## Senate Amendments to House Bill No. 681

TO THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE:

THIS IS TO INFORM YOU THAT THE SENATE HAS ADOPTED THE AMENDMENTS SET OUT BELOW:

## AMENDMENT NO. 1

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

9 Section 81-18-27, Mississippi Code of 1972, is SECTION 1. 10 amended as follows: 81-18-27. (1) No person required to be licensed or 11 12 registered under this chapter shall: Misrepresent the material facts or make false 13 (a) 14 promises intended to influence, persuade or induce an applicant 15 for a mortgage loan or mortgagee to take a mortgage loan or cause or contribute to misrepresentation by its agents or employees. 16 17 Misrepresent to or conceal from an applicant for a (b) 18 mortgage loan or mortgagor, material facts, terms or conditions of a transaction to which the mortgage company is a party. 19 20 (C) Fail to disburse funds in accordance with a written 21 commitment or agreement to make a mortgage loan. 22 Improperly refuse to issue a satisfaction of a (d) 23 mortgage loan. 24 (e) Fail to account for or deliver to any person any 25 personal property obtained in connection with a mortgage loan, 26 such as money, funds, deposits, checks, drafts, mortgages or other documents or things of value that have come into the possession of 27 28 the mortgage company and that are not the property of the mortgage 29 company, or that the mortgage company is not by law or at equity

30 entitled to retain.

(f) Engage in any transaction, practice, or course of business that is not in good faith, or that operates a fraud upon any person in connection with the making of or purchase or sale of any mortgage loan.

35 (g) Engage in any fraudulent residential mortgage36 underwriting practices.

(h) Induce, require, or otherwise permit the applicant for a mortgage loan or mortgagor to sign a security deed, note, or other pertinent financial disclosure documents with any blank spaces to be filled in after it has been signed, except blank spaces relating to recording or other incidental information not available at the time of signing.

(i) Make, directly or indirectly, any residential mortgage loan with the intent to foreclose on the borrower's property. For purposes of this paragraph, there is a presumption that a person has made a residential mortgage loan with the intent to foreclose on the borrower's property if all of the following circumstances are proven:

49 (i) Lack of substantial benefit to the borrower;
50 (ii) The probability that full payment of the loan
51 cannot be made by the borrower;

52 (iii) That the person has made a significant 53 proportion of loans foreclosed under similar circumstances; 54 (iv) That the person has provided an extension of 55 credit or collected a mortgage debt by extortion;

56 (v) That the person does business under a trade 57 name that misrepresents or tends to misrepresent that the person 58 is a bank, trust company, savings bank, savings and loan 59 association, credit union, or insurance company.

60 (j) Charge or collect any direct payment, compensation 61 or advance fee from a borrower unless and until a loan is actually found, obtained and closed for that borrower, and in no event 62 63 shall that direct payment, compensation or advance fee exceed 64 seven and ninety-five one-hundredths percent (7.95%) of the original principal amount of the loan, and any such direct 65 payments, compensation or advance fees shall be included in all 66 annual percentage rate (APR) calculations if required under 67 Regulation Z of the federal Truth in Lending Act (TILA). A direct 68

69 payment, compensation or advance fee as defined in this section 70 shall not include:

(i) Any direct payment, compensation or advance fee collected by a licensed mortgage company to be paid to a nonrelated third party;

(ii) Any indirect payment to a licensed mortgage
company by a lender if those fees are not required to be disclosed
under the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (RESPA);

77 (iii) Any indirect payment or compensation by a lender to a licensed mortgage company required to be disclosed by 78 79 the licensed mortgage company under RESPA, provided that the payment or compensation is disclosed to the borrower by the 80 licensed mortgage company on a good faith estimate of costs, is 81 included in the APR if required under Regulation Z of TILA, and is 82 83 made pursuant to a written agreement between the licensed mortgage 84 company and the borrower as may be required by Section 85 81-18-33; \* \* \*

86 (iv) A fee not to exceed one percent (1%) of the 87 principal amount of a loan for construction, provided that a 88 binding commitment for the loan has been obtained for the 89 prospective borrower<u>; or</u>

90 <u>(v) An advance fee collected by a licensed or</u> 91 <u>registered mortgage company to be paid to a lender to lock in an</u> 92 <u>interest rate and/or a certain number of points on a mortgage loan</u> 93 <u>from the lender as provided in Section 2 of House Bill No. 681,</u> 94 <u>2006 Regular Session.</u>

95 (k) Pay to any person not licensed or registered under 96 the provisions of this chapter any commission, bonus or fee in 97 connection with arranging for or originating a mortgage loan for a 98 borrower, except that a registered loan originator may be paid a 99 bonus, commission, or fee by his or her licensed employer.

(1) Refuse to provide the loan payoff within three (3)
business days of an oral or written request from a borrower or
third party. Proof of authorization of the borrower shall be
submitted for a third-party request.

104 (2) A mortgage company shall only broker a residential 105 mortgage loan to a mortgage company licensed or registered under 106 this chapter or to a person exempt from licensure under the 107 provisions of this chapter.

108 <u>SECTION 2.</u> (1) A mortgage broker may enter into lock-in 109 agreements and collect a lock-in fee from a borrower on the 110 lender's behalf. The lock-in fee shall not exceed the following: 111 (a) No fee may be collected to lock in for sixty (60) 112 days or less;

(b) One percent (1%) of the principal amount of the loan to lock in for more than sixty (60) days, but not to exceed one hundred eighty (180) days;

(c) One and one-half percent (1-1/2%) of the principal amount of the loan to lock in for more than one hundred eighty (180) days, but not to exceed two hundred seventy (270) days; or

(d) Two percent (2%) of the principal amount of the
loan to lock in for more than two hundred seventy (270) days.
(2) Before the collection of a lock-in fee, the applicant

122 must be provided a copy of the lock-in fee agreement. This 123 agreement shall contain at least the following:

124 (a) Identification of the property that is being125 purchased with the loan;

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(b) The principal amount and term of the loan;

127 (c) The initial interest rate and/or points, whether 128 the interest rate is fixed or variable, and if variable, the index 129 and margin, or the method by which an interest rate change for the 130 mortgage loan will be calculated;

(d) The amount of the lock-in fee, whether the fee is refundable or nonrefundable, the time by which the lock-in fee must be paid to the lender, and if the fee is refundable, the terms and conditions necessary to obtain the refund; and

(e) The length of the lock-in period that the agreementcovers.

137 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from 138 and after July 1, 2006.

## Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 81-18-27, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 2 TO ALLOW LICENSED OR REGISTERED MORTGAGE COMPANIES TO COLLECT FROM 3 A BORROWER A FEE TO BE PAID TO A LENDER TO LOCK IN AN INTEREST 4 RATE AND/OR A CERTAIN NUMBER OF POINTS ON A MORTGAGE LOAN; TO 5 CREATE A NEW CODE SECTION TO PROVIDE A MAXIMUM AMOUNT THAT MAY BE 6 COLLECTED AS A LOCK-IN FEE AND TO PRESCRIBE THE CONTENTS OF A 7 LOCK-IN FEE AGREEMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

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John O. Gilbert Secretary of the Senate