House Amendments to Senate Bill No. 2859

TO THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE:

THIS IS TO INFORM YOU THAT THE HOUSE HAS ADOPTED THE AMENDMENTS SET OUT BELOW:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- 14 Section 97-17-70, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 15 amended as follows:
- 97-17-70. (1) A person commits the crime of receiving 16
- 17 stolen property if he intentionally possesses, receives, retains
- or disposes of stolen property knowing that it has been stolen or 18
- 19 having reasonable grounds to believe it has been stolen, unless
- 20 the property is possessed, received, retained or disposed of with
- intent to restore it to the owner. 21
- 22 The fact that the person who stole the property has not
- 23 been convicted, apprehended or identified is not a defense to a
- 24 charge of receiving stolen property.
- 25 Any person who shall be convicted of receiving stolen
- property which exceeds Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) in value 26
- 27 shall be committed to the custody of the State Department of
- 28 Corrections for a term not exceeding ten (10) years or by a fine
- 29 of not more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), or both.
- (4) Any person who shall be convicted of receiving stolen 30
- property which does not exceed Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) in 31
- value shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than six (6) 32
- 33 months or by a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars
- 34 (\$1,000.00), or both.
- SECTION 2. Section 97-23-93, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 35
- 36 amended as follows:
- 97-23-93. (1) Any person who shall willfully and unlawfully 37
- take possession of any merchandise owned or held by and offered or 38
- 39 displayed for sale by any merchant, store or other mercantile

- establishment with the intention and purpose of converting such 40
- 41 merchandise to his own use without paying the merchant's stated
- price therefor shall be guilty of the crime of shoplifting and, 42
- 43 upon conviction, shall be punished as is provided in this section.
- The requisite intention to convert merchandise without 44 (2)
- 45 paying the merchant's stated price for the merchandise is
- presumed, and shall be prima facie evidence thereof, when such 46
- 47 person, alone or in concert with another person, willfully:
- 48 Conceals the unpurchased merchandise;
- Removes or causes the removal of unpurchased 49
- 50 merchandise from a store or other mercantile establishment;
- 51 Alters, transfers or removes any price-marking, any
- other marking which aids in determining value affixed to the 52
- unpurchased merchandise, or any tag or device used in electronic 53
- 54 surveillance of unpurchased merchandise;
- 55 Transfers the unpurchased merchandise from one
- container to another; or 56
- 57 (e) Causes the cash register or other sales recording
- 58 device to reflect less than the merchant's stated price for the
- unpurchased merchandise. 59
- 60 (3) Evidence of stated price or ownership of merchandise may
- include, but is not limited to: 61
- 62 The actual merchandise or the container which held
- 63 the merchandise alleged to have been shoplifted; or
- 64 (b) The content of the price tag or marking from such
- merchandise; or 65
- Properly identified photographs of such 66 (C)
- 67 merchandise.
- 68 (4)Any merchant or his agent or employee may testify at a
- 69 trial as to the stated price or ownership of merchandise.
- A person convicted of shoplifting merchandise for which 70
- 71 the merchant's stated price is less than or equal to Five Hundred
- 72 Dollars (\$500.00) shall be punished as follows:
- 73 Upon a first shoplifting conviction the defendant
- 74 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined not more than One

- 75 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), or punished by imprisonment not to
- 76 exceed six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- 77 (b) Upon a second shoplifting conviction the defendant
- 78 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined not more than One
- 79 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or punished by imprisonment not to
- 80 exceed six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- 81 (6) Upon a third or subsequent shoplifting conviction the
- defendant shall be guilty of a felony and fined not more than Five 82
- 83 Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), or imprisoned for a term not
- exceeding five (5) years, or by both such fine and imprisonment. 84
- 85 A person convicted of shoplifting merchandise for which
- the merchant's stated price exceeds Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) 86
- shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, punished as 87
- provided in Section 97-17-41 for the offense of grand larceny. 88
- In determining the number of prior shoplifting 89
- 90 convictions for purposes of imposing punishment under this
- section, the court shall disregard all such convictions occurring 91
- 92 more than seven (7) years prior to the shoplifting offense in
- 93 question.
- (9) For the purpose of determining the gravity of the 94
- offense under subsection (7) of this section, the prosecutor may 95
- 96 aggregate the value of merchandise shoplifted from three (3) or
- 97 more separate mercantile establishments within the same legal
- 98 jurisdiction over a period of thirty (30) or fewer days.
- 99 SECTION 3. (1) A person who, with intent to cheat or
- defraud a retailer, possesses, uses, utters transfers, makes, 100
- 101 alters, counterfeits or reproduces a retail sales receipt or a
- 102 universal product code label commits a misdemeanor which shall be
- 103 punished, upon conviction thereof, by imprisonment not to exceed
- 104 one (1) year, a fine not to exceed Five Thousand Dollars
- 105 (\$5,000.00), or both.
- 106 (2) A person who, with intent to cheat or defraud a
- retailer, possesses fifteen (15) or more retail sales receipts or 107
- a universal product code labels or possesses a device the purpose 108
- 109 of which is to manufacture fraudulent retail sale receipts or

- universal product code labels commits a felony punishable, upon 110
- 111 conviction thereof, by imprisonment not to exceed five (5) years,
- 112 a fine not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), or both.
- 113 **SECTION 4.** (1) For the purposes of this section the
- following terms shall have the meanings ascribed to them unless 114
- the context clearly requires otherwise: 115
- "Cardholder" means any person: 116 (a)
- Named on the face of a credit card to whom or 117
- 118 for whose benefit the credit card is issued by an issuer; or
- (ii) In possession of a credit card with the 119
- 120 consent of the person to whom the credit card was issued.
- 121 (b) "Credit card" means:
- Any instrument or device, whether known as a 122 (i)
- 123 credit card, charge card, credit plate, courtesy card,
- identification card or any other name that is issued with or 124
- 125 without fee by an issuer for the use of the cardholder in
- obtaining money, goods, services or anything else of value, either 126
- 127 on credit or in consideration of an undertaking or guaranty by the
- 128 issuer of the payment of a check drawn by the cardholder, on a
- promise to pay in part or in full therefor at a future time, 129
- 130 whether or not all or any part of the indebtedness that is
- 131 represented by the promise to make deferred payment is secured or
- 132 unsecured.
- 133 (ii) A debit card, electronic benefit transfer
- 134 card or other access instrument or device, other than a check that
- is signed by the holder or other authorized signatory on the 135
- deposit account, that draws funds from a deposit account in order 136
- to obtain money, goods, services or anything else of value. 137
- 138 (iii) A stored value card, smart card or other
- 139 instrument or device that enables a person to obtain goods,
- services or anything else of value through the use of value stored 140
- 141 on the card instrument or device.
- 142 (iv) The number that is assigned the card,
- instrument or device, even if the physical card, instrument or 143
- 144 device is not used or presented.

- 145 "Issuer" means any business organization, state
- agency or financial institution, or its duly authorized agent, 146
- that issues a credit card. 147
- 148 (d) "Merchant" means a person who is authorized under a
- written contract with a participating party to furnish money, 149
- 150 goods, services or anything else of value on presentation of a
- 151 credit card by a cardholder.
- "Reencoder" means an electronic device that places 152 (e)
- 153 encoded information from the magnetic strip or stripe of a credit
- card onto the magnetic strip or stripe of a different credit card. 154
- 155 "Scanning device" means a scanner, reader or other
- electronic device that is used to access, read, scan, obtain, 156
- memorize or store, temporarily or permanently, information that is 157
- 158 encoded on a magnetic strip or stripe of a credit card.
- 159 (2) (a) It is unlawful for a person to use a scanning
- 160 device or reencoder without the permission of the cardholder of
- the credit card from which the information is being scanned or 161
- 162 reencoded with the intent to defraud the cardholder, the issuer
- 163 or a merchant.
- A person who violates this section commits a felony 164 (b)
- 165 punishable, upon conviction thereof, by imprisonment not to exceed
- 166 five (5) years, a fine not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars
- 167 (\$10,000.00), or both.
- 168 SECTION 5. Section 97-17-75, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 169 amended as follows:
- 170 97-17-75. Any person who shall remove, or cause to be
- removed, or aid or assist in removing from the county in which it 171
- may be, any personal property which may be the subject of a 172
- 173 pledge, mortgage, deed of trust, conditional sales contract, lien
- 174 of a lessor of lands, or lien by judgment, or any other lien of
- which such party has notice, without the consent of the holder of 175
- 176 such encumbrance or lien, or who shall conceal or secrete such
- property, or who shall sell or dispose of the same or any part 177
- 178 thereof without the consent of the mortgagee or beneficiary, or
- 179 conditional vendor, whether any of these acts shall be done before

- 180 or after the maturity of the debt secured by the lien, and shall
- 181 not immediately discharge such encumbrance or lien or pay to the
- holder of such lien or encumbrance the value of such property in 182
- 183 event same is less than the amount of such lien or encumbrance,
- 184 shall, upon conviction, be imprisoned in the custody of the
- 185 Department of Corrections not more than five (5) years, or be
- fined not more than Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00), or 186
- 187 both.
- 188 SECTION 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 189 and after July 1, 2005.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 97-17-70, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE DEFENSES TO A CHARGE OF RECEIVING STOLEN PROPERTY; TO 2

- AMEND SECTION 97-23-93, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO ALLOW FOR AGGREGATION OF MULTIPLE OFFENSES IN DETERMINING THE GRAVITY OF
- CERTAIN OFFENSES OF SHOPLIFTING; TO CREATE THE CRIMES OF FALSELY
- 6 USING OR PRODUCING RETAIL SALES RECEIPTS AND UNIVERSAL PRODUCT
- 7 CODES; TO CRIMINALIZE THE USE OF A SCANNING DEVICE OR REENCODER TO
- 8 CAPTURE ENCODED INFORMATION FROM A MAGNETIC STRIP ON A CREDIT,
- 9 DEBIT OR OTHER PAYMENT CARD WITH INTENT TO DEFRAUD; TO AMEND
- 10 SECTION 97-17-75, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE PENALTY
- FOR REMOVAL OR SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY SUBJECT TO A LIEN; AND 11
- FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

HR40\SB2859PH.J

Don Richardson Clerk of the House of Representatives