By: Representative Compretta

To: Judiciary A

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 1316

1		AN	ACT	ТО	AMENI	SE	CTION	97-23-3	103,	MIS	SSISS	SIPPI	CODE	OF	1972
2	TO	REVIS	E PI	ENAI	TIES	FOR	HOME	REPAIR	FRAU	JD;	AND	FOR	RELATI	ΞD	
2	DITE	DUCLC													

- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 5 **SECTION 1.** Section 97-23-103, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 6 amended as follows:
- 7 97-23-103. (1) As used in this section, unless the context
- 8 clearly requires otherwise:
- 9 (a) "Home repair" means the fixing, replacing,
- 10 altering, converting, modernizing, improving of or the making of
- 11 an addition to any real property primarily designed or used as a
- 12 residence.
- 13 (i) Home repair shall include the construction,
- 14 installation, replacement or improvement of driveways, swimming
- 15 pools, porches, kitchens, chimneys, chimney liners, garages,
- 16 fences, fallout shelters, central air conditioning, central
- 17 heating, boilers, furnaces, hot water heaters, electrical wiring,
- 18 sewers, plumbing fixtures, storm doors, storm windows, awnings,
- 19 carpets and other improvements to structures within the residence
- 20 or upon the land adjacent thereto.
- 21 (ii) Home repair shall not include * * * the sale
- 22 of goods or materials by a merchant who does not directly or
- 23 through a subsidiary perform any work or labor in connection with
- 24 the installation or application of the goods or materials; the
- 25 repair, installation, replacement or connection of any home
- 26 appliance, including, but not limited to, disposals,
- 27 refrigerators, ranges, garage door openers, television antennas,

- 28 washing machines, telephones or other home appliances when the
- 29 person replacing, installing, repairing or connecting such home
- 30 appliance is an employee or agent of the merchant that sold the
- home appliance; or landscaping. 31
- 32 "Person" means any individual, partnership,
- 33 corporation, business, trust or other legal entity.
- "Residence" means a single or multiple family 34 (C)
- dwelling, including, but not limited to, a single family home, 35
- apartment building, condominium, duplex, townhouse or mobile home 36
- which is used or intended to be used by its occupants as their 37
- dwelling place. 38
- 39 (2) A person commits the offense of home repair fraud when
- 40 he knowingly:
- 41 Enters into an agreement or contract, written or (a)
- oral, with a person for home repair, and he knowingly: 42
- Misrepresents a material fact relating to the 43 (i)
- 44 terms of the contract or agreement or the preexisting or existing
- 45 condition of any portion of the property involved, or creates or
- confirms another's impression which is false and which he does not 46
- 47 believe to be true, or promises performance which he does not
- 48 intend to perform or knows will not be performed;
- 49 (ii) Uses or employs any deception, false pretense
- 50 or false promises in order to induce, encourage or solicit such
- 51 person to enter into any contract or agreement;
- 52 Misrepresents or conceals either his real
- name, the name of his business or his business address; or 53
- 54 (iv) Uses deception, coercion or force to obtain
- the victim's consent to modification of the terms of the original 55
- 56 contract or agreement;
- Damages the property of a person with the intent to 57 (b)
- 58 enter into an agreement or contract for home repair; or

HR03/R1509CS

- 59 Misrepresents himself or another to be an employee
- or agent of any unit of the federal, state or municipal government 60

- or any other governmental unit, or an employee or agent of any
- 62 public utility, with the intent to cause a person to enter into,
- 63 with himself or another, any contract or agreement for home
- 64 repair.
- 65 (3) Intent and knowledge shall be determined by an
- 66 evaluation of all circumstances surrounding a transaction and the
- 67 determination shall not be limited to the time of contract or
- 68 agreement.
- 69 (4) Substantial performance shall not include work performed
- 70 in a manner of little or no value or work that fails to comply
- 71 with the appropriate municipal, county, state or federal
- 72 regulations or codes.
- 73 (5) Violation of this section shall be punished as follows:
- 74 (a) A first conviction under this section shall be a
- 75 misdemeanor when the amount of the fraud is less than Five
- 76 Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) and shall be punished by a fine not
- 77 to exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or imprisonment in the
- 78 county jail not to exceed six (6) months, or both.
- 79 (b) A second or subsequent conviction under this
- 80 section shall be punished as follows:
- 81 (i) As a felony punishable by imprisonment in the
- 82 custody of the Department of Corrections not to exceed two (2)
- 83 years when the amount of the fraud is more than One Thousand
- 84 Dollars (\$1,000.00) but less than Five Thousand Dollars
- 85 (\$5,000.00).
- 86 * * *
- 87 (ii) As a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment
- 88 in the county jail for not more than six (6) months when the
- 89 amount of the fraud is One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or less.
- 90 (c) A first or subsequent conviction under this section
- 91 shall be a felony when the amount of the fraud is over Five
- 92 Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) and shall be punished as follows:

93	(i) By imprisonment in the custody of the
94	Department of Corrections not to exceed five (5) years or a fine
95	not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) or both when the
96	amount of the fraud is Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) or more,
97	but less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00).
98	(ii) By imprisonment in the custody of the
99	Department of Corrections not to exceed ten (10) years or a fine
100	not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) when the amount of
101	the fraud is Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) or more.
102	(6) In addition to any other sentence it may impose, the
103	court shall order that the defendant shall make restitution to the
104	victim, either within a specified period of time or in specified
105	installments. The order shall not be enforceable during the
106	period of imprisonment unless the court expressly finds that the
107	defendant has assets to pay the amounts ordered at the time of
108	sentencing. Intentional refusal to obey the restitution order or
109	a failure by a defendant to make a good faith effort to make such
110	restitution may be considered a violation of the defendant's
111	probation and may be cause for revocation of his probation or
112	suspension of sentence.
113	SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from
114	and after its passage.