Senate Amendments to House Bill No. 1377

TO THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE:

THIS IS TO INFORM YOU THAT THE SENATE HAS ADOPTED THE AMENDMENTS SET OUT BELOW:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

18 SECTION 1. Section 37-9-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 19 amended as follows:

37-9-17. (1) On or before April 1 of each year, the 20 21 principal of each school shall recommend to the superintendent of the local school district the licensed employees or 22 23 noninstructional employees to be employed for the school involved 24 except those licensed employees or noninstructional employees who have been previously employed and who have a contract valid for 25 the ensuing scholastic year. If such recommendations meet with 26 27 the approval of the superintendent, the superintendent shall recommend the employment of such licensed employees or 28 29 noninstructional employees to the local school board, and, unless 30 good reason to the contrary exists, the board shall elect the employees so recommended. If, for any reason, the local school 31 32 board shall decline to elect any employee so recommended, 33 additional recommendations for the places to be filled shall be 34 made by the principal to the superintendent and then by the 35 superintendent to the local school board as provided above. The school board of any local school district shall be authorized to 36 37 designate a personnel supervisor or another principal employed by the school district to recommend to the superintendent licensed 38 employees or noninstructional employees; however, this 39 40 authorization shall be restricted to no more than two (2) positions for each employment period for each school in the local 41 42 school district. Any noninstructional employee employed upon the recommendation of a personnel supervisor or another principal 43

H. B. 1377 PAGE 1 44 employed by the local school district must have been employed by 45 the local school district at the time the superintendent was elected or appointed to office; a noninstructional employee 46 47 employed under this authorization may not be paid compensation in 48 excess of the statewide average compensation for such 49 noninstructional position with comparable experience, as established by the State Department of Education. 50 The school 51 board of any local school district shall be authorized to 52 designate a personnel supervisor or another principal employed by the school district to accept the recommendations of principals or 53 54 their designees for licensed employees or noninstructional 55 employees and to transmit approved recommendations to the local school board; however, this authorization shall be restricted to 56 no more than two (2) positions for each employment period for each 57 58 school in the local school district.

When the licensed employees have been elected as provided in the preceding paragraph, the superintendent of the district shall enter into a contract with such persons in the manner provided in this chapter.

If, at the commencement of the scholastic year, any licensed 63 64 employee shall present to the superintendent a license of a higher 65 grade than that specified in such individual's contract, such 66 individual may, if funds are available from adequate education 67 program funds of the district, or from district funds, be paid 68 from such funds the amount to which such higher grade license would have entitled the individual, had the license been held at 69 70 the time the contract was executed.

Superintendents/directors of schools under the purview 71 (2)72 of the State Board of Education, the superintendent of the local 73 school district and any private firm under contract with the local public school district to provide substitute teachers to teach 74 75 during the absence of a regularly employed schoolteacher shall 76 require, through the appropriate governmental authority, that 77 current criminal records background checks and current child abuse registry checks are obtained, and that such criminal record 78

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79 information and registry checks are on file for any new hires 80 applying for employment as a licensed or nonlicensed employee at a school and not previously employed in such school under the 81 82 purview of the State Board of Education or at such local school district prior to July 1, 2000. In order to determine the 83 84 applicant's suitability for employment, the applicant shall be 85 fingerprinted. If no disqualifying record is identified at the 86 state level, the fingerprints shall be forwarded by the Department 87 of Public Safety to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history record check. The fee for such 88 89 fingerprinting and criminal history record check shall be paid by the applicant, not to exceed Fifty Dollars (\$50.00); however, the 90 State Board of Education, the school board of the local school 91 district or a private firm under contract with a local school 92 93 district to provide substitute teachers to teach during the 94 temporary absence of the regularly employed schoolteacher, in its discretion, may elect to pay the fee for the fingerprinting and 95 96 criminal history record check on behalf of any applicant. Under 97 no circumstances shall a member of the State Board of Education, superintendent/director of schools under the purview of the State 98 Board of Education, local school district superintendent, local 99 100 school board member or any individual other than the subject of 101 the criminal history record checks disseminate information 102 received through any such checks except insofar as required to 103 fulfill the purposes of this section. Any nonpublic school which is accredited or approved by the State Board of Education may 104 avail itself of the procedures provided for herein and shall be 105 106 responsible for the same fee charged in the case of local public schools of this state. * * * The determination * * * whether the 107 108 applicant has a disqualifying crime, as set forth in subsection (3) of this section, shall be made by the appropriate governmental 109 110 authority, and the appropriate governmental authority shall notify the private firm * * * whether a disqualifying crime exists. * * * 111 (3) If such fingerprinting or criminal record checks 112 disclose a felony conviction, guilty plea or plea of nolo 113

H. B. 1377 PAGE 3 114 contendere to a felony of possession or sale of drugs, murder, 115 manslaughter, armed robbery, rape, sexual battery, sex offense listed in Section 45-33-23(g), child abuse, arson, grand larceny, 116 117 burglary, gratification of lust or aggravated assault which has not been reversed on appeal or for which a pardon has not been 118 granted, the new hire shall not be eligible to be employed at such 119 school. Any employment contract for a new hire executed by the 120 121 superintendent of the local school district or any employment of a 122 new hire by a superintendent/director of a new school under the purview of the State Board of Education or by a private firm shall 123 124 be voidable if the new hire receives a disqualifying criminal record check. However, the State Board of Education or the school 125 126 board may, in its discretion, allow any applicant aggrieved by the employment decision under this section to appear before the 127 128 respective board, or before a hearing officer designated for such 129 purpose, to show mitigating circumstances which may exist and allow the new hire to be employed at the school. The State Board 130 131 of Education or local school board may grant waivers for such 132 mitigating circumstances, which shall include, but not be limited (a) age at which the crime was committed; (b) circumstances 133 to: 134 surrounding the crime; (c) length of time since the conviction and 135 criminal history since the conviction; (d) work history; (e) 136 current employment and character references; (f) other evidence 137 demonstrating the ability of the person to perform the employment 138 responsibilities competently and that the person does not pose a threat to the health or safety of the children at the school. 139

140 (4) No local school district, local school district 141 employee, member of the State Board of Education or employee of a 142 school under the purview of the State Board of Education shall be 143 held liable in any employment discrimination suit in which an 144 allegation of discrimination is made regarding an employment 145 decision authorized under this Section 37-9-17.

146 SECTION 2. Section 97-3-82, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 147 amended as follows: 148 97-3-82. (1) For the purposes of this section the following 149 words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed herein, unless 150 the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(a) "Obtain" means: (i) in relation to property, to bring about a transfer or purported transfer of a legal interest in, or physical possession of, the property, whether to the obtainer or another; or (ii) in relation to labor or service, or any reward, favor, or advantage of any kind, to secure performance thereof; or attempt to do (i) or (ii).

(b) "Property" means anything of value, including, but not limited to, real estate, tangible and intangible personal property, contract rights, choses-in-action, reputation of a person and other interests in or claims to wealth, admission or transportation tickets, captured or domestic animals, food and drink, electric or other power.

163 (C) "Property of another" includes property in which 164 any person other than the actor has an interest which the actor is 165 not privileged to infringe, regardless of the fact that the actor 166 also has an interest in the property and regardless of the fact 167 that the other person might be precluded from civil recovery 168 because the property was used in an unlawful transaction or was 169 subject to forfeiture as contraband. Property in possession of 170 the actor shall not be deemed property of another who has only a 171 security interest therein, even if legal title is in the creditor 172 pursuant to a conditional sales contract or other security 173 agreement.

(d) "Public official" means any person elected or
appointed to any office, position or employment whereby the person
is paid a fee or salary by the State of Mississippi or any
political subdivision thereof or any agency or subdivision of the
government of the United States, regardless of the source or
sources of the funds for the payment.

180 (2) A person is guilty of extortion if he purposely obtains
181 <u>or attempts to obtain property * * * of another or any reward,</u>
182 <u>favor, or advantage of any kind</u> by threatening to inflict bodily
H. B. 1377 PAGE 5 183 injury on <u>any person</u> or <u>by committing or threatening to</u> commit any 184 other criminal offense, violation of civil statute, or the public 185 or private revelation of information not previously in the public 186 domain for the purpose of humiliating or embarrassing the other 187 person, without regard to whether the revelation otherwise 188 constitutes a violation of a specific statute.

(3) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this
subsection, any person, whether a public official or not, who
commits the offense of extortion of property or things of value of
another under the value of <u>Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00)</u> shall be
guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
punished by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed six (6)
months.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this
subsection, any person, whether a public official or not, who
commits the offense of extortion of property or things of value of
another of the value of <u>Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00)</u> or more
shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
punished by commitment to the custody of the Department of
Corrections for a term not to exceed fifteen (15) years.

203 (c) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this subsection, any person, whether a public official or not, who 204 205 commits the offense of extortion in order to obtain any intangible 206 reward, favor or advantage to which no monetary value is normally given shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, 207 shall be punished by commitment to the custody of the Department 208 209 of Corrections for a term not to exceed fifteen (15) years. 210 (d) Any public official acting in his official capacity 211 or under color of his office who commits the offense of extortion in order to obtain any intangible reward, favor or advantage to 212 213 which no monetary value is normally given, or who commits the offense of extortion of tangible property, regardless of the value 214 of the property, shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction 215 thereof, shall be punished by commitment to the custody of the 216

217 Department of Corrections for a term not less than two (2) nor

218 more than twenty (20) years.

219 SECTION 3. Section 97-11-33, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
220 amended as follows:

221 (1) If any judge, justice court judge, sheriff, 97-11-33. 222 deputy sheriff, sheriff's employee, constable, assessor, 223 collector, clerk, county medical examiner, county medical examiner 224 investigator, employee of the Mississippi Department of 225 Corrections, employee of any contractor providing incarceration 226 services or any other officer, shall knowingly demand, take or 227 collect, under color of his office, any money fee or reward whatever, not authorized by law, or shall demand and receive, 228 knowingly, any fee for service not actually performed, such 229 officer, so offending, shall be guilty of extortion, and, on 230 231 conviction, shall be punished by fine not exceeding Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), or imprisonment for not more than five (5) 232 years, or both, and shall be removed from office. 233

234 (2) Any jailer, law enforcement officer, employee of a law
 235 enforcement agency or court, employee or agent of an independent
 236 contractor of a law enforcement agency or court, or any trusty or
 237 inmate who takes anything of value from a bail agent or a person
 238 impersonating a bail agent, other than things provided uniformly
 239 to all persons similarly employed, shall be guilty of extortion
 240 and punished as provided in subsection (1) of this section.

241 SECTION 4. Section 83-39-29, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 242 amended as follows:

243 83-39-29. The department may provide information to the 244 district attorney in the district in which a professional bail 245 agent, a soliciting bail agent or bail enforcement agent is 246 domiciled so that proper legal action may be pursued against any 247 licensee who is alleged to have violated any provision of Chapter 248 39 of Title 83. Such licensee is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars 249 250 (\$1,000.00), imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one 251 (1) year, or both. Any insurer violating any provision of Chapter

252 39 of Title 83 may be fined in an amount not to exceed Fifty 253 Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00).

Any person who acts or attempts to solicit, write or present a bail bond as a professional bail agent, soliciting bail agent, or bail enforcement agent as defined in this chapter and who is not licensed under this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be subject to a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one (1) year, or both.

Any person who violates Section 83-39-27(b) shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by commitment to the custody of the Department of Corrections for a term not more than five (5) years.

265 Any person who acts or attempts to act or represents himself 266 to be, or impersonates a professional bail agent, a soliciting 267 bail agent or a bail enforcement agent, as defined in this chapter by attempting to arrest or detaining any person and who is not 268 269 licensed under this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 270 conviction, shall be subject to a fine of not more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), imprisonment for not more than one 271 272 (1) year, or both.

A bail agent, bail enforcement agent or bail enforcement agent from another state shall report to the Sheriff's Department of the county in which he is attempting to locate a fugitive prior to beginning to look for the fugitive to prove his licensing and legal right to the fugitive. Failure to prove licensing shall be an offense punishable by a fine not to exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

Any person charged with a criminal violation who has obtained his release from custody by having a professional bail agent, insurer, agent of such bail agent or insurer, or any person other than himself furnish his bail bond and who fails to appear in court, at the time and place ordered by the court, is guilty of "bond jumping" and, upon conviction, shall be subject to a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), imprisonment in 287 the county jail for not more than one (1) year, or both, and

288 payment of restitution for reasonable expenses incurred returning

289 the defendant to court.

290 **SECTION 5.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 291 and after July 1, 2005.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 37-9-17, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 1 2 PROVIDE THAT WHEN A PRIVATE FIRM IS UNDER CONTRACT WITH A LOCAL 3 PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT TO PROVIDE SUBSTITUTE TEACHERS TO TEACH 4 DURING THE TEMPORARY ABSENCE OF THE REGULARLY EMPLOYED SCHOOL TEACHER, THEN THE PRIVATE FIRM SHALL REQUEST LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT 5 6 TO SUBMIT THE SUBSTITUTE TEACHERS' FINGERPRINT CARDS FOR A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD; TO AMEND SECTION 97-3-82, MISSISSIPPI 7 CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE DEFINITIONS OF "OBTAIN" AND "PROPERTY" AND TO ENACT A DEFINITION FOR "PUBLIC OFFICIAL"; TO INCLUDE 8 9 EXTORTION TO OBTAIN A REWARD, FAVOR OR ADVANTAGE IN THE OFFENSE; 10 11 TO REVISE PENALTIES; TO AMEND SECTION 97-11-33, MISSISSIPPI CODE 12 OF 1972, TO CREATE THE CRIME OF ACCEPTING ANYTHING OF VALUE FROM A BAIL AGENT FOR CERTAIN EMPLOYEES AND OFFICIALS OF THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AND JUSTICE SYSTEMS; TO AMEND SECTION 83-39-29 13 14 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM THE PENALTY FOR GIVING OF A 15 16 BRIBE BY A BONDSMAN; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

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John O. Gilbert Secretary of the Senate