By: Representative Flaggs

HOUSE BILL NO. 11

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 43-21-201, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 2 TO REQUIRE THE MISSISSIPPI COMMISSION ON CONTINUING LEGAL 3 EDUCATION TO APPROVE ANNUAL JUVENILE JUSTICE TRAINING FOR 4 ATTORNEYS WHO REPRESENT DELINQUENT CHILDREN; TO REMOVE THE 5 MISSISSIPPI BAR ASSOCIATION FROM THE DUTY OF SUCH APPROVAL; AND 6 FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: **SECTION 1.** Section 43-21-201, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
amended as follows:

10 43-21-201. (1) Each party shall have the right to be 11 represented by counsel at all stages of the proceedings including, 12 but not limited to, detention, adjudicatory and disposition 13 hearings and parole or probation revocation proceedings. If the 14 party is a child, the child shall be represented by counsel at all 15 critical stages. If indigent, the child shall have the right to 16 have counsel appointed for him <u>or her</u> by the youth court.

17 (2) When a party first appears before the youth court, the 18 judge shall ascertain whether he <u>or she</u> is represented by counsel 19 and, if not, inform him <u>or her</u> of his <u>or her</u> rights including his 20 <u>or her</u> right to counsel.

(3) An attorney appointed to represent a delinquent child 21 22 shall be required to complete annual juvenile justice training 23 that is approved by the Mississippi Judicial College or the Mississippi Commission on Continuing Legal Education. The 24 25 Mississippi Judicial College and the Mississippi Commission on Continuing Legal Education shall determine the amount of juvenile 26 27 justice training and continuing education required to fulfill the requirements of this subsection. The Administrative Office of 28 29 Courts shall maintain a roll of attorneys who have complied with H. B. No. 11 G1/2 07/HR40/R40 PAGE 1 (OM\BD)

the training requirements and shall enforce the provisions of this 30 31 subsection. Should an attorney fail to complete the annual 32 training requirement or fail to attend the required training within six (6) months of being appointed to a youth court case, 33 34 the attorney shall be disqualified to serve and the youth court 35 shall immediately terminate the representation and appoint another 36 attorney. Attorneys appointed by a youth court to five (5) or 37 fewer cases a year are exempt from the requirements of this 38 subsection.

39 (4) An attorney shall enter his or her appearance on behalf 40 of a party in the proceeding by filing a written notice of appearance with the youth court, by filing a pleading, notice or 41 motion signed by counsel or by appearing in open court and 42 advising the youth court that he or she is representing a party. 43 After counsel has entered his or her appearance, he or she shall 44 45 be served with copies of all subsequent pleadings, motions and 46 notices required to be served on the party he or she represents. An attorney who has entered his or her appearance shall not be 47 permitted to withdraw from the case until a timely appeal if any 48 49 has been decided, except by leave of the court then exercising jurisdiction of the cause after notice of his or her intended 50 51 withdrawal is served by him or her on the party he or she 52 represents.

53 (5) Each designee appointed by a youth court judge shall be
54 subject to the Code of Judicial Conduct and shall govern himself
55 or herself accordingly.

56 **SECTION 2.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 57 and after its passage.

H. B. No. 11 07/HR40/R40 PAGE 2 (OM\BD)

ST: Mississippi Commission on Continuing Legal Education; require to approve certain training for attorneys who represent delinquent youth.