By: Representative Fleming

To: Conservation and Water Resources

HOUSE BILL NO. 123

AN ACT TO CREATE THE MISSISSIPPI CLEAN INDOOR AIR ACT; TO 1 PROVIDE DEFINITIONS OF CERTAIN TERMS; TO PROHIBIT SMOKING IN ALL 2 3 ENCLOSED PUBLIC PLACES AND ALL ENCLOSED FACILITIES WITHIN PLACES 4 OF EMPLOYMENT IN THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI; TO EXEMPT CERTAIN AREAS FROM THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT; TO PROVIDE THAT ALL STATE, COUNTY 5 б AND MUNICIPAL LICENSING OR REGULATORY AGENCIES SHALL ENFORCE THIS 7 ACT; TO PROVIDE THAT A PERSON OR AN EMPLOYER SHALL NOT DISCHARGE, 8 REFUSE TO HIRE OR IN ANY MANNER RETALIATE AGAINST ANY EMPLOYEE, APPLICANT FOR EMPLOYMENT OR CUSTOMER BECAUSE THAT PERSON EXERCISES 9 ANY RIGHT UNDER THIS ACT; TO AUTHORIZE MUNICIPALITIES TO ADOPT 10 11 ORDINANCES REGULATING OR PROHIBITING SMOKING WITHIN THE MUNICIPALITY, AS LONG AS THE ORDINANCE IS AT LEAST AS RESTRICTIVE 12 AS THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT; TO PROVIDE THAT ANY MUNICIPALITY 13 THAT HAS ADOPTED SUCH AN ORDINANCE IS EXEMPT FROM THE PROVISIONS 14 OF THIS ACT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 15

16 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 17 <u>SECTION 1.</u> This act shall be known and may be cited as the 18 "Mississippi Clean Indoor Air Act."

19 SECTION 2. (1) The State of Mississippi finds that numerous studies have found that tobacco smoke is a major contributor to 20 21 indoor air pollution, and that breathing secondhand smoke is a 22 cause of disease, including lung cancer, in nonsmokers. At special risk are children, elderly people, individuals with 23 24 cardiovascular disease and individuals with impaired respiratory function, including asthmatics and those with obstructive airway 25 26 disease.

(2) Health hazards induced by breathing secondhand smoke
include lung cancer, heart disease, respiratory infection and
decreased respiratory function, including bronchoconstriction and
bronchospasm.

31 (3) Accordingly, the State of Mississippi finds and declares32 that the purposes of this act are:

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33 (a) To protect the public health and welfare by
34 prohibiting smoking in public places and places of employment;
35 (b) To guarantee the right of nonsmokers to breathe
36 smoke-free air in public places and places of employment; and

37 (c) To recognize that the need to breathe smoke-free
38 air shall have priority over the desire to smoke in public places
39 and places of employment.

40 <u>SECTION 3.</u> The following words and phrases shall have the 41 meanings as defined in this section unless the context clearly 42 indicates otherwise:

(a) "Bar" means an area that is devoted to the serving of alcoholic beverages for consumption by guests on the premises and in which the serving of food is only incidental to the consumption of those beverages. The term "bar" does not include any establishment where tobacco smoke can filter into any area where smoking is prohibited through a passageway, ventilation system or any other means.

50 (b) "Employee" means any person who is employed by any 51 employer in the consideration for direct or indirect monetary 52 wages or profit and any person who volunteers his or her services.

(c) "Employer" means any person, partnership,
corporation or nonprofit entity that employs the services of one
or more individual persons.

(d) "Enclosed area" means all space between a floor and ceiling that is enclosed on all sides by solid walls or windows, excluding doors or passageways, that extend from the floor to the ceiling, including all space therein screened by partitions that do not extend to the ceiling or are not solid, office landscaping or similar structures.

62 (e) "Government building" means any building owned, 63 rented, leased, occupied or operated by any county, municipality 64 or any other political subdivision of the state; any public 65 authority, commission, agency or public benefit corporation; or H. B. No. 123 *HRO3/R67* 06/HR03/R67 PAGE 2 (RF\LH) 66 any other separate corporate instrumentality or unit of state or 67 local government. The term "government building" does not include 68 state office buildings as defined in Section 29-5-161.

69 (f) "Place of employment" means any enclosed area under 70 the control of a public or private employer that employees 71 normally frequent during the course of employment, including, but 72 not limited to, work areas, employee lounges and restrooms, 73 conference and classrooms, employee cafeterias and hallways. A private residence is not a "place of employment" unless it is used 74 as a child care facility, as defined in Section 43-20-5, adult day 75 76 care or health care facility as licensed or regulated by the State 77 Department of Health.

78 "Public place" means any enclosed area to which the (a) 79 public is invited or in which the public is permitted, including, but not limited to, government buildings, financial institutions, 80 educational facilities, health care facilities, laundromats, 81 82 public transportation facilities, reception areas, retail food 83 production and marketing establishments, retail service 84 establishments, retail stores, theaters, sports arenas and 85 convention centers. A private residence is not a "public place."

"Restaurant" means any coffee shop, cafeteria, 86 (h) 87 sandwich stand, private or public school cafeteria, or any other eating establishment that gives or offers for sale food to the 88 public, guests or employees, as well as kitchens in which food is 89 90 prepared on the premises for serving elsewhere, including catering facilities. The term "restaurant" does not include a cocktail 91 92 lounge or tavern if the cocktail lounge or tavern is a "bar" as defined in this section. 93

94 (i) "Retail tobacco store" means a retail store
95 utilized primarily for the sale of tobacco products and
96 accessories and in which the sale of other products is merely
97 incidental.

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"Smoking" means inhaling, exhaling, burning, 98 (j) 99 carrying or otherwise possessing any lighted cigarette, cigar, 100 pipe or any other object or device of any form that contains 101 lighted tobacco or any other smoking product.

102 (k) "Sports arena" means sports pavilions, gymnasiums, 103 health spas, boxing arenas, swimming pools, roller and ice rinks, 104 bowling alleys and other similar places where members of the 105 general public assemble either to engage in or witness physical 106 exercise, athletic competition or other sports entertainment 107 events.

108 SECTION 4. (1) Smoking is prohibited in all enclosed public places in the State of Mississippi. 109

110 (2) Smoking is prohibited in all enclosed facilities within a place of employment. This includes common work areas, 111 auditoriums, classrooms, conference and meeting rooms, private 112 113 offices, elevators, hallways, medical facilities, cafeterias, employee lounges, stairs, restrooms, and all other enclosed 114 115 facilities.

SECTION 5. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 116 117 act to the contrary, the following areas are not subject to the provisions of this act: 118

119 (a) Private residences, except when used as a licensed 120 child care facility.

121

Private clubs and associations. (b)

122 (C) Hotel and motel rooms.

Retail tobacco stores. 123 (d)

- 124 (e) Restaurants.
- (f) 125 Bars.

Dance clubs. 126 (g)

127 (h) Adult entertainment establishments.

128 (i) Casinos and other gaming establishments licensed by 129 the Mississippi Gaming Commission.

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(2) Any owner, operator, manager or other person who
controls any establishment described in this section may impose
restrictions on smoking, including the prohibition of smoking, in
the establishment.

134 <u>SECTION 6.</u> (1) Every public place where smoking is 135 prohibited by this act shall have posted at every entrance a 136 conspicuous sign clearly stating that smoking is prohibited.

137 (2) All ashtrays and other smoking paraphernalia shall be
138 removed from any area where smoking is prohibited by this act by
139 the owner, operator, manager or other person having control of the
140 area.

141 <u>SECTION 7.</u> (1) This act shall be enforced by all state,
142 county and municipal licensing or regulatory agencies.

(2) Any state, county or municipal licensing or regulatory agency shall require, while an establishment is undergoing otherwise mandated inspection, licensing or certification, a "self-certification" from the owner, manager, operator or other person having control of the establishment that all requirements of this act have been complied with.

149 (3) Any state, county or municipal licensing or regulatory
150 agency may adopt all regulations necessary to enforce the
151 provisions of this act.

(4) In addition to enforcement by licensing and regulatory
agencies, private citizens may bring legal action to enforce this
act.

155 <u>SECTION 8.</u> A person or employer shall not discharge, refuse 156 to hire or in any manner retaliate against any employee, applicant 157 for employment or customer because the employee, applicant or 158 customer exercises any right to a smoke-free environment afforded 159 by this act.

160 **SECTION 9.** This act shall not be interpreted or construed to 161 permit smoking where it is otherwise restricted by other

162 applicable laws.

H. B. No. 123 *HRO3/R67* 06/HR03/R67 PAGE 5 (RF\LH) 163 <u>SECTION 10.</u> Any municipality may adopt an ordinance to 164 regulate or prohibit smoking within the municipality, as long as 165 the ordinance is at least as restrictive as the provisions of this 166 act. Any municipality that has adopted such an ordinance, whether 167 it was adopted before or after the effective date of this act, is 168 exempt from the provisions of this act.

169 SECTION 11. This act shall take effect and be in force from 170 and after its passage.