By: Senator(s) Horhn

To: Rules

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1

A RESOLUTION COMMEMORATING THE LIFE AND LEGACY OF NOTED 1920s
MISSISSIPPI BLUESMAN TOMMY JOHNSON OF CRYSTAL SPRINGS,
MISSISSIPPI, ON THE 50TH ANNIVERSARY OF HIS DEATH.

4 WHEREAS, next to Son House and Charley Patton, no one was more important to the development of pre-Robert Johnson Delta 5 blues than Tommy Johnson. Armed with a powerful voice that could 6 go from a growl to an eerie falsetto range and a guitar style that 7 8 had all of the early figures and licks of the Delta style clearly delineated, Johnson only recorded for two years, from 1928 to 9 1930, but left behind a body of work that's hard to ignore; and 10 WHEREAS, there is no doubt that the music of Tommy Johnson 11

epitomized the Mississippi Blues at its most expressive and poetic. Johnson achieved the perfection of a regional vocal and instrumental tradition, while realizing its potential for the development of a unique and personal means of communication. He was an individualist, whose sense of timing and rhythm, sensitive guitar playing and impressive vocal range were innate; and

18 WHEREAS, the legend of Tommy Johnson is even harder to ignore. The stories about his live performances, where he would 19 20 play the guitar behind his neck in emulation of Charley Patton's 21 showboating while hollering the blues at full throated level for 22 hours without a break, are part of his legend, as is his uncontrolled lifestyle, which constantly got him in trouble. 23 Then there's the crossroads story. Years before the "Deal with the 24 Devil" at a deserted Delta crossroad was being used as an 25 26 explanation of the other-worldly abilities of young Robert 27 Johnson, the story was being told repeatedly about Tommy, often by

S. R. No. 1 *SS26/R5* 062E/SS26/R5 PAGE 1 28 the man himself to reinforce his abilities to doubting audiences;29 and

WHEREAS, his "Cool Water Blues" was covered in the 1950s by 30 one of his early admirers, Howlin' Wolf, and became "I Asked for 31 32 Water (She Brought Me Gasoline)." Another signature piece, his 33 "Maggie Campbell," came with a chord progression that was used for 34 infinite variations by blues players dating all the way back to his contemporary Charley Patton. Two of his best-known numbers 35 have survived into modern times: "Big Road Blues" is probably 36 37 best known to contemporary blues fans from adaptations by Floyd 38 Jones and others, while his "Canned Heat Blues" was the tune that gave a California blues-rock band their name; and 39

40 WHEREAS, in 1916, Tommy Johnson married Maggie Bidwell and the couple moved to Webb Jennings' Plantation near Drew, in 41 42 Mississippi's Yazoo Delta region close to Dockery's Plantation. Although Johnson had several wives, it was his first whom he later 43 44 immortalized in the song "Maggie Campbell Blues." Johnson soon 45 fell under the spell of Dockery resident Charley Patton and local guitarists Dick Bankston and Willie Brown. He lived there for a 46 47 year, learning the nuances of the Delta style before moving on to 48 hobo around Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi. Johnson then 49 moved back to Crystal Springs, Mississippi, in 1920. He also returned to life as a sharecropper, playing at parties on the 50 51 weekends or on the streets of Jackson and nearby towns for tips. 52 During the fall cotton harvest season, Johnson traveled back to 53 the Delta, playing for sharecroppers who had just been paid. 54 During the early 1920s, he gigged in Greenwood, Mississippi, and nearby Moorehead. The latter is famous for its railroad crossing 55 56 Where the Southern Crosses the Dog, heralded in W.C. Handy's

57 "Yellow Dog Blues"; and

58 WHEREAS, Tommy Johnson died of a heart attack after playing 59 at a party on November 1, 1956. He is buried in the Warm Springs 60 Methodist Church Cemetery in Crystal Springs, Mississippi. In

S. R. No. 1 *SS26/R5* 062E/SS26/R5 PAGE 2 July 2001, the Warm Springs Cemetery was designated a historically significant abandoned cemetery by the Board of Trustees of the Department of Archives and History; and through the efforts of interested citizens and civic leaders, this important historic cemetery was restored and is now maintained; and

66 WHEREAS, the influence of Tommy Johnson's music is still felt 67 both in black folk tradition and among young white musicians, who 68 have helped spread something of his style of singing and playing 69 blues around the world:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, That we do hereby commemorate the life and important music legacy of noted 1920s Mississippi Bluesman Tommy Johnson of Crystal Springs, Mississippi, on the 50th Anniversary of his death.

75 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That this resolution be forwarded to 76 the Mississippi Blues Commission and be made available to the 77 members of the Capital Press Corps.