By: Representatives Ellis, Gibbs, Markham, Miles, Watson

To: Ways and Means

HOUSE BILL NO. 1637

- AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 27-65-19, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO LIMIT THE AMOUNT OF THE SALES TAX LEVIED UPON THE SALE OR USE OF NATURAL GAS BY MANUFACTURERS, CUSTOM PROCESSORS, CERTAIN TECHNOLOGY INTENSIVE ENTERPRISES OR PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANIES FOR INDUSTRIAL PURPOSES; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 7 **SECTION 1.** Section 27-65-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 8 amended as follows:
- 9 27-65-19. (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this
- 10 subsection, upon every person selling to consumers, electricity,
- 11 current, power, potable water, steam, coal, natural gas, liquefied
- 12 petroleum gas or other fuel, there is hereby levied, assessed and
- 13 shall be collected a tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the gross
- 14 income of the business. Provided, gross income from sales to
- 15 consumers of electricity, current, power, natural gas, liquefied
- 16 petroleum gas or other fuel for residential heating, lighting or
- 17 other residential noncommercial or nonagricultural use, and sales
- 18 of potable water for residential, noncommercial or nonagricultural
- 19 use shall be excluded from taxable gross income of the business.
- 20 Provided further, upon every such seller using electricity,
- 21 current, power, potable water, steam, coal, natural gas, liquefied
- 22 petroleum gas or other fuel for nonindustrial purposes, there is
- 23 hereby levied, assessed and shall be collected a tax equal to
- 24 seven percent (7%) of the cost or value of the product or service
- 25 used.
- 26 (b) There is hereby levied, assessed and shall be
- 27 collected a tax equal to one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) of the
- 28 gross income of the business when the electricity, current, power,

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steam, coal, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel is
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    sold to or used by a manufacturer, custom processor, technology
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    intensive enterprise meeting the criteria provided for in Section
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    27-65-17(1)(f), or public service company for industrial purposes,
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    which shall include that used to generate electricity, to operate
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    an electrical distribution or transmission system, to operate
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    pipeline compressor or pumping stations or to operate railroad
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    locomotives; however, the tax imposed on natural gas under this
    paragraph shall not exceed Ten and One-half Cents (10-1/2¢) per
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    one thousand (1,000) cubic feet and sales of fuel used to produce
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    electric power by a company primarily engaged in the business of
    producing, generating or distributing electric power for sale
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    shall be exempt from sales tax as provided in Section 27-65-107.
                   The one and one-half percent (1-1/2\%) industrial
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    rate provided for in this subsection shall also apply when the
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    electricity, current, power, steam, coal, natural gas, liquefied
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    petroleum gas or other fuel is sold to a producer or processor for
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    use directly in the production of poultry or poultry products, the
    production of livestock and livestock products, the production of
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    domesticated fish and domesticated fish products, the production
    of marine aquaculture products, the production of plants or food
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    by commercial horticulturists, the processing of milk and milk
    products, the processing of poultry and livestock feed, and the
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    irrigation of farm crops.
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                   The one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) rate provided
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    for in this subsection shall not apply to sales of fuel for
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    automobiles, trucks, truck-tractors, buses, farm tractors or
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    airplanes.
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                   Upon every person operating a telegraph or
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telephone business for the transmission of messages or

conversations between points within this state, there is hereby

levied, assessed and shall be collected a tax equal to seven

percent (7%) of the gross income of such business, with no

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- 95 tax is properly due and actually paid in such other state and to
- 96 the extent that the rate of sales tax imposed by and paid to such
- 97 other state does not exceed the rate of sales tax imposed by this
- 98 paragraph (f). Charges by one telecommunications provider to
- 99 another telecommunications provider holding a permit issued under
- 100 Section 27-65-27 for services that are resold by such other
- 101 telecommunications provider, including, but not limited to, access
- 102 charges, shall not be subject to the tax levied pursuant to this
- 103 paragraph (f). This paragraph (f) shall not apply to persons
- 104 providing mobile telecommunications services that are taxed
- 105 pursuant to paragraph (g) of this subsection.
- 106 (g) (i) Upon every person providing mobile
- 107 telecommunications services in this state there is hereby levied,
- 108 assessed and shall be collected:
- 109 1. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the
- 110 gross income received on such services from all charges for
- 111 transmission of messages or conversations between points within
- 112 any single state as they shall be construed to be within this
- 113 state; and
- 114 2. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) on the
- 115 gross income received from all charges for services that originate
- in one state and terminate in any other state.
- 117 Charges by one telecommunications provider to another
- 118 telecommunications provider holding a permit issued under Section
- 119 27-65-27 for services that are resold by such other
- 120 telecommunications provider, including, but not limited to, access
- 121 charges, shall not be subject to the tax levied pursuant to this
- 122 paragraph (g).
- 123 (ii) Subject to the provisions of 4 USCS 116(c),
- 124 the tax levied by this paragraph (g) shall apply only to those
- 125 charges for mobile telecommunications services subject to tax
- 126 which are deemed to be provided to a customer by a home service

provider pursuant to 4 USCS 117(a), if the customer's place of 127 128 primary use is located within this state. (iii) A home service provider shall be responsible 129 130 for obtaining and maintaining the customer's place of primary use. 131 The home service provider shall be entitled to rely on the 132 applicable residential or business street address supplied by such 133 customer, if the home service provider's reliance is in good faith; and the home service provider shall be held harmless from 134 liability for any additional taxes based on a different 135 136 determination of the place of primary use for taxes that are 137 customarily passed on to the customer as a separate itemized charge. A home service provider shall be allowed to treat the 138 139 address used for purposes of the tax levied by this chapter for 140 any customer under a service contract in effect on August 1, 2002, 141 as that customer's place of primary use for the remaining term of such service contract or agreement, excluding any extension or 142 143 renewal of such service contract or agreement. Month-to-month 144 services provided after the expiration of a contract shall be treated as an extension or renewal of such contract or agreement. 145 146 If the commissioner determines that the address used by a 147 home service provider as a customer's place of primary use does 148 not meet the definition of the term "place of primary use" as defined in this paragraph, the commissioner shall give binding 149 150 notice to the home service provider to change the place of primary 151 use on a prospective basis from the date of notice of determination; however, the customer shall have the opportunity, 152 153 prior to such notice of determination, to demonstrate that such address satisfies such definition. 154 155 The commission has the right to collect any taxes due 156 directly from the home service provider's customer that has failed 157 to provide an address that meets the definition of the term "place 158 of primary use" which resulted in a failure of tax otherwise due

being remitted.

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160	(iv) For purposes of this paragraph (g):
L61	1. "Place of primary use" means the street
L62	address representative of where the customer's use of mobile
L63	telecommunications services primarily occurs, which shall be
L64	either the residential street address of the customer or the
L65	primary business street address of the customer.
L66	2. "Customer" means the person or entity that
L67	contracts with the home service provider for mobile
L68	telecommunications services. For determining the place of primary
L69	use, in those instances in which the end user of mobile
L70	telecommunications services is not the contracting party, the end
L71	user of the mobile telecommunications services shall be deemed the
L72	customer. The term "customer" shall not include a reseller of
L73	mobile telecommunications service, or a serving carrier under an
L74	arrangement to serve the customer outside the home service
L75	provider's licensed service area.
L76	3. "Home service provider" means the
L77	facilities-based carrier or reseller with which the customer
L78	contracts for the provision of mobile telecommunications services.
L79	(h) (i) For purposes of this paragraph (h), "bundled
L80	transaction" means a transaction that consists of distinct and
L81	identifiable properties or services which are sold for a single
L82	nonitemized price but which are treated differently for tax
L83	purposes.
L84	(ii) In the case of a bundled transaction that
L85	includes telecommunications services taxed under this section in
L86	which the price of the bundled transaction is attributable to
L87	properties or services that are taxable and nontaxable, the
L88	portion of the price that is attributable to any nontaxable
L89	property or service shall be subject to the tax unless the
L90	provider can reasonably identify that portion from its books and
91	records kent in the regular course of business

(iii) In the case of a bundled transaction that 192 193 includes telecommunications services subject to tax under this 194 section in which the price is attributable to properties or 195 services that are subject to the tax but the tax revenue from the 196 different properties or services are dedicated to different funds 197 or purposes, the provider shall allocate the price among the 198 properties or services: By reasonably identifying the portion of 199 200 the price attributable to each of the properties and services from its books and records kept in the regular course of business; or 201 202 Based on a reasonable allocation methodology approved by the commission. 203 204 (iv) This paragraph (h) shall not create a right 205 of action for a customer to require that the provider or the 206 commission, for purposes of determining the amount of tax 207 applicable to a bundled transaction, allocate the price to the 208 different portions of the transaction in order to minimize the 209 amount of tax charged to the customer. A customer shall not be entitled to rely on the fact that a portion of the price is 210 211 attributable to properties or services not subject to tax unless the provider elects, after receiving a written request from the 212 213 customer in the form required by the provider, to provide verifiable data based upon the provider's books and records that 214 are kept in the regular course of business that reasonably 215 216 identifies the portion of the price attributable to the properties or services not subject to the tax. 217 218 (2) Persons making sales to consumers of electricity, 219 current, power, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel for residential heating, lighting or other residential 220

noncommercial or nonagricultural use or sales of potable water for

residential, noncommercial or nonagricultural use shall indicate

on each statement rendered to customers that such charges are

exempt from sales taxes.

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225	(3) There is hereby levied, assessed and shall be paid on
226	transportation charges on shipments moving between points within
227	this state when paid directly by the consumer, a tax equal to the
228	rate applicable to the sale of the property being transported.
229	Such tax shall be reported and paid directly to the State Tax
230	Commission by the consumer.

231 **SECTION 2.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 232 and after July 1, 2006.