FIRST EXTRAORDINARY SESSION 2004

MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Senator(s) Thomas, Albritton, Butler, Carmichael, Chaney, Clarke, Doxey, Flowers, Harden, Hyde-Smith, Jackson (15th), Jackson (11th), Jordan, Lee (35th), Little, Morgan, Pickering, Ross, Thames, Walls, Williamson

To: Rules

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 13

- A RESOLUTION COMMENDING THE LIFE OF LEGENDARY BLUESMAN AND 1 MUSIC HERITAGE PIONEER, REVEREND ARNOLD DWIGHT "GATEMOUTH" MOORE, 2.
- 3 AND EXPRESSING THE SYMPATHY OF THE SENATE.
- 4 WHEREAS, Blues Artist Arnold Dwight "Gatemouth" Moore, who
- honed his blues talents in Kansas City and Memphis but later 5
- walked away from his career to preach the Gospel, died on May 19, 6
- 2004, in Yazoo City, Mississippi, at 90 years of age; and 7
- 8 WHEREAS, he was known for several blues hits, among them,
- "Did you Ever Love a Woman?", a song later recorded by B.B. King 9
- and Rufus Thomas; and 10
- WHEREAS, at the time of his death, Moore was Pastor of the 11
- Lintonia A.M.E. Church in Yazoo City. Survivors include his wife, 12
- 13 Walterine C. Moore; and
- WHEREAS, he was born on November 8, 1913, in Topeka, Kansas. 14
- 15 Moore said he earned his nickname because of his loud singing and
- speaking voice. His family moved to Memphis, where he graduated 16
- from Booker T. Washington High School in 1938; and 17
- 18 WHEREAS, at the age of 16, Moore went to Kansas City, where
- he sang with the bands of Bennie Moten, Tommy Douglas and Walter 19
- 20 Barnes. Moore was with Walter Barnes and his orchestra for a
- 21 performance in Natchez in April 1940 and survived the fire which
- broke out at the Rhythm Night Club. Barnes and other members of 22
- the orchestra died in the fire; and 23
- WHEREAS, he returned to Kansas City in 1941, where he 24
- recorded his first record, writing and performing "Somebody's Got 25
- 26 To Go" and "I Ain't Mad At You Pretty Baby"; and

27	WHEREAS, Chuck Haddox, with the University of Missouri in
28	Kansas City, said Moore was performing in 1949 in Chicago when he
29	left the stage and "never returned to secular music." Moore, in
30	interviews, said he had undergone a religious conversion and sang
31	only Gospel songs thereafter. Later that year, Moore was ordained
32	at the First Church of Deliverance in Chicago; and
33	WHEREAS, he was also featured in Martin Scorsese's PBS Blues
34	series, singing that song as he strolled down the Memphis street.
35	In recent years, Moore occasionally played festivals; and
36	WHEREAS, with dazzling perseverance, Arnold Dwight
37	"Gatemouth" Moore again and again broke new ground, remaining at
38	the forefront as one of Mississippi's greatest pioneers, and it is
39	with sadness that we note the passing of this artist and preacher
40	who brought inspiration to his congregation, his community and to
41	the State of Mississippi:
42	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF
43	MISSISSIPPI, That we do hereby commend the life of Bluesman and
44	Music Heritage Pioneer Reverend Arnold Dwight "Gatemouth" Moore,
45	Pastor of Lintonia A.M.E. Church in Yazoo City, Mississippi, and
46	express to his surviving wife, Walterine C. Moore, and his family
47	the sympathy of the Senate on his passing.
48	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That this resolution be presented to
49	Walterine C. Moore and be made available to the Capitol Press

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Corps.