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To: Ways and Means

HOUSE BILL NO. 1327

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 27-7-71 AND 27-13-43, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REMOVE THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE CHAIRMAN OF THE STATE TAX COMMISSION MUST APPROVE DETERMINATIONS OF THE BOARD OF 3 4 REVIEW OF THE STATE TAX COMMISSION IN APPEALS FROM DECISIONS OF THE CHAIRMAN REGARDING INCOME AND FRANCHISE TAXES; TO AMEND 5 SECTIONS 27-7-11, 27-7-17, 27-7-39, 27-7-81 AND 27-7-343, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REMOVE THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE 6 7 8 GOVERNOR MUST APPROVE CERTAIN RULES AND REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED UNDER THE INCOME TAX LAWS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 10 11 SECTION 1. Section 27-7-71, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

- 27-7-71. (1) A taxpayer who feels aggrieved at any action 13
- of the commissioner under Sections 27-7-49, 27-7-51 or 27-7-53, 14
- 15 may appeal to the board of review, as legally constituted and
- 16 authorized by Section 27-7-79, for a hearing in the matter within
- thirty (30) days from the date of said action. The board of 17
- review shall grant a hearing thereon at the earliest practical 18
- date. At said hearing, the board of review shall try the issues 19
- presented, according to law and the facts, and shall within thirty 20
- 21 (30) days from the date of the hearing make a determination * * *
- and notify the taxpayer of its findings. Any overpayment of tax 22
- 23 determined by the approved order of the board of review shall be
- 24 credited, or refunded, to the taxpayer. Any tax deficiency,
- including any penalty and interest, determined by the approved 25
- order of the board of review shall be paid by the taxpayer within 26
- thirty (30) days from the date of notification to the taxpayer, 27
- and, if the deficiency is not paid within the thirty-day period, 28
- the commissioner shall proceed to collect $\underline{\text{the deficiency}}$ under the 29
- provisions of Sections 27-7-55 through 27-7-67 * * *; provided, 30

- 31 that within the thirty-day period the taxpayer may appeal to the
- 32 State Tax Commission from the decision of the board of review, as
- 33 hereinafter set out.
- 34 (2) A taxpayer who feels aggrieved at any decision by the
- 35 board of review, may appeal to the State Tax Commission by
- 36 petition, in writing, within thirty (30) days from the date of the
- 37 decision, for a hearing upon the action or decision of the board
- 38 of review. In the petition the taxpayer shall set forth the
- 39 reasons such hearing should be granted. The State Tax Commission
- 40 shall promptly consider the petition, grant the hearing, and
- 41 notify the petitioner of the time and place fixed for the hearing.
- 42 In any hearing before the State Tax Commission, two (2) members
- 43 constitute a quorum. At the hearing, the State Tax Commission
- 44 shall try the issues presented, according to the law and the
- 45 facts, and shall, as soon as practical thereafter, notify the
- 46 taxpayer of its determination. Any overpayment of tax which the
- 47 State Tax Commission may determine to have been paid shall be
- 48 credited or refunded to the taxpayer. Any tax deficiency,
- 49 including any penalty and interest, determined by the State Tax
- 50 Commission shall be paid within thirty (30) days from the date of
- 51 notification of the taxpayer, and if the deficiency is not paid
- 52 within said thirty-day period, the State Tax Commission shall
- 53 proceed to collect the deficiency under the provisions of Sections
- 54 27-7-55 through 27-7-67; provided that within said thirty-day
- 55 period the taxpayer may appeal from the decision of the State Tax
- 56 Commission as hereinafter set out.
- 57 **SECTION 2.** Section 27-13-43, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 58 amended as follows:
- 59 27-13-43. (1) A taxpayer who feels aggrieved at any action
- of the commissioner under Section 27-13-23 or 27-13-25, may appeal
- 61 to the board of review, as legally constituted and authorized by
- 62 Section 27-13-65, for a hearing in the matter within thirty (30)
- 63 days from the date of $\underline{\text{the}}$ action. The board of review shall grant

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    a hearing thereon at the earliest practical date. At the hearing,
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    the board of review shall try the issues presented, according to
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    law and the facts, and shall within thirty (30) days from the date
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    of said hearing make a determination * * * and notify the taxpayer
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    of its findings. Any overpayment of tax determined by the * * *
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    order of the board of review shall be credited, or refunded, to
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    the taxpayer. Any tax deficiency, including any penalty and
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    interest, determined by the approved order of the board of review
    shall be paid by the taxpayer within thirty (30) days from the
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    date of notification to the taxpayer and if the deficiency is not
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    paid within the thirty-day period, the commissioner shall proceed
    to collect the deficiency under the provisions of Sections
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    27-13-29 through 27-13-41 * * *; provided, that within the
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    thirty-day period the taxpayer may appeal to the State Tax
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    Commission from the decision of the board of review, as
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    hereinafter set out.
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              A taxpayer who feels aggrieved at any decision by the
    board of review, may appeal to the State Tax Commission by
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    petition, in writing, within thirty (30) days from the date of the
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    decision, for a hearing upon the action or decision of the board
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    of review. In the petition the taxpayer shall set forth the
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    reasons such hearing should be granted. The State Tax Commission
    shall promptly consider the petition, grant the hearing, and
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    notify the petitioner of the time and place fixed for the hearing.
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    In any hearing before the State Tax Commission, two (2) members
    constitute a quorum. At \underline{\text{the}} hearing, the State Tax Commission
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    shall try the issues presented, according to the law and the
    facts, and shall, as soon as practical thereafter, notify the
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    taxpayer of its determination. Any overpayment of tax which the
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    State Tax Commission may determine to have been paid shall be
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credited or refunded to the taxpayer. Any tax deficiency,

including any penalty and interest, determined by the State Tax

Commission shall be paid within thirty (30) days from the date of

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- 97 notification of the taxpayer, and if $\underline{\text{the deficiency}}$ is not paid
- 98 within the thirty-day period, the State Tax Commission shall
- 99 proceed to collect the deficiency under the provisions of Sections
- 100 27-13-29 through 27-13-41, provided that within said thirty-day
- 101 period the taxpayer may appeal from the decision of the State Tax
- 102 Commission as hereinafter set out.
- 103 SECTION 3. Section 27-7-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 104 amended as follows:
- 105 27-7-11. Whenever, in the opinion of the commissioner, the
- 106 use of inventories is necessary in order to clearly determine the
- 107 income of any taxpayer, inventories shall be taken by such
- 108 taxpayer upon such basis as the commissioner may prescribe * * *
- 109 in order to conform as nearly as may be to the best accounting
- 110 practice in the trade or business, and in order to clearly reflect
- 111 the income.
- 112 **SECTION 4.** Section 27-7-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 113 amended as follows:
- 114 27-7-17. In computing taxable income, there shall be allowed
- 115 as deductions:
- 116 (1) Business deductions.
- 117 (a) Business expenses. All the ordinary and necessary
- 118 expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on
- 119 any trade or business, including a reasonable allowance for
- 120 salaries or other compensation for personal services actually
- 121 rendered; nonreimbursable traveling expenses incident to current
- 122 employment, including a reasonable amount expended for meals and
- 123 lodging while away from home in the pursuit of a trade or
- 124 business; and rentals or other payments required to be made as a
- 125 condition of the continued use or possession, for purposes of the
- 126 trade or business of property to which the taxpayer has not taken
- 127 or is not taking title or in which he had no equity. Expense
- 128 incurred in connection with earning and distributing nontaxable
- 129 income is not an allowable deduction. Limitations on

entertainment expenses shall conform to the provisions of the 131 Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

132 (b) Interest. All interest paid or accrued during the 133 taxable year on business indebtedness, except interest upon the 134 indebtedness for the purchase of tax-free bonds, or any stocks, 135 the dividends from which are nontaxable under the provisions of 136 this article; provided, however, in the case of securities 137 dealers, interest payments or accruals on loans, the proceeds of which are used to purchase tax-exempt securities, shall be 138 139 deductible if income from otherwise tax-free securities is 140 reported as income. Investment interest expense shall be limited 141 to investment income. Interest expense incurred for the purchase 142 of treasury stock, to pay dividends, or incurred as a result of an 143 undercapitalized affiliated corporation may not be deducted unless 144 an ordinary and necessary business purpose can be established to the satisfaction of the commissioner. For the purposes of this 145 146 paragraph, the phrase "interest upon the indebtedness for the 147 purchase of tax-free bonds" applies only to the indebtedness incurred for the purpose of directly purchasing tax-free bonds and 148 149 does not apply to any other indebtedness incurred in the regular 150 course of the taxpayer's business. Any corporation, association, 151 organization or other entity taxable under Section 27-7-23(c) shall allocate interest expense as provided in Section 152 153 27-7-23(c)(3)(I).

154 Taxes paid or accrued within the taxable (c) Taxes. 155 year, except state and federal income taxes, excise taxes based on 156 or measured by net income, estate and inheritance taxes, gift 157 taxes, cigar and cigarette taxes, gasoline taxes, and sales and use taxes unless incurred as an item of expense in a trade or 158 159 business or in the production of taxable income. In the case of 160 an individual, taxes permitted as an itemized deduction under the 161 provisions of subsection (3)(a) of this section are to be claimed 162 thereunder.

163	(b)	Business	losses.
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- (i) Losses sustained during the taxable year not
 compensated for by insurance or otherwise, if incurred in trade or
 business, or nonbusiness transactions entered into for profit.
- (ii) Limitations on losses from passive activities
 and rental real estate shall conform to the provisions of the
 Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- (e) **Bad debts.** Losses from debts ascertained to be worthless and charged off during the taxable year, if sustained in the conduct of the regular trade or business of the taxpayer; provided, that such losses shall be allowed only when the taxpayer has reported as income, on the accrual basis, the amount of such debt or account.
- (f) **Depreciation.** A reasonable allowance for exhaustion, wear and tear of property used in the trade or business, or rental property, and depreciation upon buildings based upon their reasonable value as of March 16, 1912, if acquired prior thereto, and upon cost if acquired subsequent to that date.
- (g) **Depletion.** In the case of mines, oil and gas wells, other natural deposits and timber, a reasonable allowance for depletion and for depreciation of improvements, based upon cost, including cost of development, not otherwise deducted, or fair market value as of March 16, 1912, if acquired prior to that date, such allowance to be made upon regulations prescribed by the commissioner * * *.
- (h) Contributions or gifts. Except as otherwise

 provided in subsection (3)(a) of this section for individuals,

 contributions or gifts made by corporations within the taxable

 year to corporations, organizations, associations or institutions,

 including Community Chest funds, foundations and trusts created

 solely and exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific or

 educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children

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- or animals, no part of the net earnings of which inure to the 196 197 benefit of any private stockholder or individual. This deduction 198 shall be allowed in an amount not to exceed twenty percent (20%) 199 of the net income. Such contributions or gifts shall be allowable 200 as deductions only if verified under rules and regulations 201 prescribed by the commissioner * * *. Contributions made in any 202 form other than cash shall be allowed as a deduction, subject to the limitations herein provided, in an amount equal to the actual 203 204 market value of the contributions at the time the contribution is
- 206 (i) Reserve funds insurance companies. In the case
 207 of insurance companies the net additions required by law to be
 208 made within the taxable year to reserve funds when such reserve
 209 funds are maintained for the purpose of liquidating policies at
 210 maturity.
- 211 (j) **Annuity income.** The sums, other than dividends,
 212 paid within the taxpayer year on policy or annuity contracts when
 213 such income has been included in gross income.
- 214 (k) Contributions to employee pension plans.

actually made and consummated.

- 215 Contributions made by an employer to a plan or a trust forming
- 216 part of a pension plan, stock bonus plan, disability or
- 217 death-benefit plan, or profit-sharing plan of such employer for
- 218 the exclusive benefit of some or all of his, their, or its
- 219 employees, or their beneficiaries, shall be deductible from his,
- 220 their, or its income only to the extent that, and for the taxable
- 221 year in which, the contribution is deductible for federal income
- 222 tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and any other
- 223 provisions of similar purport in the Internal Revenue Laws of the
- 224 United States, and the rules, regulations, rulings and
- 225 determinations promulgated thereunder, provided that:
- (i) The plan or trust be irrevocable.
- 227 (ii) The plan or trust constitutes a part of a
- 228 pension plan, stock bonus plan, disability or death-benefit plan,

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     or profit-sharing plan for the exclusive benefit of some or all of
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     the employer's employees and/or officers, or their beneficiaries,
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     for the purpose of distributing the corpus and income of the plan
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     or trust to such employees and/or officers, or their
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     beneficiaries.
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                    (iii) No part of the corpus or income of the plan
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     or trust can be used for purposes other than for the exclusive
     benefit of employees and/or officers, or their beneficiaries.
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          Contributions to all plans or to all trusts of real or
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     personal property (or real and personal property combined) or to
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     insured plans created under a retirement plan for which provision
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     has been made under the laws of the United States of America,
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     making such contributions deductible from income for federal
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     income tax purposes, shall be deductible only to the same extent
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     under the Income Tax Laws of the State of Mississippi.
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                    Net operating loss carrybacks and carryovers.
               (1)
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     net operating loss for any taxable year ending after December 31,
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     1993, and taxable years thereafter, shall be a net operating loss
     carryback to each of the three (3) taxable years preceding the
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     taxable year of the loss. If the net operating loss for any
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     taxable year is not exhausted by carrybacks to the three (3)
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     taxable years preceding the taxable year of the loss, then there
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     shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the fifteen
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     (15) taxable years following the taxable year of the loss
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     beginning with any taxable year after December 31, 1991.
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          For any taxable year ending after December 31, 1997, the
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     period for net operating loss carrybacks and net operating loss
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     carryovers shall be the same as those established by the Internal
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     Revenue Code and the rules, regulations, rulings and
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     determinations promulgated thereunder as in effect at the taxable
     year end or on December 31, 2000, whichever is earlier.
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           A net operating loss for any taxable year ending after
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December 31, 2001, and taxable years thereafter, shall be a net

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- 262 operating loss carryback to each of the two (2) taxable years
- 263 preceding the taxable year of the loss. If the net operating loss
- 264 for any taxable year is not exhausted by carrybacks to the two (2)
- 265 taxable years preceding the taxable year of the loss, then there
- 266 shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the twenty (20)
- 267 taxable years following the taxable year of the loss beginning
- 268 with any taxable year after the taxable year of the loss.
- The term "net operating loss," for the purposes of this
- 270 paragraph, shall be the excess of the deductions allowed over the
- 271 gross income; provided, however, the following deductions shall
- 272 not be allowed in computing same:
- 273 (i) No net operating loss deduction shall be
- 274 allowed.
- 275 (ii) No personal exemption deduction shall be
- 276 allowed.
- 277 (iii) Allowable deductions which are not
- 278 attributable to taxpayer's trade or business shall be allowed only
- 279 to the extent of the amount of gross income not derived from such
- 280 trade or business.
- 281 Any taxpayer entitled to a carryback period as provided by
- 282 this paragraph may elect to relinquish the entire carryback period
- 283 with respect to a net operating loss for any taxable year ending
- 284 after December 31, 1991. The election shall be made in the manner
- 285 prescribed by the State Tax Commission and shall be made by the
- 286 due date, including extensions of time, for filing the taxpayer's
- 287 return for the taxable year of the net operating loss for which
- 288 the election is to be in effect. The election, once made for any
- 289 taxable year, shall be irrevocable for that taxable year.
- 290 (m) Amortization of pollution or environmental control
- 291 facilities. Allowance of deduction. Every taxpayer, at his
- 292 election, shall be entitled to a deduction for pollution or
- 293 environmental control facilities to the same extent as that

allowed under the Internal Revenue Code and the rules, 294 295 regulations, rulings and determinations promulgated thereunder. 296 (n) Dividend distributions - real estate investment 297 trusts. "Real estate investment trust" (hereinafter referred to 298 as REIT) shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 299 856 of the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. 300 REIT is allowed a dividend distributed deduction if the dividend 301 distributions meet the requirements of Section 857 or are 302 otherwise deductible under Section 858 or 860, federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. 303 In addition: 304 (i) A dividend distributed deduction shall only be 305 allowed for dividends paid by a publicly traded REIT. A qualified 306 REIT subsidiary shall be allowed a dividend distributed deduction 307 if its owner is a publicly traded REIT. 308 (ii) Income generated from real estate contributed or sold to a REIT by a shareholder or related party shall not give 309 310 rise to a dividend distributed deduction, unless the shareholder 311 or related party would have received the dividend distributed deduction under this chapter. 312 313 (iii) A holding corporation receiving a dividend from a REIT shall not be allowed the deduction in Section 314 315 27-7-15(4)(t). (iv) Any REIT not allowed the dividend distributed 316 317 deduction in the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 318 amended, shall not be allowed a dividend distributed deduction 319 under this chapter. 320 The commissioner is authorized to promulgate rules and

324 (o) Contributions to college savings trust fund
325 accounts. Contributions or payments to a Mississippi Affordable
326 College Savings Program account are deductible as provided under
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federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, so as to

prevent the evasion or avoidance of state income tax.

regulations consistent with the provisions in Section 269 of the

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327	Section 37-155-113. Payments made under a prepaid tuition
328	contract entered into under the Mississippi Prepaid Affordable
329	College Tuition Program are deductible as provided under Section
330	37-155-17.
331	(2) Restrictions on the deductibility of certain intangible
332	expenses and interest expenses with a related member.
333	(a) As used in this subsection (2):
334	(i) "Intangible expenses and costs" include:
335	1. Expenses, losses and costs for, related
336	to, or in connection directly or indirectly with the direct or
337	indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership,
338	sale, exchange or any other disposition of intangible property to
339	the extent such amounts are allowed as deductions or costs in
340	determining taxable income under this chapter;
341	2. Expenses or losses related to or incurred
342	in connection directly or indirectly with factoring transactions
343	or discounting transactions;
344	3. Royalty, patent, technical and copyright
345	fees;
346	4. Licensing fees; and
347	5. Other similar expenses and costs.
348	(ii) "Intangible property" means patents, patent
349	applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights
350	and similar types of intangible assets.
351	(iii) "Interest expenses and cost" means amounts
352	directly or indirectly allowed as deductions for purposes of
353	determining taxable income under this chapter to the extent such
354	interest expenses and costs are directly or indirectly for,
355	related to, or in connection with the direct or indirect
356	acquisition, maintenance, management, ownership, sale, exchange or
357	disposition of intangible property.
358	(iv) "Related member" means an entity or person
359	that, with respect to the taxpayer during all or any portion of

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otherwise deductible interest expenses and costs and intangible

incurred, in connection directly or indirectly with one or more

direct or indirect transactions with one or more related members.

expenses and costs directly or indirectly paid, accrued to or

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393	(c) The adjustments required by this subsection shall
394	not apply to such portion of interest expenses and costs and
395	intangible expenses and costs that the taxpayer can establish
396	meets one (1) of the following:
397	(i) The related member directly or indirectly
398	paid, accrued or incurred such portion to a person during the same
399	income year who is not a related member; or
400	(ii) The transaction giving rise to the interest
401	expenses and costs or intangible expenses and costs between the
402	taxpayer and related member was done primarily for a valid
403	business purpose other than the avoidance of taxes, and the
404	related member is not primarily engaged in the acquisition, use,
405	maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange or any other
406	disposition of intangible property.
407	(d) Nothing in this subsection shall require a taxpayer
408	to add to its net income more than once any amount of interest
409	expenses and costs or intangible expenses and costs that the
410	taxpayer pays, accrues or incurs to a related member.
411	(e) The commissioner may prescribe such regulations as
412	necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this
413	subsection, including, but not limited to, clarifying definitions
414	of terms, rules of stock attribution, factoring and discount
415	transactions.
416	(3) Individual nonbusiness deductions.
417	(a) The amount allowable for individual nonbusiness
418	itemized deductions for federal income tax purposes where the
419	individual is eligible to elect, for the taxable year, to itemize
420	deductions on his federal return except the following:
421	(i) The deduction for state income taxes paid;
422	(ii) The deduction for gaming losses from gaming
423	establishments;
424	(iii) The deduction for taxes collected by

licensed gaming establishments pursuant to Section 27-7-901;

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426	(iv) The deduction for taxes collected by gaming
427	establishments pursuant to Section 27-7-903.
428	(b) In lieu of the individual nonbusiness itemized
429	deductions authorized in paragraph (a), for all purposes other
430	than ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the
431	taxable year in carrying on any trade or business, an optional
432	standard deduction of:
433	(i) Three Thousand Four Hundred Dollars
434	(\$3,400.00) through calendar year 1997, Four Thousand Two Hundred
435	Dollars (\$4,200.00) for the calendar year 1998 and Four Thousand
436	Six Hundred Dollars (\$4,600.00) for each calendar year thereafter
437	in the case of married individuals filing a joint or combined
438	return;
439	(ii) One Thousand Seven Hundred Dollars
440	(\$1,700.00) through calendar year 1997, Two Thousand One Hundred
441	Dollars (\$2,100.00) for the calendar year 1998 and Two Thousand
442	Three Hundred Dollars (\$2,300.00) for each calendar year
443	thereafter in the case of married individuals filing separate
444	returns;
445	(iii) Three Thousand Four Hundred Dollars
446	(\$3,400.00) in the case of a head of family; or
447	(iv) Two Thousand Three Hundred Dollars
448	(\$2,300.00) in the case of an individual who is not married.
449	In the case of a husband and wife living together, having
450	separate incomes, and filing combined returns, the standard
451	deduction authorized may be divided in any manner they choose. In
452	the case of separate returns by a husband and wife, the standard
453	deduction shall not be allowed to either if the taxable income of
454	one of the spouses is determined without regard to the standard
455	deduction.
456	(c) A nonresident individual shall be allowed the same

individual nonbusiness deductions as are authorized for resident

individuals in paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection; however,

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- 459 the nonresident individual is entitled only to that proportion of
- 460 the individual nonbusiness deductions as his net income from
- 461 sources within the State of Mississippi bears to his total or
- 462 entire net income from all sources.
- 463 (4) Nothing in this section shall permit the same item to be
- 464 deducted more than once, either in fact or in effect.
- SECTION 5. Section 27-7-39, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 466 amended as follows:
- 467 27-7-39. Every individual, partnership, corporation,
- 468 joint-stock company or association or insurance company, being a
- 469 resident or having a place of business in this state, members of
- 470 partnerships or employees in whatever capacity acting, including
- 471 lessees and mortgagors of real and personal property, fiduciaries,
- 472 employers and all officers and employees of the state, or any
- 473 political subdivision of the state, having the control, receipt,
- 474 custody, disposal or payment of salaries, wages or commissions in
- 475 excess of the exemption of the recipient, and of interest, rent,
- 476 premiums, annuities, compensations, remunerations, emoluments or
- 477 other fixed or determinable annual or periodical gains, profits
- 478 and income, paid or payable during any year to any taxpayer, shall
- 479 make complete returns thereof under oath to the commissioner,
- 480 under such regulations and conditions, in such form and manner and
- 481 to such extent as may be prescribed by the commissioner * * *;
- 482 and, unless such payments are so reported, the commissioner may
- 483 disallow such payments as deductions for credits in computing the
- 484 tax of the payer. An exempt organization not subject to tax under
- 485 the provisions of this article which fails to file the returns
- 486 required by this section shall be notified of its delinquency and
- 487 if such returns are not filed and the delinquency persists, the
- 488 exemption from taxation enjoyed by the organization shall be
- 489 forfeited.
- 490 **SECTION 6.** Section 27-7-81, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 491 amended as follows:

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- 27-7-81. The commissioner * * * may from time to time make

 493 such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with this article, as

 494 he may deem necessary to enforce its provisions.
- 495 **SECTION 7.** Section 27-7-343, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 496 amended as follows:
- 497 27-7-343. (1) The commissioner * * * may, from time to
 498 time, make such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with this
 499 article, as he may deem necessary to enforce its provisions.
- 500 (2) The commissioner is herewith authorized to promulgate
 501 such rules and regulations, prescribe such forms, purchase such
 502 equipment and supplies, employ personnel, and to do such other
 503 acts as he shall deem necessary in order that the withholding
 504 system herein established may be effectively initiated on January
 505 1, 1969.
- 506 **SECTION 8.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 507 and after July 1, 2005.