By: Representative Moak

To: Public Health and Human

Services

HOUSE BILL NO. 253

- AN ACT TO DEFINE THE PERSONS WHO HAVE THE RIGHT OF DECISION OR CONSENT REGARDING DISINTERMENT OF A BURIED HUMAN BODY; TO AMEND 2.
- SECTIONS 41-37-25 AND 41-39-35, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, IN CONFORMITY TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT; AND FOR RELATED 3
- 4
- 5 PURPOSES.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 6
- 7 SECTION 1. (1) After a human body has been buried, the
- following persons, in the order of priority stated, shall have the 8
- 9 right of decision or consent regarding disinterment of the body
- for relocation to another burial site, for an autopsy not pursuant 10
- to a court order or for any other reason: 11
- (a) A surviving spouse of the decedent, as long as the 12
- 13 spouse has not remarried.
- 14 (b) Children of the decedent over the age of eighteen
- (18) years. 15
- Parents of the decedent. 16 (C)
- 17 (d) Brothers and sisters of the decedent over the age
- of eighteen (18) years. 18
- The guardian of the person of the decedent at the 19
- time of his death. 20
- Any other next of kin of the decedent. 21
- 22 If a human body has been buried for more than
- 23 seventy-five (75) years and there is no known next of kin of the
- decedent, the Department of Archives and History may consent to 24
- the disinterment of the body for relocation to another burial 25
- 26 site.

- 27 (3) Whenever a buried human body is to be disinterred for
- 28 any reason other than the performance of an autopsy, the State
- 29 Department of Health shall be notified.
- 30 (4) Nothing in subsection (1) of this section shall give a
- 31 right to any person to prevent an autopsy from being performed
- 32 pursuant to court order.
- 33 **SECTION 2.** Section 41-37-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 34 amended as follows:
- 35 41-37-25. An autopsy may be performed without court order by
- 36 a qualified physician when authorized by (a) the decedent, during
- 37 his lifetime, or (b) any of the following persons who shall have
- 38 assumed custody of the body for the purpose of burial: a
- 39 surviving spouse, either parent or any person in loco parentis, a
- 40 descendant over the age of eighteen (18) years, a guardian, or the
- 41 next of kin. In the absence of any of the foregoing persons any
- 42 friend of the deceased who has assumed responsibility for burial,
- 43 or any other person charged by law with responsibility for burial,
- 44 may give such consent. If two (2) or more persons have assumed
- 45 custody of the body of an adult for purposes of burial, the
- 46 consent of one (1) such person shall be deemed sufficient.
- In the case of a minor, however, the consent of either parent
- 48 shall be deemed sufficient, unless the other parent gives written
- 49 notice to the physician who is to perform the autopsy of such
- 50 parent's objection thereto prior to the commencement of the
- 51 autopsy. In the event that neither parent has legal custody of
- 52 the minor, the guardian shall have the right to authorize an
- 53 autopsy. The fees provided in this chapter for autopsies in
- 54 criminal investigations shall not be applicable to this section.
- No autopsy shall be held under this section over the
- 56 objection of the surviving spouse, or if there be no surviving
- 57 spouse, of any surviving parent, or if there be neither a
- 58 surviving spouse nor parent, then of any surviving child.

- If the body has already been buried, consent to disinterment
- of the body for an autopsy without a court order shall be governed
- 61 by Section 1 of this act.
- SECTION 3. Section 41-39-35, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 63 amended as follows:
- 64 41-39-35. (a) Any individual who is eighteen (18) years of
- 65 age or over and who is competent to execute a will may give all or
- 66 any part of his body for any one or more of the purposes specified
- in Sections 41-39-31 through 41-39-51, the gift to take effect
- 68 after death.
- (b) Unless he has knowledge that contrary directions have
- 70 been given by the decedent, the following persons, in the order of
- 71 priority stated, may give all or any part of a decedent's body for
- 72 any one or more of the purposes specified in Sections 41-39-31
- 73 through 41-39-51:
- 74 (1) The spouse, if one (1) survives.
- 75 (2) An adult son or daughter.
- 76 (3) Either parent.
- 77 (4) An adult brother or sister.
- 78 (5) The guardian of the person of the decedent at the
- 79 time of his death.
- 80 (6) Any other person or agency authorized or under
- 81 obligation to dispose of the body.
- If there is no surviving spouse and an adult son or daughter
- 83 is not immediately available at the time of death of a decedent,
- 84 the gift may be made by either parent.
- If a parent of decedent is not immediately available, the
- 86 gift may be made by an adult brother or sister of decedent. If
- 87 there is known to be a controversy within the class of persons
- 88 first entitled to make the gift, the gift will not be accepted.
- 89 The persons authorized herein to make the gift may execute the
- 90 document of gift either after death or during a terminal illness.
- 91 The decedent may be a minor or a stillborn infant.

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- 93 by written or telegraphic consent.
- If the decedent's body has already been buried, consent to
- 95 disinterment of the body for any one or more of the purposes
- 96 specified in Sections 41-39-31 through 41-39-51 shall be governed
- 97 by Section 1 of this act.
- 98 **SECTION 4.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 99 and after July 1, 2006.