MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Senator(s) Dearing

To: Public Health and Welfare

SENATE BILL NO. 2122

AN ACT TO PROVIDE A "BILL OF RIGHTS" FOR PATIENTS AND 1 2 RESIDENTS OF HEALTH CARE FACILITIES; TO PROVIDE DEFINITIONS; TO REQUIRE DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ABOUT RIGHTS AND TREATMENT; TO REQUIRE COURTEOUS TREATMENT; TO REQUIRE APPROPRIATE HEALTH CARE 3 4 AND FREEDOM FROM MALTREATMENT; TO REQUIRE THE DISCLOSURE OF THE 5 б PHYSICIAN'S IDENTITY; TO PROVIDE FOR PARTICIPATION IN PLANNING 7 TREATMENT AND NOTIFICATION OF FAMILY MEMBERS; TO PROVIDE THE RIGHT TO REFUSE CARE; TO PROVIDE FOR COMMUNICATION PRIVACY AND CONFIDENTIALITY OF RECORDS OF TREATMENT; TO PROVIDE A GRIEVANCE 8 9 PROCEDURE; TO PROVIDE A RIGHT TO ASSOCIATE; TO PROVIDE FOR 10 ADVISORY COUNCILS; TO PROVIDE FOR PROTECTION AND ADVOCACY 11 SERVICES; TO SET STANDARDS FOR ISOLATION AND RESTRAINTS; AND FOR 12 RELATED PURPOSES. 13

14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

SECTION 1. Legislative intent. It is the intent of the 15 Legislature and the purpose of this act to promote the interests 16 17 and well-being of the patients and residents of health care 18 facilities. No health care facility may require a patient or resident to waive these rights as a condition of admission to the 19 facility. Any guardian or conservator of a patient or resident 20 or, in the absence of a guardian or conservator, an interested 21 person, may seek enforcement of these rights on behalf of a 22 23 patient or resident. An interested person may also seek 24 enforcement of these rights on behalf of a patient or resident who has a guardian or conservator through administrative agencies or 25 26 in district court having jurisdiction over guardianships and conservatorships. Pending the outcome of an enforcement 27 28 proceeding the health care facility may, in good faith, comply with the instructions of a guardian or conservator. It is the 29 intent of this act that every patient's civil and religious 30 31 liberties, including the right to independent personal decisions 32 and knowledge of available choices, shall not be infringed and

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33 that the facility shall encourage and assist in the fullest 34 possible exercise of these rights.

35 SECTION 2. Definitions. For the purposes of this act, "patient" means a person who is admitted to an acute care 36 inpatient facility for a continuous period longer than twenty-four 37 38 (24) hours for the purpose of diagnosis or treatment bearing on 39 the physical or mental health of that person. "Patient" also means a minor who is admitted to a residential program as defined 40 in Section 43-16-3. For purposes of this act, "patient" also 41 42 means any person who is receiving mental health treatment on an 43 outpatient basis or in a community support program or other 44 community-based program. "Resident" means a person who is 45 admitted to a nonacute care facility, including extended care facilities, nursing homes and boarding care homes for care 46 required because of prolonged mental or physical illness or 47 disability, recovery from injury or disease or advancing age. 48

49 <u>SECTION 3.</u> Public policy declaration. It is declared to be 50 the public policy of this state that the interests of each patient 51 and resident be protected by a declaration of a patient's bill of 52 rights which shall include, but not be limited to, the rights 53 specified in this act.

54 SECTION 4. Information about rights. Patients and residents shall, at admission, be told that there are legal rights for their 55 56 protection during their stay at the facility or throughout their 57 course of treatment and maintenance in the community and that these are described in an accompanying written statement of the 58 59 applicable rights and responsibilities set forth in this act. In 60 the case of patients admitted to residential programs as defined in Section 43-16-3, the written statement shall also describe the 61 right of a person sixteen (16) years old or older to request 62 63 release, and shall list the names and telephone numbers of 64 individuals and organizations that provide advocacy and legal 65 services for patients in residential programs. Reasonable *SS01/R122* S. B. No. 2122 05/SS01/R122 PAGE 2

accommodations shall be made for those with communication 66 67 impairments and those who speak a language other than English. 68 Current facility policies, inspection findings of state and local 69 health authorities, and further explanation of the written 70 statement of rights shall be available to patients, residents, 71 their guardians or their chosen representatives upon reasonable 72 request to the administrator or other designated staff person, 73 consistent with Section 43-47-1 et seq. relating to vulnerable 74 adults.

75 <u>SECTION 5.</u> Courteous treatment. Patients and residents have 76 the right to be treated with courtesy and respect for their 77 individuality by employees of or persons providing service in a 78 health care facility.

79 <u>SECTION 6.</u> Appropriate health care. Patients and residents 80 shall have the right to appropriate medical and personal care 81 based on individual needs. Appropriate care for residents means 82 care designed to enable residents to achieve their highest level 83 of physical and mental functioning. This right is limited where 84 the service is not reimbursable by public or private resources.

85 SECTION 7. Physician's identity. Patients and residents 86 shall have or be given, in writing, the name, business address, 87 telephone number and specialty, if any, of the physician responsible for coordination of their care. In cases where it is 88 medically inadvisable, as documented by the attending physician in 89 90 a patient's or resident's care record, the information shall be 91 given to the patient's or resident's guardian or other person 92 designated by the patient or resident as a representative.

93 SECTION 8. Relationship with other health services. Patients and residents who receive services from an outside 94 provider are entitled, upon request, to be told the identity of 95 96 the provider. Residents shall be informed, in writing, of any 97 health care services which are provided to those residents by 98 individuals, corporations or organizations other than their *SS01/R122* S. B. No. 2122 05/SS01/R122 PAGE 3

99 facility. Information shall include the name of the outside 100 provider, the address and a description of the service which may 101 be rendered. In cases where it is medically inadvisable, as 102 documented by the attending physician in a patient's or resident's 103 care record, the information shall be given to the patient's or 104 resident's guardian or other person designated by the patient or 105 resident as a representative.

SECTION 9. Information about treatment. Patients and 106 residents shall be given by their physicians complete and current 107 108 information concerning their diagnosis, treatment, alternatives, 109 risks and prognosis as required by the physician's legal duty to disclose. This information shall be in terms and language the 110 111 patients or residents can reasonably be expected to understand. 112 Patients and residents may be accompanied by a family member or other chosen representative. This information shall include the 113 likely medical or major psychological results of the treatment and 114 115 its alternatives. In cases where it is medically inadvisable, as 116 documented by the attending physician in a patient's or resident's medical record, the information shall be given to the patient's or 117 118 resident's guardian or other person designated by the patient or 119 resident as a representative. Individuals have the right to 120 refuse this information.

Every patient or resident suffering from any form of breast cancer shall be fully informed, prior to or at the time of admission and during her stay, of all alternative effective methods of treatment of which the treating physician is knowledgeable, including surgical, radiological or chemotherapeutic treatments or combinations of treatments and the risks associated with each of those methods.

128 <u>SECTION 10.</u> Participation in planning treatment; 129 notification of family members. (1) Patients and residents shall 130 have the right to participate in the planning of their health 131 care. This right includes the opportunity to discuss treatment S. B. No. 2122 *SS01/R122* 05/SS01/R122 PAGE 4 and alternatives with individual caregivers, the opportunity to request and participate in formal care conferences and the right to include a family member or other chosen representative. In the event that the patient or resident cannot be present, a family member or other representative chosen by the patient or resident may be included in such conferences.

138 (2)If a patient or resident who enters a facility is unconscious or comatose or is unable to communicate, the facility 139 140 shall make reasonable efforts as required under subsection (3) to 141 notify either a family member or a person designated in writing by 142 the patient as the person to contact in an emergency that the patient or resident has been admitted to the facility. The 143 144 facility shall allow the family member to participate in treatment 145 planning, unless the facility knows or has reason to believe the patient or resident has an effective advance directive to the 146 contrary or knows the patient or resident has specified in writing 147 148 that they do not want a family member included in treatment 149 planning. After notifying a family member but prior to allowing a family member to participate in treatment planning, the facility 150 151 must make reasonable efforts, consistent with reasonable medical practices, to determine if the patient or resident has executed an 152 153 advance directive relative to the patient or resident's health 154 care decisions. For purposes of this subsection, "reasonable efforts" include: 155

156 (a) Examining the personal effects of the patient or157 resident;

(b) Examining the medical records of the patient orresident in the possession of the facility;

(c) Inquiring of any emergency contact or family member contacted under this act whether the patient or resident has executed an advance directive and whether the patient or resident has a physician to whom the patient or resident normally goes for care; and

165 (d) Inquiring of the physician to whom the patient or 166 resident normally goes for care, if known, whether the patient or 167 resident has executed an advance directive. If a facility 168 notifies a family member or designated emergency contact or allows 169 a family member to participate in treatment planning in accordance 170 with this subsection, the facility is not liable to the patient or resident for damages on the grounds that the notification of the 171 172 family member or emergency contact or the participation of the family member was improper or violated the patient's privacy 173 174 rights.

175 (3) In making reasonable efforts to notify a family member or designated emergency contact, the facility shall attempt to 176 177 identify family members or a designated emergency contact by examining the personal effects of the patient or resident and the 178 179 medical records of the patient or resident in the possession of 180 the facility. If the facility is unable to notify a family member 181 or designated emergency contact within twenty-four (24) hours 182 after the admission, the facility shall notify the county social service agency or local law enforcement agency that the patient or 183 184 resident has been admitted and the facility has been unable to notify a family member or designated emergency contact. 185 The 186 county social service agency and local law enforcement agency 187 shall assist the facility in identifying and notifying a family 188 member or designated emergency contact. A county social service 189 agency or local law enforcement agency that assists a facility in implementing this section is not liable to the patient or resident 190 191 for damages on the grounds that the notification of the family member or emergency contact or the participation of the family 192 member was improper or violated the patient's privacy rights. 193

194 <u>SECTION 11.</u> Continuity of care. Patients and residents 195 shall have the right to be cared for with reasonable regularity 196 and continuity of staff assignment as far as facility policy

197 allows.

198 SECTION 12. Right to refuse care. Competent patients and 199 residents shall have the right to refuse treatment based on the information required in Section 9. Residents who refuse 200 201 treatment, medication or dietary restrictions shall be informed of 202 the likely medical or major psychological results of the refusal, 203 with documentation in the individual medical record. In cases 204 where a patient or resident is incapable of understanding the 205 circumstances but has not been adjudicated incompetent, or when 206 legal requirements limit the right to refuse treatment, the 207 conditions and circumstances shall be fully documented by the 208 attending physician in the patient's or resident's medical record.

209 <u>SECTION 13.</u> Experimental research. Written, informed 210 consent must be obtained prior to a patient's or resident's 211 participation in experimental research. Patients and residents 212 have the right to refuse participation. Both consent and refusal 213 shall be documented in the individual care record.

214 SECTION 14. Freedom from maltreatment. Patients and 215 residents shall be free from maltreatment as defined in the Vulnerable Adults Protection Act, Section 43-47-1 et seq. 216 217 "Maltreatment" means the intentional and nontherapeutic infliction 218 of physical pain or injury, or any persistent course of conduct 219 intended to produce mental or emotional distress. Every patient 220 and resident shall also be free from nontherapeutic chemical and 221 physical restraints, except in fully documented emergencies, or as 222 authorized in writing after examination by a patient's or 223 resident's physician for a specified and limited period of time, 224 and only when necessary to protect the resident from self-injury 225 or injury to others.

226 <u>SECTION 15.</u> Treatment privacy. Patients and residents shall 227 have the right to respectfulness and privacy as it relates to 228 their medical and personal care program. Case discussion, 229 consultation, examination and treatment are confidential and shall 230 be conducted discreetly. Privacy shall be respected during S. B. No. 2122 *SSO1/R122* 05/SS01/R122 PAGE 7 toileting, bathing and other activities of personal hygiene,except as needed for patient or resident safety or assistance.

233 SECTION 16. Confidentiality of records. Patients and 234 residents shall be assured confidential treatment of their 235 personal and medical records, and may approve or refuse their 236 release to any individual outside the facility. Residents shall 237 be notified when personal records are requested by any individual outside the facility and may select someone to accompany them when 238 239 the records or information are the subject of a personal interview. Copies of records and written information from the 240 241 records shall be made available in accordance with this section and Section 41-9-61. This right does not apply to complaint 242 243 investigations and inspections by the Department of Health, where 244 required by third-party payment contracts, or where otherwise 245 provided by law.

246 SECTION 17. Disclosure of services available. Patients and 247 residents shall be informed, prior to or at the time of admission 248 and during their stay, of services which are included in the facility's basic per diem or daily room rate and that other 249 250 services are available at additional charges. Facilities shall make every effort to assist patients and residents in obtaining 251 252 information regarding whether the Medicare or medical assistance 253 program will pay for any or all of the aforementioned services.

254 **SECTION 18.** Responsive service. Patients and residents 255 shall have the right to a prompt and reasonable response to their 256 questions and requests.

257 <u>SECTION 19.</u> Personal privacy. Patients and residents shall 258 have the right to every consideration of their privacy, 259 individuality and cultural identity as related to their social, 260 religious and psychological well-being. Facility staff shall 261 respect the privacy of a resident's room by knocking on the door 262 and seeking consent before entering, except in an emergency or 263 where clearly inadvisable.

264 SECTION 20. Grievances. Patients and residents shall be 265 encouraged and assisted, throughout their stay in a facility or 266 their course of treatment, to understand and exercise their rights 267 as patients, residents and citizens. Patients and residents may 268 voice grievances and recommend changes in policies and services to 269 facility staff and others of their choice, free from restraint, 270 interference, coercion, discrimination or reprisal, including threat of discharge. Notice of the grievance procedure of the 271 facility or program, as well as addresses and telephone numbers 272 for the State Board of Health and the area nursing home ombudsman, 273 274 shall be posted in a conspicuous place.

Every acute care inpatient facility, every residential 275 276 program, every nonacute care facility and every facility employing 277 more than two (2) people that provides outpatient mental health services shall have a written internal grievance procedure that, 278 at a minimum, sets forth the process to be followed; specifies 279 time limits, including time limits for facility response; provides 280 281 for the patient or resident to have the assistance of an advocate; requires a written response to written grievances; and provides 282 283 for a timely decision by an impartial decision maker if the 284 grievance is not otherwise resolved.

285 SECTION 21. Communication privacy. Patients and residents 286 may associate and communicate privately with persons of their 287 choice and enter and, except as provided by the commitment 288 statutes, leave the facility as they choose. Patients and residents shall have access, at their expense, to writing 289 290 instruments, stationery and postage. Personal mail shall be sent 291 without interference and received unopened unless medically or programmatically contraindicated and documented by the physician 292 in the medical record. There shall be access to a telephone where 293 294 patients and residents can make and receive calls as well as speak 295 privately. Facilities which are unable to provide a private area 296 shall make reasonable arrangements to accommodate the privacy of *SS01/R122* S. B. No. 2122 05/SS01/R122

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patients' or residents' calls. Upon admission to a facility where 297 298 federal law prohibits unauthorized disclosure of patient or 299 resident identifying information to callers and visitors, the 300 patient or resident, or the legal guardian or conservator of the 301 patient or resident, shall be given the opportunity to authorize 302 disclosure of the patient's or resident's presence in the facility 303 to callers and visitors who may seek to communicate with the patient or resident. To the extent possible, the legal guardian 304 305 or conservator of a patient or resident shall consider the 306 opinions of the patient or resident regarding the disclosure of 307 the patient's or resident's presence in the facility. This right is limited where medically inadvisable, as documented by the 308 309 attending physician in a patient's or resident's care record.

310 SECTION 22. Personal property. Patients and residents may 311 retain and use their personal clothing and possessions as space permits, unless to do so would infringe upon rights of other 312 313 patients or residents, and unless medically or programmatically 314 contraindicated for documented medical, safety or programmatic reasons. The facility must either maintain a central locked 315 316 depository or provide individual locked storage areas in which residents may store their valuables for safekeeping. The facility 317 318 may, but is not required to, provide compensation for or replacement of lost or stolen items. 319

320 <u>SECTION 23.</u> Services for the facility. Patients and 321 residents shall not perform labor or services for the facility 322 unless those activities are included for therapeutic purposes and 323 appropriately goal-related in their individual medical record.

324 <u>SECTION 24.</u> Choice of supplier. Residents may purchase or 325 rent goods or services not included in the per diem rate from a 326 supplier of their choice unless otherwise provided by law. The 327 supplier shall ensure that these purchases are sufficient to meet 328 the medical or treatment needs of the residents.

329 <u>SECTION 25.</u> Financial affairs. Competent residents may 330 manage their personal financial affairs, or shall be given at 331 least a quarterly accounting of financial transactions on their 332 behalf if they delegate this responsibility in accordance with the 333 laws of Mississippi to the facility for any period of time.

334 SECTION 26. Right to associate. Residents may meet with visitors and participate in activities of commercial, religious, 335 political and community groups without interference, at their 336 337 discretion, if the activities do not infringe on the right to privacy of other residents or are not programmatically 338 339 contraindicated. This includes the right to join with other 340 individuals within and outside the facility to work for 341 improvements in long-term care. Upon admission to a facility 342 where federal law prohibits unauthorized disclosure of patient or resident identifying information to callers and visitors, the 343 344 patient or resident, or the legal guardian or conservator of the 345 patient or resident, shall be given the opportunity to authorize 346 disclosure of the patient's or resident's presence in the facility 347 to callers and visitors who may seek to communicate with the 348 patient or resident. To the extent possible, the legal guardian or conservator of a patient or resident shall consider the 349 350 opinions of the patient or resident regarding the disclosure of 351 the patient's or resident's presence in the facility.

SECTION 27. Advisory councils. Residents and their families 352 353 shall have the right to organize, maintain and participate in 354 resident advisory and family councils. Each facility shall 355 provide assistance and space for meetings. Council meetings shall 356 be afforded privacy, with staff or visitors attending only upon 357 the council's invitation. A staff person shall be designated the 358 responsibility of providing this assistance and responding to 359 written requests which result from council meetings. Resident and 360 family councils shall be encouraged to make recommendations 361 regarding facility policies.

362 <u>SECTION 28.</u> Married residents. Residents, if married, shall 363 be assured privacy for visits by their spouses and, if both 364 spouses are residents of the facility, they shall be permitted to 365 share a room, unless medically contraindicated and documented by 366 their physicians in the medical records.

367 SECTION 29. Transfers and discharges. Residents shall not be arbitrarily transferred or discharged. Residents must be 368 notified, in writing, of the proposed discharge or transfer and 369 370 its justification no later than thirty (30) days before discharge from the facility and seven (7) days before transfer to another 371 372 room within the facility. This notice shall include the resident's right to contest the proposed action, with the address 373 374 and telephone number of the area nursing home ombudsman. The resident, informed of this right, may choose to relocate before 375 the notice period ends. The notice period may be shortened in 376 situations outside the facility's control, such as a determination 377 by utilization review, the accommodation of newly-admitted 378 379 residents, a change in the resident's medical or treatment program, the resident's own or another resident's welfare, or 380 381 nonpayment for stay unless prohibited by the public program or 382 programs paying for the resident's care, as documented in the 383 medical record. Facilities shall make a reasonable effort to 384 accommodate new residents without disrupting room assignments.

385 SECTION 30. Protection and advocacy services. Patients and 386 residents shall have the right of reasonable access at reasonable times to any available rights protection services and advocacy 387 388 services so that the patient may receive assistance in understanding, exercising and protecting the rights described in 389 390 this act and in other law. This right shall include the opportunity for private communication between the patient and a 391 392 representative of the rights protection service or advocacy 393 service.

394 SECTION 31. Isolation and restraints. A minor patient who 395 has been admitted to a residential program has the right to be 396 free from physical restraint and isolation except in emergency 397 situations involving a likelihood that the patient will physically 398 harm the patient's self or others. These procedures may not be 399 used for disciplinary purposes, to enforce program rules or for 400 the convenience of staff. Isolation or restraint may be used only 401 upon the prior authorization of a physician, psychiatrist or 402 licensed psychologist, only when less restrictive measures are 403 ineffective or not feasible and only for the shortest time 404 necessary.

405 SECTION 32. Treatment plan. A minor patient who has been 406 admitted to a residential program has the right to a written 407 treatment plan that describes in behavioral terms the case 408 problems, the precise goals of the plan and the procedures that 409 will be utilized to minimize the length of time that the minor 410 requires inpatient treatment. The plan shall also state goals for 411 release to a less restrictive facility and follow-up treatment measures and services, if appropriate. To the degree possible, 412 413 the minor patient and the minor patient's parents or guardian 414 shall be involved in the development of the treatment and 415 discharge plan.

416 <u>SECTION 33.</u> Restraints. (1) Competent nursing home 417 residents, family members of residents who are not competent and 418 legally appointed conservators and guardians have the right to 419 request and consent to the use of a physical restraint in order to 420 treat the medical symptoms of the resident.

421 Upon receiving a request for a physical restraint, a (2)nursing home shall inform the resident, family member or legal 422 423 representative of alternatives to and the risks involved with 424 physical restraint use. The nursing home shall provide a physical 425 restraint to a resident only upon receipt of a signed consent form 426 authorizing restraint use and a written order from the attending *SS01/R122* S. B. No. 2122 05/SS01/R122

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427 physician that contains statements and determinations regarding 428 medical symptoms and specifies the circumstances under which 429 restraints are to be used.

430 (3) A nursing home providing a restraint under subsection431 (2) must:

432 (a) Document that the procedures outlined in that433 subsection have been followed;

434 (b) Monitor the use of the restraint by the resident;435 and

436 (c) Periodically, in consultation with the resident,
437 the family and the attending physician, reevaluate the resident's
438 need for the restraint.

(4) A nursing home shall not be subject to fines, civil money penalties or other state or federal survey enforcement remedies solely as the result of allowing the use of a physical restraint as authorized in this section. Nothing in this section shall preclude the State Board of Health from taking action to protect the health and safety of a resident if:

445 (a) The use of the restraint has jeopardized the health446 and safety of the resident; and

447 (b) The nursing home failed to take reasonable measures448 to protect the health and safety of the resident.

449 (5) For purposes of this section, "medical symptoms"450 include:

451 (a) A concern for the physical safety of the resident;452 and

(b) Physical or psychological needs expressed by a
resident. A resident's fear of falling may be the basis of a
medical symptom.

A written order from the attending physician that contains statements and determinations regarding medical symptoms is sufficient evidence of the medical necessity of the physical

459 restraint.

When determining nursing facility compliance with state 460 (6) and federal standards for the use of physical restraints, the 461 462 State Board of Health is bound by the statements and 463 determinations contained in the attending physician's order 464 regarding medical symptoms. For purposes of this order, "medical symptoms" include the request by a competent resident, family 465 466 member of a resident who is not competent, or legally appointed 467 conservator or guardian that the facility provide a physical restraint in order to enhance the physical safety of the resident. 468 SECTION 34. This act shall take effect and be in force from 469 470 and after July 1, 2005.