MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION 2005

By: Senator(s) Mettetal

To: Insurance

# SENATE BILL NO. 2989

AN ACT TO PROVIDE STANDARDS FOR PHARMACY AND PHARMACIST HEALTH INSURANCE CLAIMS; TO PROVIDE FOR USAGE OF NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED BENCHMARKS TO CALCULATE THE REIMBURSEMENT TO BE PAID TO PHARMACIES OR PHARMACISTS BY HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS; TO PROVIDE FOR COORDINATION OF BENEFITS REQUIREMENTS; TO PROVIDE FOR RECOUPMENT OF CLAIMS; TO PROVIDE PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE ACT; TO AUTHORIZE THE COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE TO ISSUE CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS; TO AMEND SECTION 83-9-5, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE TIME PERIOD IN WHICH PAYMENT OF ELECTRONIC CLAIMS ARE DUE; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

**SECTION 1.** The following words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed herein unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(a) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of Mississippi.

(b) "Day" means a calendar day, unless otherwise defined or limited.

(c) "Department" means the Mississippi Department of Insurance.

(d) "Electronic claim" means the transmission of data for purposes of payment of covered prescription drugs, other products and supplies, and pharmacist services in an electronic data format specified by a health insurance issuer and approved by the department.

(e) "Electronic adjudication" means the process of electronically receiving, reviewing and accepting or rejecting an electronic claim.

(f) "Health insurance coverage" means benefits consisting of prescription drugs, other products and supplies, and pharmacist services provided directly, through insurance or

reimbursement, or otherwise and including items and services paid for as prescription drugs, other products and supplies, and pharmacist services under any hospital or medical service policy or certificate, hospital or medical service plan contract, preferred provider organization agreement, or health maintenance organization contract offered by a health insurance issuer. However, "health insurance coverage" shall not include benefits due under the workers compensation laws of this or any other state.

(g) "Health insurance issuer" means an insurance company, including a health maintenance organization as defined and licensed pursuant to the laws of this State, unless preempted as an employee benefit plan under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. For purposes of this act, a "health insurance issuer" shall not include the pharmacy benefit manager of the State and School Employees Health Insurance Plan or the Division of Medicaid or its contractors when performing services for the Division of Medicaid.

(h) "Pharmacist", "pharmacist services" and "pharmacy" or "pharmacies" shall have the same definitions as provided in Section 73-21-73.

(i) "Uniform claim form" means a form prescribed by rule by the department.

**SECTION 2.** (1) Reimbursement under a contract to a pharmacist or pharmacy for prescription drugs and other products and supplies that is calculated according to a formula that uses a nationally recognized reference in the pricing calculation shall use the most current nationally recognized reference price or amount in the actual or constructive possession of the health insurance issuer, its agent, or any other party responsible for reimbursement for prescription drugs and other products and supplies on the date of electronic adjudication or on the date of service shown on the nonelectronic claim.

(2) Health insurance issuers, their agents and other parties responsible for reimbursement for prescription drugs and other products and supplies shall be required to update the nationally recognized reference prices or amounts used for calculation of reimbursement for prescription drugs and other products and supplies no less than every three (3) business days.

(3) Any health insurance issuer, agent or other party responsible for reimbursement for prescription drugs and other products and supplies that does not comply with the requirements of this act shall be subject to the late payment administrative penalty provisions in Section 83-9-5 to the extent of any amount not paid in accordance with the requirements of this section.

**SECTION 3.** (1) Coordination of benefit requirements adopted by health insurance issuers shall, at a minimum, adhere to the following requirements:

(a) No plan shall contain a provision that its benefits are "always excess" or "always secondary" except in accordance with rules adopted by the commissioner pursuant to this act.

(b) A coordination of benefit provision may not be used that permits a plan to reduce its benefits on the basis of any of the following:

(i) That another plan exists and the covered person did not enroll in the plan.

(ii) That a person is or could have been covered under another plan, except with respect to Part B of Medicare.

(iii) That a person has elected an option under another plan providing a lower level of benefits than another option that could have been elected.

(2) The commissioner shall be authorized to adopt such reasonable regulations as necessary for determining the order of benefit payments when a person is covered by two (2) or more plans of health insurance coverage.

**SECTION 4.** (1) As used in this section, "recoupment" shall mean a reduction, offset, adjustment or other act to lower or lessen the payment of a claim or any other amount owed to a pharmacy or pharmacist for any reason unrelated to that claim or other amount owed to a pharmacy or pharmacist.

(2) Prior to any recoupment unrelated to a claim for payment of prescription drugs, other products and supplies, and pharmacist services provided by a pharmacy or pharmacist or any other amount owed by a health insurance issuer to a pharmacy or pharmacist, the health insurance issuer shall provide the pharmacy or pharmacist written notification that includes the name of the patient, the date or dates of provision of prescription drugs, other products and supplies, and pharmacist services, and an explanation of the reason for recoupment. A pharmacy or pharmacist shall be allowed thirty (30) days from receipt of written notification of recoupment to appeal the health insurance issuer's action and to provide the health insurance issuer the name of the patient, the date or dates of provision of prescription drugs, other products and supplies, pharmacist services, and an explanation of the reason for the appeal.

(3) (a) When a pharmacy or pharmacist fails to respond timely and in writing to a health insurance issuer's written notification of recoupment, the health insurance issuer may consider the recoupment accepted.

(b) If a recoupment is accepted, the pharmacy or pharmacist may remit the agreed amount to the health insurance issuer at the time of any written notification of acceptance or may permit the health insurance issuer to deduct the agreed amount from future payments due to the pharmacy or pharmacist.

(4) (a) If a pharmacy or pharmacist disputes a health insurance issuer's written notification of recoupment and a contract exists between the pharmacy or pharmacist and the health

insurance issuer, the dispute shall be resolved according to the general dispute resolution provisions in the contract.

(b) If a pharmacy or pharmacist disputes a health insurance issuer's written notification of recoupment and no contract exists between the pharmacy or pharmacist and the health insurance issuer, the dispute shall be resolved as any other dispute under Mississippi law.

(5) If the recoupment directly affects the payment responsibility of the insured, the health insurance issuer shall provide at the same time a revised explanation of benefits to the pharmacy or pharmacist and the covered person for whose claim the recoupment is being made. Unless the recoupment of a health insurance claim payment directly affects the payment responsibility of the insured, such recoupment shall not result in any increased liability of an insured.

(6) For purposes of this section, a health insurance issuer shall include, in addition to the health insurance issuer, its agent or any other party that makes payment directly to a pharmacy or pharmacist for prescription drugs, other products and supplies, and pharmacist services identified on a claim.

**SECTION 5.** (1) Whenever the commissioner has reason to believe that any health insurance issuer is not in full compliance with the requirements of this act, he shall notify such issuer and, after notice and opportunity for hearing pursuant to law, the commissioner shall issue and cause to be served an order requiring the health insurance issuer to cease and desist from any violation and order any one or more of the following:

(a) Payment of a monetary penalty of not more than One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00) for each and every act or violation, not to exceed an aggregate penalty of One Hundred Thousand Dollars ($100,000.00). However, if the health insurance issuer knew or reasonably should have known that it was in violation of this act, the penalty shall be not more than Twenty-five Thousand Dollars

($25,000.00) for each and every act or violation, but not to exceed an aggregate penalty of Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars ($250,000.00) in any six-month period.

(b) Suspension or revocation of the certificate of authority of the health insurance issuer to operate in this state if it knew or reasonably should have known it was in violation of this act.

(2) Any health insurance issuer who violates a cease and desist order issued by the commissioner pursuant to this section while such order is in effect shall, after notice and opportunity for hearing, be subject at the discretion of the commissioner to any one or more of the following:

(a) A monetary penalty of not more than Twenty-five Thousand Dollars ($25,000.00) for each and every act or violation, not to exceed an aggregate of Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars ($250,000.00).

(b) Suspension or revocation of the certificate of authority of the health insurance issuer to operate in this state.

(3) All fines imposed under this section shall be deposited into the Department of Insurance Special Fund to defray the expenses of administering this act.

**SECTION 6.** The commissioner may promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary or proper to carry out the provisions of this act. Such rules and regulations shall be promulgated and adopted in accordance with the Mississippi Administrative Procedures Law.

**SECTION 7.** Section 83-9-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

83-9-5. (1) **Required provisions.** Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, each such policy delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state shall contain the provisions specified in this subsection in the words in which the same appear in this section. However, the insurer may, at its

option, substitute for one or more of such provisions, corresponding provisions of different wording approved by the commissioner which are in each instance not less favorable in any respect to the insured or the beneficiary. Such provisions shall be preceded individually by the caption appearing in this subsection or, at the option of the insurer, by such appropriate individual or group captions or subcaptions as the commissioner may approve.

As used in this section, the term "insurer" means a health maintenance organization, an insurance company or any other entity responsible for the payment of benefits under a policy or contract of accident and sickness insurance; however, the term "insurer" shall not mean a liquidator, rehabilitator, conservator or receiver or third party administrator of any health maintenance organization, insurance company or other entity responsible for the payment of benefits which is in liquidation, rehabilitation or conservation proceedings, nor shall it mean any responsible guaranty association. Further, no cause of action shall accrue against a liquidator, rehabilitator, conservator or receiver or third-party administrator of any health maintenance organization, insurance company or other entity responsible for the payment of benefits which is in liquidation, rehabilitation or conservation proceedings or any responsible guaranty association under subsection (1)(h)3 of this section or any policy provision in accordance therewith.

(a) A provision as follows:

Entire contract; changes: This policy, including the endorsements and the attached papers, if any, constitutes the entire contract of insurance. No change in this policy shall be valid until approved by an executive officer of the insurer and unless such approval be endorsed hereon or attached hereto. No agent has authority to change this policy or to waive any of its provisions.

(b) A provision as follows:

Time limit on certain defenses:

1. After two (2) years from the date of issue of this policy, no misstatements, except fraudulent misstatements, made by the applicant in the application for such policy shall be used to void the policy or to deny a claim for loss incurred or disability (as defined in the policy) commencing after the expiration of such two-year period.

(The foregoing policy provision shall not be so construed as to effect any legal requirement for avoidance of a policy or denial of a claim during such initial two-year period, nor to limit the application of subparagraphs (2)(a) and (2)(b) of this section in the event of misstatement with respect to age or occupation.)

(A policy which the insured has the right to continue in force subject to its terms by the timely payment of premium (1) until at least age fifty (50) or, (2) in the case of a policy issued after age forty-four (44), for at least five (5) years from its date of issue, may contain in lieu of the foregoing the following provision (from which the clause in parentheses may be omitted at the insurer's option) under the caption "INCONTESTABLE":

After this policy has been in force for a period of two (2) years during the lifetime of the insured (excluding any period during which the insured is disabled), it shall become incontestable as to the statements in the application.)

2. No claim for loss incurred or disability (as defined in the policy) commencing after two (2) years from the date of issue of this policy shall be reduced or denied on the ground that a disease or physical condition not excluded from coverage by name or specific description effective on the date of loss had existed prior to the effective date of coverage of this policy.

(c) A provision as follows:

Grace period:

A grace period of seven (7) days for weekly premium policies, ten (10) days for monthly premium policies and thirty-one (31) days for all other policies will be granted for the payment of each premium falling due after the first premium, during which grace period the policy shall continue in force.

(A policy which contains a cancellation provision may add, at the end of the above provision, "subject to the right of the insurer to cancel in accordance with the cancellation provision hereof."

A policy in which the insurer reserves the right to refuse any renewal shall have, at the beginning of the above provision, "unless not less than five (5) days prior to the premium due date the insurer has delivered to the insured or has mailed to his last address as shown by the records of the insurer written notice of its intention not to renew this policy beyond the period for which the premium has been accepted.")

(d) A provision as follows:

Reinstatement:

If any renewal premium be not paid within the time granted the insured for payment, a subsequent acceptance of premium by the insurer or by any agent duly authorized by the insurer to accept such premium, without requiring in connection therewith an application for reinstatement, shall reinstate the policy. However, if the insurer or such agent requires an application for reinstatement and issues a conditional receipt for the premium tendered, the policy will be reinstated upon approval of such application by the insurer or, lacking such approval, upon the forty-fifth day following the date of such conditional receipt unless the insurer has previously notified the insured in writing of its disapproval of such application. The reinstated policy shall cover only loss resulting from such accidental injury as may

be sustained after the date of reinstatement and loss due to such sickness as may begin more than ten (10) days after such date. In all other respects the insured and insurer shall have the same rights thereunder as they had under the policy immediately before the due date of the defaulted premium, subject to any provisions endorsed hereon or attached hereto in connection with the reinstatement. Any premium accepted in connection with a reinstatement shall be applied to a period for which premium has not been previously paid, but not to any period more than sixty (60) days prior to the date of reinstatement. (The last sentence of the above provision may be omitted from any policy which the insured has the right to continue in force subject to its terms by the timely payment of premiums (1) until at least age fifty (50) or, (2) in the case of a policy issued after age forty-four (44), for at least five (5) years from its date of issue.)

(e) A provision as follows:

Notice of claim:

Written notice of claim must be given to the insurer within thirty (30) days after the occurrence or commencement of any loss covered by the policy, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably possible. Notice given by or on behalf of the insured or the beneficiary to the insurer at _____ (insert the location of such office as the insurer may designate for the purpose), or to any authorized agent of the insurer, with information sufficient to identify the insured, shall be deemed notice to the insurer.

(In a policy providing a loss-of-time benefit which may be payable for at least two (2) years, an insurer may, at its option, insert the following between the first and second sentences of the above provision: "Subject to the qualifications set forth below, if the insured suffers loss of time on account of disability for which indemnity may be payable for at least two (2) years, he shall, at least once in every six (6) months after having given

notice of claim, give to the insurer notice of continuance of said disability, except in the event of legal incapacity. The period of six (6) months following any filing of proof by the insured or any payment by the insurer on account of such claim or any denial of liability in whole or in part by the insurer shall be excluded in applying this provision. Delay in the giving of such notice shall not impair the insured's right to any indemnity which would otherwise have accrued during the period of six (6) months preceding the date on which such notice is actually given.")

(f) A provision as follows:

Claim forms:

The insurer, upon receipt of a notice of claim, will furnish to the claimant such forms as are usually furnished by it for filing proofs of loss. If such forms are not furnished within fifteen (15) days after the giving of such notice, the claimant shall be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this policy as to proof of loss upon submitting, within the time fixed in the policy for filing proofs of loss, written proof covering the occurrence, the character and the extent of the loss for which claim is made.

(g) A provision as follows:

Proofs of loss:

Written proof of loss must be furnished to the insurer at its said office, in case of claim for loss for which this policy provides any periodic payment contingent upon continuing loss, within ninety (90) days after the termination of the period for which the insurer is liable, and in case of claim for any other loss, within ninety (90) days after the date of such loss. Failure to furnish such proof within the time required shall not invalidate or reduce any claim if it was not reasonably possible to give proof within such time, provided such proof is furnished as soon as reasonably possible and in no event, except in the

absence of legal capacity, later than one (1) year from the time proof is otherwise required.

(h) A provision as follows:

Time of payment of claims:

1. All benefits payable under this policy for any loss, other than loss for which this policy provides any periodic payment, will be paid within ten (10) days after receipt of due written proof of such loss in the form of a clean claim where claims are submitted electronically, and will be paid within thirty-five (35) days after receipt of due written proof of such loss in the form of clean claim where claims are submitted in paper format. Benefits due under the policies and claims are overdue if not paid within ten (10) days or thirty-five (35) days, whichever is applicable, after the insurer receives a clean claim containing necessary medical information and other information essential for the insurer to administer preexisting condition, coordination of benefits and subrogation provisions. A "clean claim" means a claim received by an insurer for adjudication and which requires no further information, adjustment or alteration by the provider of the services or the insured in order to be processed and paid by the insurer. A claim is clean if it has no defect or impropriety, including any lack of substantiating documentation, or particular circumstance requiring special treatment that prevents timely payment from being made on the claim under this provision. A clean claim includes resubmitted claims with previously identified deficiencies corrected.

A clean claim does not include any of the following:

a. A duplicate claim, which means an original claim and its duplicate when the duplicate is filed within thirty (30) days of the original claim;

b. Claims which are submitted fraudulently or that are based upon material misrepresentations;

c. Claims that require information essential for the insurer to administer preexisting condition, coordination of benefits or subrogation provisions; or

d. Claims submitted by a provider more than thirty (30) days after the date of service; if the provider does not submit the claim on behalf of the insured, then a claim is not clean when submitted more than thirty (30) days after the date of billing by the provider to the insured.

Not later than ten (10) days after the date the insurer actually receives an electronic claim, the insurer shall pay the appropriate benefit in full, or any portion of the claim that is clean, and notify the provider (where the claim is owed to the provider) or the insured (where the claim is owed to the insured) of the reasons why the claim or portion thereof is not clean and will not be paid and what substantiating documentation and information is required to adjudicate the claim as clean. Not later than thirty-five (35) days after the date the insurer actually receives a paper claim, the insurer shall pay the appropriate benefit in full, or any portion of the claim that is clean, and notify the provider (where the claim is owed to the provider) or the insured (where the claim is owed to the insured) of the reasons why the claim or portion thereof is not clean and will not be paid and what substantiating documentation and information is required to adjudicate the claim as clean. Any claim or portion thereof resubmitted with the supporting documentation and information requested by the insurer shall be paid within twenty (20) days after receipt.

For purposes of this provision, the term "pay" means that the insurer shall either send cash or a cash equivalent by United States mail, or send cash or a cash equivalent by other means such as electronic transfer, in full satisfaction of the appropriate benefit due the provider (where the claim is owed to the provider) or the insured (where the claim is owed to the insured). To

calculate the extent to which any benefits are overdue, payment shall be treated as made on the date a draft or other valid instrument was placed in the United States mail to the last known address of the provider (where the claim is owed to the provider) or the insured (where the claim is owed to the insured) in a properly addressed, postpaid envelope, or, if not so posted, or not sent by United States mail, on the date of delivery of payment to the provider or insured.

2. Subject to due written proof of loss, all accrued benefits for loss for which this policy provides periodic payment will be paid _____ (insert period for payment which must not be less frequently than monthly), and any balance remaining unpaid upon the termination of liability will be paid within thirty (30) days after receipt of due written proof.

3. If the claim is not denied for valid and proper reasons by the end of the applicable time period prescribed in this provision, the insurer must pay the provider (where the claim is owed to the provider) or the insured (where the claim is owed to the insured) interest on accrued benefits at the rate of one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) per month accruing from the day after payment was due on the amount of the benefits that remain unpaid until the claim is finally settled or adjudicated. Whenever interest due pursuant to this provision is less than One Dollar ($1.00), such amount shall be credited to the account of the person or entity to whom such amount is owed.

4. In the event the insurer fails to pay benefits when due, the person entitled to such benefits may bring action to recover such benefits, any interest which may accrue as provided in subsection (1)(h)3 of this section and any other damages as may be allowable by law.

(i) A provision as follows:

Payment of claims:

Indemnity for loss of life will be payable in accordance with the beneficiary designation and the provisions respecting such payment which may be prescribed herein and effective at the time of payment. If no such designation or provision is then effective, such indemnity shall be payable to the estate of the insured. Any other accrued indemnities unpaid at the insured's death may, at the option of the insurer, be paid either to such beneficiary or to such estate. All other indemnities will be payable to the insured. When payments of benefits are made to an insured directly for medical care or services rendered by a health care provider, the health care provider shall be notified of such payment. The notification requirement shall not apply to a fixed-indemnity policy, a limited benefit health insurance policy, medical payment coverage or personal injury protection coverage in a motor vehicle policy, coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance or workers' compensation.

(The following provisions, or either of them, may be included with the foregoing provision at the option of the insurer: "If any indemnity of this policy shall be payable to the estate of the insured, or to an insured or beneficiary who is a minor or otherwise not competent to give a valid release, the insurer may pay such indemnity, up to an amount not exceeding $_____ (insert an amount which must not exceed One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00)), to any relative by blood or connection by marriage of the insured or beneficiary who is deemed by the insurer to be equitably entitled thereto. Any payment made by the insurer in good faith pursuant to this provision shall fully discharge the insurer to the extent of such payment."

"Subject to any written direction of the insured in the application or otherwise, all or a portion of any indemnities provided by this policy on account of hospital, nursing, medical or surgical services may, at the insurer's option and unless the insured requests otherwise in writing not later than the time of

filing proofs of such loss, be paid directly to the hospital or person rendering such services; but it is not required that the service be rendered by a particular hospital or person.")

(j) A provision as follows:

Physical examinations:

The insurer at his own expense shall have the right and opportunity to examine the person of the insured when and as often as it may reasonably require during the pendency of a claim hereunder.

(k) A provision as follows:

Legal actions:

No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover on this policy prior to the expiration of sixty (60) days after written proof of loss has been furnished in accordance with the requirements of this policy. No such action shall be brought after the expiration of three (3) years after the time written proof of loss is required to be furnished.

(l) A provision as follows:

Change of beneficiary:

Unless the insured makes an irrevocable designation of beneficiary, the right to change the beneficiary is reserved to the insured, and the consent of the beneficiary or beneficiaries shall not be requisite to surrender or assignment of this policy, or to any change of beneficiary or beneficiaries, or to any other changes in this policy.

(The first clause of this provision, relating to the irrevocable designation of beneficiary, may be omitted at the insurer's option.)

(2) **Other provisions.** Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, no such policy delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state shall contain provisions respecting the matters set forth below unless such provisions are in the words in which the same appear in this section. However, the

insurer may, at its option, use in lieu of any such provision a corresponding provision of different wording approved by the commissioner which is not less favorable in any respect to the insured or the beneficiary. Any such provision contained in the policy shall be preceded individually by the appropriate caption appearing in this subsection or, at the option of the insurer, by such appropriate individual or group captions or subcaptions as the commissioner may approve.

(a) A provision as follows:

Change of occupation:

If the insured be injured or contract sickness after having changed his occupation to one classified by the insurer as more hazardous than that stated in this policy or while doing for compensation anything pertaining to an occupation so classified, the insurer will pay only such portion of the indemnities provided in this policy as the premium paid would have purchased at the rates and within the limits fixed by the insurer for such more hazardous occupation. If the insured changes his occupation to one classified by the insurer as less hazardous than that stated in this policy, the insurer, upon receipt of proof of such change of occupation, will reduce the premium rate accordingly, and will return the excess pro rata unearned premium from the date of change of occupation or from the policy anniversary date immediately preceding receipt of such proof, whichever is the most recent. In applying this provision, the classification of occupational risk and the premium rates shall be such as have been last filed by the insurer prior to the occurrence of the loss for which the insurer is liable, or prior to date of proof of change in occupation, with the state official having supervision of insurance in the state where the insured resided at the time this policy was issued; but if such filing was not required, then the classification of occupational risk and the premium rates shall be those last made effective by the insurer in such state prior to

the occurrence of the loss or prior to the date of proof of change in occupation.

(b) A provision as follows:

Misstatement of age:

If the age of the insured has been misstated, all amounts payable under this policy shall be such as the premium paid would have purchased at the correct age.

(c) A provision as follows:

Relation of earnings to issuance:

If the total monthly amount of loss of time benefits promised for the same loss under all valid loss of time coverage upon the insured, whether payable on a weekly or monthly basis, shall exceed the monthly earnings of the insured at the time disability commenced or his average monthly earnings for the period of two (2) years immediately preceding a disability for which claim is made, whichever is the greater, the insurer will be liable only for such proportionate amount of such benefits under this policy as the amount of such monthly earnings or such average monthly earnings of the insured bears to the total amount of monthly benefits for the same loss under all such coverage upon the insured at the time such disability commences and for the return of such part of the premiums paid during such two (2) years as shall exceed the pro rata amount of the premiums for the benefits actually paid hereunder; but this shall not operate to reduce the total monthly amount of benefits payable under all such coverage upon the insured below the sum of Two Hundred Dollars ($200.00) or the sum of the monthly benefits specified in such coverages, whichever is the lesser, nor shall it operate to reduce benefits other than those payable for loss of time.

(The foregoing policy provision may be inserted only in a policy which the insured has the right to continue in force subject to its terms by the timely payment of premiums (1) until at least age fifty (50) or, (2) in the case of a policy issued

after age forty-four (44), for at least five (5) years from its date of issue. The insurer may, at its option, include in this provision a definition of "valid loss of time coverage," approved as to form by the commissioner, which definition shall be limited in subject matter to coverage provided by governmental agencies or by organizations subject to regulations by insurance law or by insurance authorities of this or any other state of the United States or any province of Canada, or to any other coverage the inclusion of which may be approved by the commissioner, or any combination of such coverages. In the absence of such definition, such term shall not include any coverage provided for such insured pursuant to any compulsory benefit statute (including any workers' compensation or employer's liability statute), or benefits provided by union welfare plans or by employer or employee benefit organizations.)

(d) A provision as follows:

Unpaid premium:

Upon the payment of a claim under this policy, any premium then due and unpaid or covered by any note or written order may be deducted therefrom.

(e) A provision as follows:

Cancellation:

The insurer may cancel this policy at any time by written notice delivered to the insured, or mailed to his last address as shown by the records of the insurer, stating when, not less than five (5) days thereafter, such cancellation shall be effective; and after the policy has been continued beyond its original term, the insured may cancel this policy at any time by written notice delivered or mailed to the insurer, effective upon receipt or on such later date as may be specified in such notice. In the event of cancellation, the insurer will return promptly the unearned portion of any premium paid. If the insured cancels, the earned premium shall be computed by the use of the short-rate table last

filed with the state official having supervision of insurance in the state where the insured resided when the policy was issued. If the insurer cancels, the earned premium shall be computed pro rata. Cancellation shall be without prejudice to any claim originating prior to the effective date of cancellation.

(f) A provision as follows:

Conformity with state statutes:

Any provision of this policy which, on its effective date, is in conflict with the statutes of the state in which the insured resides on such date is hereby amended to conform to the minimum requirements of such statutes.

(g) A provision as follows:

Illegal occupation:

The insurer shall not be liable for any loss to which a contributing cause was the insured's commission of or attempt to commit a felony or to which a contributing cause was the insured's being engaged in an illegal occupation.

(h) A provision as follows:

Intoxicants and narcotics:

The insurer shall not be liable for any loss sustained or contracted in consequence of the insured's being intoxicated or under the influence of any narcotic unless administered on the advice of a physician.

(3) **Inapplicable or inconsistent provisions.** If any provision of this section is in whole or in part inapplicable to or inconsistent with the coverage provided by a particular form of policy, the insurer, with the approval of the commissioner, shall omit from such policy any inapplicable provision or part of a provision, and shall modify any inconsistent provision or part of the provision in such manner as to make the provision as contained in the policy consistent with the coverage provided by the policy.

(4) **Order of certain policy provisions.** The provisions which are the subject of subsections (1) and (2) of this section,

or any corresponding provisions which are used in lieu thereof in accordance with such subsections, shall be printed in the consecutive order of the provisions in such subsections or, at the option of the insurer, any such provision may appear as a unit in any part of the policy, with other provisions to which it may be logically related, provided the resulting policy shall not be in whole or in part unintelligible, uncertain, ambiguous, abstruse or likely to mislead a person to whom the policy is offered, delivered or issued.

(5) **Third-party ownership.** The word "insured," as used in Sections 83-9-1 through 83-9-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, shall not be construed as preventing a person other than the insured with a proper insurable interest from making application for and owning a policy covering the insured, or from being entitled under such a policy to any indemnities, benefits and rights provided therein.

(6) **Requirements of other jurisdictions.**

(a) Any policy of a foreign or alien insurer, when delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state, may contain any provision which is not less favorable to the insured or the beneficiary than the provisions of Sections 83-9-1 through 83-9-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, and which is prescribed or required by the law of the state under which the insurer is organized.

(b) Any policy of a domestic insurer may, when issued for delivery in any other state or country, contain any provision permitted or required by the laws of such other state or country.

(7) **Filing procedure.** The commissioner may make such reasonable rules and regulations concerning the procedure for the filing or submission of policies subject to the cited sections as are necessary, proper or advisable to the administration of said sections. This provision shall not abridge any other authority granted the commissioner by law.

(8) **Administrative penalties.**

(a) If the commissioner finds that an insurer, during any calendar year, has paid at least eighty-five percent (85%), but less than ninety-five percent (95%), of all clean claims received from all providers during that year in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1)(h) of this section, the commissioner may levy an aggregate penalty in an amount not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars ($10,000.00). If the commissioner finds that an insurer, during any calendar year, has paid at least fifty percent (50%), but less than eighty-five percent (85%), of all clean claims received from all providers during that year in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1)(h) of this section, the commissioner may levy an aggregate penalty in an amount of not less than Ten Thousand Dollars ($10,000.00) nor more than One Hundred Thousand Dollars ($100,000.00). If the commissioner finds that an insurer, during any calendar year, has paid less than fifty percent (50%) of all clean claims received from all providers during that year in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1)(h) of this section, the commissioner may levy an aggregate penalty in an amount not less than One Hundred Thousand Dollars ($100,000.00) nor more than Two Hundred Thousand Dollars ($200,000.00). In determining the amount of any fine, the commissioner shall take into account whether the failure to achieve the standards in subsection (1)(h) of this section were due to circumstances beyond the control of the insurer. The insurer may request an administrative hearing to contest the assessment of any administrative penalty imposed by the commissioner pursuant to this subsection within thirty (30) days after receipt of the notice of assessment.

(b) Examinations to determine compliance with subsection (1)(h) of this section may be conducted by the commissioner or any of his examiners. The commissioner may contract with qualified impartial outside sources to assist in

examinations to determine compliance. The expenses of any such examinations shall be paid by the insurer examined.

(c) Nothing in the provisions of subsection (1)(h) of this section shall require an insurer to pay claims that are not covered under the terms of a contract or policy of accident and sickness insurance.

(d) An insurer and a provider may enter into an express written agreement containing timely claim payment provisions which differ from, but are at least as stringent as, the provisions set forth under subsection (1)(h) of this section, and in such case, the provisions of the written agreement shall govern the timely payment of claims by the insurer to the provider. If the express written agreement is silent as to any interest penalty where claims are not paid in accordance with the agreement, the interest penalty provision of subsection (1)(h)3 of this section shall apply.

(e) The commissioner may adopt rules and regulations necessary to ensure compliance with this subsection.

**SECTION 8.** This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2005.