To: Judiciary, Division A

SENATE BILL NO. 2592

- AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 79-4-1.40, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO ENACT A DEFINITION OF "PUBLIC CORPORATION"; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 79-4-1.43, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO ENACT A DEFINITION 3 FOR "QUALIFIED DIRECTOR"; TO AMEND SECTION 79-4-7.32, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY PROVISIONS CONCERNING AGREEMENTS AMONG 6 SHAREHOLDERS OF A CORPORATION THAT GOES PUBLIC; TO AMEND SECTION 7 79-4-7.44, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE PROVISIONS RELATING TO DISMISSAL OF A DERIVATIVE ACTION UPON MOTION OF A CORPORATION; 8 TO AMEND SECTION 79-4-8.50, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE 9 DEFINITIONS DEALING WITH INDEMNIFICATION; TO AMEND SECTION 10 11 79-4-8.53, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE ADVANCEMENT OF EXPENSES IN INDEMNIFICATION; TO AMEND SECTION 79-4-8.55, 12 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE DETERMINATION AND AUTHORIZATION OF INDEMNIFICATION; TO AMEND SECTION 79-4-8.60, 13 14 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE DEFINITIONS DEALING WITH A 15 DIRECTOR'S CONFLICTS OF INTEREST; TO AMEND SECTION 79-4-8.61, 16 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY WHEN A DIRECTOR'S ACTIONS ARE 17 NOT SANCTIONABLE; TO AMEND SECTION 79-4-8.62, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 18 1972, TO CLARIFY DISCLOSURE REQUIRED OF A DIRECTOR CONCERNING A 19 CONFLICTING INTEREST; TO AMEND SECTION 79-4-8.63, MISSISSIPPI CODE 20 OF 1972, TO REVISE REQUIREMENTS NECESSARY FOR SHAREHOLDER APPROVAL 21 OF A DIRECTOR'S CONFLICTING INTEREST TRANSACTION; TO CREATE NEW 22 SECTION 79-4-8.70, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO SPECIFY EQUITABLE 23 RELIEF AVAILABLE TO A CORPORATION FOR A DIRECTOR'S UTILIZATION OF 24 25 A BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY; TO AMEND SECTIONS 79-4-14.31 AND 79-4-14.34, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY THE PROCEDURE FOR 26 27 DISSOLUTION OF A NONPUBLIC CORPORATION; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 29 **SECTION 1.** Section 79-4-1.40, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 30 amended as follows:
- 31 79-4-1.40. In Section 79-4-1.01 et seq.:
- 32 (1) "Articles of incorporation" include amended and
- 33 restated articles of incorporation and articles of merger.
- 34 (2) "Authorized shares" means the shares of all classes
- 35 a domestic or foreign corporation is authorized to issue.
- 36 (3) "Conspicuous" means so written that a reasonable
- 37 person against whom the writing is to operate should have noticed
- 38 it. For example, printing in italics or boldface or contrasting
- 39 color, or typing in capitals or underlined, is conspicuous.

- 40 (4) "Corporation" or "domestic corporation" means a
- 41 corporation for profit, which is not a foreign corporation,
- 42 incorporated under or subject to the provisions of Section
- 43 79-4-1.01 et seq.
- 44 (5) "Deliver" or "delivery" means any method of
- 45 delivery used in conventional commercial practice, including
- 46 delivery by hand, mail, commercial delivery and electronic
- 47 transmission.
- 48 (6) "Distribution" means a direct or indirect transfer
- 49 of money or other property (except its own shares) or incurrence
- 50 of indebtedness by a corporation to or for the benefit of its
- 51 shareholders in respect of any of its shares. A distribution may
- 52 be in the form of a declaration or payment of a dividend; a
- 53 purchase, redemption or other acquisition of shares; a
- 54 distribution of indebtedness; or otherwise.
- 55 (7) "Effective date of notice" is defined in Section
- 56 79-4-1.41.
- 57 (8) "Electronic transmission" or "electronically
- 58 transmitted" means any process of communication not directly
- 59 involving the physical transfer of paper that is suitable for the
- 60 retention, retrieval and reproduction of information by the
- 61 recipient.
- 62 (9) "Employee" includes an officer but not a director.
- 63 A director may accept duties that make him also an employee.
- 64 (10) "Entity" includes corporation and foreign
- 65 corporation; not-for-profit corporation; profit and not-for-profit
- 66 unincorporated association; business trust, estate, partnership,
- 67 trust and two (2) or more persons having a joint or common
- 68 economic interest; and state, United States and foreign
- 69 government.
- 70 (11) "Facts objectively ascertainable" outside of a
- 71 filed document or plan is defined in Section 79-4-1.20(k).

- 72 (12) "Filing entity" means an other entity that is of a
- 73 type that is created by filing a public organic document.
- 74 (13) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation for
- 75 profit incorporated under a law other than the law of this state.
- 76 (14) "Governmental subdivision" includes authority,
- 77 county, district and municipality.
- 78 (15) "Includes" denotes a partial definition.
- 79 (16) "Individual" includes the estate of an incompetent
- 80 or deceased individual.
- 81 (17) "Means" denotes an exhaustive definition.
- 82 (18) "Notice" is defined in Section 79-4-1.41.
- 83 (19) "Person" includes individual and entity.
- 84 (20) "Principal office" means the office (in or out of
- 85 this state) so designated in the annual report where the principal
- 86 executive offices of a domestic or foreign corporation are
- 87 located.
- 88 (21) "Proceeding" includes civil suit and criminal,
- 89 administrative and investigatory action.
- 90 (22) "Public corporation" means a corporation that has
- 91 shares listed on a national securities exchange or regularly
- 92 traded in a market maintained by one or more members of a national
- 93 or affiliated securities association.
- 94 (23) "Record date" means the date established under
- 95 Article 6 or 7 on which a corporation determines the identity of
- 96 its shareholders and their shareholdings for purposes of Section
- 97 79-4-1.01 et seq. The determinations shall be made as of the
- 98 close of business on the record date unless another time for doing
- 99 so is specified when the record date is fixed.
- 100 (24) "Secretary" means the corporate officer to whom
- 101 the board of directors has delegated responsibility under Section
- 102 79-4-8.40(c) for custody of the minutes of the meetings of the
- 103 board of directors and of the shareholders and for authenticating
- 104 records of the corporation.

- 105 (25) "Shares" means the unit into which the proprietary
- 106 interests in a corporation are divided.
- 107 (26) "Shareholder" means the person in whose name
- 108 shares are registered in the records of a corporation or the
- 109 beneficial owner of shares to the extent of the rights granted by
- 110 a nominee certificate on file with a corporation.
- 111 (27) "Sign" or "signature" includes any manual,
- 112 facsimile, conformed or electronic signature.
- 113 (28) "State," when referring to a part of the United
- 114 States, includes a state and commonwealth (and their agencies and
- 115 governmental subdivisions) and a territory, and insular possession
- 116 (and their agencies and governmental subdivisions) of the United
- 117 States.
- 118 (29) "Subscriber" means a person who subscribes for
- 119 shares in a corporation, whether before or after incorporation.
- 120 (30) "United States" includes district, authority,
- 121 bureau, commission, department and any other agency of the United
- 122 States.
- 123 (31) "Voting group" means all shares of one or more
- 124 classes or series that under the articles of incorporation or
- 125 Section 79-4-1.01 et seq. are entitled to vote and be counted
- 126 together collectively on a matter at a meeting of shareholders.
- 127 All shares entitled by the articles of incorporation or Section
- 128 79-4-1.01 et seq. to vote generally on the matter are for that
- 129 purpose a single voting group.
- 130 (32) "Voting power" means the current power to vote in
- 131 the election of directors.
- 132 **SECTION 2.** The following shall be codified as Section
- 133 79-4-1.43, Mississippi Code of 1972:
- 79-4-1.43. **Qualified director**. (a) A "qualified director"
- 135 is a director who, at the time action is to be taken under:

- (1) Section 79-4-7.44, does not have (i) a material
- 137 interest in the outcome of the proceeding, or (ii) a material
- 138 relationship with a person who has such an interest;
- 139 (2) Section 79-4-8.53 or 79-4-8.55, (i) is not a party
- 140 to the proceeding, (ii) is not a director as to whom a transaction
- 141 is a director's conflicting interest transaction or who sought a
- 142 disclaimer of the corporation's interest in a business opportunity
- 143 under Section 8.70, which transaction or disclaimer is challenged
- 144 in the proceeding, and (iii) does not have a material relationship
- 145 with a director described in either clause (i) or clause (ii) of
- 146 this subsection (a)(2);
- 147 (3) Section 79-4-8.62, is not a director (i) as to whom
- 148 the transaction is a director's conflicting interest transaction,
- 149 or (ii) who has a material relationship with another director as
- 150 to whom the transaction is a director's conflicting interest
- 151 transaction; or
- 152 (4) Section 79-4-8.70, would be a qualified director
- 153 under subsection (a)(3) if the business opportunity were a
- 154 director's conflicting interest transaction.
- 155 (b) For purposes of this section:
- 156 (1) "Material relationship" means a familial,
- 157 financial, professional, employment or other relationship that
- 158 would reasonably be expected to impair the objectivity of the
- 159 director's judgment when participating in the action to be taken;
- 160 and
- 161 (2) "Material interest" means an actual or potential
- 162 benefit or detriment (other than one which would devolve on the
- 163 corporation or the shareholders generally) that would reasonably
- 164 be expected to impair the objectivity of the director's judgment
- 165 when participating in the action to be taken.
- 166 (c) The presence of one or more of the following
- 167 circumstances shall not automatically prevent a director from
- 168 being a qualified director:

- (1) Nomination or election of the director to the

 current board by any director who is not a qualified director with

 respect to the matter (or by any person that has a material

 relationship with that director), acting alone or participating

 with others;
- (2) Service as a director of another corporation of
 which a director who is not a qualified director with respect to
 the matter (or any individual who has a material relationship with
 that director), is or was also a director; or
- 178 (3) With respect to action to be taken under Section
 179 79-4-7.44, status as a named defendant, as a director against whom
 180 action is demanded, or as a director who approved the conduct
 181 being challenged.
- SECTION 3. Section 79-4-7.32, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 79-4-7.32. (a) An agreement among the shareholders of a corporation that complies with this section is effective among the shareholders and the corporation even though it is inconsistent with one or more other provisions of this chapter in that it:
- 188 (1) Eliminates the board of directors or restricts the 189 discretion or powers of the board of directors;
- 190 (2) Governs the authorization or making of
 191 distributions whether or not in proportion to ownership of shares,
 192 subject to the limitations in Section 79-4-6.40;
- 193 (3) Establishes who shall be directors or officers of 194 the corporation, or their terms of office or manner of selection 195 or removal;
- (4) Governs, in general or in regard to specific
 matters, the exercise or division of voting power by or between
 the shareholders and directors or by or among any of them,
 including use of weighted voting rights or director proxies;
- 200 (5) Establishes the terms and conditions of any
 201 agreement for the transfer or use of property or the provision of

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- 202 services between the corporation and any shareholder, director,
- 203 officer or employee of the corporation or among any of them;
- 204 (6) Transfers to one or more shareholders or other
- 205 persons all or part of the authority to exercise the corporate
- 206 powers or to manage the business and affairs of the corporation,
- 207 including the resolution of any issue about which there exists a
- 208 deadlock among directors or shareholders;
- 209 (7) Requires dissolution of the corporation at the
- 210 request of one or more of the shareholders or upon the occurrence
- 211 of a specified event or contingency; or
- 212 (8) Otherwise governs the exercise of the corporate
- 213 powers or the management of the business and affairs of the
- 214 corporation or the relationship among the shareholders, the
- 215 directors and the corporation, or among any of them, and is not
- 216 contrary to public policy.
- 217 (b) An agreement authorized by this section shall be:
- 218 (1) Set forth (A) in the articles of incorporation or
- 219 bylaws and approved by all persons who are shareholders at the
- 220 time of the agreement, or (B) in a written agreement that is
- 221 signed by all persons who are shareholders at the time of the
- 222 agreement and is made known to the corporation;
- 223 (2) Subject to amendment only by all persons who are
- 224 shareholders at the time of the amendment, unless the agreement
- 225 provides otherwise; and
- 226 (3) Valid for ten (10) years, unless the agreement
- 227 provides otherwise.
- 228 (c) The existence of an agreement authorized by this section
- 229 shall be noted conspicuously on the front or back of each
- 230 certificate for outstanding shares or on the information statement
- 231 required by Section 79-4-6.26(b). If at the time of the agreement
- 232 the corporation has shares outstanding represented by
- 233 certificates, the corporation shall recall the outstanding
- 234 certificates and issue substitute certificates that comply with

The failure to note the existence of the 235 this subsection. 236 agreement on the certificate or information statement shall not 237 affect the validity of the agreement or any action taken pursuant 238 Any purchaser of shares who, at the time of purchase, did 239 not have knowledge of the existence of the agreement shall be 240 entitled to rescission of the purchase. A purchaser shall be 241 deemed to have knowledge of the existence of the agreement if its 242 existence is noted on the certificate or information statement for 243 the shares in compliance with this subsection (c) and, if the shares are not represented by a certificate, the information 244 245 statement is delivered to the purchaser at or prior to the time of 246 purchase of the shares. An action to enforce the right of 247 rescission authorized by this subsection (c) must be commenced 248 within the earlier of ninety (90) days after discovery of the 249 existence of the agreement or two (2) years after the time of 250 purchase of the shares.

- An agreement authorized by this section shall cease to 251 252 be effective when * * * the corporation becomes a public If the agreement ceases to be effective for any 253 corporation. 254 reason, the board of directors may, if the agreement is contained 255 or referred to in the corporation's articles of incorporation or 256 bylaws, adopt an amendment to the articles of incorporation or 257 bylaws, without shareholder action, to delete the agreement and 258 any references to it.
- (e) An agreement authorized by this section that limits the discretion or powers of the board of directors shall relieve the directors of, and impose upon the person or persons in whom such discretion or powers are vested, liability for acts or omissions imposed by law on directors to the extent that the discretion or powers of the directors are limited by the agreement.
- 265 (f) The existence or performance of an agreement authorized 266 by this section shall not be a ground for imposing personal 267 liability on any shareholder for the acts or debts of the

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- 268 corporation even if the agreement or its performance treats the
- 269 corporation as if it were a partnership or results in failure to
- 270 observe the corporate formalities otherwise applicable to the
- 271 matters governed by the agreement.
- 272 (g) Incorporators or subscribers for shares may act as
- 273 shareholders with respect to an agreement authorized by this
- 274 section if no shares have been issued when the agreement is made.
- 275 **SECTION 4.** Section 79-4-7.44, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 276 amended as follows:
- 79-4-7.44. (a) A derivative proceeding shall be dismissed
- 278 by the court on motion by the corporation if one of the groups
- 279 specified in subsection (b) or (e) * * * has determined in good
- 280 faith, after conducting a reasonable inquiry upon which its
- 281 conclusions are based, that the maintenance of the derivative
- 282 proceeding is not in the best interests of the corporation.
- (b) Unless a panel is appointed pursuant to subsection (e),
- 284 the determination in subsection (a) shall be made by:
- 285 (1) A majority vote of qualified directors present at a
- 286 meeting of the board of directors if the qualified directors
- 287 constitute a quorum; or
- 288 (2) A majority vote of a committee consisting of two
- 289 (2) or more qualified directors appointed by majority vote of
- 290 qualified directors present at a meeting of the board of
- 291 directors, $\underline{\text{regardless of}}$ whether * * * such $\underline{\text{qualified}}$ directors
- 292 <u>constitute</u> a quorum.
- 293 * * *
- 294 (c) If a derivative proceeding is commenced after a
- 295 determination has been made rejecting a demand by a shareholder,
- 296 the complaint shall allege with particularity facts establishing
- 297 either (1) that a majority of the board of directors did not
- 298 consist of qualified directors at the time the determination was
- 299 made or (2) that the requirements of subsection (a) have not been
- 300 met.

- (d) If a majority of the board of directors consisted of
 qualified directors at the time the determination * * * was made,
 the plaintiff shall have the burden of proving that the
 requirements of subsection (a) have not been met; if not, the
 corporation shall have the burden of proving that the requirements
- of subsection (a) have been met.

 (e) Upon motion by the corporation, the court may appoint a

 panel of one or more <u>individuals</u> * * * to make a determination
- 309 whether the maintenance of the derivative proceeding is in the
- 310 best interests of the corporation. In such case, the plaintiff
- 311 shall have the burden of proving that the requirements of
- 312 subsection (a) have not been met.
- 313 **SECTION 5.** Section 79-4-8.50, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 314 amended as follows:
- 315 79-4-8.50. In this subarticle:
- 316 (1) "Corporation" includes any domestic or foreign 317 predecessor entity of a corporation in a merger.
- 318 (2) "Director" or "officer" means an individual who is 319 or was a director or officer, respectively, of a corporation or
- 320 who, while a director or officer of the corporation, is or was
- 321 serving at the corporation's request as a director, officer,
- 322 partner, trustee, employee or agent of another domestic or foreign
- 323 corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit
- 324 plan or other entity. A director or officer is considered to be
- 325 serving an employee benefit plan at the corporation's request if
- 326 the individual's duties to the corporation also impose duties on,
- 327 or otherwise involve services by, the individual to the plan or to
- 328 participants in or beneficiaries of the plan. "Director" or
- 329 "officer" includes, unless the context requires otherwise, the
- 330 estate or personal representative of a director or officer.
- 331 * * *
- 332 (3) "Expenses" includes counsel fees.

- 333 (4) "Liability" means the obligation to pay a judgment, 334 settlement, penalty, fine (including an excise tax assessed with
- respect to an employee benefit plan), or reasonable expenses 335
- 336 incurred with respect to a proceeding.
- 337 (5) "Official capacity" means: (i) when used with
- 338 respect to a director, the office of director in a corporation;
- 339 and (ii) when used with respect to an officer, as contemplated in
- 340 Section 79-4-8.56, the office in a corporation held by the
- "Official capacity" does not include service for any 341 officer.
- 342 other domestic or foreign corporation or any partnership, joint
- 343 venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other entity.
- 344 (6) "Party" means an individual who was, is, or is
- 345 threatened to be made a defendant or respondent in a proceeding.
- 346 "Proceeding" means any threatened, pending, or (7)
- 347 completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal,
- 348 administrative, arbitrative or investigative and whether formal or
- informal. 349
- 350 **SECTION 6.** Section 79-4-8.53, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 351 amended as follows:
- 352 79-4-8.53. (a) A corporation may, before final disposition
- 353 of a proceeding, advance funds to pay for or reimburse the
- reasonable expenses incurred in connection with the proceeding by 354
- 355 an individual who is a party to the proceeding because that
- individual is a member of the board of directors if the director 356
- 357 delivers to the corporation:
- 358 (1) A written affirmation of the director's good faith
- belief that * * * the relevant standard of conduct described in 359
- 360 Section 79-4-8.51 has been met by the director or that the
- proceeding involves conduct for which liability has been 361
- 362 eliminated under a provision of the articles of incorporation as
- authorized by Section 79-4-2.02(b)(4); and 363
- 364 \underline{A} written undertaking of the director to repay any
- 365 funds advanced if the director is not entitled to mandatory

- indemnification under Section 79-4-8.52 and it is ultimately 366
- 367 determined under Section 79-4-8.54 or Section 79-4-8.55 that the
- 368 director has not met the relevant standard of conduct described in
- 369 Section 79-4-8.51.
- 370 The undertaking required by subsection (a)(2) must be an
- unlimited general obligation of the director but need not be 371
- 372 secured and may be accepted without reference to the financial
- 373 ability of the director to make repayment.
- Authorizations under this section shall be made * * *: 374 (c)
- By the board of directors: 375 (1)
- 376 If there are two (2) or more qualified
- 377 directors, by a majority vote of all the qualified directors (a
- majority of whom shall for such purpose constitute a quorum) or by 378
- 379 a majority of the members of a committee of two (2) or more
- 380 qualified directors appointed by such a vote; or
- 381 (ii) If there are fewer than two (2) qualified
- directors, by the vote necessary for action by the board in 382
- 383 accordance with Section 79-4-8.24(c), in which authorization
- 384 directors who are not qualified directors may participate; or
- 385 (2) By the shareholders, but shares owned by or voted
- 386 under the control of a director who at the time is not * * * a
- 387 qualified director may not be voted on the authorization.
- SECTION 7. Section 79-4-8.55, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 388
- amended as follows: 389
- 390 79-4-8.55. (a) A corporation may not indemnify a director
- 391 under Section 79-4-8.51 unless authorized for a specific
- proceeding after a determination has been made that 392
- 393 indemnification \ast \ast \ast is permissible because the director has met
- the relevant standard of conduct set forth in Section 79-4-8.51. 394
- 395 (b) The determination shall be made:
- If there are two (2) or more qualified directors, 396 (1)
- 397 by the board of directors by a majority vote of all the qualified
- 398 directors (a majority of whom shall for such purpose constitute a

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- 399 quorum), or by a majority of the members of a committee of two (2)
- 400 or more qualified directors appointed by such a vote;
- 401 (2) By special legal counsel:
- 402 (i) Selected in the manner prescribed in
- 403 subdivision (1); or
- 404 (ii) If there are fewer than two (2) qualified
- 405 directors, selected by the board of directors (in which selection
- 406 directors who are not qualified directors may participate); or
- 407 (3) By the shareholders, but shares owned by or voted
- 408 under the control of a director who at the time is not * * * a
- 409 qualified director may not be voted on the determination.
- 410 (c) Authorization of indemnification shall be made in the
- 411 same manner as the determination that indemnification is
- 412 permissible, except that if there are fewer than two (2) qualified
- 413 directors, or if the determination is made by special legal
- 414 counsel, authorization of indemnification shall be made by those
- 415 entitled * * * to select special legal counsel under subsection
- 416 (b)(2)(ii).
- 417 **SECTION 8.** Section 79-4-8.60, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 418 amended as follows:
- 419 79-4-8.60. In Sections 79-4-8.60 through 79-4-8.63 and
- 420 Section 79-4-8.70:
- 421 (1) "Director's conflicting interest transaction" * * *
- 422 means * * * a transaction effected or proposed to be effected by
- 423 the corporation (or by an entity controlled by the
- 424 corporation) * * *:
- 425 (i) * * * To which, at the relevant time, the
- 426 director is a party; or
- 427 (ii) * * * Respecting which, at the relevant time,
- 428 the director had knowledge and a material financial interest known
- 429 to the director; or

430	(iii) Respecting which, at the relevant time, the
431	director knew that a related person was a party or had a material
432	financial interest.
433	(2) <u>"Control" (including the term "controlled by")</u>
434	means (i) having the power, directly or indirectly, to elect or
435	remove a majority of the members of the board of directors or
436	other governing body of an entity, whether through the ownership
437	of voting shares or interests, by contract, or otherwise, or (ii)
438	being subject to a majority of the risk of loss from the entity's
439	activities or entitled to receive a majority of the entity's
440	residual returns.
441	(3) "Relevant time" means (i) the time at which
442	directors' actions respecting the transaction is taken in
443	compliance with Section 79-4-8.62, or (ii) if the transaction is
444	not brought before the board of directors of the corporation (or
445	its committee) for action under Section 79-4-8.62, at the time the
446	corporation (or an entity controlled by the corporation) becomes
447	legally obligated to consummate the transaction.
448	(4) <u>"Material financial interest" means a financial</u>
449	<pre>interest in a transaction that * * * would reasonably be expected</pre>
450	to impair the objectivity of the director's judgment when
451	participating in action on the authorization of the transaction.
452	(5) "Related person" * * * means:
453	(i) The <u>director's</u> spouse * * * <u>;</u>
454	(ii) A child, stepchild, grandchild, parent,
455	<pre>stepparent, grandparent, sibling, * * * (or spouse of any thereof)</pre>
456	of the director or of the director's spouse;
457	(iii) An individual <u>living in</u> the same home as the
458	director <u>;</u> * * *
459	(iv) An entity (other than the corporation or an
460	entity controlled by the corporation) controlled by the director
461	or any person specified in this paragraph (5);

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     nonprofit corporation (other than the corporation or an entity
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     controlled by the corporation) of which the director is a
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     director, (B) unincorporated entity of which the director is a
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     general partner or a member of the governing body, or (C)
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     individual, trust or estate for whom or of which the director is a
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     trustee, guardian, personal representative or like fiduciary; or
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                    (vi) A person that is, or an entity that is
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     controlled by, an employer of the director.
                   "Fair to the corporation" means, for purposes of
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               (6)
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     Section 79-4-8.61(b)(3), that the transaction as a whole was
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     beneficial to the corporation, taking into appropriate account
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     whether it was (i) fair in terms of the director's dealings with
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     the corporation, and (ii) comparable to what might have been
     obtainable in an arms' length transaction, given the consideration
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     paid or received by the corporation.
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                    "Required disclosure" means disclosure * * * of (i)
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               (7)
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     the existence and nature of the director's conflicting interest,
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     and (ii) all facts known to the director respecting the subject
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     matter of the transaction that a director free of such conflicting
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     interest would reasonably believe to be material in deciding
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     whether * * * to proceed with the transaction.
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          SECTION 9. Section 79-4-8.61, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
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     amended as follows:
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          79-4-8.61. (a) A transaction effected or proposed to be
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     effected by the corporation or by an * * * entity controlled by
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     the corporation * * * may not be the subject of equitable relief,
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     or give rise to an award of damages or other sanctions against a
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     director of the corporation, in a proceeding by a shareholder or
     by or in the right of the corporation, on the ground that the
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     director * * * has an interest respecting the transaction, if it
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     is not a director's conflicting interest transaction.
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(v) A domestic or foreign (A) business or

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           (b) A director's conflicting interest transaction may not be
     the subject of equitable relief, * * * or give rise to an award of
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     damages or other sanctions against a director of the corporation,
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     in a proceeding by a shareholder or by or in the right of the
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     corporation on the ground that the director \star \star has an interest
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     respecting the transaction, if:
501
                (1) Directors' action respecting the transaction
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     was * * * taken in compliance with Section 79-4-8.62 at any time;
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     or
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                     Shareholders' action respecting the transaction
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     was * * * taken in compliance with Section 79-4-8.63 at any time;
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     or
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                (3) The transaction, judged according to the
     circumstances at the relevant time * * *, is established to have
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     been fair to the corporation.
509
          SECTION 10. Section 79-4-8.62, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
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511
     amended as follows:
512
           79-4-8.62. (a) Directors' action respecting a director's
     conflicting interest transaction is effective for purposes of
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514
     Section 79-4-8.61(b)(1) if the transaction has been authorized by
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     the affirmative vote of a majority (but no fewer than two (2)) of
     the qualified directors * * * who voted on the transaction,
516
517
     after * * * required disclosure by the conflicted director of
     information * * * not alr_{\underline{eady}} known by \underline{such} \underline{qualified} \underline{directors} or
518
519
     after modified disclosure in compliance with subsection (b),
     provided that: * * *
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521
                           The qualified directors have deliberated and
522
     voted outside the presence of and without the participation by any
     other director; and
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524
                     Where the action has been taken by a committee, all
                (2)
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     members of the committee were qualified directors, and either (i)
526
     the committee was composed of all the qualified directors on the
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board of directors, or (ii) the members of the committee were

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- appointed by the affirmative vote of a majority of the qualified directors on the board.
- 530 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), when a transaction is a
- 531 <u>director's conflicting interest transaction only because a related</u>
- person described in Section 79-4-8.60(5)(v) or (vi) is a party to
- 533 or has material financial interest in the transaction, the
- 534 conflicted director is not obligated to make required disclosure
- 535 to the extent that the director reasonably believes that doing so
- 536 would violate a duty imposed under law, a legally enforceable
- 537 obligation of confidentiality, or a professional ethics rule,
- 538 provided that the conflicted director discloses to the qualified
- 539 directors voting on the transaction:
- 540 (1) All information required to be disclosed that is
- 541 not so violative;
- 542 (2) The existence and nature of the director's
- 543 conflicting interest * * *; and
- 544 (3) The nature of the conflicted director's duty not to
- 545 disclose the confidential information.
- (c) A majority (but no fewer than two (2)) of all the
- 547 qualified directors on the board of directors, or on the
- 548 committee, constitutes a quorum for purposes of action that
- 549 complies with this section. * * *
- (d) Where directors' action under this section does not
- 551 satisfy a quorum or voting requirement applicable to the
- 552 authorization of the transaction by reason of the articles of
- 553 incorporation, the bylaws, or provision of law, independent action
- 554 to satisfy those authorization requirements must be taken by the
- 555 board of directors or a committee, in which action directors who
- 556 are not qualified directors may participate.
- 557 **SECTION 11.** Section 79-4-8.63, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 558 amended as follows:
- 559 79-4-8.63. (a) Shareholders' action respecting a director's
- 560 <u>conflicting interest</u> transaction is effective for purposes of

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Section 79-4-8.61(b)(2) if a majority of the votes * * * cast by
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562
     the holders of all qualified shares are in favor of the
     transaction after (1) notice to shareholders describing the action
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     to be taken respecting the transaction, (2) provision to the
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     corporation of the information referred to in subsection (b), and
566
     (3) communication to the shareholders entitled to vote on the
567
     transaction of the information that is the subject of required
     disclosure, to the extent the information is not known by them.
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569
          (b) A director who has a conflicting interest respecting the
     transaction shall, before the shareholders' vote, inform the
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     secretary or other officer or agent of the corporation authorized
     to tabulate votes, in writing, of the number of shares that the
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573
     director knows are not qualified shares under subsection (c), and
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     the identity of the holders of those shares.
          (c) For purposes of this section, (1) "holder" means, and
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     "held by" refers to shares held by, both a record shareholder (as
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     defined in Section 79-4-13.01(7)) and a beneficial shareholder (as
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578
     defined in Section 79-4-13.01(2)); and (2) "qualified shares"
     means all shares entitled to be voted with respect to the * * *
579
580
     transaction except for shares that * * * the secretary (or other
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     officer or agent of the corporation authorized to tabulate votes)
582
     either knows, or under subsection (b) is notified, are held by (A)
583
     a director who has a conflicting interest respecting the
     transaction, or (B) a related person of the director (excluding a
584
585
     person described in Section 79-4-8.60(5)(vi)).
586
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(d) A majority of the votes entitled to be cast by the holders of all qualified shares constitutes a quorum for purposes of compliance with this section. Subject to the provisions of subsection * * * (e), shareholders' action that otherwise complies with this section is not affected by the presence of holders, or by the voting, of shares that are not qualified shares.

592 * * *

- (e) If a shareholders' vote does not comply with subsection (a) solely because of a * * * director's failure to comply with
- 595 subsection (b), and if the director establishes that the
- 596 failure * * * was not intended * * * to influence and did not in
- 597 fact determine the outcome of the vote, the court may * * * take
- 598 such action respecting the transaction and the director, and may
- 599 give such effect, if any, to the shareholders' vote, as the court
- 600 considers appropriate in the circumstances.
- (f) Where shareholders' action under this section does not
- 602 satisfy a quorum or voting requirement applicable to the
- 603 authorization of the transaction by reason of the articles of
- 604 incorporation, the bylaws or a provision of law, independent
- 605 action to satisfy those authorization requirements must be taken
- 606 by the shareholders, in which action shares that are not qualified
- 607 shares may participate.
- 608 **SECTION 12.** The following shall be codified as Section
- 609 79-4-8.70, Mississippi Code of 1972:
- 79-4-8.70. **Business opportunities.** (a) A director's taking
- 611 advantage, directly or indirectly, of a business opportunity may
- 612 not be the subject of equitable relief, or give rise to an award
- of damages or other sanctions against the director, in a
- 614 proceeding by or in the right of the corporation on the ground
- 615 that such opportunity should have first been offered to the
- 616 corporation, if before becoming legally obligated respecting the
- 617 opportunity the director brings it to the attention of the
- 618 corporation and:
- (1) Action by qualified directors disclaiming the
- 620 corporation's interest in the opportunity is taken in compliance
- 621 with the procedures set forth in Section 79-4-8.62, as if the
- 622 decision being made concerned a director's conflicting interest
- 623 transaction; or
- 624 (2) Shareholders' action disclaiming the corporation's
- 625 interest in the opportunity is taken in compliance with the

- 626 procedures set forth in Section 79-4-8.63, as if the decision
- 627 being made concerned a director's conflicting interest
- 628 transaction;
- 629 except that, rather than making "required disclosure" as defined
- 630 in Section 79-4-8.60, in each case the director shall have made
- 631 prior disclosure to those acting on behalf of the corporation of
- 632 all material facts concerning the business opportunity that are
- 633 then known to the director.
- 634 (b) In any proceeding seeking equitable relief or other
- 635 remedies based upon an alleged improper taking advantage of a
- 636 business opportunity by a director, the fact that the director did
- 637 not employ the procedure described in subsection (a) before taking
- 638 advantage of the opportunity shall not create an inference that
- 639 the opportunity should have been first presented to the
- 640 corporation or alter the burden of proof otherwise applicable to
- 641 establish that the director breached a duty to the corporation in
- 642 the circumstances.
- 643 **SECTION 13.** Section 79-4-14.31, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 644 amended as follows:
- 79-4-14.31. (a) Venue for a proceeding brought by any party
- 646 named in Section 79-4-14.30 lies in the county where a
- 647 corporation's principal office (or, if none in this state, its
- 648 registered office) is or was last located.
- (b) It is not necessary to make shareholders parties to a
- 650 proceeding to dissolve a corporation unless relief is sought
- 651 against them individually.
- 652 (c) A court in a proceeding brought to dissolve a
- 653 corporation may issue injunctions, appoint a receiver or custodian
- 654 pendente lite with all powers and duties the court directs, take
- other action required to preserve the corporate assets wherever
- 656 located, and carry on the business of the corporation until a full
- 657 hearing can be held.

Within ten (10) days of the commencement of a proceeding 658 659 under Section 79-4-14.30(2) to dissolve a corporation that is not 660 a public corporation, the corporation shall send to all 661 shareholders, other than the petitioner, a notice stating that the 662 shareholders are entitled to avoid the dissolution of the 663 corporation by electing to purchase the petitioner's shares under 664 Section 79-4-14.34 and accompanied by a copy of Section 665 79-4-14.34. 666 SECTION 14. Section 79-4-14.34, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 667 amended as follows: 668 79-4-14.34. (a) In a proceeding under Section 79-4-14.30(2) 669 to dissolve a corporation that is not a public corporation, the 670 corporation may elect or, if it fails to elect, one or more 671 shareholders may elect to purchase all shares owned by the petitioning shareholder at the fair value of the shares. An 672 673 election pursuant to this section shall be irrevocable unless the 674 court determines that it is equitable to set aside or modify the 675 election. 676 An election to purchase pursuant to this section may be 677 filed with the court at any time within ninety (90) days after the 678 filing of the petition under Section 79-4-14.30(2) or at such 679 later time as the court in its discretion may allow. If the 680 election to purchase is filed by one or more shareholders, the corporation shall, within ten (10) days thereafter, give written 681 682 notice to all shareholders, other than the petitioner. The notice 683 must state the name and number of shares owned by the petitioner and the name and number of shares owned by each electing 684 685 shareholder and must advise the recipients of their right to join 686 in the election to purchase shares in accordance with this 687 Shareholders who wish to participate must file notice of section. 688 their intention to join in the purchase no later than thirty (30) 689 days after the effective date of the notice to them.

shareholders who have filed an election or notice of their

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- 691 intention to participate in the election to purchase thereby 692 become parties to the proceeding and shall participate in the 693 purchase in proportion to their ownership of shares as of the date 694 the first election was filed, unless they otherwise agree or the 695 court otherwise directs. After an election has been filed by the 696 corporation or one or more shareholders, the proceeding under 697 Section 79-4-14.30(2) may not be discontinued or settled, nor may 698 the petitioning shareholder sell or otherwise dispose of his 699 shares, unless the court determines that it would be equitable to the corporation and the shareholders, other than the petitioner, 700 701 to permit such discontinuance, settlement, sale or other
- (c) If, within sixty (60) days of the filing of the first election, the parties reach agreement as to the fair value and terms of purchase of the petitioner's shares, the court shall enter an order directing the purchase of petitioner's shares upon the terms and conditions agreed to by the parties.

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disposition.

- 708 (d) If the parties are unable to reach an agreement as
 709 provided for in subsection (c), the court, upon application of any
 710 party, shall stay the Section 79-4-14.30(2) proceedings and
 711 determine the fair value of the petitioner's shares as of the day
 712 before the date on which the petition under Section 79-4-14.30(2)
 713 was filed or as of such other date as the court deems appropriate
 714 under the circumstances.
- 715 Upon determining the fair value of the shares, the court shall enter an order directing the purchase upon such terms and 716 717 conditions as the court deems appropriate, which may include payment of the purchase price in installments, where necessary in 718 719 the interests of equity, provision for security to assure payment 720 of the purchase price and any additional costs, fees and expenses as may have been awarded, and, if the shares are to be purchased 721 722 by shareholders, the allocation of shares among them.
- allocating petitioner's shares among holders of different classes S. B. No. 2592 *SS26/R701.1* 06/SS26/R701.1 PAGE 22

of shares, the court should attempt to preserve the existing 724 725 distribution of voting rights among holders of different classes insofar as practicable and may direct that holders of a specific 726 727 class or classes shall not participate in the purchase. 728 may be allowed at the rate and from the date determined by the court to be equitable, but if the court finds that the refusal of 729 730 the petitioning shareholder to accept an offer of payment was 731 arbitrary or otherwise not in good faith, no interest shall be If the court finds that the petitioning shareholder had 732 allowed. probable grounds for relief under * * * Section 79-4-14.30(2)(ii) 733 734 or (iv), it may award to the petitioning shareholder reasonable fees and expenses of counsel and of any experts employed by him. 735 736 (f) Upon entry of an order under subsection (c) or (e), the 737 court shall dismiss the petition to dissolve the corporation under 738 Section 79-4-14.30, and the petitioning shareholder shall no 739 longer have any rights or status as a shareholder of the 740 corporation, except the right to receive the amounts awarded to 741 him by the order of the court which shall be enforceable in the 742 same manner as any other judgment. 743 The purchase ordered pursuant to subsection (e) shall be 744 made within ten (10) days after the date the order becomes final 745 unless before that time the corporation files with the court a 746 notice of its intention to adopt articles of dissolution pursuant to Sections 79-4-14.02 and 79-4-14.03, which articles must then be 747 748 adopted and filed within fifty (50) days thereafter. Upon filing 749 of such articles of dissolution, the corporation shall be 750 dissolved in accordance with the provisions of Sections 79-4-14.05 751 through 79-4-14.07 and the order entered pursuant to subsection 752 (e) shall no longer be of any force or effect, except that the 753 court may award the petitioning shareholder reasonable fees and expenses in accordance with the provisions of the last sentence of 754 755 subsection (e) and the petitioner may continue to pursue any 756 claims previously asserted on behalf of the corporation.

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- (h) Any payment by the corporation pursuant to an order under subsection (c) or (e), other than an award of fees and expenses pursuant to subsection (e), is subject to the provisions of Section 79-4-6.40.
- 761 (i) Nothing contained in this section shall diminish the 762 inherent equity powers of the court to fashion alternative 763 remedies to judicial dissolution.
- 764 **SECTION 15.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 765 and after July 1, 2006.