To: Judiciary, Division A

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## SENATE BILL NO. 2136

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 11-7-13, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 1 2 PROVIDE THAT NO PARENT WHO HAS ABANDONED A CHILD SHALL BE AWARDED 3 DAMAGES FOR WRONGFUL DEATH OF THAT CHILD; AND FOR RELATED 4 PURPOSES. 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: SECTION 1. Section 11-7-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 6 7 amended as follows: 8 11-7-13. Whenever the death of any person or of any unborn 9 quick child shall be caused by any real, wrongful or negligent act or omission, or by such unsafe machinery, way or appliances as 10 would, if death had not ensued, have entitled the party injured or 11 damaged thereby to maintain an action and recover damages in 12 respect thereof, or whenever the death of any person or of any 13 unborn quick child shall be caused by the breach of any warranty, 14 express or implied, of the purity or fitness of any foods, drugs, 15 16 medicines, beverages, tobacco or any and all other articles or 17 commodities intended for human consumption, as would, had the death not ensued, have entitled the person injured or made ill or 18 19 damaged thereby, to maintain an action and recover damages in 20 respect thereof, and such deceased person shall have left a widow 21 or children or both, or husband or father or mother, or sister, or brother, the person or corporation, or both that would have been 22 23 liable if death had not ensued, and the representatives of such person shall be liable for damages, notwithstanding the death, and 24 the fact that death was instantaneous shall in no case affect the 25 26 right of recovery. The action for such damages may be brought in 2.7 the name of the personal representative of the deceased person or unborn quick child for the benefit of all persons entitled under 28

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the law to recover, or by widow for the death of her husband, or
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    by the husband for the death of the wife, or by the parent for the
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    death of a child or unborn quick child, or in the name of a child,
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    or in the name of a child for the death of a parent, or by a
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    brother for the death of a sister, or by a sister for the death of
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    a brother, or by a sister for the death of a sister, or a brother
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    for the death of a brother, or all parties interested may join in
    the suit, and there shall be but one (1) suit for the same death
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    which shall ensue for the benefit of all parties concerned, but
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    the determination of such suit shall not bar another action unless
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    it be decided on its merits. Except as otherwise provided in
    Section 11-1-69, in such action the party or parties suing shall
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    recover such damages allowable by law as the jury may determine to
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    be just, taking into consideration all the damages of every kind
    to the decedent and all damages of every kind to any and all
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    parties interested in the suit.
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         This section shall apply to all personal injuries of servants
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    and employees received in the service or business of the master or
    employer, where such injuries result in death, and to all deaths
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    caused by breach of warranty, either express or implied, of the
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    purity and fitness of foods, drugs, medicines, beverages, tobacco
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    or other articles or commodities intended for human consumption.
         Any person entitled to bring a wrongful death action may
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    assert or maintain a claim for any breach of expressed warranty or
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    for any breach of implied warranty. A wrongful death action may
    be maintained or asserted for strict liability in tort or for any
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    cause of action known to the law for which any person,
    corporation, legal representative or entity would be liable for
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    damages if death had not ensued.
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interested parties, such party or parties may recover as damages S. B. No. 2136 \*SSO2/R315\* 06/SSO2/R315
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brother of the deceased or unborn quick child, or by all

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In an action brought pursuant to the provisions of this

section by the widow, husband, child, father, mother, sister or

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property damages and funeral, medical or other related expenses
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    incurred by or for the deceased as a result of such wrongful or
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    negligent act or omission or breach of warranty, whether an estate
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    has been opened or not. Any amount, but only such an amount, as
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    may be recovered for property damage, funeral, medical or other
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    related expenses shall be subject only to the payment of the debts
    or liabilities of the deceased for property damages, funeral,
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    medical or other related expenses. All other damages recovered
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    under the provisions of this section shall not be subject to the
    payment of the debts or liabilities of the deceased, except as
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    hereinafter provided, and such damages shall be distributed as
    follows:
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         Damages for the injury and death of a married man shall be
    equally distributed to his wife and children, and if he has no
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    children all shall go to his wife; damages for the injury and
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    death of a married woman shall be equally distributed to the
    husband and children, and if she has no children all shall go to
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    the husband; and if the deceased has no husband or wife, the
    damages shall be equally distributed to the children; if the
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    deceased has no husband, nor wife, nor children, the damages shall
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    be distributed equally to the father, mother, brothers and
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    sisters, or such of them as the deceased may have living at his or
                If the deceased have neither husband, nor wife, nor
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    her death.
    children, nor father, nor mother, nor sister, nor brother, then
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    the damages shall go to the legal representative, subject to debts
    and general distribution, and the fact that the deceased was
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    instantly killed shall not affect the right of the legal
    representative to recover. All references in this section to
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    children shall include descendants of a deceased child, such
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    descendants to take the share of the deceased child by
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    representation.
                     There shall not be, in any case, a distinction
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    between the kindred of the whole and half blood of equal degree.
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    The provisions of this section shall apply to illegitimate
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95	children on account of the death of the mother and to the mother
96	on account of the death of an illegitimate child or children, and
97	they shall have all the benefits, rights and remedies conferred by
98	this section on legitimates. The provisions of this section shall
99	apply to illegitimate children on account of the death of the
100	natural father and to the natural father on account of the death
101	of the illegitimate child or children, and they shall have all the
102	benefits, rights and remedies conferred by this section on
103	legitimates, if the survivor has or establishes the right to
104	inherit from the deceased under Section 91-1-15.
105	Any rights which a blood parent or parents may have under
106	this section are hereby conferred upon and vested in an adopting
107	parent or adopting parents surviving their deceased adopted child,

In no event shall any parent who has abandoned a child be

awarded damages under the provisions of this section for the

wrongful death of that child. For the purposes of this section,

"abandonment" means having had no contact with the child for one

(1) year.

born to the adopting parents in lawful wedlock.

just as if the child were theirs by the full blood and had been

115 **SECTION 2.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 116 and after July 1, 2006.

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