MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Senator(s) Horhn

To: Judiciary, Division B; Appropriations

SENATE BILL NO. 2860

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 97-5-23, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 1 IMPOSE A MORE SEVERE PENALTY FOR FONDLING OF A CHILD WHO IS VERY 2 YOUNG; TO AMEND SECTION 99-19-83, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO INCLUDE A SECOND SEX OFFENSE WHEN THE VICTIM OF THE SECOND OFFENSE IS UNDER AGE 15 AS REQUIRING LIFE IMPRISONMENT; TO CREATE NEW 3 4 5 б SECTION 99-19-84, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE A SPLIT 7 SENTENCE FOR SEX OFFENDERS; TO AMEND SECTION 99-19-101, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO SPECIFY THAT CERTAIN SEX OFFENSES ARE AN AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCE IN SENTENCING FOR A CAPITAL OFFENSE; 8 9 TO CREATE NEW SECTION 99-19-205, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 10 11 MANDATE GEOPOSITIONAL SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN SEX OFFENDERS UPON EXPIRATION OF TERM; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 47-5-1017, MISSISSIPPI 12 CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE FOR GEOPOSITIONAL MONITORING OF SEX 13 OFFENDERS SUBJECT TO A SPLIT SENTENCE; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 14 47-5-1019, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO IMPOSE PUNISHMENT FOR 15 TAMPERING WITH A GEOPOSITIONAL MONITORING DEVICE; AND FOR RELATED 16 17 PURPOSES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
SECTION 1. Section 97-5-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
amended as follows:

97-5-23. (1) Any person above the age of eighteen (18) 21 22 years, who, for the purpose of gratifying his or her lust, or 23 indulging his or her depraved licentious sexual desires, shall handle, touch or rub with hands or any part of his or her body or 24 25 any member thereof, any child under the age of sixteen (16) years, with or without the child's consent, or a mentally defective, 26 27 mentally incapacitated or physically helpless person as defined in 28 Section 97-3-97, shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction 29 thereof, shall be as follows: If the victim is over the age of twelve (12) years but under the age of sixteen (16) years, the 30 offender shall be fined in a sum not less than One Thousand 31 Dollars (\$1,000.00) nor more than Five Thousand Dollars 32 33 (\$5,000.00), or be committed to the custody of the State 34 Department of Corrections not less than two (2) years nor more

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35 than fifteen (15) years, or be punished by both such fine and 36 imprisonment, at the discretion of the court; if the victim is 37 <u>under the age of twelve (12), the offender shall be committed to</u> 38 <u>the custody of the State Department of Corrections for life</u> 39 without possibility of probation or parole.

40 (2) Any person above the age of eighteen (18) years, who, for the purpose of gratifying his or her lust, or indulging his or 41 her depraved licentious sexual desires, shall handle, touch or rub 42 with hands or any part of his or her body or any member thereof, 43 any child younger than himself or herself who is at least sixteen 44 45 (16) years of age but under the age of eighteen (18) years who is not such person's spouse, with or without the child's consent, 46 47 when the person occupies a position of trust or authority over the child shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, 48 shall be fined in a sum not less than One Thousand Dollars 49 50 (\$1,000.00) nor more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), or be committed to the custody of the State Department of Corrections 51 52 not less than two (2) years nor more than fifteen (15) years, or be punished by both such fine and imprisonment, at the discretion 53 54 of the court. A person in a position of trust or authority over a child includes without limitation a child's teacher, counselor, 55 56 physician, psychiatrist, psychologist, minister, priest, physical 57 therapist, chiropractor, legal guardian, parent, stepparent, aunt, uncle, scout leader or coach. 58

59 (3) Upon a second conviction for an offense under this 60 section when the offense is subject to imprisonment of less than 61 life in prison without parole, the person so convicted shall be 62 punished by commitment to the State Department of Corrections for 63 a term not to exceed thirty (30) years, which sentence shall be 64 neither suspended nor reduced.

65 SECTION 2. Section 99-19-83, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 66 amended as follows:

67 99-19-83. (1) Every person convicted in this state of a 68 felony who shall have been convicted twice previously of any 69 felony or federal crime upon charges separately brought and 70 arising out of separate incidents at different times and who shall 71 have been sentenced to and served separate terms of one (1) year 72 or more in any state and/or federal penal institution, whether in 73 this state or elsewhere, and where any one (1) of such felonies shall have been a crime of violence shall be sentenced to life 74 75 imprisonment, and such sentence shall not be reduced or suspended 76 nor shall such person be eligible for parole or probation.

(2) Every person convicted in this state of a felony sex 77 78 offense in which the victim was not more than fourteen (14) years 79 of age and who previously has been convicted of any felony sex offense, whether in this state or elsewhere, shall be sentenced to 80 life imprisonment, and such sentence shall not be reduced or 81 suspended nor shall such person be eligible for parole or 82 probation. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "sex 83 84 offense" shall have the meaning ascribed in Section 45-33-23.

85 SECTION 3. The following shall be codified as Section 86 99-19-84, Mississippi Code of 1972:

99-19-84. Whenever punishment by imprisonment for a felony, 87 88 except for a capital felony, is prescribed for an offense for 89 which registration as a sex offender is required under Title 45, Chapter 33, if the victim was not more than fourteen (14) years 90 91 old and the offender was at least twenty-one (21) years old at the time of the offense, the court shall impose a split sentence 92 93 whereby the defendant is to be placed on geopositional monitoring following release from incarceration for the term of his natural 94 life. The offender shall be required to pay the cost of the 95 monitoring. 96

97 SECTION 4. Section 99-19-101, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 98 amended as follows:

99 99-19-101. (1) Upon conviction or adjudication of guilt of 100 a defendant of capital murder or other capital offense, the court 101 shall conduct a separate sentencing proceeding to determine 102 whether the defendant should be sentenced to death, life 103 imprisonment without eligibility for parole, or life imprisonment. 104 The proceeding shall be conducted by the trial judge before the 105 trial jury as soon as practicable. If, through impossibility or 106 inability, the trial jury is unable to reconvene for a hearing on 107 the issue of penalty, having determined the guilt of the accused, 108 the trial judge may summon a jury to determine the issue of the 109 imposition of the penalty. If the trial jury has been waived, or if the defendant pleaded guilty, the sentencing proceeding shall 110 111 be conducted before a jury impaneled for that purpose or may be conducted before the trial judge sitting without a jury if both 112 the State of Mississippi and the defendant agree thereto in 113 In the proceeding, evidence may be presented as to any 114 writing. 115 matter that the court deems relevant to sentence, and shall 116 include matters relating to any of the aggravating or mitigating circumstances. However, this subsection shall not be construed to 117 118 authorize the introduction of any evidence secured in violation of the Constitutions of the United States or of the State of 119 120 Mississippi. The state and the defendant and/or his counsel shall be permitted to present arguments for or against the sentence of 121 122 death. 123 (2) After hearing all the evidence, the jury shall 124 deliberate on the following matters: 125 (a) Whether sufficient factors exist as enumerated in subsection (7) of this section; 126 Whether sufficient aggravating circumstances exist 127 (b)

(c) Whether sufficient mitigating circumstances exist
as enumerated in subsection (6) of this section, which outweigh
the aggravating circumstances found to exist; and

as enumerated in subsection (5) of this section;

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(d) Based on these considerations, whether the
defendant should be sentenced to life imprisonment, life
imprisonment without eligibility for parole, or death.

135 (3) For the jury to impose a sentence of death, it must136 unanimously find in writing the following:

137 (a) That sufficient factors exist as enumerated in138 subsection (7) of this section;

(b) That sufficient aggravating circumstances exist asenumerated in subsection (5) of this section; and

(c) That there are insufficient mitigating
circumstances, as enumerated in subsection (6), to outweigh the
aggravating circumstances.

144 In each case in which the jury imposes the death sentence, 145 the determination of the jury shall be supported by specific written findings of fact based upon the circumstances in 146 147 subsections (5) and (6) of this section and upon the records of 148 the trial and the sentencing proceedings. If, after the trial of 149 the penalty phase, the jury does not make the findings requiring 150 the death sentence or life imprisonment without eligibility for 151 parole, or is unable to reach a decision, the court shall impose a 152 sentence of life imprisonment.

153 (4) The judgment of conviction and sentence of death shall 154 be subject to automatic review by the Supreme Court of Mississippi within sixty (60) days after certification by the sentencing court 155 156 of entire record, unless the time is extended for an additional period by the Supreme Court for good cause shown. Such review by 157 158 the Supreme Court shall have priority over all other cases and 159 shall be heard in accordance with rules promulgated by the Supreme 160 Court.

161 (5) Aggravating circumstances shall be limited to the 162 following:

163 (a) The capital offense was committed by a person under164 sentence of imprisonment.

(b) The defendant was previously convicted of another capital offense or of a felony involving the use or threat of violence to the person.

168 (c) The defendant knowingly created a great risk of169 death to many persons.

(d) The capital offense was committed while the 170 171 defendant was engaged, or was an accomplice, in the commission of, or an attempt to commit, or flight after committing or attempting 172 173 to commit, any robbery, rape, arson, burglary, kidnapping, aircraft piracy, sexual battery, unnatural intercourse with any 174 175 child under the age of twelve (12), or nonconsensual unnatural 176 intercourse with mankind, or felonious abuse and/or battery of a child in violation of subsection (2) of Section 97-5-39, 177 Mississippi Code of 1972, or the unlawful use or detonation of a 178 179 bomb or explosive device.

(e) The capital offense was committed for the purpose
of avoiding or preventing a lawful arrest or effecting an escape
from custody.

183 (f) The capital offense was committed for pecuniary184 gain.

185 (g) The capital offense was committed to disrupt or 186 hinder the lawful exercise of any governmental function or the 187 enforcement of laws.

188 (h) The capital offense was especially heinous, 189 atrocious or cruel. 190 (i) The capital offense was committed by a person 191 previously convicted of one or more of the following offenses: 192 (i) Section 97-3-65 relating to rape; 193 (ii) Section 97-3-71 relating to rape and assault 194 with intent to ravish; 195 (iii) Section 97-3-95 relating to sexual battery; 196 (iv) Subsection (1) or (2) of Section 97-5-33

197 relating to the exploitation of children;

198 (v) Section 97-5-41 relating to the carnal 199 knowledge of a stepchild, adopted child or child of a cohabiting 200 partner; or 201 (vi) Any conviction for violation of a similar law 202 of another jurisdiction or designation as a sexual predator in 203 another jurisdiction. 204 (6) Mitigating circumstances shall be the following: 205 The defendant has no significant history of prior (a) criminal activity. 206 The offense was committed while the defendant was 207 (b) 208 under the influence of extreme mental or emotional disturbance. 209 The victim was a participant in the defendant's (C) 210 conduct or consented to the act. (d) The defendant was an accomplice in the capital 211 212 offense committed by another person and his participation was 213 relatively minor. The defendant acted under extreme duress or under 214 (e) 215 the substantial domination of another person. 216 The capacity of the defendant to appreciate the (f) 217 criminality of his conduct or to conform his conduct to the requirements of law was substantially impaired. 218 219 (g) The age of the defendant at the time of the crime. 220 (7) In order to return and impose a sentence of death the jury must make a written finding of one or more of the following: 221 222 (a) The defendant actually killed; 223 The defendant attempted to kill; (b) The defendant intended that a killing take place; 224 (C) 225 The defendant contemplated that lethal force would (d) be employed. 226 227 SECTION 5. The following shall be codified as Section 99-19-205, Mississippi Code of 1972: 228 99-19-205. Any person who is convicted of a sex offense on 229 230 or after July 1, 2006, and who is sentenced to any state or local *SS02/R312* S. B. No. 2860 06/SS02/R312 PAGE 7

correctional facility, placed on probation, given a suspended 231 232 sentence or other disposition, and the unlawful activity involved a victim who was under fifteen (15) years of age and the offender 233 234 was over the age of twenty-one (21) years, or the offender is 235 subject to lifetime registration under Section 45-33-47(2), shall 236 be sentenced by the court to mandatory geopositional monitoring 237 for life subsequent to any release of the offender from 238 incarceration.

239 SECTION 6. The following shall be codified as Section 240 47-5-1017, Mississippi Code of 1972:

241 47-5-1017. The department shall geopositionally monitor an offender upon whom a split sentence is imposed pursuant to Section 242 243 99-19-84. The department, in carrying out a court order to 244 geopositionally monitor an offender, must use a system that 245 actively monitors and identifies the offender's location and 246 timely reports or records the offender's presence near or within a 247 crime scene or in prohibited areas or the offender's departure 248 from specified geographic limitations. The offender shall pay the 249 cost of the monitoring.

250 SECTION 7. The following shall be codified as Section 251 47-5-1019, Mississippi Code of 1972:

47-5-1019. A person who intentionally alters, tampers with, damages or destroys any geopositional monitoring equipment, unless the person is the owner of the equipment or an agent of the owner performing ordinary maintenance and repairs, commits a felony punishable by imprisonment not to exceed five (5) years in the custody of the Department of Corrections.

258 **SECTION 8.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 259 and after July 1, 2006.