To: Judiciary, Division A

By: Senator(s) Harden

SENATE BILL NO. 2269

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE USE OF INTERPRETERS IN ALL COURTS 1 OF THE STATE; TO ENACT DEFINITIONS; TO PROVIDE THAT INTERPRETERS 2 3 MAY BE COMPENSATED OR VOLUNTEERS; TO REQUIRE INTERPRETERS TO TAKE 4 AN OATH; TO SPECIFY THE SITUATIONS IN WHICH AN INTERPRETER IS NEEDED; TO SPECIFY THE SITUATIONS IN WHICH A RECORD SHALL BE MADE 5 б OF INTERPRETED TESTIMONY; TO PROVIDE THAT ANY EXPENSE IN 7 COMPENSATING AN INTERPRETER CAN BE ASSESSED AS COSTS; TO AMEND 8 SECTION 99-17-7, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, IN CONFORMITY TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 10

11 <u>SECTION 1.</u> Definitions. The following words and phrases 12 shall have the meanings ascribed to them unless the context 13 clearly requires otherwise:

(a) "Non-English speaker" means any party or witness who cannot readily understand or communicate in spoken English and who consequently cannot equally participate in or benefit from the proceedings unless an interpreter is available to assist the individual. The fact that a person for whom English is a second language knows some English does not prohibit that individual from being allowed to have an interpreter.

(b) "Interpreter" means any person authorized by a
court and competent to translate or interpret oral or written
communication in a foreign language during court proceedings.

24 (c) "Court proceedings" means a proceeding before any25 court of this state or a grand jury hearing.

26 <u>SECTION 2.</u> Program established. (1) The Director of the 27 Administrative Office of Courts shall establish a program to 28 facilitate the use of interpreters in all courts of the State of 29 Mississippi.

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(2) (a) The Department of Education shall prescribe the
 qualifications of and certify persons who may serve as certified
 interpreters in all courts of the State of Mississippi in
 bilingual proceedings.

34 (b) The director shall maintain a current master list
35 of all interpreters certified by the Department of Education and
36 shall report annually to the Supreme Court on the frequency of
37 requests for and the use and effectiveness of the interpreters.
38 (3) In all state court bilingual proceedings, the presiding

judicial officer, with the assistance of the director, shall utilize the services of a certified interpreter to communicate verbatim all spoken or written words when the necessity therefor has been determined pursuant to Section 5 of Senate Bill No. 2269, 2006 Regular Session.

44 (4) All state courts shall maintain on file in the office of
45 the clerk of the court a list of all persons who have been
46 certified as interpreters by the Department of Education in
47 accordance with the certification program established pursuant to
48 this section.

49 <u>SECTION 3.</u> Compensation. The court may appoint either an
50 interpreter who is paid or a volunteer interpreter.

51 <u>SECTION 4.</u> Oath, confidentiality and public comment. (1) 52 Prior to providing any service to a non-English speaking person, 53 the interpreter shall subscribe to an oath that he or she shall 54 interpret all communications in an accurate manner to the best of 55 his or her skill and knowledge.

56 (2) The oath shall conform substantially to the following57 form:

59 "Do you solemnly swear or affirm that you will faithfully 60 interpret from (state the language) into English and from English 61 into (state the language) the proceedings before this court in an 62 accurate manner to the best of your skill and knowledge?" S. B. No. 2269 *SS01/R383* 06/SS01/R383

INTERPRETER'S OATH

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Interpreters shall not voluntarily disclose any 63 (3) 64 admission or communication that is declared to be confidential or privileged under state law. Out-of-court disclosures made by a 65 66 non-English speaker communicating through an interpreter shall be 67 treated by the interpreter as confidential or privileged or both 68 unless the court orders the interpreter to disclose such 69 communications or the non-English speaker waives such 70 confidentiality or privilege.

(4) Interpreters shall not publicly discuss, report or offer an opinion concerning a matter in which they are engaged, even when that information is not privileged or required by law to be confidential.

75 (5) The presence of an interpreter shall not affect the76 privileged nature of any discussion.

77 <u>SECTION 5.</u> Determination of need for an interpreter. (1) 78 An interpreter is needed and a court interpreter shall be 79 appointed when the judge determines, after an examination of a 80 party or witness, that: (a) the party cannot understand and speak 81 English well enough to participate fully in the proceedings and to 82 assist counsel; or (b) the witness cannot speak English so as to 83 be understood directly by counsel, court and jury.

84 (2) The court should examine a party or witness on the85 record to determine whether an interpreter is needed if:

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(a) A party or counsel requests such an examination;

87 (b) It appears to the court that the party or witness
88 may not understand and speak English well enough to participate
89 fully in the proceedings; or

90 (c) If the party or witness requests an interpreter.
91 The fact that a person for whom English is a second language
92 knows some English should not prohibit that individual from being
93 allowed to have an interpreter.

94 (3) After the examination, the court should state its 95 conclusion on the record, and the file in the case shall be S. B. No. 2269 *SSO1/R383* 06/SS01/R383 PAGE 3 96 clearly marked and data entered electronically when appropriate by 97 court personnel to ensure that an interpreter will be present when 98 needed in any subsequent proceeding.

99 (4) Upon a request by the non-English speaking person, by 100 counsel, or by any other officer of the court, the court shall 101 determine whether the interpreter provided is able to communicate 102 accurately with and translate information to and from the 103 non-English speaking person. If it is determined that the 104 interpreter cannot perform these functions, the court shall 105 provide the non-English speaking person with another interpreter.

106 <u>SECTION 6.</u> Interpreter's fees and expenses. (1) Any 107 volunteer interpreter providing services under this act shall be 108 paid reasonable expenses by the court.

109 (2) The expenses of providing an interpreter in any court 110 proceeding may be assessed by the court as costs in the 111 proceeding, or in the case of an indigent criminal defendant to be 112 paid by the county.

SECTION 7. Section 99-17-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

115 99-17-7. In criminal cases <u>wherein the defendant has been</u> 116 <u>declared indigent</u>, the court may appoint an interpreter <u>who is</u> 117 <u>certified as provided in Section 2 of Senate Bill No. 2269, 2006</u> 118 <u>Regular Session</u>, when necessary, sworn truly to interpret, and 119 allow him a reasonable compensation, as set by the court, payable 120 out of the county treasury.

121 SECTION 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from 122 and after July 1, 2006.