, at least one (1) shall be issued for beds in the northern part of the district, at least one (1) shall be issued for beds in the central part of the district, and at least one (1) shall be issued for beds in the southern part of the district.

(iii) The State Department of Health, in consultation with the Department of Mental Health and the Division of Medicaid, shall develop and prescribe the staffing levels, space requirements and other standards and requirements that must be met with regard to the nursing facility beds authorized under this paragraph (r) to provide care exclusively to patients with Alzheimer's disease.

(s) The State Department of Health may issue a certificate of need to a nonprofit skilled nursing facility using
the Green House model of skilled nursing care and located in Yazoo City, Yazoo County, Mississippi, for the construction, expansion or conversion of not more than nineteen (19) nursing facility beds. For purposes of this paragraph (s), the provisions of Section 41-7-193(1) requiring substantial compliance with the projection of need as reported in the current State Health Plan and the provisions of Section 41-7-197 requiring a formal certificate of need hearing process are waived. There shall be no prohibition or restrictions on participation in the Medicaid program for the person receiving the certificate of need authorized under this paragraph (s).

(t) The State Department of Health shall issue certificates of need to the owner of a nursing facility in operation at the time of Hurricane Katrina in Hancock County that was not operational on December 31, 2005, because of damage sustained from Hurricane Katrina to authorize the following: (i) the construction of a new nursing facility in Harrison County; (ii) the relocation of forty-nine (49) nursing facility beds from the Hancock County facility to the new Harrison County facility; (iii) the establishment of not more than twenty (20) non-Medicaid nursing facility beds at the Hancock County facility; and (iv) the establishment of not more than twenty (20) non-Medicaid beds at the new Harrison County facility. The certificates of need that authorize the non-Medicaid nursing facility beds under subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) of this paragraph (t) shall be subject to the following conditions: The owner of the Hancock County facility and the new Harrison County facility must agree in writing that no more than fifty (50) of the beds at the Hancock County facility and no more than forty-nine (49) of the beds at the Harrison County facility will be certified for participation in the Medicaid program, and that no claim will be submitted for Medicaid reimbursement for more than fifty (50) patients in the Hancock County facility in any month, or for more than forty-nine
(49) patients in the Harrison County facility in any month, or for any patient in either facility who is in a bed that is not Medicaid-certified. This written agreement by the owner of the nursing facilities shall be a condition of the issuance of the certificates of need under this paragraph (t), and the agreement shall be fully binding on any later owner or owners of either facility if the ownership of either facility is transferred at any time after the certificates of need are issued. After this written agreement is executed, the Division of Medicaid and the State Department of Health shall not certify more than fifty (50) of the beds at the Hancock County facility or more than forty-nine (49) of the beds at the Harrison County facility for participation in the Medicaid program. If the Hancock County facility violates the terms of the written agreement by admitting or keeping in the facility on a regular or continuing basis more than fifty (50) patients who are participating in the Medicaid program, or if the Harrison County facility violates the terms of the written agreement by admitting or keeping in the facility on a regular or continuing basis more than forty-nine (49) patients who are participating in the Medicaid program, the State Department of Health shall revoke the license of the facility that is in violation of the agreement, at the time that the department determines, after a hearing complying with due process, that the facility has violated the agreement.

(3) The State Department of Health may grant approval for and issue certificates of need to any person proposing the new construction of, addition to, conversion of beds of or expansion of any health care facility defined in subparagraph (ix) (psychiatric residential treatment facility) of Section 41-7-173(h). The total number of beds which may be authorized by such certificates of need shall not exceed three hundred thirty-four (334) beds for the entire state.
(a) Of the total number of beds authorized under this subsection, the department shall issue a certificate of need to a privately-owned psychiatric residential treatment facility in Simpson County for the conversion of sixteen (16) intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded (ICF-MR) beds to psychiatric residential treatment facility beds, provided that facility agrees in writing that the facility shall give priority for the use of those sixteen (16) beds to Mississippi residents who are presently being treated in out-of-state facilities.

(b) Of the total number of beds authorized under this subsection, the department may issue a certificate or certificates of need for the construction or expansion of psychiatric residential treatment facility beds or the conversion of other beds to psychiatric residential treatment facility beds in Warren County, not to exceed sixty (60) psychiatric residential treatment facility beds, provided that the facility agrees in writing that no more than thirty (30) of the beds at the psychiatric residential treatment facility will be certified for participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) for the use of any patients other than those who are participating only in the Medicaid program of another state, and that no claim will be submitted to the Division of Medicaid for Medicaid reimbursement for more than thirty (30) patients in the psychiatric residential treatment facility in any day or for any patient in the psychiatric residential treatment facility who is in a bed that is not Medicaid-certified. This written agreement by the recipient of the certificate of need shall be a condition of the issuance of the certificate of need under this paragraph, and the agreement shall be fully binding on any subsequent owner of the psychiatric residential treatment facility if the ownership of the facility is transferred at any time after the issuance of the certificate of need. After this written agreement is executed, the Division of Medicaid and the State Department of Health shall not certify more
than thirty (30) of the beds in the psychiatric residential treatment facility for participation in the Medicaid program for the use of any patients other than those who are participating only in the Medicaid program of another state. If the psychiatric residential treatment facility violates the terms of the written agreement by admitting or keeping in the facility on a regular or continuing basis more than thirty (30) patients who are participating in the Mississippi Medicaid program, the State Department of Health shall revoke the license of the facility, at the time that the department determines, after a hearing complying with due process, that the facility has violated the condition upon which the certificate of need was issued, as provided in this paragraph and in the written agreement.

The State Department of Health, on or before July 1, 2002, shall transfer the certificate of need authorized under the authority of this paragraph (b), or reissue the certificate of need if it has expired, to River Region Health System.

(c) Of the total number of beds authorized under this subsection, the department shall issue a certificate of need to a hospital currently operating Medicaid-certified acute psychiatric beds for adolescents in DeSoto County, for the establishment of a forty-bed psychiatric residential treatment facility in DeSoto County, provided that the hospital agrees in writing (i) that the hospital shall give priority for the use of those forty (40) beds to Mississippi residents who are presently being treated in out-of-state facilities, and (ii) that no more than fifteen (15) of the beds at the psychiatric residential treatment facility will be certified for participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.), and that no claim will be submitted for Medicaid reimbursement for more than fifteen (15) patients in the psychiatric residential treatment facility in any day or for any patient in the psychiatric residential treatment facility who is in a bed that is not Medicaid-certified. This written agreement
by the recipient of the certificate of need shall be a condition
d of the issuance of the certificate of need under this paragraph,
and the agreement shall be fully binding on any subsequent owner
of the psychiatric residential treatment facility if the ownership
of the facility is transferred at any time after the issuance of
the certificate of need. After this written agreement is
executed, the Division of Medicaid and the State Department of
Health shall not certify more than fifteen (15) of the beds in the
psychiatric residential treatment facility for participation in
the Medicaid program. If the psychiatric residential treatment
facility violates the terms of the written agreement by admitting
or keeping in the facility on a regular or continuing basis more
than fifteen (15) patients who are participating in the Medicaid
program, the State Department of Health shall revoke the license
of the facility, at the time that the department determines, after
a hearing complying with due process, that the facility has
violated the condition upon which the certificate of need was
issued, as provided in this paragraph and in the written
agreement.

(d) Of the total number of beds authorized under this
subsection, the department may issue a certificate or certificates
of need for the construction or expansion of psychiatric
residential treatment facility beds or the conversion of other
beds to psychiatric treatment facility beds, not to exceed thirty
(30) psychiatric residential treatment facility beds, in either
Alcorn, Tishomingo, Prentiss, Lee, Itawamba, Monroe, Chickasaw,
Pontotoc, Calhoun, Lafayette, Union, Benton or Tippah County.

(e) Of the total number of beds authorized under this
subsection (3) the department shall issue a certificate of need to
a privately-owned, nonprofit psychiatric residential treatment
facility in Hinds County for an eight-bed expansion of the
facility, provided that the facility agrees in writing that the
facility shall give priority for the use of those eight (8) beds

H. B. No.  629  "HR40/ R107"
to Mississippi residents who are presently being treated in
out-of-state facilities.

(f) The department shall issue a certificate of need to
a one-hundred-thirty-four-bed specialty hospital located on
twenty-nine and forty-four one-hundredths (29.44) commercial acres
at 5900 Highway 39 North in Meridian (Lauderdale County),
Mississippi, for the addition, construction or expansion of
child/adolescent psychiatric residential treatment facility beds
in Lauderdale County. As a condition of issuance of the
certificate of need under this paragraph, the facility shall give
priority in admissions to the child/adolescent psychiatric
residential treatment facility beds authorized under this
paragraph to patients who otherwise would require out-of-state
placement. The Division of Medicaid, in conjunction with the
Department of Human Services, shall furnish the facility a list of
all out-of-state patients on a quarterly basis. Furthermore,
notice shall also be provided to the parent, custodial parent or
guardian of each out-of-state patient notifying them of the
priority status granted by this paragraph. For purposes of this
paragraph, the provisions of Section 41-7-193(1) requiring
substantial compliance with the projection of need as reported in
the current State Health Plan are waived. The total number of
child/adolescent psychiatric residential treatment facility beds
that may be authorized under the authority of this paragraph shall
be sixty (60) beds. There shall be no prohibition or restrictions
on participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et
seq.) for the person receiving the certificate of need authorized
under this paragraph or for the beds converted pursuant to the
authority of that certificate of need.

(4) (a) From and after July 1, 1993, the department shall
not issue a certificate of need to any person for the new
construction of any psychiatric hospital or chemical
dependency hospital that will contain any child/adolescent
psychiatric or child/adolescent chemical dependency beds, or for the conversion of any other health care facility to a psychiatric hospital or chemical dependency hospital that will contain any child/adolescent psychiatric or child/adolescent chemical dependency beds, or for the addition of any child/adolescent psychiatric or child/adolescent chemical dependency beds in any hospital, psychiatric hospital or chemical dependency hospital, or for the conversion of any beds of another category in any hospital, psychiatric hospital or chemical dependency hospital to child/adolescent psychiatric or child/adolescent chemical dependency beds, except as hereinafter authorized:

(i) The department may issue certificates of need to any person for any purpose described in this subsection, provided that the hospital, psychiatric hospital or chemical dependency hospital does not participate in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) at the time of the application for the certificate of need and the owner of the hospital, psychiatric hospital or chemical dependency hospital agrees in writing that the hospital, psychiatric hospital or chemical dependency hospital will not at any time participate in the Medicaid program or admit or keep any patients who are participating in the Medicaid program in the hospital, psychiatric hospital or chemical dependency hospital. This written agreement by the recipient of the certificate of need shall be fully binding on any subsequent owner of the hospital, psychiatric hospital or chemical dependency hospital, if the ownership of the facility is transferred at any time after the issuance of the certificate of need. Agreement that the hospital, psychiatric hospital or chemical dependency hospital will not participate in the Medicaid program shall be a condition of the issuance of a certificate of need to any person under this subparagraph (i), and if such hospital, psychiatric hospital or chemical dependency hospital at any time
after the issuance of the certificate of need, regardless of the
ownership of the facility, participates in the Medicaid program or
admits or keeps any patients in the hospital, psychiatric hospital
or chemical dependency hospital who are participating in the
Medicaid program, the State Department of Health shall revoke the
certificate of need, if it is still outstanding, and shall deny or
revoke the license of the hospital, psychiatric hospital or
chemical dependency hospital, at the time that the department
determines, after a hearing complying with due process, that the
hospital, psychiatric hospital or chemical dependency hospital has
failed to comply with any of the conditions upon which the
certificate of need was issued, as provided in this subparagraph
(i) and in the written agreement by the recipient of the
certificate of need.

(ii) The department may issue a certificate of
need for the conversion of existing beds in a county hospital in
Choctaw County from acute care beds to child/adolescent chemical
dependency beds. For purposes of this subparagraph (ii), the
provisions of Section 41-7-193(1) requiring substantial compliance
with the projection of need as reported in the current State
Health Plan is waived. The total number of beds that may be
authorized under authority of this subparagraph shall not exceed
twenty (20) beds. There shall be no prohibition or restrictions
on participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et
seq.) for the hospital receiving the certificate of need
authorized under this subparagraph or for the beds converted
pursuant to the authority of that certificate of need.

(iii) The department may issue a certificate or
certificates of need for the construction or expansion of
child/adolescent psychiatric beds or the conversion of other beds
to child/adolescent psychiatric beds in Warren County. For
purposes of this subparagraph (iii), the provisions of Section
41-7-193(1) requiring substantial compliance with the projection
projection of need as reported in the current State Health Plan is waived. The total number of beds that may be authorized under authority of this subparagraph shall not exceed twenty (20) beds. There shall be no prohibition or restrictions on participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) for the hospital receiving the certificate of need authorized under this subparagraph or for the beds converted pursuant to the authority of that certificate of need.

(iii) The department may issue a certificate or certificates of need for the construction or expansion of child/adolescent psychiatric beds or the conversion of other beds to child/adolescent psychiatric beds in Warren County. For purposes of this subparagraph (iii), the provisions of Section 41-7-193(1) requiring substantial compliance with the projection
of need as reported in the current State Health Plan are waived. The total number of beds that may be authorized under the authority of this subparagraph shall not exceed twenty (20) beds. There shall be no prohibition or restrictions on participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) for the person receiving the certificate of need authorized under this subparagraph or for the beds converted pursuant to the authority of that certificate of need.

If by January 1, 2002, there has been no significant commencement of construction of the beds authorized under this subparagraph (iii), or no significant action taken to convert existing beds to the beds authorized under this subparagraph, then the certificate of need that was previously issued under this subparagraph shall expire. If the previously issued certificate of need expires, the department may accept applications for issuance of another certificate of need for the beds authorized under this subparagraph, and may issue a certificate of need to authorize the construction, expansion or conversion of the beds authorized under this subparagraph.

(iv) The department shall issue a certificate of need to the Region 7 Mental Health/Retardation Commission for the construction or expansion of child/adolescent psychiatric beds or the conversion of other beds to child/adolescent psychiatric beds in any of the counties served by the commission. For purposes of this subparagraph (iv), the provisions of Section 41-7-193(1) requiring substantial compliance with the projection of need as reported in the current State Health Plan is waived. The total number of beds that may be authorized under the authority of this subparagraph shall not exceed twenty (20) beds. There shall be no prohibition or restrictions on participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) for the person receiving the certificate of need authorized under this subparagraph or
for the beds converted pursuant to the authority of that certificate of need.

(v) The department may issue a certificate of need to any county hospital located in Leflore County for the construction or expansion of adult psychiatric beds or the conversion of other beds to adult psychiatric beds, not to exceed twenty (20) beds, provided that the recipient of the certificate of need agrees in writing that the adult psychiatric beds will not at any time be certified for participation in the Medicaid program and that the hospital will not admit or keep any patients who are participating in the Medicaid program in any of such adult psychiatric beds. This written agreement by the recipient of the certificate of need shall be fully binding on any subsequent owner of the hospital if the ownership of the hospital is transferred at any time after the issuance of the certificate of need. Agreement that the adult psychiatric beds will not be certified for participation in the Medicaid program shall be a condition of the issuance of a certificate of need to any person under this subparagraph, and if such hospital at any time after the issuance of the certificate of need, regardless of the ownership of the hospital, has any of such adult psychiatric beds certified for participation in the Medicaid program or admits or keeps any Medicaid patients in such adult psychiatric beds, the State Department of Health shall revoke the certificate of need, if it is still outstanding, and shall deny or revoke the license of the hospital at the time that the department determines, after a hearing complying with due process, that the hospital has failed to comply with any of the conditions upon which the certificate of need was issued, as provided in this subparagraph and in the written agreement by the recipient of the certificate of need.

(vi) The department may issue a certificate or certificates of need for the expansion of child psychiatric beds or the conversion of other beds to child psychiatric beds at the
University of Mississippi Medical Center. For purposes of this
subparagraph * * * (vi), the provision of Section 41-7-193(1)
requiring substantial compliance with the projection of need as
reported in the current State Health Plan is waived. The total
number of beds that may be authorized under the authority of this
subparagraph * * * shall not exceed fifteen (15) beds. There
shall be no prohibition or restrictions on participation in the
Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.) for the hospital
receiving the certificate of need authorized under this
subparagraph * * * or for the beds converted pursuant to the
authority of that certificate of need.

(b) From and after July 1, 1990, no hospital,
psychiatric hospital or chemical dependency hospital shall be
authorized to add any child/adolescent psychiatric or
child/adolescent chemical dependency beds or convert any beds of
another category to child/adolescent psychiatric or
classification of beds without a certificate of
need under the authority of subsection (1)(c) of this section.

(5) The department may issue a certificate of need to a
county hospital in Winston County for the conversion of fifteen
(15) acute care beds to geriatric psychiatric care beds.

(6) The State Department of Health shall issue a certificate
of need to a Mississippi corporation qualified to manage a
long-term care hospital as defined in Section 41-7-173(h) (xi) in
Harrison County, not to exceed eighty (80) beds, including any
necessary renovation or construction required for licensure and
certification, provided that the recipient of the certificate of
need agrees in writing that the long-term care hospital will not
at any time participate in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101
et seq.) or admit or keep any patients in the long-term care
hospital who are participating in the Medicaid program. This
written agreement by the recipient of the certificate of need
shall be fully binding on any subsequent owner of the long-term
care hospital, if the ownership of the facility is transferred at any time after the issuance of the certificate of need. Agreement that the long-term care hospital will not participate in the Medicaid program shall be a condition of the issuance of a certificate of need to any person under this subsection (6), and if such long-term care hospital at any time after the issuance of the certificate of need, regardless of the ownership of the facility, participates in the Medicaid program or admits or keeps any patients in the facility who are participating in the Medicaid program, the State Department of Health shall revoke the certificate of need, if it is still outstanding, and shall deny or revoke the license of the long-term care hospital, at the time that the department determines, after a hearing complying with due process, that the facility has failed to comply with any of the conditions upon which the certificate of need was issued, as provided in this subsection and in the written agreement by the recipient of the certificate of need. For purposes of this subsection, the provision of Section 41-7-193(1) requiring substantial compliance with the projection of need as reported in the current State Health Plan is *** waived.

(7) The State Department of Health may issue a certificate of need to any hospital in the state to utilize a portion of its beds for the "swing-bed" concept. Any such hospital must be in conformance with the federal regulations regarding such swing-bed concept at the time it submits its application for a certificate of need to the State Department of Health, except that such hospital may have more licensed beds or a higher average daily census (ADC) than the maximum number specified in federal regulations for participation in the swing-bed program. Any hospital meeting all federal requirements for participation in the swing-bed program which receives such certificate of need shall render services provided under the swing-bed concept to any patient eligible for Medicare (Title XVIII of the Social Security
Act) who is certified by a physician to be in need of such services, and no such hospital shall permit any patient who is eligible for both Medicaid and Medicare or eligible only for Medicaid to stay in the swing beds of the hospital for more than thirty (30) days per admission unless the hospital receives prior approval for such patient from the Division of Medicaid, Office of the Governor. Any hospital having more licensed beds or a higher average daily census (ADC) than the maximum number specified in federal regulations for participation in the swing-bed program which receives such certificate of need shall develop a procedure to insure that before a patient is allowed to stay in the swing beds of the hospital, there are no vacant nursing home beds available for that patient located within a fifty-mile radius of the hospital. When any such hospital has a patient staying in the swing beds of the hospital and the hospital receives notice from a nursing home located within such radius that there is a vacant bed available for that patient, the hospital shall transfer the patient to the nursing home within a reasonable time after receipt of the notice. Any hospital which is subject to the requirements of the two (2) preceding sentences of this subsection may be suspended from participation in the swing-bed program for a reasonable period of time by the State Department of Health if the department, after a hearing complying with due process, determines that the hospital has failed to comply with any of those requirements.

(8) The Department of Health shall not grant approval for or issue a certificate of need to any person proposing the new construction of, addition to or expansion of a health care facility as defined in subparagraph (vii) of Section 41-7-173(h), except as hereinafter provided: The department may issue a certificate of need to a nonprofit corporation located in Madison County, Mississippi, for the construction, expansion or conversion of not more than twenty (20) beds in a community living program.
for developmentally disabled adults in a facility as defined in
subparagraph (viii) of Section 41-7-173(h). For purposes of this
subsection (8), the provisions of Section 41-7-193(1) requiring
substantial compliance with the projection of need as reported in
the current State Health Plan and the provisions of Section
41-7-197 requiring a formal certificate of need hearing process
are waived. There shall be no prohibition or restrictions on
participation in the Medicaid program for the person receiving the
certificate of need authorized under this subsection (8).

(9) The Department of Health shall not grant approval for or
issue a certificate of need to any person proposing the
establishment of, or expansion of the currently approved territory
of, or the contracting to establish a home office, subunit or
branch office within the space operated as a health care facility
as defined in Section 41-7-173(h)(1) through (vii) by a health
care facility as defined in subparagraph (viii) of Section
41-7-173(h).

(10) Health care facilities owned and/or operated by the
state or its agencies are exempt from the restraints in this
section against issuance of a certificate of need if such addition
or expansion consists of repairing or renovation necessary to
comply with the state licensure law. This exception shall not
apply to the new construction of any building by such state
facility. This exception shall not apply to any health care
facilities owned and/or operated by counties, municipalities,
districts, unincorporated areas, other defined persons, or any
combination thereof.

(11) The new construction, renovation or expansion of or
addition to any health care facility defined in subparagraph (i)
(psychiatric hospital), subparagraph (iii) (skilled nursing
facility), subparagraph (v) (intermediate care facility),
subparagraph (vii) (intermediate care facility for the mentally
retarded) and subparagraph (ix) (psychiatric residential treatment
facility) of Section 41-7-173(h) which is owned by the State of Mississippi and under the direction and control of the State Department of Mental Health, and the addition of new beds or the conversion of beds from one category to another in any such defined health care facility which is owned by the State of Mississippi and under the direction and control of the State Department of Mental Health, shall not require the issuance of a certificate of need under Section 41-7-171 et seq., notwithstanding any provision in Section 41-7-171 et seq. to the contrary.

(12) The new construction, renovation or expansion of or addition to any veterans homes or domiciliaries for eligible veterans of the State of Mississippi as authorized under Section 35-1-19 shall not require the issuance of a certificate of need, notwithstanding any provision in Section 41-7-171 et seq. to the contrary.

(13) The new construction of a nursing facility or nursing facility beds or the conversion of other beds to nursing facility beds shall not require the issuance of a certificate of need, notwithstanding any provision in Section 41-7-171 et seq. to the contrary, if the conditions of this subsection are met.

(a) Before any construction or conversion may be undertaken without a certificate of need, the owner of the nursing facility, in the case of an existing facility, or the applicant to construct a nursing facility, in the case of new construction, first must file a written notice of intent and sign a written agreement with the State Department of Health that the entire nursing facility will not at any time participate in or have any beds certified for participation in the Medicaid program (Section 43-13-101 et seq.), will not admit or keep any patients in the nursing facility who are participating in the Medicaid program, and will not submit any claim for Medicaid reimbursement for any patient in the facility. This written agreement by the owner or
applicant shall be a condition of exercising the authority under this subsection without a certificate of need, and the agreement shall be fully binding on any subsequent owner of the nursing facility if the ownership of the facility is transferred at any time after the agreement is signed. After the written agreement is signed, the Division of Medicaid and the State Department of Health shall not certify any beds in the nursing facility for participation in the Medicaid program. If the nursing facility violates the terms of the written agreement by participating in the Medicaid program, having any beds certified for participation in the Medicaid program, admitting or keeping any patient in the facility who is participating in the Medicaid program, or submitting any claim for Medicaid reimbursement for any patient in the facility, the State Department of Health shall revoke the license of the nursing facility at the time that the department determines, after a hearing complying with due process, that the facility has violated the terms of the written agreement.

(b) For the purposes of this subsection, participation in the Medicaid program by a nursing facility includes Medicaid reimbursement of coinsurance and deductibles for recipients who are qualified Medicare beneficiaries and/or those who are dually eligible. Any nursing facility exercising the authority under this subsection may not bill or submit a claim to the Division of Medicaid for services to qualified Medicare beneficiaries and/or those who are dually eligible.

(c) The new construction of a nursing facility or nursing facility beds or the conversion of other beds to nursing facility beds described in this section must be either a part of a completely new continuing care retirement community, as described in the latest edition of the Mississippi State Health Plan, or an addition to existing personal care and independent living components, and so that the completed project will be a continuing care retirement community, containing (i) independent living...
accommodations, (ii) personal care beds, and (iii) the nursing home facility beds. The three (3) components must be located on a single site and be operated as one (1) inseparable facility. The nursing facility component must contain a minimum of thirty (30) beds. Any nursing facility beds authorized by this section will not be counted against the bed need set forth in the State Health Plan, as identified in Section 41-7-171 et seq.

This subsection (13) shall stand repealed from and after July 1, 2005.

(14) The State Department of Health shall issue a certificate of need to any hospital which is currently licensed for two hundred fifty (250) or more acute care beds and is located in any general hospital service area not having a comprehensive cancer center, for the establishment and equipping of such a center which provides facilities and services for outpatient radiation oncology therapy, outpatient medical oncology therapy, and appropriate support services including the provision of radiation therapy services. The provision of Section 41-7-193(1) regarding substantial compliance with the projection of need as reported in the current State Health Plan is waived for the purpose of this subsection.

(15) The State Department of Health may authorize the transfer of hospital beds, not to exceed sixty (60) beds, from the North Panola Community Hospital to the South Panola Community Hospital. The authorization for the transfer of those beds shall be exempt from the certificate of need review process.

(16) The State Department of Health shall issue any certificates of need necessary for Mississippi State University and a public or private health care provider to jointly acquire and operate a linear accelerator and a magnetic resonance imaging unit. Those certificates of need shall cover all capital expenditures related to the project between Mississippi State University and the health care provider, including, but not
limited to, the acquisition of the linear accelerator, the
magnetic resonance imaging unit and other radiological modalities;
the offering of linear accelerator and magnetic resonance imaging
services; and the cost of construction of facilities in which to
locate these services. The linear accelerator and the magnetic
resonance imaging unit shall be (a) located in the City of
Starkville, Oktibbeha County, Mississippi; (b) operated jointly by
Mississippi State University and the public or private health care
provider selected by Mississippi State University through a
request for proposals (RFP) process in which Mississippi State
University selects, and the Board of Trustees of State
Institutions of Higher Learning approves, the health care provider
that makes the best overall proposal; (c) available to Mississippi
State University for research purposes two-thirds (2/3) of the
time that the linear accelerator and magnetic resonance imaging
unit are operational; and (d) available to the public or private
health care provider selected by Mississippi State University and
approved by the Board of Trustees of State Institutions of Higher
Learning one-third (1/3) of the time for clinical, diagnostic and
treatment purposes. For purposes of this subsection, the
provisions of Section 41-7-193(1) requiring substantial compliance
with the projection of need as reported in the current State
Health Plan are waived.

(17) Nothing in this section or in any other provision of
Section 41-7-171 et seq. shall prevent any nursing facility from
designating an appropriate number of existing beds in the facility
as beds for providing care exclusively to patients with
Alzheimer's disease.

SECTION 4. Section 41-7-201, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
amended as follows:

41-7-201. (1) The provisions of this subsection (1) shall
apply to any party appealing any final order of the State
Department of Health pertaining to a certificate of need for a
home health agency, as defined in Section 41-7-173(h)(viii):

(a) In addition to other remedies now available at law
or in equity, any party aggrieved by any such final order of the
State Department of Health shall have the right of appeal to the
Chancery Court of the First Judicial District of Hinds County,
Mississippi, which appeal must be filed within thirty (30) days
after the date of the final order. However, any appeal of an order disapproving an application for such a
certificate of need may be made to the chancery court of the
county where the proposed construction, expansion or alteration
was to be located or the new service or purpose of the capital
expenditure was to be located. Such appeal must be filed in
accordance with the thirty (30) days for filing as heretofore
provided. Any appeal shall state briefly the nature of the
proceedings before the State Department of Health and shall
specify the order complained of. Any person whose rights may be
materially affected by the action of the State Department of
Health may appear and become a party or the court may, upon
motion, order that any such person, organization or entity be
joined as a necessary party.

(b) Upon the filing of such an appeal, the clerk of the
chancery court shall serve notice thereof upon the State
Department of Health, whereupon the State Department of Health
shall, within fifty (50) days or within such additional time as
the court may by order for cause allow from the service of such
notice, certify to the chancery court the record in the case,
which records shall include a transcript of all testimony,
together with all exhibits or copies thereof, all pleadings,
proceedings, orders, findings and opinions entered in the
case; however, the parties and the State Department of
Health may stipulate that a specified portion only of the record
shall be certified to the court as the record on appeal.
(c) No new or additional evidence shall be introduced in the chancery court but the case shall be determined upon the record certified to the court.

(d) The court may dispose of the appeal in termtime or vacation and may sustain or dismiss the appeal, modify or vacate the order complained of in whole or in part as the case may be; but in case the order is wholly or partly vacated, the court may also, in its discretion, remand the matter to the State Department of Health for such further proceedings, not inconsistent with the court's order, as, in the opinion of the court, justice may require. The order shall not be vacated or set aside, either in whole or in part, except for errors of law, unless the court finds that the order of the State Department of Health is not supported by substantial evidence, is contrary to the manifest weight of the evidence, is in excess of the statutory authority or jurisdiction of the State Department of Health, or violates any vested constitutional rights of any party involved in the appeal. *

However, an order of the chancery court reversing the denial of a certificate of need by the State Department of Health shall not entitle the applicant to effectuate the certificate of need until either:

(i) Such order of the chancery court has become final and has not been appealed to the Supreme Court; or

(ii) The Supreme Court has entered a final order affirming the chancery court.

(e) Appeals in accordance with law may be had to the Supreme Court of the State of Mississippi from any final judgment of the chancery court.

(2) The provisions of this subsection (2) shall apply to any party appealing any final order of the State Department of Health pertaining to a certificate of need for any health care facility as defined in Section 41-7-173(h), with the exception of any home health agency as defined in Section 41-7-173(h)(viii):
(a) There shall be a "stay of proceedings" of any final order issued by the State Department of Health pertaining to the issuance of a certificate of need for the establishment, construction, expansion or replacement of a health care facility for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of the order, if an existing provider located in the same service area where the health care facility is or will be located has requested a hearing during the course of review in opposition to the issuance of the certificate of need. The stay of proceedings shall expire at the termination of thirty (30) days; however, no construction, renovation or other capital expenditure that is the subject of the order shall be undertaken, no license to operate any facility that is the subject of the order shall be issued by the licensing agency, and no certification to participate in the Title XVIII or Title XIX programs of the Social Security Act shall be granted, until all statutory appeals have been exhausted or the time for such appeals has expired. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the filing of an appeal from a final order of the State Department of Health or the chancery court for the issuance of a certificate of need shall not prevent the purchase of medical equipment or development or offering of institutional health services granted in a certificate of need issued by the State Department of Health.

(b) In addition to other remedies now available at law or in equity, any party aggrieved by any such final order of the State Department of Health shall have the right of appeal to the Chancery Court of the First Judicial District of Hinds County, Mississippi, which appeal must be filed within twenty (20) days after the date of the final order. However, any appeal of an order disapproving an application for such a certificate of need may be made to the chancery court of the county where the proposed construction, expansion or alteration was to be located or the new service or purpose of the capital expenditure was to be located. Such appeal must be filed in
accordance with the twenty (20) days for filing as heretofore provided. Any appeal shall state briefly the nature of the proceedings before the State Department of Health and shall specify the order complained of.

(c) Upon the filing of such an appeal, the clerk of the chancery court shall serve notice thereof upon the State Department of Health, whereupon the State Department of Health shall, within thirty (30) days of the date of the filing of the appeal, certify to the chancery court the record in the case, which records shall include a transcript of all testimony, together with all exhibits or copies thereof, all pleadings, proceedings, orders, findings and opinions entered in the case; however, the parties and the State Department of Health may stipulate that a specified portion only of the record shall be certified to the court as the record on appeal. The chancery court shall give preference to any such appeal from a final order by the State Department of Health in a certificate of need proceeding, and shall render a final order regarding such appeal no later than one hundred twenty (120) days from the date of the final order by the State Department of Health. If the chancery court has not rendered a final order within this 120-day period, then the final order of the State Department of Health shall be deemed to have been affirmed by the chancery court, and any party to the appeal shall have the right to appeal from the chancery court to the Supreme Court on the record certified by the State Department of Health as otherwise provided in paragraph (g) of this subsection. If the chancery court has not rendered a final order within the 120-day period and an appeal is made to the Supreme Court as provided in this section, the Supreme Court shall remand the case to the chancery court to make an award of costs, fees, reasonable expenses and attorney's fees incurred in favor of appellee payable by the appellant(s) if the Supreme Court affirms the order of the State Department of Health.
(d) Any appeal of a final order by the State Department of Health in a certificate of need proceeding shall require the giving of a bond by the appellant(s) sufficient to secure the appellee against the loss of costs, fees, expenses and attorney's fees incurred in defense of the appeal, approved by the chancery court within five (5) days of the date of filing the appeal.

(e) No new or additional evidence shall be introduced in the chancery court but the case shall be determined upon the record certified to the court.

(f) The court may dispose of the appeal in termtime or vacation and may sustain or dismiss the appeal, modify or vacate the order complained of in whole or in part and may make an award of costs, fees, expenses and attorney's fees, as the case may be; but in case the order is wholly or partly vacated, the court may also, in its discretion, remand the matter to the State Department of Health for such further proceedings, not inconsistent with the court's order, as, in the opinion of the court, justice may require. The court, as part of the final order, shall make an award of costs, fees, reasonable expenses and attorney's fees incurred in favor of appellee payable by the appellant(s) should the court affirm the order of the State Department of Health. The order shall not be vacated or set aside, either in whole or in part, except for errors of law, unless the court finds that the order of the State Department of Health is not supported by substantial evidence, is contrary to the manifest weight of the evidence, is in excess of the statutory authority or jurisdiction of the State Department of Health, or violates any vested constitutional rights of any party involved in the appeal. * * *

However, an order of the chancery court reversing the denial of a certificate of need by the State Department of Health shall not entitle the applicant to effectuate the certificate of need until either:
(i) Such order of the chancery court has become final and has not been appealed to the Supreme Court; or
(ii) The Supreme Court has entered a final order affirming the chancery court.
(g) Appeals in accordance with law may be had to the Supreme Court of the State of Mississippi from any final judgment of the chancery court.
(h) Within thirty (30) days from the date of a final order by the Supreme Court or a final order of the chancery court not appealed to the Supreme Court that modifies or wholly or partly vacates the final order of the State Department of Health granting a certificate of need, the State Department of Health shall issue another order in conformity with the final order of the Supreme Court, or the final order of the chancery court not appealed to the Supreme Court.

SECTION 5. Section 41-7-202, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
41-7-202. There shall be a "stay of proceedings" of any written decision of the State Department of Health pertaining to a certificate of need for a home health agency, as defined in Section 41-7-173(h)(viii), for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of that decision. The stay of proceedings shall expire at the termination of thirty (30) days; however, no license to operate any such home health agency that is the subject of the decision shall be issued by the licensing agency, and no certification for such home health agency to participate in the Title XVIII or Title XIX programs of the Social Security Act shall be granted until all statutory appeals have been exhausted or the time for such appeals has expired. The stay of proceedings provided for in this section shall not apply to any party appealing any final order of the State Department of Health pertaining to a certificate of need for any health care facility.
as defined in Section 41-7-173(h), with the exception of any home
health agency as defined in Section 41-7-173(h)(viii).

SECTION 6. Section 41-9-210, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
amended as follows:

41-9-210. If a hospital seeks a new license from the
department in order to be designated as a critical access
hospital, the department shall maintain a record of the acute care
beds of that hospital that have been delicensed as a result of
that designation and continue counting those beds as part of the
state's total acute care bed count for health care planning
purposes. If a critical access hospital later desires to
relicense some or all of its delicensed acute care beds, it shall
notify the department of its intent to increase the number of its
licensed acute care beds. The department shall survey the
hospital within thirty (30) days of that notice and, if
appropriate, issue the hospital a new license reflecting the new
contingent of beds. ***

This section shall apply to all hospitals that are designated
as critical access hospitals on July 1, 2003, and all hospitals
that may become designated as critical access hospitals after July
1, 2003.

SECTION 7. Section 41-63-4, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
amended as follows:

41-63-4. (1) In order to improve the quality and efficiency
of medical care, the State Department of Health shall design and
establish a registry program of the condition and treatment of
persons seeking medical care that will provide the following:

(a) Information in a central data bank system of
accurate, precise and current information regarding the diagnostic
services and therapeutic services for medical diagnosis, treatment
and care of injured, disabled or sick persons, or rehabilitation
services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled or sick
persons provided in an acute care hospital ***;

H. B. No.  629   "HR40/ R107"
07/HR40/R107
PAGE 55 (RF\BD)
(b) Collection of that data;
(c) Dissemination of that data; and
(d) Analysis of that data for the purposes of the evaluation and improvement of the quality and efficiency of medical care provided in a health care facility.

(2) The State Board of Health shall adopt rules, regulations and procedures to govern the operation of the registry program and to carry out the intent of this section.

(3) The State Department of Health shall specify the types of information to be provided to the registry.

(4) Information collected and analyzed by the State Department of Health under this section shall be placed in a central health data registry system maintained by the Mississippi Hospital Association, acting under the direction of the State Department of Health.

(5) The information, data and records shall not divulge the identity of any patient.

(6) Notwithstanding any conflicting statute, court rule or other law, the data maintained in the registry shall be confidential and shall not be subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in any civil action. However, information and data otherwise discoverable or admissible from original sources are not to be construed as immune from discovery or use in any civil action merely because they were provided to the registry.

SECTION 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2007.